Executive Summary

AP-05 Executive Summary - 24 CFR 91.200(c), 91.220(b)

1. Introduction

The State of Colorado receives annual grants from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). In order to receive those funds, the State is required to prepare and submit a 5-Year Consolidated Plan with Annual Action Plans. The Consolidated Plan covers the period from April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2020. This Annual Action Plan covers the third program year (2018-2019) of the 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan. By submitting this Plan, the State is applying for formula grants from five programs: The Community Development Block Program (CDBG), the HOME Investment Partnership program (HOME), the Emergency Solutions Grant program (ESG), Housing Trust Fund (HTF), and the Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS program (HOPWA). The Housing Trust Fund (HTF) is a new affordable housing production program that will complement existing Federal, state and local efforts to increase and preserve the supply of decent, safe, and sanitary affordable housing for extremely low- and very low-income households, including homeless families.

The State's Department of Local Affairs (DOLA) is the lead agency in administering these funds, and will use them to further its mission of strengthening Colorado communities in ways that are consistent with the intent of the programs and that comply with the laws and regulations that govern them. The State of Colorado is committed to providing equal housing opportunity to all of its residents. Within DOLA, the Division of Local Government (DLG) is the lead agency for administering CDBG funds. The Division of Housing (DOH) is the lead agency for the HOME, ESG, HTF, and HOPWA programs. The State of Colorado has also received and is overseeing the use of CDBG Disaster Recovery funds (CDBG-DR) to assist with the recovery of communities that were damaged or destroyed by the floods and wildfires 2013.

2. Summarize the objectives and outcomes identified in the Plan

This could be a restatement of items or a table listed elsewhere in the plan or a reference to another location. It may also contain any essential items from the housing and homeless needs assessment, the housing market analysis or the strategic plan.

Several of our plan goals address the objective of providing decent affordable housing: increasing the supply of affordable housing, preserving the supply of affordable housing, and improving the capacity of non-profit housing organizations. All three of these work to improve availability and accessibility of decent affordable housing though construction, and acquisition or renovation of physical housing units.

An overall increase in the supply of affordable housing benefits all residents of the state including people experiencing homelessness and people with special needs.

One plan goal, improving the affordability of housing, includes activities such as down payment assistance and rental assistance, in which the residents of the housing receive a subsidy to make existing housing affordable to them.

Six goals lead to improved sustainability of communities through the creation of suitable living environments – disaster recovery/urgent need, demolition, improving public infrastructure, community development and capital improvement, improving local government capacity, and homelessness prevention and alleviation. All of these enable communities to remain vibrant and livable.

An eighth goal, small business development, addresses the sustainability of communities through economic development, the lifeblood of any healthy community.

3. Evaluation of past performance

This is an evaluation of past performance that helped lead the grantee to choose its goals or projects.

For the 2017-2018 program year, we were successful in meeting most of our proposed goals, while continuing to focus on ways in which we can improve. Previous Action Plans, Consolidated Plans, and Consolidated Annual Performance Evaluations have shown our performance successes in greater detail. Utilizing data from past performances, we are able to more accurately choose our goals and projects based on funding allocation amounts as well as needs and priorities. Furthermore, every year we analyze the history for each project type, applications received, number of units produced, and the cost of each unit type. Finally, we consider the most recent available data on housing inventory and markets, the survey results, and the best use of funding to provide the greatest long-term benefit to those most in need.

4. Summary of Citizen Participation Process and consultation process

Summary from citizen participation section of plan.

We have updated our Citizen Participation Plan in order to achieve more effective outreach and response opportunities and include new Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing (AFFH) requirements as revised at 24 CFR 91.115. In addition, we increased our contact list for distribution of flyers announcing the availability of the draft Annual Action Plan online and holding of the public hearing.

Our improved contact list allowed for us to receive more than ten times the number of responses we have had in the past. This substantial increase provided us with more information from various types of

agencies and produced a more effective consultation component to our plan. In addition, the revised Citizen Participation Plan used the increased contact list to reach more citizens around the State requesting participation in reviewing our draft Annual Action Plan.

We followed the same improved process to allow citizen participation for the Housing Trust Fund (HTF) allocation plan.

5. Summary of public comments

This could be a brief narrative summary or reference an attached document from the Citizen Participation section of the Con Plan.

TBD

6. Summary of comments or views not accepted and the reasons for not accepting them

TBD

7. Summary

TBD

PR-05 Lead & Responsible Agencies - 91.300(b)

1. Agency/entity responsible for preparing/administering the Consolidated Plan

The following are the agencies/entities responsible for preparing the Consolidated Plan and those responsible for administration of each grant program and funding source.

Agency Role	Name	Department/Agency
Lead Agency	COLORADO	
CDBG Administrator	COLORADO	Department of Local Affairs/Div of Local Gov't
HOPWA Administrator	COLORADO	Department of Local Affairs/Div of Housing
HOME Administrator	COLORADO	Department of Local Affairs/Div of Housing
ESG Administrator	COLORADO	Department of Local Affairs/Div of Housing
HOPWA-C Administrator		

Table 1 – Responsible Agencies

Narrative

The Department of Local Affairs (DOLA) is the lead agency for the application. Two Divisions of DOLA administer the HUD formula programs, coordinate administration and provide reporting for these HUD funds under the authority of the Executive Director. The lead agency for the CDBG program is the Division of Local Government (DLG), while the Division of Housing (DOH) is the lead agency for the HOME, ESG, HTF, and HOPWA programs.

Consolidated Plan Public Contact Information

Main Number: 303-864-7810 TDD/TTY Number: 303-864-7758 Media Inquiries: 303-864-7707 Advocate Line: 303-864-7709 (LOCAL); 800-536-5349 (TOLL-FREE)

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AP-10 Consultation - 91.110, 91.300(b); 91.315(l)

1. Introduction

DOLA took advantage of three ongoing consultation processes to develop major elements of the Consolidated Plan. The first and largest consultation process involved development of the Disaster Recovery Action Plan for use of CDBG-DR funds. Another consultation process that occurred was done in conjunction with development of the PHA Agency Plan and involved public housing authorities and other organizations that receive housing choice vouchers from the State. These include a number of organizations that serve people with disabilities and those who would otherwise be homeless. The Division of Housing's Office of Homeless Initiatives (OHI) consults with all three Continua of Care in Colorado to coordinate the use of Emergency Solutions Grant and Continuum of Care funds. Additionally, for the consultation of this year's Annual Action Plan, we expanded our contacts list and were able to obtain substantially more responses than previous years.

Provide a concise summary of the state's activities to enhance coordination between public and assisted housing providers and private and governmental health, mental health and service agencies

DOH facilitates interagency coordination of housing, health and social service activities of various public and private agencies by participating in the following efforts:

• Established OHI to focus on homeless issues.

• OHI administers the "State Housing Voucher Program," partnering with the Colorado Department of Human Services and statewide community mental health centers to administer 125 state-funded housing vouchers annually with supportive services for participants with mental health disorders experiencing homelessness.

• Established a "Housing Initiatives" program to coordinate and collaborate with multiple agencies across additional program areas, including Veterans' Housing, Renewable Energy, and other areas of interest.

• DOH participates in the Mental Health Disorders in the Criminal Justice System Taskforce; an interagency group including the Colorado Department of Corrections and community mental health centers working to address the needs of adult ex-offenders with co-occurring mental health and substance abuse disorders.

• Intradepartmental CDBG Coordinating Group. DOLA created a cross-divisional work group to coordinate and integrate its use of CDBG funds.

• The Housing "Pipeline" which includes development staff from DOH, the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority (CHFA), USDA Rural Development, US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and Community Development Financial Institutions (CDFIs).

• Pathways Home Colorado Advisory Board is a State coordinating organization appointed by the Governor to direct the implementation of the state plan to end homelessness.

• Participation in Colorado's three Continua of Care: Metropolitan Denver Homeless Initiative, Homeward Pikes Peak and the Colorado Balance of State.

• Housing Colorado, Inc. is a 501(c)(3) membership organization that facilitates workshops, meetings and educational opportunities for housing organizations.

• Colorado Chapter, National Association of Housing Redevelopment Organizations (NAHRO) is a state trade association for housing authorities and redevelopment agencies.

• As part of OHI, the Office of Homeless Youth Services, a program within the Division of Housing, will meet on a regular basis with statewide agencies to establish goals, objectives and to seek funding.

Describe coordination with the Continuum of Care and efforts to address the needs of homeless persons (particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans, and unaccompanied youth) and persons at risk of homelessness

In all three CoCs across Colorado, OHI plays an active role to coordinate the CoC stakeholders across the state and to assist in strategies towards addressing the needs of homeless persons throughout each CoC. Specifically, the OHI staff members hold seats on CoC boars or committees, and provide technical assistance as needed to ensure full understanding of local, state and federal policies and best practices. OHI acts as a leader in centralizing statewide goals, data and progress.

Describe consultation with the Continuum(s) of Care that serves the State in determining how to allocate ESG funds, develop performance standards for and evaluate outcomes of projects and activities assisted by ESG funds, and develop funding, policies and procedures for the operation and administration of HMIS

Describe consultation with the Continuum(s) of Care that serves the State in determining how to allocate ESG funds, develop performance standards for and evaluate outcomes of projects and activities assisted by ESG funds, and develop funding, policies and procedures for the operation and administration of HMIS

In response to the changes made to HUD's Homeless Assistance Programs by the Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing (HEARTH) Act, and the ESG Interim Rule that followed, Colorado has greatly increased collaboration with its three Continua of Care (CoCs) in designing its ESG program and HMIS. In 2012, representatives of the CoCs met with DOH staff to draft an allocation plan and host initial discussions for performance standards, evaluating outcomes, projects, policies and procedures for activities assisted by ESG funds, and developing funding, policies and procedures for the administration and operation of HMIS. Since 2012, DOH's allocation of ESG funds for Homeless Prevention and Rapid Rehousing (HP/RR) activities are now allocated to each CoC for recommendations and selection of applicants within their continuum. This new process for allocating ESG funds has

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increased regional collaboration and has led CoCs in Colorado to begin work towards a coordinated intake and assessment process to allocate their HP/RR funding to those in their communities with the highest level of need. Currently, the Denver Metro area CoC has the most advanced coordinated assessment system and anticipates incorporating HP/RR resources into the system in the coming year.

Coordination to assist people experiencing homelessness and prevent homelessness will be led by Colorado's CoCs. Active engagement and membership in the CoC is required to receive funding. The CoCs will further engage and coordinate resources to improve current programs and funding strategies; and provide ongoing training as procedures are refined.

2. Agencies, groups, organizations and others who participated in the process and consultations

Table 2 – Agencies, groups, organizations who participated

1	Agency/Group/Organization	COLORADO HOUSING AND FINANCE AUTHORITY
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Housing
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Public Housing Needs
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Partner agency.

Identify any Agency Types not consulted and provide rationale for not consulting

All agency types are currently being consulted as a part of the Annual Action Plan submission process via surveys, their participation will be integrated into the final submission.

Other local/regional/state/federal planning efforts considered when preparing the Plan

Name of Plan	Lead Organization	How do the goals of your Strategic Plan overlap with the goals of each plan?				
Continuum of Care	Colorado Coalition for the	One of our highest priority goals is eliminating homelessness through coordination				
continuum or care	Homeless	with our continua of care.				
Colorado Division of	Colorado Division of Housing	The goals in the PHA plan primarily address housing Colorado's most vulnerable				
Housing 1- and 5 Yr	J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J					
Plan	PHA CO911	citizens, which very closely mirror the goals in our Strategic Plan.				
Colorado Disaster	Colorado Dept of Local	The disaster recovery plan overlaps the Con Plan in the areas of housing stock,				
	Affairs/Colorado Recovery	economic development, and public facilities, all of which were depleted by the				
Recovery Action Plan	Office	floods of Sept 2013 and by major wildfires.				
Colorado Housing and	LINTC Qualified Allocation Plan	The OAD everlane with the Can Plan in the area of affordable bousing				
Finance Authority	LIHTC Qualified Allocation Plan	The QAP overlaps with the Con Plan in the area of affordable housing.				

Table 3 - Other local / regional / federal planning efforts

Narrative

Our consultation process and increased outreach lead to a significant increase in the number of agencies we were able to consult with for this year's plan. We will continue to improve our processes on an annual basis.

AP-12 Participation - 91.115, 91.300(c)

1. Summary of citizen participation process/Efforts made to broaden citizen participation Summarize citizen participation process and how it impacted goal-setting

DOLA revised the Citizen Participation Plan to include better outreach practices and encourage greater citizen participation. Notice of the draft being available for comment for 30 days and notice of the public hearing were sent via email to our extended contact list from the survey section of the plan. Additionally, the notice and draft were posted on our website. Contact information was provided via a flyer encouraging citizen participation comments by phone, email, or in person. Our goal for outreach is to provide information to as many organizations and individuals in the most effective ways in order to target all necessary populations.

