

NLIHC's HoUSed Campaign for Long-Term Housing Solutions

January 24, 2022

#### Agenda



#### Welcome & Updates

• Joey Lindstrom, NLIHC

#### "Build Back Better Act" Updates and Next Steps

• Sarah Saadian, NLIHC

#### Impact of Evictions on Voter Turnout

• Gillian Slee, Eviction Lab

#### Impact of Evictions on Healthcare Utilization

 Gabriel Schwartz, University of California, San Francisco

#### Tenant Protections & Emergency Rental Assistance During & Beyond the Pandemic

• Jade Vasquez, NLIHC

#### **Field Updates**

- Tara Barauskas, Community Corporation of Santa Monica
- Katie West, Housing Network of Rhode Island
- Sue Shirek, Northlands Rescue Mission

#### **Next Steps**



#### Welcome & Updates

## Joey Lindstrom Director for Field Organizing National Low Income Housing Coalition (jlindstrom@nlihc.org



## "Build Back Better Act" Updates & Next Steps

## **Sarah Saadian** Vice President of Policy National Low Income Housing Coalition ssaadian@nlihc.org



#### Impact of Evictions on Voter Turnout

## **Gillian Slee**

Ph.D. Candidate, Sociology & Social Policy Princeton University glslee@princeton.edu

## **Eviction and Voter Turnout:**

#### The Political Consequences of Housing Instability

Gillian Slee, Princeton University

glslee@princeton.edu





## Questions

- Does eviction affect voter turnout?
- How do the political effects of eviction vary across different community contexts?

## Approach

- We merged two very large data sets:
  - Millions of court-ordered evictions, 2013-2015
  - Millions of registered Americans' turnout, 2016
    election
- Neighborhood-level (Census tract) analysis of eviction and voting rates
  - Main analyses: 7,166 neighborhoods in 19 states

 Eviction plays a powerful role in depressing community voter turnout

A 1 percentage point increase in the residential eviction rate predicts a 0.46 percentage point drop in the voter turnout rate.

**Regional and Electoral Context** 



Urban neighborhoods



Rural neighborhoods



New voting requirements



Uncompetitive states

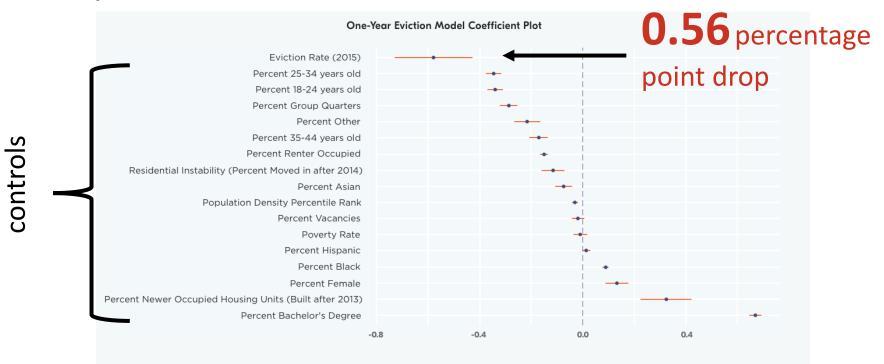


Low- and high- eviction neighborhoods

**Regional and Electoral Context** 

- ! Same-Day or Election Day registration
- ! Battleground states

#### **Temporal Variation**



## Conclusions

Eviction harms voter turnout

Same-day and Election Day registration may mitigate eviction's impact

New voter restrictions and absent same-day registration can hurt

#### Recommendations

Invest in interventions aimed at reducing eviction

Remove barriers to the ballot box

Focus voter mobilization and grassroots efforts in neighborhoods affected by eviction

Article:

Article

#### Eviction and Voter Turnout: The Political Consequences of Housing Instability

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(\$)SAGE

Gillian Slee and Matthew Desmond Princeton University



**EVICTION LAB UPDATES** 

November 8, 2021

#### **Eviction Depressed Voter Turnout** in the 2016 Presidential Election



Gillian Slee The Eviction Lab f 🕑 🔤

## Thank you!

#### Please feel free to reach out to:

#### glslee@princeton.edu

#### **EVICTION LAB**

The Eviction Lab is funded by the JPB and Gates Foundations, C3.ai, and the Chan Zuckerberg Initiative

## Impact of Evictions on Healthcare Utilization

## **Gabriel Schwartz**

Postdoctoral Scholar,

Institute for Health Policy Studies

University of California, San Francisco

gabriel.schwartz2@ucsf.edu

# Eviction, healthcare utilization, and disenrollment among NYC Medicaid patients

Gabriel L. Schwartz,\* Justin M. Feldman,\* Scarlett Wang, Sherry Glied

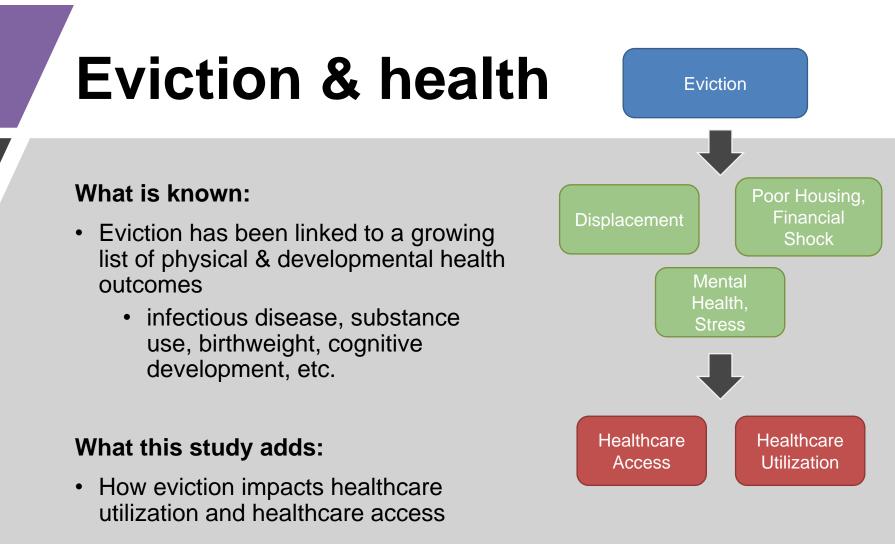
Support for this research was provided by the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's Policies for Action program. The views expressed here do not necessarily reflect the views of the Foundation.

Disclaimer. The views and opinions expressed in this material are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the official policy or position of the New York Department of Health. Examples of analysis performed in the material are only examples. They should not be utilized in real-world analytic products.

\* Schwartz and Feldman are co-first authors.