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/attendance	Summary of comments received	Summary of comments not accepted	URL (If applicable)
					and reasons	
		Non-	TBD-The public			
1	Public Meeting	targeted/broad	meeting is scheduled	TBD	TBD	
		community	on June 19th, 2018.			
			Internet outreach will			
		Non-	be used to inform the			
2	Internet Outreach	-	public about the			
2	Internet Outreach	targeted/broad community	public meeting and to			
			gather survey			
			responses.			

Citizen Participation Outreach

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of	Summary of	Summary of comments	URL (If
			response/attendance	comments received	not accepted	applicable)
					and reasons	
		Minorities	N/A-Flyer will be			
		WINDICIES	used to inform the			
		Non-English	public of the public			
			meeting. It includes			
3	Flyer distributed	Speaking - Specify	a section in Spanish,			
5	to general public	other language:	provided the TTY			
		Spanish	number, and explains			
		Persons with disabilities	that interpreters			
			would be provided			
			upon request.			

Table 4 – Citizen Participation Outreach

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Expected Resources

AP-15 Expected Resources – 91.320(c)(1,2)

Introduction

DOLA receives a variety of Federal and State resources, including the HUD formula amounts shown below that help meet the State's housing, community and economic development needs. DOLA links these resources together and combines them with funding from local jurisdictions and private sources to maximize cost efficiency and stretch the public dollar.

Anticipated Resources

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of		Annual	Program	Prior Year	Total:	Amount	
	Funds		Allocation:	Income: \$	Resources:	\$	Available	
			\$		\$		Remainder	
							of ConPlan \$	
CDBG	public -	Acquisition					Ŧ	Colorado Non-Entitlement
	federal	Admin and						Community Development Block
		Planning						grant allocation.
		Economic						
		Development						
		Housing						
		Public						
		Improvements						
		Public Services	10,055,294	1,324,232	964,577	12,344,103	22,399,397	

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
HOME	public - federal	Acquisition Homebuyer assistance Homeowner rehab Multifamily rental new construction Multifamily rental rehab New construction for ownership						HOME Investment Partnership Non-Entitlement block grant allocation for Colorado.
		TBRA	6,671,702	1,877,185	0	8,548,887	15,220,589	

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
HOPWA	public -	Permanent						Housing Opportunities for
	federal	housing in						Persons with AIDS balance of
		facilities						state block grant allocation for
		Permanent						Colorado.
		housing						
		placement						
		Short term or						
		transitional						
		housing						
		facilities						
		STRMU						
		Supportive						
		services						
		TBRA	567,866	0	0	567,866	1,135,732	

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
ESG	public -	Conversion and						Emergency Solutions Grants
	federal	rehab for						balance of state block grant
		transitional						allocation.
		housing						
		Financial						
		Assistance						
		Overnight						
		shelter						
		Rapid re-						
		housing (rental						
		assistance)						
		Rental						
		Assistance						
		Services						
		Transitional						
		housing	1,965,723	0	0	1,965,723	3,931,446	

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
HTF	public -	Acquisition						Housing Trust Fund allocation for
	federal	Admin and						the State of Colorado.
		Planning						
		Homebuyer						
		assistance						
		Multifamily						
		rental new						
		construction						
		Multifamily						
		rental rehab						
		New						
		construction for						
		ownership	3,563,587	0	0	3,563,587	7,127,174	
Continuum	public -	Short term or						This is the amount awarded to
of Care	federal	transitional						DOH from the Competitive grant
		housing						process.
		facilities						
		Supportive						
		services						
		Transitional						
		housing						
		Other	7,133,667	0	0	7,133,667	14,263,334	

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
General	public -	Housing						Created by the Colorado state
Fund	state							treasury, the Housing
								Development Grant Fund (HDG)
								is administered by the Division of
								Housing (DOH). This fund
								consists of monies appropriated
								to the Colorado Affordable
								Housing Construction Grants
								Fund by the General Assembly.
								HDG provides funds for
								acquisition, rehabilitation, and
								new construction through a
								competitive application process
								to improve, preserve or expand
								the supply of affordable housing;
								to finance foreclosure prevention
								activities in Colorado, and to
								fund the acquisition of housing
								and economic data necessary to
								advise the State Housing Board
			8,200,000	0	0	8,200,000	16,400,000	on local housing conditions.

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Expected Amount Available Year 1				Expected	Narrative Description
	of		Annual	Program	Prior Year	Total:	Amount	
	Funds		Allocation:	Income: \$	Resources:	\$	Available	
			\$		\$		Remainder	
							of ConPlan \$	
Housing	public -	Multifamily						
Trust Fund	federal	rental new						
		construction						
		Multifamily						
		rental rehab	0	0	0	0	0	
Section 811	public -	Rental						Section 811: HUD funding for
	federal	Assistance						permanent affordable housing
		Supportive						with supportive services for
		services						people with disabilities who have
								income less than 30% of the area
								median, to enable them to live
								independently rather than in
			1,045,690	0	0	1,045,690	5,956,171	institutional settings.
Supportive	public -	Rental						Fort Lyon Supportive Housing
Housing	federal	Assistance						program is a federal program
Program		Supportive						designed to promote the
		services						development of supportive
								housing and supportive services
								to assist homeless persons in
								transitioning from homelessness,
								and to promote the provision of
								supportive housing to enable
								homeless persons to live as
			4,989,637	0	0	4,989,637	10,000,000	independently as possible.

Other	public -	Acquisition						The State is committed to
	federal	Admin and						supporting the full recovery of all
		Planning						communities impacted by flood
		Economic						and wildfire disasters. As part of
		Development						the recovery effort the State
		Financial						leverages resources from federal,
		Assistance						state, philanthropic and private
		Homebuyer						resources. Community
		assistance						Development Block Grant-
		Homeowner						Disaster Recovery Program
		rehab						(CDBG-DR) awards to the State
		Housing						include \$62,800,000 (December
		Multifamily						16th, 2013), \$199,300,000 (June
		rental new						3rd, 2014), and \$58,246,000
		construction						(January 13, 2015), for a total
		Multifamily						\$320,346,000. Please see
		rental rehab						Geographic Area Served for
		New						details of the disaster
		construction for						declarations served by these
		ownership						funds.
		Permanent						
		housing						
		placement						
		Public						
		Improvements						
		Rental						
		Assistance						
		Supportive	0	51,316	0	0	0	

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
		services						
		Other						
Other	public -	Acquisition						Private Activity Bond Allocation:
	federal	Homebuyer						DOH has a Statewide Balance of
		assistance						\$19,057,011. These funds may
		Multifamily						be used for a variety of
		rental new						affordable housing and economic
		construction						development purposes. While
		Multifamily						not a grant source, Private
		rental rehab						Activity Bonds provide tax
								exempt bonding authority to
								originate tax-exempt mortgages.
								For rental housing they also give
								projects access to 4% Low
			19,057,011	0	0	20,564,550	38,000,000	Income Housing Tax Credits.

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of		Annual	Program	Prior Year	Total:	Amount	
	Funds		Allocation:	Income: \$	Resources:	\$	Available	
			\$		\$		Remainder of ConPlan	
							s s	
Other	public -	Acquisition						NSP-1 Program Income: Program
	federal	Homeowner						income generated by projects
		rehab						undertaken through NSP1
		Multifamily						funding. May be used to acquire,
		rental rehab						rehabilitate, and/or redevelop
								properties that are foreclosed,
								abandoned, or vacant, in
								designated census tracts that
								were heavily impacted by
								foreclosures in the economic
			0	60,000	0	60,000	200,000	downturn
Other	public -	Public Services						This program is federally funded
	federal							from the Department of Health
								and Human Services to address
								poverty in Colorado. Dollars are
								distributed in a formula
								throughout Colorado to fund
			5,000,000	0	0	5,000,000	10,000,000	local needs to address poverty.
Other	public -	Rental						HCV Program: Funds received
	federal	Assistance						through HUD's Public and Indian
								Housing HCV program to provide
			39,184,212	0	0	39,184,212	78,233,647	rental subsidies.

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
Other	public -	Acquisition						Colorado Housing Investment
	state	Multifamily						Fund: The State of Colorado
		rental new						received over \$50 million from
		construction						the mortgage settlement with
		Multifamily						the 5 major banks, all custodial
		rental rehab						funds through the Attorney
		New						General's office, to be used for
		construction for						homeowner relief, foreclosure
		ownership						prevention and affordable
		Overnight						housing. The Colorado Housing
		shelter						Investment Fund (CHIF)was
								created with part of those funds
								to address Colorado's need for
			0	0	0	0	0	affordable rental housing
Other	public -	Housing						Homeless Solutions Program:
	state							Marijuana Tax Cash Fund for
			4,490,714	0	0	4,490,714	4,490,714	affordable housing.

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
Other	public -	Housing						The State of Colorado Housing
	state	Rapid re-						Assistance for Persons
		housing (rental						Transitioning from Criminal or
		assistance)						Juvenile Justice Cash Fund
		Rental						provides grants and loans for the
		Assistance						acquisition, construction, or
								rehabilitation of rental housing
								for persons with both a mental
								health disorder, or co-occurring
								behavioral health disorder, and
								newly released from the
								Department of Corrections
								(DOC), the Division of Youth
								Corrections (DYC) in the
								Department of Human Services
								(DHS), or county jails throughout
								Colorado. Funding will also be
								provided towards rental
								assistance vouchers and rapid
								rehousing contingent on funding
			47,000,000	0	0	47,000,000	6,700,000	availability.

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of		Annual	Program	Prior Year	Total:	Amount	
	Funds		Allocation:	Income: \$	Resources:	\$	Available	
			\$		\$		Remainder of ConPlan	
							\$	
Other	public -	Other						This is an annual allocation from
	state							the State's General Fund for
								grants to local governments in
								rural Colorado to improve
			5,650,000	0	0	5,650,000	1,500,000	economic development.
Other	public -	Public						Energy and Mineral Impact
	state	Improvements						Assistance Program: This is a
		Public Services						community and economic
		Other						development grant program that
								provides dollars via formula
								distribution and grants to
								Colorado local governments to
								address the impacts of oil, gas
								and mineral extraction activities
								in their communities. Funds
								come from the state severance
								tax. This program also funds a
								loan program for water and
								wastewater improvements and
								several initiatives including the
								Departmentâ¿¿s Main Street,
								Broadband, Best and Brightest
			100,000	0	0	100,000	40,000	Intern and University Technical.

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description	
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$		
Other	public - state	Rental Assistance						State Housing Choice Vouchers: Funds provided by the state for	
	state		2,746,313	0	0	2,746,313	5,501,000	housing choice vouchers	

Table 5 - Expected Resources – Priority Table

Explain how federal funds will leverage those additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements will be satisfied

The Division of Housing matches HOME funds with state loan funds spent on HOME eligible activities, local funding used in HOME projects, foundation funds and other HOME-eligible match sources are also used. The state loan funds include: Colorado Housing Investment Funds (CHIF), Housing Development Grants (HDG), Housing Development Loan Funds (HDLF).

ESG applicants must make matching contributions in an amount that equals the amount of ESG funds awarded by DOH. The matching contributions must meet all requirements that apply to the ESG funds provided by HUD. In the event that a subrecipient is unable to meet its matching requirements due to a financial hardship, it may request, in writing, an exception to this rule, with explanation of amount, nature and cause of the hardship. DOH shall consider such requests on a case by case basis.

The newly created Housing Assistance for Persons Transitioning from Criminal or Juvenile Justice Cash Fund, using state money from reappropriated from other sources, will be used to grant or loan funds for the construction and rehabilitation of permanent supportive housing for citizens transitioning from correctional facilities.

If appropriate, describe publically owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that may be used to address the needs identified in the plan

DOLA is not aware of any publically owned land or property that could be used to address needs identified in the plan.

Discussion

Private Activity Bonds are not funds to be awarded, but tax-exempt bonds that can be issued for specific purposes. The federal government grants annual allocations of this bonding authority to states.

DOH coordinates the use of LIHTC funds awarded by the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority (CHFA) through quarterly pipeline meetings and throughout the loan/grant underwriting process for each proposed project. Because DOH accepts applications for the types of projects that are LIHTC eligible monthly, we are able to accommodate CHFA's funding cycle. The quarterly "pipeline" meetings include members of development staff from DOH, Colorado Housing and Finance Authority (CHFA), Mile High Community Loan Fund, USDA Rural Development, and Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

HTF is a new funding source for 2017, and will be used as a new affordable housing production program that will complement existing Federal, state and local efforts to increase and preserve the supply of decent, safe, and sanitary affordable housing for extremely low- and very low-income households, including homeless families.

Annual Goals and Objectives

AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives – 91.320(c)(3)&(e)

Goals Summary Information

Sort	Goal Name	Start	End	Category	Geographic	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
Order		Year	Year		Area			
1	Increase Supply	2015	2020	Affordable	State of	Additional	CDBG: \$1,925,982	Rental units constructed: 555
	of Affordable			Housing	Colorado	Affordable	HOME:	Household Housing Unit
	Housing			Homeless		Housing	\$2,463,991	Homeowner Housing Added:
				Non-Homeless			General Fund:	65 Household Housing Unit
				Special Needs			\$2,050,000	
							Housing Trust	
							Fund: \$2,000,000	
							Private Activity	
							Bond Allocation:	
							\$10,000,000	

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
2	Disaster	2015	2019	Affordable	State of	Additional	CDBG-DR:	Public Facility or Infrastructure
	Recovery			Housing	Colorado	Affordable	\$140,000,000	Activities for Low/Moderate
				Non-Homeless	Flood	Housing		Income Housing Benefit: 183
				Special Needs	Disaster	Community		Households Assisted
				Non-Housing	Recovery	Development and		Rental units constructed:
				Community	Area	Capital		1,200
				Development		Improvements		Household Housing Unit
				Economic		Economic		Homeowner Housing Added:
				Development,		Development		64 Household Housing Unit
				Planning and		Housing		Homeowner Housing
				Resiliency,		Rehabilitation		Rehabilitated: 149 Household
				Infrastructure		Housing and		Housing Unit
						Assistance for the		Direct Financial Assistance to
						Homeless		Homebuyers: 56 Households
						Local		Assisted
						Government		Jobs created/retained: 1,024
						Capacity Building		Jobs
						Public		Businesses assisted: 244
						Infrastructure		Businesses Assisted
						Urgent		Buildings Demolished: 63
						Need/Disaster		Buildings
						Recovery		Other: 10 Other
	·	·				·	·	

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
3	Homelessness	2015	2020	Homeless	State of	Additional	HOME: \$822,518	Tenant-based rental
	Prevention and				Colorado	Affordable	ESG: \$1,815,205	assistance / Rapid Rehousing:
	Alleviation					Housing	Continuum of	130 Households Assisted
						Housing and	Care: \$7,133,667	Homeless Person Overnight
						Assistance for the	General Fund:	Shelter: 21800 Persons
						Homeless	\$2,050,000	Assisted
							Housing Trust	Overnight/Emergency
							Fund: \$1,000,000	Shelter/Transitional Housing
							Homeless	Beds added: 5 Beds
							Solutions	Homelessness Prevention:
							Program:	1300 Persons Assisted
							\$15,300,000	Housing for Homeless added:
								230 Household Housing Unit
4	Preserve Existing	2015	2020	Affordable	State of	Acquire and	CDBG: \$516,240	Rental units rehabilitated: 380
	Affordable			Housing	Colorado	Preserve	HOME:	Household Housing Unit
	Housing					Affordable	\$1,028,148	Homeowner Housing
						Housing Stock.	General Fund:	Rehabilitated: 150 Household
						Housing	\$4,100,000	Housing Unit
						Rehabilitation	NSP-1 Program	
							Income: \$60,000	
							Private Activity	
							Bond Allocation:	
							\$10,000,000	

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
5	Improve Public	2015	2020	Non-Housing	State of	Public	CDBG: \$1,900,000	Public Facility or Infrastructure
	Infrastructure			Community	Colorado	Infrastructure	Energy and	Activities other than
				Development			Mineral Impact	Low/Moderate Income
							Assistance	Housing Benefit: 3800 Persons
							Program:	Assisted
							\$100,000	Jobs created/retained: 20 Jobs
6	Improve Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	State of	Additional	CDBG: \$973,689	Direct Financial Assistance to
	Affordability			Housing	Colorado	Affordable	HOPWA:	Homebuyers: 100 Households
						Housing	\$439,944	Assisted
						Housing and	HOME:	Tenant-based rental
						Assistance for the	\$2,000,000	assistance / Rapid Rehousing:
						Homeless	Section 811:	7600 Households Assisted
							\$1,045,690	
							Supportive	
							Housing Program:	
							\$4,989,637	
							Community Living	
							Colorado Housing	
							Vouchers:	
							\$1,750,500	
							HCV Program:	
							\$39,184,212	
							Private Activity	
							Bond Allocation:	
							\$564,550	
							State Housing	
							Choice Vouchers:	
							\$995,813	
				A 22	nual Action Pla			30

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
7	Community	2015	2020	Non-Housing	State of	Community	CDBG: \$1,300,000	Public Facility or Infrastructure
	Development			Community	Colorado	Development and	General Fund-	Activities other than
	and Capital			Development		Capital	Rural Economic	Low/Moderate Income
	Improvement					Improvements	Development:	Housing Benefit: 550 Persons
							\$750,000	Assisted
							Limited Gaming	
							Impact Program:	
							\$4,900,000	
8	Support Small	2015	2020	Non-Housing	State of	Economic	CDBG: \$8,500,000	Jobs created/retained: 850
	Business			Community	Colorado	Development		Jobs
	Development			Development				
9	Affirmatively	2015	2020	All housing	State of	Affirmatively	CDBG: \$1,300	Other: 4 Other
	Further Fair				Colorado	Further Fair		
	Housing					Housing		
10	Build Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	State of	Housing Non-	HOME: \$205,270	Other: 10 Other
	Non-Profit			Housing	Colorado	Profit Capacity		
	Capacity					Building		
11	Build Local	2015	2020	Non-Housing	State of	Local	CDBG: \$3,000	Other: 10 Other
	Government			Community	Colorado	Government	DPHS: \$5,000,000	
	Capacity			Development		Capacity Building		
12	Demolition	2015	2020	Demolition of	State of	Community	CDBG: \$200,000	Buildings Demolished: 10
				slum and blight	Colorado	Development and		Buildings
						Capital		
						Improvements		

Table 6 – Goals Summary

Goal Descriptions

1	Goal Name	Increase Supply of Affordable Housing										
	Goal Description	The Division of Housing (DOH) will help to increase the affordable housing supply by providing funding for construction of both rental and ownership housing that is designated to be affordable to households and individuals whose income falls below 80% of the area median. DOH will maximize funding for housing affordable to families/households at the extremely-low and very-low income levels as much as possible and still make individual projects financially sustainable. Funding will come primarily from HOME Investment Partnership funds, but CDBG funds may be used to acquire property or to cover soft costs. Other primary funding resources will include the state Housing Development Grant fund and Housing Development Loan fund, as well as the Colorado Housing Investment Fund.										
2	Goal Name	Disaster Recovery										
	Goal Description	This funding from the additional CDBG Disaster Recovery grants would be used to provide housing to Coloradans displaced from their homes by disasters that occurred during the 2013 flood. Disaster recovery grants will also help provide funding to meet non-housing needs created by the floods such as repair or replacement of damaged infrastructure and assistance to impacted businesses. No specific set aside has been made from our regular CDBG allocation for this purpose, but it is high on the list of priorities for this year because it is urgent and expected to occupy significant staff time and effort.										
3	Goal Name	Homelessness Prevention and Alleviation										
	Goal Description	One of the primary goals in the coming year is to focus on increasing access to housing units (particularly for the chronically homeless, veterans, persons with disabilities, and youth) through the continuum of housing. The Office of Homeless Initiatives (OHI) team will work towards the production of new permanent supportive housing units by providing leadership and technical assistance to local partners on the housing development process and resources. In 2014, the OHI partnered with the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority and Enterprise Community Partners to launch the "Pathways Home Supportive Housing Toolkit," in which six communities participated in a permanent supportive housing these toolkits. Not only will this work shorten the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, the OHI will also facilitate increased access to affordable housing units.										

4	Goal Name	Preserve Existing Affordable Housing								
	Goal Description	The Division of Housing (DOH) will provide funding for the acquisition and rehabilitation of affordable rental housing, especially to preserve existing affordable units as affordable, and to improve the condition of existing affordable housing stock. DOH will also fund single-family rehabilitation programs that provide low-cost loans to low/moderate income homeowners to keep their homes habitable.								
5	Goal Name	Improve Public Infrastructure								
	Goal Description	Help communities with the installation of public infrastructure items such as water system, sanitary sewer system and/or storm drainage system improvements that will either: 1.) remedy problems from the existing system(s) being under- sized, leaky, out of regulatory compliance or obsolete, benefiting over 51% low to moderate income persons living in the entire community or in the specific area where the improvements are made; or 2.) benefit start-up and/or expanding businesses in a community that create or retain jobs, at least 51% of which will be filled by persons of low to moderate income.								
6	Goal Name	Improve Housing Affordability								
	Goal Description	Activities associated with this goal reduce the cost of housing by rental assistance, down payment assistance or contributions to development costs that will ultimately reduce the cost to the consumer, such as subsidies for Habitat for Humanity housing or land trust housing.								
7	Goal Name	Community Development and Capital Improvement								
	Goal Description	Provide financial assistance to rural communities to implement community development and capital improvement activities. Includes acquisition of property (to be used for public facilities), and construction or reconstruction of public facilities that primarily benefit low/moderate income persons.								
8	Goal Name	Support Small Business Development								
	Goal Description	Provide assistance to small businesses to start or expand their operations, and partner with local banks to fill gaps in financing packages so that 51% of jobs created or retained are filled by persons of low to moderate income.								

9	Goal Name	Affirmatively Further Fair Housing									
	Goal Description										
10	Goal Name	Build Housing Non-Profit Capacity									
	Goal Description	This goal includes CHDO operating funding for pre-development and capacity building, resulting in the production of housing units, down payment assistance loans or rehabilitation loans within two years.									
11	Goal Name	Build Local Government Capacity									
	Goal Description	Increase the capacity of local governments to administer federal grants that facilitate the development of sustainable communities through training classes offered by the Department of Local Affairs, Division of Local Government. Accomplishments will be measured by the number of local governments which participate in the training.									
12	Goal Name	Demolition									
	Goal Description	Demolition of slum and blight									

AP-25 Allocation Priorities – 91.320(d)

Introduction:

The table below represents an estimate of the percentage of each type of funding DOLA anticipates using for each of our goals. Actual awards and expenditures may differ from this since the methods of allocation are based on competitive processes.

Funding Allocation Priorities

	Increase Supply of Affordable Housing (%)	Disaster Recovery (%)	Homelessness Prevention and Alleviation (%)	Preserve Existing Affordable Housing (%)	Improve Public Infrastructure (%)	Improve Housing Affordability (%)	Community Development and Capital Improvement (%)	Support Small Business Development (%)	Affirmatively Further Fair Housing (%)	Build Housing Non-Profit Capacity (%)	Build Local Government Capacity (%)	Demolition (%)	Total (%)
CDBG	15	0	0	10	23	0	17	20	1	0	9	5	100
HOME	45	0	0	40	0	10	0	0	1	4	0	0	100
HOPWA	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
ESG	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Continuum of Care	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
General Fund	50	0	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Housing Trust Fund	40	0	40	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Section 811	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Supportive Housing Program	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Other CDBG-DR	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Other Colorado Housing Investment Fund	50	0	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Other Community Living Colorado Housing		7											
Vouchers	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Other DPHS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	100

	Increase Supply of Affordable Housing (%)	Disaster Recovery (%)	Homelessness Prevention and Alleviation (%)	Preserve Existing Affordable Housing (%)	Improve Public Infrastructure (%)	Improve Housing Affordability (%)	Community Development and Capital Improvement (%)	Support Small Business Development (%)	Affirmatively Further Fair Housing (%)	Build Housing Non-Profit Capacity (%)	Build Local Government Capacity (%)	Demolition (%)	Total (%)
Other Energy and Mineral Impact Assistance													
Program	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Other General Fund-Rural Economic													
Development	0	0	0	0	25	0	25	25	0	0	25	0	100
Other HCV Program	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Other Homeless Solutions Program	25	0	25	25	0	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Other Limited Gaming Impact Program	0	0	0	0	50	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	100
Other NSP-1 Program Income	50	0	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Other Private Activity Bond Allocation	75	0	0	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Other State Housing Choice Vouchers	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	100

Table 7 – Funding Allocation Priorities

Reason for Allocation Priorities

Some allocations above are clear - for example, Emergency Solutions Grant funding is specifically for preventing homelessness and assisting and rehousing people experiencing homelessness. The exact allocation priorities of the other resources is very difficult to determine. It will depend on the types of projects that DOLA receives applications for and the specific features of a project will determine which funding source is most suitable. Supportive Housing is defined as affordable community-based housing that provides people with disabilities or special needs with links to supportive services.