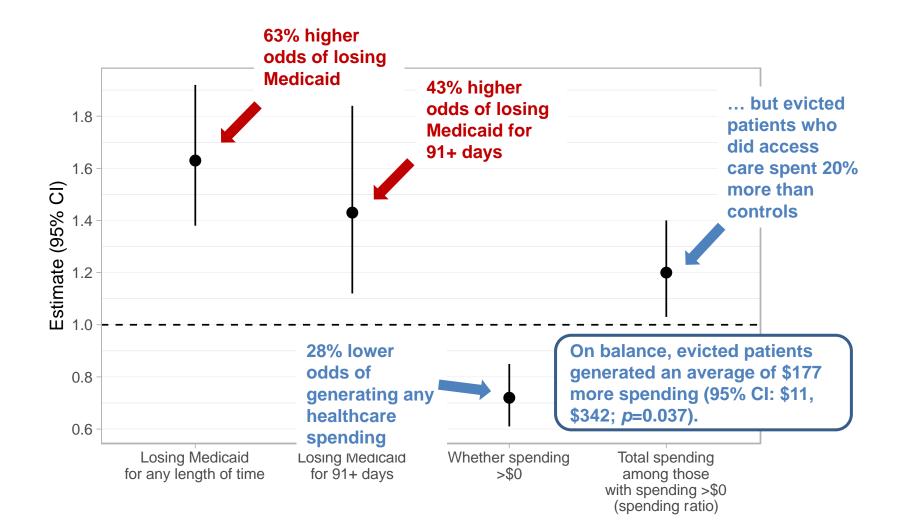
## Eviction is common and damaging

- Eviction is common among US renters: 2.3% of renting households are formally evicted each year (just shy of 1 in 40)
- Low risks of eviction in a single year accumulate as patients age
- Eviction creates many layers of adversity:
  - financial shocks
  - eviction records
  - displacement
  - poor mental health



## Methods

- 1. Identify evicted Medicaid patients by linking 2017 NYC eviction records to Medicaid claims using street addresses
- 2. Match evicted patients to control patients with the same demographics, neighborhood characteristics, and healthcare utilization (in the 6 months before an eviction) with CEM
  - 1300 evicted patients matched to 261,855 controls
- 3. Compare outcomes over 6 months of follow-up:
  - Medicaid disenrollment
  - Healthcare spending
  - Healthcare visits
  - Pharmaceutical prescription fills

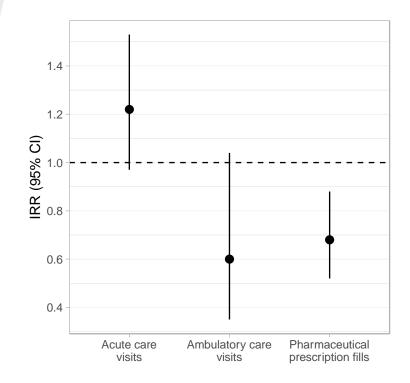


## What's driving spending patterns?

Evicted patients made:

- 32% fewer prescription fills
- 40% fewer ambulatory care visits
- 22% more acute care visits

... though only prescriptions passed the statistical significance threshold.



- Evidence that eviction impairs healthcare access:
  - Substantially increased odds of losing Medicaid coverage
  - Fewer prescription fills
  - · Less likely to generate any healthcare spending
  - Suggestive evidence of fewer ambulatory care visits
- ... while driving increased costs:
  - Generate 20% more spending when patients do access care
  - Generate \$100s of additional healthcare spending on balance
  - Suggestive evidence of more acute care visits (we are not the first to find this in NYC – e.g., Collinson & Reed 2018)

## Implications

- Eviction prevention may help ensure Medicaid patients have appropriate access to care, generate off-setting savings in the Medicaid budget, and prevent acute health crises
- Programs to help evicted patients maintain their Medicaid benefits and access care are warranted
- Eviction prevention may be particularly impactful during the COIVD-19 pandemic (& this Omicron surge), when access to health care is critical, eviction prevention policies are expiring, and the hospital system is already strained

## Thank you!

Please reach out if any questions come up after this talk: gabriel.schwartz2@ucsf.edu

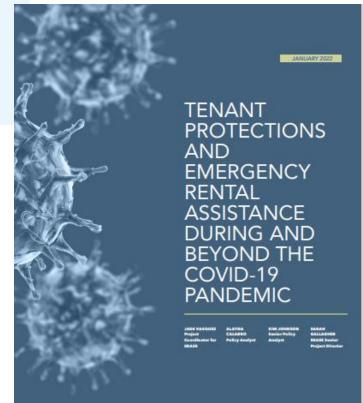


#### Tenant Protections & Emergency Rental Assistance During & Beyond the Pandemic

## Jade Vasquez ERASE Project Coordinator National Low Income Housing Coalition jvasquez@nlihc.org

#### Tenant Protections & ERA Report





NATIONAL LOW INCOME HOUSING COALITION

- NLIHC released a new report, <u>Tenant</u> <u>Protections and Emergency Rental</u> <u>Assistance during and beyond the COVID-19</u> <u>Pandemic</u>
- The report provides a descriptive analysis of policies related to new tenant protections and emergency rental assistance (ERA) that have been enacted or implemented by states and local governments in 2021.
- States and localities passed or implemented more than 130 new laws or policies to protect tenants from eviction in 2021.