HTF State Limited Beneficiaries or Preferences- § 91.320(k)(5)(vii)

The State will limit beneficiaries and/or give preferences to the following segments of the extremely low-income population:

• People with disabilities or other special needs (e.g. individuals/families exiting homelessness).

How will the proposed distribution of funds will address the priority needs and specific objectives described in the Consolidated Plan?

Funding will be directed toward the projects that best fit each program's statutory and regulatory requirements while meeting the needs of local communities for economic development, public infrastructure, facilities and services, and housing for those least able to afford it.

AP-30 Methods of Distribution – 91.320(d)&(k)

Introduction:

Within the Colorado Department of Local Affairs, the Division of Housing administers the State of Colorado's allocation of HOME Investment Partnership (HOME), Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG), Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA), and Housing Trust Fund (HTF) funds, while the Division of Local Government is the lead agency administering Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds. The Department of Local Affairs splits its annual allocation of Non-Entitlement CDBG funds into 3 equal portions once funds are taken out for administration. Each portions represents Housing, Public Facilities or Economic Development. The Division of Housing administers CDBG Housing funds, the Division of Local Government administers CDBG Public Facility Funds and the Governor's Office of Economic Development and International Trade administers Economic Development CDBG Funds. Generally, if there are available funds in any one portion after a reasonable length of time, and there is a high demand in another area, these funds may be re-assigned in order to address the demands of the local communities. DOLA will distribute CDBG resources through a competitive process to eligible non-entitlement local governments through the divisions who administer these programs.

Distribution Methods

Table	e 8 - Distribution Methods by State Program	

1	State Program Name:	Economic Development
	Funding Sources:	CDBG
	Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	The economic development use of CDBG funds is administered by the Governor's Office of Economic Development and International Trade (OEDIT), and receives a one-third share of Colorado's annual non-entitlement CDBG allocation. OEDIT will accept and consider business development proposals that involve providing financial assistance to private for-profit and non-profit businesses (except for financing for community development proposals) on a continuous basis. Such proposals include those that would provide funding through local or regional loan funds, infrastructure to benefit specific businesses, and feasibility/planning studies to benefit specific businesses.

Describe all of the criteria that	Final funding decisions are made by the Governor's Financial Review Committee and
will be used to select applications	applications are considered on a continual basis until all funds are awarded. Because housing,
and the relative importance of	public facility and economic development projects are administered by separate divisions, the
these criteria.	application review and award process is different for all. However, all CDBG applications are
	reviewed for the following: Applicant Eligibility, Eligible Activity, National Objective Eligibility,
	Priority within the Consolidated Plan, the project's benefit to low and moderate income persons
	or households, Demonstrated Need, Project Implementation and Sustainability, number and
	economic status of individuals affected by the need, Level of Urgency, project's Readiness to Go,
	and Management Capacity.
	Other review criteria include:
	· Consistency with local development strategies and coordination with other activities;
	· Public and Private Commitments; value and the viability of those commitments; Level of local
	commitment; communities are strongly encouraged to take primary responsibility for resolving
	their public facilities problems. In specific projects, this may involve making financial
	commitments; adjusting development regulations, user rates and fees, and capital construction
	and maintenance programs; creating improvement districts; establishing development and
	redevelopment authorities; and generally sharing in or leveraging funds and management for
	development and redevelopment
	\cdot Management Capability - the ability of the local government submitting the proposal to
	administer the project as described either through their own staff or contractors.
	\cdot Budget - DOLA staff will compare administrative and other costs with those of other similar
	proposals. Are the proposed administration and overall project budgets adequate, reasonable
	and realistic given the project work plan?
	\cdot Statutory and Regulatory Compliance - Does the proposed project involve or result in
	residential displacement? Is there a plan to replace all low/moderate income housing
	demolished or converted, and to assist persons being relocated? Does the proposed project
	involve real property acquisition or relocation of any persons or businesses? Does it trigger
	Uniform Relocation Act requirements? Are cost and time requirement estimates reasonable?
	Are estimated labor wage costs reasonable? Is the project subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing

	wage requirements? Is the proposed project in a floodplain or geological hazard area, or does it affect cultural or historic resources? Are there other environmental considerations? For economic development projects that involve grants or business loan funds or loan guarantees:
If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other	Additional information can be accessed through the website and Colorado's CDBG Guidebook also posted on the web.
state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only)	
Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including	
community and faith-based organizations. (ESG only)	
Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other	
community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	

Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	Colorado Governor's Office of Economic Development and International Trade (OEDIT) will accept and consider business development proposals that involve providing financial assistance to private for-profit and non-profit businesses (except for financing for community development proposals) on a continuous basis. Such proposals include those that would provide: • Funding through local or regional loan funds • Infrastructure to benefit specific businesses and Feasibility/planning studies to benefit specific businesses.
Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	There are no minimum or maximum grant size limits for economic development.
What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	To the extent that CDBG funds are allocated and available, Colorado's rural local government priorities will be addressed, particularly those with low to moderate income populations. This method of distribution will provide economic opportunity to help create sustainable communities.

2	State Program Name:	Emergency Solutions Grants
	Funding Sources:	ESG
	Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) funds provide grants by formula to States, metropolitan cities, urban counties and U.S. territories for eligible activities. The funds can be used to provide a wide range of services and supports under the five program components: street outreach, emergency shelter, rapid rehousing, homelessness prevention, and HMIS.
	Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.	The criteria used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria can be found on the scoring sheets used as our method of distribution for this program. The questions listed on the scoring sheet include, but are not limited to: location, match requirement, existing agency's reporting history, application content, agency capacity, and HUD performance standards and outcomes.
	If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application	
	manuals or other state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only)	

Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based organizations. (ESG only)	The notice of funding availability (NOFA) is published once per year on the Division of Housing website to make its allocation available to the various agencies. The Division of Housing is publishing 2017-2018 NOFA prior to Action Plan approval to accommodate the requirement at 24 CFR 576.203(a). Funds are awarded to state recipients using the scoring sheet system described above, followed by a review and recommendation of the Asset Manager, Deputy Director/Housing Programs Manager, and Director. Many of the applicants are continuing programs and agencies who Division of Housing has worked with in previous years.
Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	
Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	The five funding categories used to allocate resources are street outreach, emergency shelter, rapid rehousing, homelessness prevention, and HMIS. Each of the five categories have corresponding ESG activities and eligible costs provided by U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. Resources are allocated among funding categories using the ESG program regulations, eligible costs, and program requirements.

	Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	The exact funding amount provided for ESG varies each year. Once an amount is allocated to Division of Housing, the number and amount of grants to be awarded is determined. There is not a grant size limit, however our average grant size is approximately \$15,000 per grantee. Because many of our applicants are continuing programs from agencies we have worked with previously, most of the applications request the same or similar amounts as the years prior. We are able to adjust the threshold factors and grant size limits based on the number of returning and new applications we get each year compared to the funding provided.
	What are the outcome measures	Emergency Solutions Grant funds used to support emergency shelters create available suitable
	expected as a result of the	living environments for the homeless; those used for homelessness prevention help to provide
	method of distribution?	affordability for decent affordable housing; funds used for rapid re-housing make decent affordable housing available or accessible.
3	State Program Name:	Homeownership Down Payment Assistance/Equity Sharing
	Funding Sources:	CDBG HOME General Fund

addressed by the Method of Distribution.	Funded with HOME, CDBG, or HDG. Division of Housing (DOH) provides grant funds to regional housing organizations to provide down payment assistance loans to low and moderate-income families and administrative funding for program operation. These loans are set at a low interest rate and can be amortized or deferred depending upon the need of the family. When loan repayment is received, the housing agency places the payment into a revolving loan fund. The primary goals of the down payment assistance program are to: • Provide opportunities for low and moderate-income Coloradans to purchase their own homes; • Increase the number of homeowners in the regional housing organization's service area; • Create and maintain a regional revolving loan fund to assist future families with Down Payment Assistance; • Enhance neighborhoods and communities; and, • Provide stability for families and achieve lower foreclosure rates by requiring pre-
	homeownership counseling. Annual follow-up with families is highly recommended, as well as foreclosure prevention through pre-homeownership counseling.

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.	 Applications are accepted once per year. Review criteria may include, but are not limited to the following: The need for the program; Program sustainability; Financial, administrative, and management capacity of the applicant; Geographic coverage; Applicant's past performance as a grantee of the state; Application thresholds; Administrative fees; Cost effectiveness; Cost containment guidance; Cost ranges;
	 If applicable, program income fund balance. Regional field and program staff review each application and reach a consensus on a recommended level of funding based on underwriting. The Housing Development Specialist is responsible for underwriting the program to assess the need for funding. The Development Specialist prepares a Pro/Con document for each submitted application. The Pro/Con is designed to provide information in an objective format to assist staff and the State Housing Board in making a funding recommendation. The staff forwards the results of its review to the Executive Director of the Department of Local Affairs, who may consult with the State Housing Board or other advisory groups on the proposal. DOH accepts applications once a year for the competitive application cycle that allows for the direct comparison of programs to ensure funding goes to the applications with the best merits.

If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other	All potential applicants are able to access application instructions, CDBG guidebook, Revolving Loan Fund Program Guidelines, and other state publications describing the application criteria on the Division of Housing website: https://www.colorado.gov/dola
state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only)	
Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based organizations. (ESG only)	
Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	

Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	Revolving Loan Fund or recycled HOME program income Homeownership Programs for single- family owner-occupied homes loan funds to the homeowner for down payment assistance. The funds are retained by the local agency operating the program and are re-lent to new homebuyers. Additional information can be found in the Revolving Loan Fund Program Guidelines. Recommendations on resource allocation among funding categories are determined following the application criteria reviews described above. An underwriting process reviews whether the program is feasible and necessary based on the type, location, and ability of the agency to carry out its proposal. Recommendations range from full funding, low to high partial funding, or no funding based on underwriting. Division of Housing determines which funding will be utilized for each project and program by following HUD and funding source regulations, and by availability of funds.
Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	Each proposed RLF or recycled HOME program income program is evaluated using the Division of Housing evaluation criteria which are detailed in its application instructions. There are no grant size limits for Homeownership DPA. However, in 2014 our average DPA award was \$200,000 with a total of \$2,000,000. Our awarded amounts ranged from \$32,000 to \$343,000. In 2015, our average award was \$150,000 with a total in federal funds awarded to DPA programs of \$730,000. Our award amounts ranged from \$24,000 to \$432,000. In general, years maximum if PI is considered appropriate for RLF programs.

	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	The outcome measures expected for this RLF program are improved affordability of decent housing
4	State Program Name:	Homeownership Down Payment Assistance/Equity Sharing
	Funding Sources:	CDBG
		HOME
		General Fund

he state program by the Method of m.	 Funded with HOME,CDBG, or HDG Division of Housing (DOH) provides grant funds to regional housing organizations to provide down payment assistance loans to low and moderate-income families and administrative funding for program operation. These loans are set at a low interest rate and can be amortized or deferred depending upon the need of the family. When loan repayment is received, the housing agency places the payment into a revolving loan fund. The primary goals of the down payment assistance program are to: Provide opportunities for low and moderate-income Coloradans to purchase their own homes; Increase the number of homeowners in the regional housing organization's service area; Create and maintain a regional revolving loan fund to assist future families with Down Payment Assistance; Enhance neighborhoods and communities; and, Provide stability for families and achieve lower foreclosure rates by requiring prehomeownership counseling.
	homeownership counseling. Annual follow-up with families is highly recommended, as well as foreclosure prevention through pre-homeownership counseling.

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.	 Applications are accepted once per year. Review criteria may include, but are not limited to the following: The need for the program; Program sustainability; Financial, administrative, and management capacity of the applicant; Geographic coverage; Applicant's past performance as a grantee of the state; Application thresholds; Administrative fees; Cost effectiveness; Cost containment guidance; Cost ranges;
	 If applicable, program income fund balance. Regional field and program staff review each application and reach a consensus on a recommended level of funding based on underwriting. The Housing Development Specialist is responsible for underwriting the program to assess the need for funding. The Development Specialist prepares a Pro/Con document for each submitted application. The Pro/Con is designed to provide information in an objective format to assist staff and the State Housing Board in making a funding recommendation. The staff forwards the results of its review to the Executive Director of the Department of Local Affairs, who may consult with the State Housing Board or other advisory groups on the proposal. DOH accepts applications once a year for the competitive application cycle that allows for the direct comparison of programs to ensure funding goes to the applications with the best merits.