## **Types of Tenant Protections**



- The report provides a descriptive analysis of the following types of tenant protections:
  - Short-term laws and policies
    - State and local eviction moratoriums
    - Pauses on the eviction process to allow for ERA processing
    - Mandates to increase information about ERA and limit tenant fees
  - Long-term laws and policies
    - Increases to tenant representation during the eviction process, such as right to counsel
    - Protections that reduce discrimination and promote housing stability, such as source of income discrimination and sealed/expunged eviction records legislations

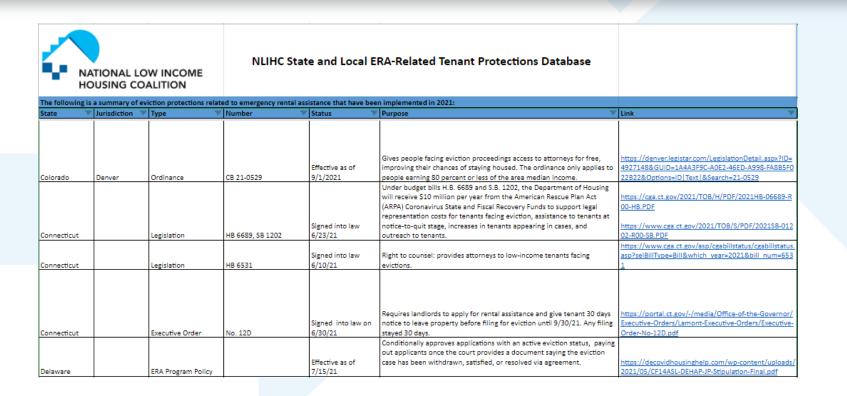
## Key Findings & Recommendations

1. State and local governments should continue to pass tenant protections in all stages of the eviction process to advance housing as a human right.

HOUSING COALITION

- 2. States and localities must assess their tenant-protection laws and programs to ensure maximum effectiveness in preventing evictions.
- 3. ERA programs, states, and local courts should develop collaborative partnerships to ensure the successful implementation and enforcement of tenant protections at all stages of the ERA and eviction process.
- 4. State and local courts should centralize eviction filing and outcome data for facilitating access to ERA to those in need, enforce existing tenant protections, and track housing stability outcomes for tenants who may have been evicted.
- 5. Long-term federal tenant protections, such as source-of-income discrimination laws, "just cause" eviction standards, right to counsel, and sealed eviction legislation, are needed to ensure that all renters across all jurisdictions share a basic level of protection.
- Congress must authorize and fund a permanent program to provide emergency rental assistance – such as that proposed in the "Eviction Crisis Act" – to ensure housing stability for households that experience financial shocks after the pandemic ends.

#### NLIHC State and Local ERA-Related Tenant Protections Database



NATIONAL LOW INCOME HOUSING COALITION

For additions to the database: Contact Jade Vasquez @

jvasquez@nlihc.org

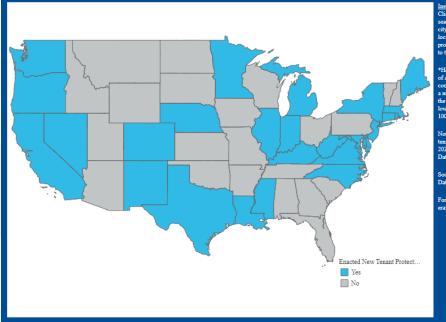
#### www.tinyurl.com/NLIHCTenantProtections

#### **Tenant Protections Maps**



- To accompany the report, NLIHC's Research Team has developed two interactive maps that demonstrate which states and localities have enacted or implemented tenant protections in 2021.
- For State Tenant Protections Map, click <u>here</u>.
- For Local Tenant Protections Map, click <u>here</u>.