If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other	All potential applicants are able to access application instructions, CDBG guidebook, Revolving Loan Fund Program Guidelines, and other state publications describing the application criteria on the Division of Housing website: https://www.colorado.gov/dola
state publications describing t application criteria? (CDBG on	
Describe the process for award funds to state recipients and h the state will make its allocati available to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based organizations. (ESG only)	ow
Identify the method of selectin project sponsors (including providing full access to grassro faith-based and other community-based organizatio (HOPWA only)	pots

Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	Revolving Loan Fund or recycled HOME program income Homeownership Programs for single- family owner-occupied homes loan funds to the homeowner for down payment assistance. The funds are retained by the local agency operating the program and are re-lent to new homebuyers. Additional information can be found in the Revolving Loan Fund Program Guidelines. Recommendations on resource allocation among funding categories are determined following the application criteria reviews described above. An underwriting process reviews whether the program is feasible and necessary based on the type, location, and ability of the agency to carry out its proposal. Recommendations range from full funding, low to high partial funding, or no funding based on underwriting. Division of Housing determines which funding will be utilized for each project and program by following HUD and funding source regulations, and by availability of funds.
Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	Each proposed RLF or recycled HOME program income program is evaluated using the Division of Housing evaluation criteria which are detailed in its application instructions. There are no grant size limits for Homeownership DPA. However, in 2014 our average DPA award was \$200,000 with a total of \$2,000,000. Our awarded amounts ranged from \$32,000 to \$343,000. In 2015, our average award was \$150,000 with a total in federal funds awarded to DPA programs of \$730,000. Our award amounts ranged from \$24,000 to \$432,000. In general, years maximum if PI is considered appropriate for RLF programs.

	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	The outcome measures expected for this RLF program are improved affordability of decent housing
5	State Program Name:	Homeownership Down Payment Assistance/Equity Sharing
	Funding Sources:	CDBG
		HOME
		General Fund

Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	Funded with HOME,CDBG, or HDG Division of Housing (DOH) provides grant funds to regional housing organizations to provide down payment assistance loans to low and moderate-income families and administrative funding for program operation. These loans are set at a low interest rate and can be amortized or deferred depending upon the need of the family. When loan repayment is received, the housing agency places the payment into a revolving loan fund. The primary goals of the down payment assistance program are to: • Provide opportunities for low and moderate-income Coloradans to purchase their own homes; • Increase the number of homeowners in the regional housing organization's service area; • Create and maintain a regional revolving loan fund to assist future families with Down Payment Assistance; • Enhance neighborhoods and communities; and, • Provide stability for families and achieve lower foreclosure rates by requiring pre-
	homeownership counseling. Annual follow-up with families is highly recommended, as well as foreclosure prevention through pre-homeownership counseling.

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.	 Applications are accepted once per year. Review criteria may include, but are not limited to the following: The need for the program; Program sustainability; Financial, administrative, and management capacity of the applicant; Geographic coverage; Applicant's past performance as a grantee of the state; Application thresholds; Administrative fees; Cost effectiveness; Cost containment guidance; Cost ranges;
	 If applicable, program income fund balance. Regional field and program staff review each application and reach a consensus on a recommended level of funding based on underwriting. The Housing Development Specialist is responsible for underwriting the program to assess the need for funding. The Development Specialist prepares a Pro/Con document for each submitted application. The Pro/Con is designed to provide information in an objective format to assist staff and the State Housing Board in making a funding recommendation. The staff forwards the results of its review to the Executive Director of the Department of Local Affairs, who may consult with the State Housing Board or other advisory groups on the proposal. DOH accepts applications once a year for the competitive application cycle that allows for the direct comparison of programs to ensure funding goes to the applications with the best merits.

If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other	All potential applicants are able to access application instructions, CDBG guidebook, Revolving Loan Fund Program Guidelines, and other state publications describing the application criteria on the Division of Housing website: https://www.colorado.gov/dola
state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only)	
Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based organizations. (ESG only)	
Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	

Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	Revolving Loan Fund or recycled HOME program income Homeownership Programs for single- family owner-occupied homes loan funds to the homeowner for down payment assistance. The funds are retained by the local agency operating the program and are re-lent to new homebuyers. Additional information can be found in the Revolving Loan Fund Program Guidelines. Recommendations on resource allocation among funding categories are determined following the application criteria reviews described above. An underwriting process reviews whether the program is feasible and necessary based on the type, location, and ability of the agency to carry out its proposal. Recommendations range from full funding, low to high partial funding, or no funding based on underwriting. Division of Housing determines which funding will be utilized for each project and program by following HUD and funding source regulations, and by availability of funds.
Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	Each proposed RLF or recycled HOME program income program is evaluated using the Division of Housing evaluation criteria which are detailed in its application instructions. There are no grant size limits for Homeownership DPA. However, in 2014 our average DPA award was \$200,000 with a total of \$2,000,000. Our awarded amounts ranged from \$32,000 to \$343,000. In 2015, our average award was \$150,000 with a total in federal funds awarded to DPA programs of \$730,000. Our award amounts ranged from \$24,000 to \$432,000. In general, years maximum if PI is considered appropriate for RLF programs.

	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	The outcome measures expected for this RLF program are improved affordability of decent housing
6	State Program Name:	Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)
	Funding Sources:	НОРWA
	Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	The resources of the HOPWA program are granted to Colorado Health Network (CHN). CHN distributes funds through its regional offices: Southern Colorado AIDS Project, Western Colorado AIDS Project, Northern Colorado AIDS Project and Denver Colorado AIDS Project. However, funds granted to the State are used outside of the Denver area. CAP also enters into a memorandum of understanding with Boulder County AIDS Project to provide tenant-based rental assistance and supportive services in Boulder County. Funds are allocation on the basis of the number of people living with HIV/AIDS in each catchment area as well as the ability to use the funds timely.

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.	The critical criterion is the ability of the organization to effectively fund and provide services to people living with HIV/AIDS throughout the balance of state. Only one organization, Colorado AIDS Project, has this capacity.
If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only)	
Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available	
to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based	
organizations. (ESG only)	

Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	The Balance of State HOPWA program was designed in partnership with Colorado Health Network, and there are no other organizations in the state capable of providing the same level of specialized services for people living with HIV/AIDS. CAP is a grassroots, community-based organization for serving people living with HIV/AIDS that existed prior to the creation of the HOPWA program. It is not, however, faith based.
Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	As required by 24 CFR 574.300, 3% of the grant is allocated to the State's administrative costs; the remaining funds are granted to Colorado Health Network. Under the regulations they may use up to 7% of the amount they receive for administrative costs. Remaining funds are distributed between rental assistance and supportive services and each regional office receives and amount consistent with the number of people living with HIV/AIDs in their service area with consideration to their ability to use the funds in a timely manner.
Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	The grant size is limited by the amount of funding available under each annual HOPWA allocation.

	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	Decent affordable housing and supportive housing services will be made available/accessible to low-income persons living with HIV/AIDs in the State of Colorado outside of the Denver Metro Eligible Metropolitan Statistical Area (EMSA).
7	State Program Name:	Housing Trust Fund (HTF)
	Funding Sources:	Housing Trust Fund
	Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	The Housing Trust Fund (HTF) is a new affordable housing production program that will complement existing Federal, state and local efforts to increase and preserve the supply of decent, safe, and sanitary affordable housing for extremely low- and very low-income households, including homeless families.

Describe all of the criteria that	Threshold:
will be used to select applications	-Applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds
and the relative importance of	-Applicant's ability to undertake eligible activities in a timely manner
these criteria.	Remaining Priorities - Priority based upon geographic diversity - For rental housing, the extent to which the project has Federal, State or local project-based rental assistance so rents are affordable to extremely low-income families - For rental housing, the duration of the units' affordability period - 1: The merits of the application in meeting the State's priority housing needs (please describe) The extent to which application makes use of non-federal funding sources Other (please describe). Please attach response if you need additional space.
	Colorado will distribute HTF funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients. 100 percent of the HTF funds will benefit extremely-low income households. An applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds, undertake eligible activities in a timely manner, and own/manage/operate a HTF-assisted property in compliance with HUD regulations will be treated as threshold criteria. Another threshold criterion for Colorado's HTF funding will be the creation or preservation of permanent rental housing (transitional housing and shelters are not eligible). Applications that fail to meet all of Colorado's threshold criteria (HTF threshold criteria above and other threshold criteria in Colorado's funding application) will not be considered for HTF funding. Applications that meet Colorado's threshold criteria will be prioritized for HTF funding based on the following criteria:

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria. (continued)	The first and second funding priorities will be given to applications that meet the State's priority housing needs by: 1) providing affordable, community-based supportive housing for people with disabilities or other special needs ("Supportive Housing"); or 2) including 30% AMI units in mixed-income developments that would be infeasible at 30% AMI rents but for HTF funding. The Supportive Housing priority (#1) aligns with Colorado's Priority Need for "Housing and Assistance for the Homeless". Supportive Housing projects should include Federal, State, or local project-based rental assistance to ensure the rents for HTF-assisted units are affordable to extremely low-income families. The 30% AMI units in mixed-income developments priority (#2) aligns with Colorado's Priority Needs for "Additional Affordable Housing" and "Acquire and Preserve Affordable Housing Stock".
	The third funding priority will be for applications that contribute to Geographic Diversity (IDIS Con Plan and Action Plan SP-10). Under this criterion, priority for funding will be given to applications for projects that Affirmatively Further Fair Housing and/or are located in rural areas.
	The fourth funding priority will be for leveraging. Colorado will consider the extent to which each application includes non-Federal funding sources and local resources and/or concessions. Those with greater local/non-Federal commitment, when resources are available, will receive funding priority.
	The fifth funding priority will be based on the duration of the affordability period. All HTF units in rental housing projects are required to remain affordable as HTF units for a minimum of 30 years. Projects for which the underwriting supports financial feasibility beyond the minimum period, and for which the owner is willing to commit to a longer affordability period, will receive funding priority.

If only summary criteria were described, how can potential	N/A
applicants access application	
manuals or other	
state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only)	
Describe the process for awarding	N/A
funds to state recipients and how	
the state will make its allocation	
available	
to units of general local	
government, and non-profit	
organizations, including	
community and faith-based	
organizations. (ESG only)	
Identify the method of selecting	N/A
project sponsors (including	
providing full access to grassroots	
faith-based and other	
community-based organizations).	
(HOPWA only)	

Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	Recommendations on how resources will be allocated among funding categories are determined following the application reviews described above. An underwriting process reviews whether the program is feasible and necessary based on the type, location, and ability of the agency to carryout its proposal. Recommendations range from full funding, low to high partial funding, or no funding based on underwriting. Division of Housing determines which funding will be used for each project and program by following HUD and funding source regulations, and by availability of funds.
Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	The maximum per-unit development subsidy limit for housing assisted with HTF funds will be adjusted for the number of bedrooms and based upon the geographic location of the units. DOH uses the following criteria to evaluate each application. The cost ranges are a benchmark to assess whether a project is being built to modest standards or whether there are site conditions, market standards, or design considerations that necessitate higher or lower development costs. All development criteria that fall outside of the parameters of the various ranges must be explained.
What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	The outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution is increased affordable housing and prevention/alleviation of homelessness. 100 percent of the funds will be used to serve extremely low-income households.

⁸ State Program Name:	Community Housing Development Organization Operating Grants
Funding Sources:	HOME
Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	Certified Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) apply to the Division of Housing (DOH) once a year on September 1st for operating funds. Applications for pre- development loans are taken anytime during the year. Colorado DOH Development Specialists review the requests and simultaneously review documentation submitted to re-certify the agency as a CHDO.
Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.	Agencies provide copies of their articles, bylaws, Board of Directors names and sector representing, staff bios, business plan, financial stats, letters of local funding match (for entitlement areas), and memorandum of understanding with DOH to begin construction on new development within 24 months. Developers also review CHDO's progress on previously identified projects.
If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only)	

Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available to units of general local government, and non-profit	
organizations, including community and faith-based organizations. (ESG only)	
Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	
Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	CHDO operating funds are generally awarded to all agencies meeting the threshold requirements and demonstrating capacity to complete projects identified in their business plan. Agencies in rural areas without local contribution are prioritized based on staff review of need for funding.

	Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	Successful completion of previously identified projects is required. A business plan identifying new development or acquisition activities is required. Because of the number of CHDOs requesting operating funds, grants are generally \$20,000-\$50,000 per agency.
	What are the outcome measures	DOH expects all CHDOs receiving operating funds to increase the number of affordable housing
	expected as a result of the method of distribution?	units through acquisition of existing market rate housing and restricting them to low/moderate income households or in creating new affordable units.
0		
9	State Program Name:	Public Facilities
	Funding Sources:	CDBG
	Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	This state program funds improvements in public infrastructure, such as water and sewer or drainage systems, and public facilities like day care centers or hospitals.

Describe all of the criteria that	Final funding decisions are made by the Executive Director of the Colorado Department of Local
will be used to select applications	Affairs with input from Division of Local Government Management and Regional staff. All CDBG
and the relative importance of	applications are reviewed for the following: Applicant Eligibility, Eligible Activity, National
these criteria.	Objective, Priority within the Consolidated Plan, the project's benefit to low and moderate
	income persons or households, Demonstrated Need, Project Implementation and Sustainability,
	number and economic status of individuals affected by the need, Level of Urgency, Project's
	Readiness to Go, and Management Capacity.
	Other review criteria include:
	· Consistency with local development strategies and coordination with other activities;
	· Public and Private Commitments; value and the viability of those commitments; Level of local
	commitment; communities are strongly encouraged to take primary responsibility for resolving
	their public facilities problems. In specific projects, this may involve making financial
	commitments; adjusting development regulations, user rates and fees, and capital construction
	and maintenance programs; creating improvement districts; establishing development and
	redevelopment authorities; and generally sharing in or leveraging funds and management for
	development and redevelopment
	\cdot Management Capability - the ability of the local government submitting the proposal to
	administer the project as described either through their own staff or contractors.
	\cdot Budget - DOLA staff will compare administrative and other costs with those of other similar
	proposals. Are the proposed administration and overall project budgets adequate, reasonable
	and realistic given the project work plan?
	Statutory and Regulatory Compliance - Does the proposed project involve or result in residential
	displacement? Is there a plan to replace all low/moderate income housing demolished or
	converted, and to assist persons being relocated? Does the proposed project involve real
	property acquisition or relocation of any persons or businesses? Does it trigger Uniform
	Relocation Act requirements? Are cost and time requirement estimates reasonable? Are
	estimated labor wage costs reasonable? Is the project subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage
	requirements? Is the proposed project in a floodplain or geological hazard area, or does it affect
	cultural or historic resources? Are there other environmental considerations?

If only summary criteria were	The State will continue a coordinated technical assistance program to assist communities with
described, how can potential	CDBG project management and project formulation and planning, particularly in coordination
applicants access application	with State programs such as Impact grants, housing grants and loans, and economic
manuals or other	development funds. The State will target special project management technical assistance to
	communities that have never administered a CDBG grant, and to those that have experienced or
state publications describing the	are experiencing difficulty in administering a CDBG grant. Project formulation and planning
application criteria? (CDBG only)	assistance will be targeted to communities that need more long-term technical assistance to
	prepare for CDBG or other State funding in the future, and that have committed to undertake
	overall development and maintenance planning and budgeting efforts.
	To provide consistent guidance to CDBG recipients, the Department of Local Affairs will have a
	CDBG staff specialist. State technical assistance may be in the form of personal contact with local
	government officials and staff, workshops, brokering assistance from private or local public
	sources, and documents and materials. Staff members have prepared a CDBG Guidebook that is
	available online at: www.dola.state.co.us/LGS/FA/cdbg.htm.
	The Guidebook contains information on Project Start-up, Financial Management, Reporting,
	Environmental Review, Civil Rights, Acquisition, Relocation, Labor and Construction, Project
	Close-Out, and Monitoring. All sections are available in PDF or Word format. DOLA also gives this
	Guidebook to grantees in hard copy at the time of award.
Describe the process for awarding	
funds to state recipients and how	
the state will make its allocation	
available	
to units of general local	
government, and non-profit	
organizations, including	
community and faith-based	
organizations. (ESG only)	

Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other	
community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	
Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	For public facilities or community development projects, there is no breakdown among funding categories. Funding is subject to local government's applications and eligibility requirements.
Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	The department suggests that \$600,000 be considered the maximum grant guideline for public facility or community development projects, however, if a local government demonstrates a significant health and/or safety need and is unable to find other funding, the department may consider increasing this maximum. Applications are reviewed through funding cycles that are announced on the web and made known through state associations. Typically, only one cycle is held per year. Additional cycles may be announced if sufficient funds remain.

	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	To the extent that CDBG funds are allocated and available, Colorado's rural local government priorities will be addressed, particularly those with low to moderate income populations.
10	State Program Name:	Single-Family Owner-Occupied Rehabilitation/Home Modification
	Funding Sources:	CDBG HOME General Fund

Describe the state program	Single-Family Owner-Occupied Rehabilitation (SFOO): Division of Housing (DOH) provides grant
addressed by the Method of	funds to regional housing organizations throughout the state to provide SFOO Housing
Distribution.	Rehabilitation or emergency repair loans to low and moderate-income families. Similar to the
	Down Payment Assistance Program, these loans are set at a low interest rate and can be
	amortized or deferred depending upon the need of the family. When loan repayment is
	received, the housing agency places the payment into a revolving loan fund. These funds are
	then recycled back into the community to provide additional housing rehabilitation. The primary
	goals of the SFOO Rehab program are to:
	· Preserve, enhance, and maintain affordable housing stock through repair and renovation within
	the community;
	· Protect the health and safety of the occupants through the correction of housing hazards;
	· Assist homeowners in improving the condition of their homes;
	· Allow homeowners to stay in their homes and not be forced to move due to a lack of
	accessibility;
	· Assist homeowners to improve their home's energy efficiency;
	· Create and maintain regional revolving loan funds to assist with future housing rehabilitation
	projects; and
	· Develop and sustain a network of local contractors to complete housing repairs and
	renovations.

Describe all of the criteria that	Applications are accepted once per year. Review criteria may include, but are not limited to, the
will be used to select applications	following:
and the relative importance of	• The need for the program;
these criteria.	· Program sustainability;
	· Financial, administrative, and management capacity of the applicant;
	· Geographic coverage;
	 Applicant's past performance as a grantee of the state;
	· Application thresholds;
	· Administrative fees;
	· Cost effectiveness;
	· Cost containment guidance;
	· Cost ranges.
	Regional field and program staff review each application and reach a consensus on a
	recommended level of funding based on underwriting. The Housing Development Specialist is
	responsible for underwriting the program to assess the need for funding. The Development
	Specialist prepares a Pro/Con document for each submitted application. The Pro/Con is designed
	to provide information in an objective format to assist staff and the State Housing Board in
	making a funding recommendation. The staff forwards the results of its review to the Executive
	Director of the Department of Local Affairs, who may consult with the State Housing Board or
	other advisory groups on the proposal. The Division of Housing accepts applications once a year
	for the competitive application cycle that allows for the direct comparison of programs to ensure
	funding goes to the projects with the best merits.
If only summary criteria were	All potential applicants are able to access application instructions, CDBG guidebook, and other
described, how can potential	state publications describing the application criteria on the Division of Housing website:
applicants access application	www.Colorado.gov/DOLA.
manuals or other	
state publications describing the	
application criteria? (CDBG only)	

Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available	
to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based organizations. (ESG only)	
Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	
Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	Recommendations on how resources will be allocated among funding categories are determined following the application reviews described above. An underwriting process reviews whether the program is feasible and necessary based on the type, location, and ability of the agency to carry out its proposal. Recommendations range from full funding, low to high partial funding, or no funding based on underwriting. Division of Housing determines which funding will be used for each project and program by following HUD and funding source regulations, and by availability of funds.

	Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	Each proposed rehab program is evaluated using the Division of Housing evaluation criteria which are detailed in its application instructions. We do not have a threshold factors or grant size limits for SFOO. In 2014, our average awarded amount was \$226,689 with a range of \$39,000 and \$509,000. We awarded a total amount for SFOO of \$1,586,825. In 2015, our average awarded amount was \$273,000 with a range of \$93,000 to \$534,000. Our total amount awarded was \$2,000,000.
	What are the outcome measures	outcome of these rehab programs is expected to improve availability/accessibility of decent
	expected as a result of the	affordable housing that meets the needs of its occupants.
	method of distribution?	
11	State Program Name:	Single-Family Owner-Occupied Rehabilitation/Home Modification
	Funding Sources:	CDBG HOME General Fund
1		

Describe the state program	Single-Family Owner-Occupied Rehabilitation (SFOO): Division of Housing (DOH) provides grant
addressed by the Method of	funds to regional housing organizations throughout the state to provide SFOO Housing
Distribution.	Rehabilitation or emergency repair loans to low and moderate-income families. Similar to the
	Down Payment Assistance Program, these loans are set at a low interest rate and can be
	amortized or deferred depending upon the need of the family. When loan repayment is
	received, the housing agency places the payment into a revolving loan fund. These funds are
	then recycled back into the community to provide additional housing rehabilitation. The primary
	goals of the SFOO Rehab program are to:
	· Preserve, enhance, and maintain affordable housing stock through repair and renovation within
	the community;
	· Protect the health and safety of the occupants through the correction of housing hazards;
	 Assist homeowners in improving the condition of their homes;
	· Allow homeowners to stay in their homes and not be forced to move due to a lack of
	accessibility;
	• Assist homeowners to improve their home's energy efficiency;
	· Create and maintain regional revolving loan funds to assist with future housing rehabilitation
	projects; and
	• Develop and sustain a network of local contractors to complete housing repairs and
	renovations.

Describe all of the criteria that	Applications are accepted once per year. Review criteria may include, but are not limited to, the
will be used to select applications	following:
and the relative importance of	· The need for the program;
these criteria.	· Program sustainability;
	· Financial, administrative, and management capacity of the applicant;
	· Geographic coverage;
	· Applicant's past performance as a grantee of the state;
	· Application thresholds;
	· Administrative fees;
	· Cost effectiveness;
	· Cost containment guidance;
	· Cost ranges.
	Regional field and program staff review each application and reach a consensus on a
	recommended level of funding based on underwriting. The Housing Development Specialist is
	responsible for underwriting the program to assess the need for funding. The Development
	Specialist prepares a Pro/Con document for each submitted application. The Pro/Con is designed
	to provide information in an objective format to assist staff and the State Housing Board in
	making a funding recommendation. The staff forwards the results of its review to the Executive
	Director of the Department of Local Affairs, who may consult with the State Housing Board or
	other advisory groups on the proposal. The Division of Housing accepts applications once a year
	for the competitive application cycle that allows for the direct comparison of programs to ensure
	funding goes to the projects with the best merits.
If only summary criteria were	All potential applicants are able to access application instructions, CDBG guidebook, and other
described, how can potential	state publications describing the application criteria on the Division of Housing website:
applicants access application	www.Colorado.gov/DOLA.
manuals or other	
state publications describing the	
application criteria? (CDBG only)	

Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation	
available to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based	
organizations. (ESG only) Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	
Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	Recommendations on how resources will be allocated among funding categories are determined following the application reviews described above. An underwriting process reviews whether the program is feasible and necessary based on the type, location, and ability of the agency to carry out its proposal. Recommendations range from full funding, low to high partial funding, or no funding based on underwriting. Division of Housing determines which funding will be used for each project and program by following HUD and funding source regulations, and by availability of funds.

	Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	Each proposed rehab program is evaluated using the Division of Housing evaluation criteria which are detailed in its application instructions. We do not have a threshold factors or grant size limits for SFOO. In 2014, our average awarded amount was \$226,689 with a range of \$39,000 and \$509,000. We awarded a total amount for SFOO of \$1,586,825. In 2015, our average awarded amount was \$273,000 with a range of \$93,000 to \$534,000. Our total amount awarded was \$2,000,000.
	What are the outcome measures	outcome of these rehab programs is expected to improve availability/accessibility of decent
	expected as a result of the	affordable housing that meets the needs of its occupants.
	method of distribution?	
12	State Program Name:	Single-Family Owner-Occupied Rehabilitation/Home Modification
	Funding Sources:	CDBG HOME General Fund

Describe the state program	Single-Family Owner-Occupied Rehabilitation (SFOO): Division of Housing (DOH) provides grant
addressed by the Method of	funds to regional housing organizations throughout the state to provide SFOO Housing
Distribution.	Rehabilitation or emergency repair loans to low and moderate-income families. Similar to the
	Down Payment Assistance Program, these loans are set at a low interest rate and can be
	amortized or deferred depending upon the need of the family. When loan repayment is
	received, the housing agency places the payment into a revolving loan fund. These funds are
	then recycled back into the community to provide additional housing rehabilitation. The primary
	goals of the SFOO Rehab program are to:
	· Preserve, enhance, and maintain affordable housing stock through repair and renovation within
	the community;
	· Protect the health and safety of the occupants through the correction of housing hazards;
	· Assist homeowners in improving the condition of their homes;
	· Allow homeowners to stay in their homes and not be forced to move due to a lack of
	accessibility;
	· Assist homeowners to improve their home's energy efficiency;
	· Create and maintain regional revolving loan funds to assist with future housing rehabilitation
	projects; and
	Develop and sustain a network of local contractors to complete housing repairs and
	renovations.