**States with New Tenant Protections in 2021-2022** 



Instructions

Lick on the magnifying glass to make the earch bar appear. Type your state, county, ity, or zip code and hit 'enter' to zoom to ocation. The buttons below the search box rovide options to 'pan', 'zoom', and return o the original extent on the map.

\*Households may receive multiple rounds of assistance, resulting in some double counting of households served. States with a number of households served greater than the estimated number of cost-burdened, low-income renter households are coded as 100%.

Note: For a comprehensive database of tenant protections existing before January 2021, please see the LSC Eviction Laws Database at: https://bit.ly/3KpK7yu

Source: NLIHC Tenant Protections Database, 1/11/22

For more information, email eraseproject@nlihc.org.

#### **Tenant Protections Maps**



- In addition to listing the type of tenant protections in each state, the State Tenant Protections Map also includes
  - # of renter households in each state
  - # and % of renters behind on rent
  - % of low income/ costburdened households served by ERA program



#### Questions/Comments?



For questions regarding the Tenant Protections report or additions to the State and Local Tenant Protections Database, email jvasquez@nlihc.org.



#### Field Updates

# Tara BarauskasExecutive DirectorCommunity Corporation of Santa Monicatbarauskas@communitycorp.org



Community Corporation of Santa Monica

Community Corp. of SANTA MONICA

- Nonprofit established in 1982
- Mission to improve lives and neighborhoods by providing affordable housing in high opportunity communities
- Over 1,800 units of affordable housing, 100 buildings, over 4,000 people served.
- More info

www.communitycorp.org



#### High opportunity neighborhoods











#### Uplifting environments

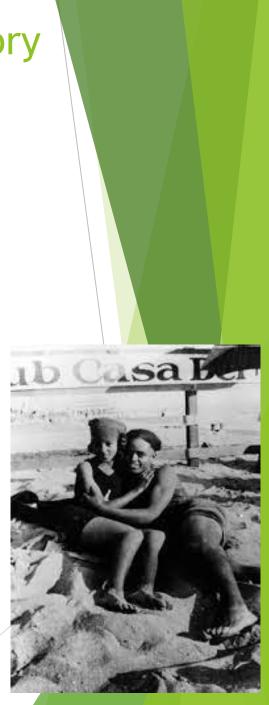






#### Santa Monica's lesser known history

- SM was a black-business friendly town until the 1920's when the KKK came and advocated to change that. The result was that Santa Monica enforced a "Caucasian Clause" with systemic policies preventing African American residents from owning businesses or homes by the beach
- African-Americans were only allowed to use one part of the beach, dubbed The Inkwell.
- Redlining
- Restrictive covenants



#### Displacement and marginalization in Santa Monica

- Occurred several times in recent history - 1950's and 60's
  - Construction of the 10 freeway
  - "Urban renewal project" near the civic center



#### Right to return policy - Santa Monica

- City created policy, not us but we are largest affordable housing provider in the city
- People displaced and their descendants can apply for affordable housing priority in SM
- Limited to 100 people
- Would be 2<sup>nd</sup> in priority after Ellis Act/no fault evictions
- 1 month window to apply

#### Pros and cons of policy

#### PROS

- Affordable housing list is long displaced persons would get priority over about 8,000 other applicants
- Would help people move back to their communities

#### CONS

- Assumes people want affordable rental housing and must income-qualify
- Limited to 1 month and 100 people displacement occurred in 1950's and 60's
- Doesn't apply to caregivers, aunts, uncles and their descendants
- No comprehensive apology, no statement of why, no comprehensive program



#### Field Updates

#### Katie West

#### Homes RI Manager Housing Network of Rhode Island <u>kwest@housingnetworkri.org</u>



#### Field Updates

## **Sue Shirek**

#### Executive Director Northlands Rescue Mission sue@jointhemission.org



#### Next Steps

## Joey Lindstrom Director for Field Organizing National Low Income Housing Coalition (jlindstrom@nlihc.org



#### Resources

## NLIHC's HoUSed Campaign (nlihc.org/housed): Campaign Updates