Describe all of the criteria that	Applications are accepted once per year. Review criteria may include, but are not limited to, the
will be used to select applications	following:
and the relative importance of	· The need for the program;
these criteria.	· Program sustainability;
	· Financial, administrative, and management capacity of the applicant;
	· Geographic coverage;
	 Applicant's past performance as a grantee of the state;
	· Application thresholds;
	· Administrative fees;
	· Cost effectiveness;
	· Cost containment guidance;
	· Cost ranges.
	Regional field and program staff review each application and reach a consensus on a
	recommended level of funding based on underwriting. The Housing Development Specialist is
	responsible for underwriting the program to assess the need for funding. The Development
	Specialist prepares a Pro/Con document for each submitted application. The Pro/Con is designed
	to provide information in an objective format to assist staff and the State Housing Board in
	making a funding recommendation. The staff forwards the results of its review to the Executive
	Director of the Department of Local Affairs, who may consult with the State Housing Board or
	other advisory groups on the proposal. The Division of Housing accepts applications once a year
	for the competitive application cycle that allows for the direct comparison of programs to ensure
	funding goes to the projects with the best merits.
If only summary criteria were	All potential applicants are able to access application instructions, CDBG guidebook, and other
described, how can potential	state publications describing the application criteria on the Division of Housing website:
applicants access application	www.Colorado.gov/DOLA.
manuals or other	
state publications describing the	
application criteria? (CDBG only)	

Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available	
to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based organizations. (ESG only)	
Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	
Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	Recommendations on how resources will be allocated among funding categories are determined following the application reviews described above. An underwriting process reviews whether the program is feasible and necessary based on the type, location, and ability of the agency to carry out its proposal. Recommendations range from full funding, low to high partial funding, or no funding based on underwriting. Division of Housing determines which funding will be used for each project and program by following HUD and funding source regulations, and by availability of funds.

	Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	Each proposed rehab program is evaluated using the Division of Housing evaluation criteria which are detailed in its application instructions. We do not have a threshold factors or grant size limits for SFOO. In 2014, our average awarded amount was \$226,689 with a range of \$39,000 and \$509,000. We awarded a total amount for SFOO of \$1,586,825. In 2015, our average awarded amount was \$273,000 with a range of \$93,000 to \$534,000. Our total amount awarded was \$2,000,000.
	What are the outcome measures	outcome of these rehab programs is expected to improve availability/accessibility of decent
	expected as a result of the	affordable housing that meets the needs of its occupants.
	method of distribution?	
13	State Program Name:	Tenant Based Rental Assistance
	Funding Sources:	HOME

Describe the state program	Tenant Based Rental Assistance (TBRA) is a HOME program supporting two Division of Housing
addressed by the Method of	(DOH) programs to assist:
Distribution.	1. Homeless families in need of housing; and,
	2. Assist households moving from institutions.
	This program current assists homeless families identified by the Department of Education and
	individuals being released from institutions by:
	· Providing temporary housing assistance that allows participants to stabilize their lives;
	· Providing case management to assist participants in obtaining long term housing;
	· Stabilizing participants and helping them move past multiple issues in their lives including
	limited job skills and/or lack of problem solving ability, evictions and poor credit; and,
	Providing opportunities with responsibility to participate
	Participants are expected to apply for Section 8 (rental assistance, or obtain an affordable unit,
	e.g. Low-Incomes Housing Tax Credit, other subsidized unit or other housing assistance);
	Participants are expected to work with a case manager and complete case management goals to
	secure long term housing.

Describe all of the criteria that	Applications are accepted by the first of every month throughout the year. Review criteria may
	include but are not limited to the following:
will be used to select applications	
and the relative importance of	· Project need;
these criteria.	Project sustainability;
	· Financial, administrative, and management capacity of the applicant;
	· Geographic coverage;
	 Applicant's past performance as a grantee of the state;
	· Cost effectiveness; and,
	· Cost containment guidance.
	Regional field and program staff review each application and reach a consensus on a
	recommended level of funding based on underwriting. The Housing Development Specialist is
	responsible for underwriting the program to assess the need for funding. The Development
	Specialist prepares a Pro/Con document for each submitted application. The Pro/Con is designed
	to provide information in an objective format to assist staff and the State Housing Board in
	making a funding recommendation. The staff forwards the results of its review to the Executive
	Director of the Department of Local Affairs, who may consult with the State Housing Board or
	other advisory groups on the proposal. The Division of Housing accepts applications monthly for
	this.
If only summary criteria were	
described, how can potential	
applicants access application	
manuals or other	
state publications describing the	
application criteria? (CDBG only)	

Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available	
to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based organizations. (ESG only)	
Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	
Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	Recommendations on how resources will be allocated among funding categories are determined following the application reviews described above. An underwriting process reviews whether the program is feasible and necessary based on the type, location, and ability of the agency to carry out its proposal. Recommendations range from full funding, low to high partial funding, or no funding based on underwriting. Division of Housing determines which funding will be used for each project and program by following HUD and funding source regulations, and by availability of funds.

Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	The working policy has always been a program size of no more than 30 families for TBRA grants. This translates into different funding amounts because each market has different rent characteristics. With the current RFA, CDOH has capped total funding available for TBRA programs to \$1MM in the first 12 months of a contract.
What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	The outcome of these programs is expected to be improved affordability of decent housing.

Discussion:

All methods of distribution are designed to meet specific program requirements and to ensure the most effective use of the funds by incorporating competitive processes in the HOME, CDBG, HOPWA, ESG, and HTF distribution.

Starting in 2017 and on-going, the State will prioritize any CDBG or HOME Program Income funds held at the sub-grantee or sub-recipient level (i.e. local government or agency level) that may be returned to the State to be loaned or granted back to eligible projects or programs in that same jurisdiction or region. The State will analyze the balance of local level CDBG or HOME Program Income amounts to ensure appropriate funds for approximately 2-years of revolving loan fund volume. If excess CDBG or HOME Program Income is available, the State will develop a policy for re-capture of funds with a priority to fund eligible projects or programs in that same target area.

AP-35 Projects – (Optional)

Introduction:

Projects will be added throughout the program year. An amendment will be made to this Action Plan in March of 2018 to include all projects from 2017 program year.

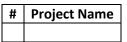


Table 9 – Project Information

Describe the reasons for allocation priorities and any obstacles to addressing underserved needs

AP-38 Project Summary

Project Summary Information

AP-40 Section 108 Loan Guarantee – 91.320(k)(1)(ii)

Will the state help non-entitlement units of general local government to apply for Section 108 loan funds?

No

Available Grant Amounts

N/A

Acceptance process of applications

N/A

AP-45 Community Revitalization Strategies – 91.320(k)(1)(ii)

Will the state allow units of general local government to carry out community revitalization strategies?

Yes

State's Process and Criteria for approving local government revitalization strategies

The State does not approve revitalization strategies for local governments. However, the State through DOLA, operates the Colorado Main Street program which works with communities throughout Colorado to revitalize their historic commercial districts. The Main Street approach is a nationally recognized, successful program in which communities apply a comprehensive approach to improving their districts, creating jobs, and building a stronger economic base, all while preserving the character of the community.

AP-50 Geographic Distribution – 91.320(f)

Description of the geographic areas of the state (including areas of low-income and minority concentration) where assistance will be directed

The Department of Local Affairs distributes its funding using competitive applications processes for all funding other than HOPWA. This means that geographic distribution cannot be predicted, and will often be determined by the capacity of local governments and non-profits to carry out projects successfully and in compliance with program regulations. This may result in geographic distribution that is not consistent with geographic need.

In September 2013, Colorado suffered catastrophic flooding as a result of unprecedented rainfall across twenty-four counties in the State, of which 18 were Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas[1]. The floods impacted the entire social fabric of the State, causing major destruction to housing, businesses, and infrastructure. The Department of Local Affairs includes prioritization of these flood impacted areas in the use of all funding programs other than HOPWA, without exclusion of any projects on the basis of their location.

Geographic Distribution

Target Area	Percentage of Funds
State of Colorado	100
Flood Disaster Recovery Area	

Table 10 - Geographic Distribution

Rationale for the priorities for allocating investments geographically

The Flood Disaster Recovery area will receive all of the CDBG-DR funding that has been awarded to the State. All other funding from the annual allocations of CDBG, HOME, HOPWA, ESG, and HTF will be used throughout the rest of the state.

Discussion

Affordable Housing

AP-55 Affordable Housing – 24 CFR 91.320(g)

Introduction:

One Year Goals for the Number of Households to be Supported		
Homeless	835	
Non-Homeless	8,030	
Special-Needs	200	
Total	9,065	

Table 11 - One Year Goals for Affordable Housing by Support Requirement

One Year Goals for the Number of Households Supported Through		
Rental Assistance	6,885	
The Production of New Units	2,000	
Rehab of Existing Units	150	
Acquisition of Existing Units	30	
Total	9,065	
Table 12 - One Year Goals for Affordable Housing by Support Type		

Discussion:

AP-60 Public Housing - 24 CFR 91.320(j)

Introduction:

Housing assistance provided by the Division of Housing (DOH) is funded by HUD. These federal funds are used in the administration of the Housing Choice Voucher program. DOH has jurisdiction to serve all 64 counties within the state.

The current rental assistance programs retain the number of vouchers formerly targeted to persons with special needs including those with developmental, mental health, substance abuse and/or physical disabilities. DOH partners with thousands of private landlords and approximately 50 community-based service providers across the State to combine housing assistance with supportive services. These providers include: mental health centers, centers for independent living, community center boards, and homeless service providers. The four-way partnership between DOH, the service agency, the property owner and the participant ensures an effective and efficient approach to providing housing and supportive services to some of Colorado's most vulnerable citizens.

Other Housing Choice Vouchers are also targeted to people most in need; however preferences are provided to a wide array of individuals including people experiencing homelessness, survivors of domestic violence, and other disenfranchised populations. DOH primarily partners with local housing authorities, many in rural areas, to administer these vouchers.

Actions planned during the next year to address the needs to public housing

The State of Colorado Department of Local Affairs does not own or manage any public housing.

Actions to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership

The State does not operate public housing and therefore does not plan resident initiatives. However, the State does encourage its partner organizations in their efforts to provide resident initiatives in their public housing properties.

If the PHA is designated as troubled, describe the manner in which financial assistance will be provided or other assistance

The Division of Housing PHA is not designated as troubled.

Discussion:

The Division of Housing (DOH), like all HUD-funded public housing authorities, is required to follow the Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) program regulations. HUD clearly outlines participant obligations, program administration regulations, and required statutes for public housing authorities to follow. However, DOH has designed an approach to administering the very regulation-

intensive Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Program that complies with HUD regulations while keeping the unique needs and successes of its participants as the primary goal.

DOH contracts/partners with 66 nonprofit disability providers, homeless providers and housing authorities across Colorado in addition to other community housing partners. Partnerships include 15 of Colorado's Community Mental Health Centers, all but two of the State's Community Center Boards, and many of the Independent Living Centers. Through these partnerships, each HCV participant is assigned an agency residential coordinator with whom they work directly to complete the required housing processes. In addition, most participants also have access to case management services to assist in other aspects of their lives. Most residential coordinators have experience and training working with persons with disabilities and/or special needs. This training brings a level of support that is unmatched at most public housing agencies. If a participant does not complete the necessary paperwork, or does not attend a scheduled meeting, the participant is not terminated but rather the residential coordinator reaches out to the participant, visiting their home if necessary.

DOH has also implemented alternatives to termination by considering all circumstances including an individual's disability and the role the disability may have played in the program violation. DOH only proceeds to immediate termination in the most extreme cases. In all other circumstances, DOH implements its termination process that involves conferences with program participants where the program violations are discussed and alternatives to termination are developed. The close relationship with DOH's agency partners often facilitates successful resolutions by bringing all interested parties to participate in a dialogue.

Additionally, DOH provides statewide training opportunities designed to assist both the public and private sector housing providers in working with persons with disabilities and other special needs populations. The trainings cover topics such as Fair Housing and are designed to educate the housing community on housing persons with disabilities.

AP-65 Homeless and Other Special Needs Activities – 91.320(h) Introduction

In 2012, DOH created the Homeless Programs Team (HPT), now named the Office of Homeless Initiatives (OHI), in partnership with the Governor's Office made up of key personnel from DOH. OHI provides expertise on housing and services for people experiencing homelessness or at risk of homelessness. Specifically, OHI works towards solutions for all Coloradans unstably housed or homeless, including families with children, senior citizens, veterans, persons with disabilities, those who experience chronic homelessness and, through the Office of Homeless Youth Services, youth. OHI focuses exclusively on ending and preventing homelessness for Colorado's most vulnerable citizens. Activities carried out by OHI include the facilitation of partnerships to create more permanent supportive housing, management of Federal Supportive Housing Programs serving those with special needs and advising the Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) allocation. OHI advises other DOH staff members and the DOH Director on the regional needs to address homelessness, makes funding recommendations for programs statewide and researches, analyzes and sets policies to address homelessness statewide.

The addition of HTF will increase our work with people experiencing homelessness and special needs population by allowing increased funding for extremely-low income individuals. Community-based supportive housing projects are a Colorado priority for the use of HTF funds.

Describe the jurisdictions one-year goals and actions for reducing and ending homelessness including

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs

OHI will continue to work closely with the Governor's office and other state agencies to continue to use data from the Vulnerability Index assessment tool in communities around the state to identify the most vulnerable individuals experiencing homelessness. With the information gleaned from the Vulnerability Index along with the annual HUD Point-in-Time survey data, the HPT makes funding and policy recommendations for new supportive housing and programmatic partnerships. An example of this in the coming year is increased community-based efforts for coordinated assessment and housing placement efforts for homeless Veterans in multiple communities throughout each CoC.

DOH works with community partners to assess the individual needs of program participants and works to fund housing placement services and a continuum of service-enriched housing from very intensive services, serving chronically homeless individuals for example, to less intensive "step up" supportive housing models with case management services available as needed.

Addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons

While OHI prioritizes permanent supportive housing, DOH also works to address emergency shelter and

transitional housing needs of homeless persons. Each community's needs for emergency and transitional housing are determined by the population that they serve, mainly through the survey data collected statewide. Many communities are in need of additional emergency shelters and transitional housing units. OHI will recommend funding, specifically through the ESG program, to shelters and transitional housing programs which aim to connect individuals experiencing homelessness to permanent housing as quickly as possible. DOH will continue awarding ESG funding to local HUD Continuum of Care organizations in order to give local organizations a greater ability to prioritize programs based upon their unique needs. Additionally, OHI advises DOH staff and Housing Development Specialists on emergency shelter and transitional housing projects that are appropriate for and in need of federal CDBG, HOME, and HTF funds in order to serve homeless individuals and families. Lastly, DOH has led a pilot project which converted a recently closed state prison, the Fort Lyon facility in Bent County, CO, into transitional housing. Specifically, the Fort Lyon Supportive Residential Community (Fort Lyon) combines many state, local, federal, and private resources (including mortgage settlement funds awarded to Colorado) to provide a place for chronically homeless individuals and veterans to transition from homelessness to permanent housing. For the past two years, Fort Lyon has provided stabilization and connection to recovery-oriented and health services for those experiencing chronic homelessness through intensive services and access to permanent housing upon exit.

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again

One of the primary goals in the coming year for OHI is to continue to focus on increasing access to housing units (particularly for the chronically homeless, veterans, persons with disabilities, and youth) through the continuum of housing. This calls for collaboration and capacity building at the local level to help communities identify their service gaps and most vulnerable populations with the longest histories of homelessness. Also, OHI will work towards the production of new permanent supportive housing units by providing leadership and technical assistance to local partners on the housing development process and resources. Not only will this work shorten the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness; the HPT will also facilitate increased access to affordable housing units. The team will accomplish this by working with new and existing projects to promote unit set-asides for targeted populations (e.g. chronically homeless, veterans, persons with disabilities, or youth) and recommend incentives for this such as project-based voucher allocations for projects dedicating units to priority populations.

A priority of the new HTF allocation will be dedicated for permanent rental housing and supportive housing projects serving homeless individuals. In addition, the primary goal of using HTF funds is to create units for extremely low-income individuals throughout Colorado. There is currently a shortfall of over 100,000 rental units for households earning less than \$20,000 per year. Although the initial \$3

million in HTF funding will not be sufficient for filling this gap, the continued efforts to create more housing options for extremely low-income households remains a top priority.

Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families and those who are: being discharged from publicly funded institutions and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions); or, receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education, or youth needs

DOH will continue to provide temporary homelessness prevention services and funding through the ESG grant. OHI is collaborating with numerous other agencies as part of the Pathways Home Colorado initiative to prevent homelessness by increasing the supply of affordable housing, improving access to mainstream benefits, improving access to education and employment opportunities, improving access to the supportive services needed by some populations to maintain housing. A copy of the Pathways Home Colorado document is attached to this AAP.

Discussion

DOH is pleased to report the progress of OHI and our efforts as a State towards preventing and ending homelessness. We hope that our model of establishing OHI to provide leadership and focus specifically on housing for special needs populations is one that can be successfully replicated in other States and Regions.

The Office of Homeless Initiatives (OHI) supports the creation of cost-effective and humane interventions for highly vulnerable individuals and families experiencing homelessness. OHI has made significant progress in this endeavor through a number of efforts including the Pathways Home Supportive Housing Toolkit, a 5-month capacity-building curriculum that in combination with the Joint-Underwriting initiative with the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority, has led to the creation of 229 units of Permanent Supportive Housing in 2016, 375 units in 2017, and is expected to produce more than 800 new units over the next two years.

AP-70 HOPWA Goals - 91.320(k)(4)

One year goals for the number of households to be provided housing through the use of HOPWA
for:Short-term rent, mortgage, and utility assistance to prevent homelessness of the individual or
family0Tenant-based rental assistance65Units provided in permanent housing facilities developed, leased, or operated with HOPWA
funds0Units provided in transitional short-term housing facilities developed, leased, or operated with
HOPWA funds0Total65

AP-75 Barriers to affordable housing - 91.320(i)

Introduction:

The State's rapid development from the early 1990s to early 2000s made growth management issues a concern for State and local elected officials in Colorado and caused many communities to adopt policies that growth should "pay its own way." This resulted in sometimes complex impact fee structures. These growth-control policies and fees remain in place and continue to work against development of affordable housing.

Growth control policies can serve either as management tools controlling and directing appropriate development – or as regulatory barriers to prevent additional development. This is most apparent in housing development, which is affected by every tool a community might use to control growth. Tools include annexation and zoning policies, both in terms of the amount of land available for residential development and its density; subdivision design and engineering standards; impact fees for infrastructure and other public facilities; building codes; limits on the number of building permits allowed each year; and regulations to protect environmental and cultural resources.

The Division defines "regulatory barriers" as either deliberate or de facto actions that prohibit or discourage construction of affordable housing without reasons directly related to public health and safety. Additionally, a regulatory barrier can be a Federal, State, or local statute, ordinance, policy, custom, practice, or procedure that excessively increases the cost of new or rehabilitated housing, either by improperly restricting the location of housing, or by imposing unjustified restrictions on housing development with little or no demonstrated compensating assistance.

The problems created by regulatory barriers are compounded by the "not in my backyard" issues. The problem of finding suitable sites for affordable housing or community development projects continues to be a problem in Colorado. Many neighborhoods are unwilling to have mixed income rental units, housing for persons with special needs or senior housing. This lack of understanding and fear of affordable housing residents also hampers efforts to expand Colorado's affordable housing inventory

Actions it planned to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing such as land use controls, tax policies affecting land, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges, growth limitations, and policies affecting the return on residential investment

DOLA staff works with local governments and housing providers to increase their capacity to design, locate and provide infrastructure, economic development and new affordable housing projects. The Department supplements technical assistance with statewide training including capacity building activities for local governments, technical assistance to nonprofit organizations and classes such as the Developer's Toolkit, Hammering out the Deal, and application workshops for housing.

DOH provides technical assistance to local governments that want to modify land use regulations in order to encourage affordable housing development. During our application review process, the Division makes it a priority to assess a local government's financial contribution compared to the impact its

regulations and policies have on the total project cost.

The primary way the Division will provide technical assistance is through its ongoing discussions with local governments during project funding. The Division will also provide workshops for local government officials about regulatory barriers as requested.

Discussion:

Barriers to affordable housing are also barriers to fair housing in most instances. Specifically, since members of racial and ethnic minorities, women, and people with disabilities, protected under Fair Housing law, are disproportionately low-income, lack of affordable housing places greater burdens on them. Overcoming barriers to affordable housing is essential to providing fair housing opportunity for all.

HTF funding will be used to provide additional housing for the underserved population of extremely lowincome individuals. In addition, these funds will be utilized with the continued prioritization of geographic diversity.

AP-85 Other Actions – 91.320(j)

Introduction:

Actions planned to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs

Within the Division of Local Government, general areas of assistance to the underserved include, but are not limited to: budgeting, finance, general government administration, special district administration and elections, and water and wastewater management. In addition, technical assistance staff processes and assists with a number of required local government filings that are received by the Department of Local Affairs, and perform research functions for the state, local governments, and other interested individuals.

Technical Assistance Services include administrative, financial, and other assistance to local officials, staff, and citizens in the day-to-day operation of a local government. The Technical Assistance section delivers assistance through workshops, publications, individual consultations and on-line resources. The Division of Local Government provides professional assistance to local governments in many areas of financial management, including investment and cash management strategies, short and long term capital financing options, revenue development, expenditure control, and banking. Staff is available to provide financial trend analyses, a valuable tool in predicting future outcomes. The Division of Local Government offers an annual series of workshops usually at six to nine locations around the state on topics of current financial management interest.

Supplying safe drinking water and treating wastewater are two of the basic services local governments provide. Department staff can assist communities in addressing the range of water and wastewater problems they often face, from deteriorating distribution lines to inadequate budgeting and accounting practices. Department staff are available to analyze needs and develop goals, develop a capital improvement program, analyze rate structures for user and tap fees, coordinate with the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment and other state and federal agencies, explore funding alternatives and identify plant operator training programs.

DOLA, through OEDIT, serves all rural counties with its Business Loan Funds. The Department reaches out to businesses by annually participating in at least five regional business finance forums throughout the state. The State advertises its infrastructure grants to municipal, county and economic development officials.

HTF funding will be used to create more units for the underserved population of extremely low-income individuals.

Actions planned to foster and maintain affordable housing

DOLA, through the Division of Housing, plans to take the following actions to foster and maintain affordable housing:

(1) promote the development of low-income units by providing HOME and/or CDBG resources to fill gaps on the housing development side of a project, while using project-based Section 8 Housing Choice

Vouchers to create revenue after completion;

(2) using Veterans Administration Supportive Housing vouchers (VASH) to assist veterans experiencing homelessness;

(3) creating an initiative that ensures linkage between housing and Medicaid, SAMHSA, TANF and other mainstream human service assistance;

(4) Working with key stakeholder groups to make progress toward recognizing and treating the long-term effects of addiction and alcoholism as a disabling condition;

(5) coordinating HEARTH ACT services with Continua of Care and local jurisdictions to ensure that it funds projects and programs to meet the greatest homeless needs.

When State revenues are sufficient DOH may receive Housing Development Grant funds. When available, these State funds are the most flexible of the Division's resources, and allow tailored community solutions to help ensure that the poorest families in Colorado have an increasing supply of rental units affordable to them. DOH expects to receive \$9,200,000 in Housing Development Grant funds for the State Fiscal Year that runs from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019. Additional funding that is used for affordable housing has become available over the past few years, such as the Colorado Housing Investment Fund (CHIF), which originated with mortgage settlement funds. DOH receives CHIF funding as custodial funds through the Attorney General's office to be used for homeowner relief, foreclosure prevention, and affordable housing.

The primary housing assistance program is the Housing Choice Voucher program (HCV). These funds are used in the administration of both the Housing Choice Voucher and Shelter Plus Care programs through DOH.

DOH will continue to coordinate its funding efforts with those of the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority (CHFA) and other funding agencies often coordinate their efforts to make affordable housing projects successful.

HTF funding will be awarded to organizations that will develop and restore units for extremely lowincome individuals. The priorities of this new funding source include new construction and rehabilitation of affordable housing.

Actions planned to reduce lead-based paint hazards

DOH works closely with subgrantees, contract agencies, and the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) to assure that the State's housing programs and projects comply with current requirements of Title X of the Community Development Act of 1992. Approximately 431,736 (+/-10%) homes in Colorado may contain lead based paint. DOH staff reviews each proposed housing project to ensure compliance Title X, based on the type of project, the type, amount, and duration of financial assistance, and the age of the property. In addition, DOH makes training and technical resources available to local housing providers and developers. DOH is implementing the following activities during the period of 2015–2020 to ensure statewide compliance with applicable lead-based paint regulations. 1. Enhance Existing Partnerships

DOH will assist public and private efforts to reduce lead-based paint hazards across the State through involvement in the Colorado Lead Coalition interagency work group, which develops and implements

strategies for statewide lead hazard reduction and education efforts. The Coalition includes the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Denver Health, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Colorado Department of Health and Environment and other agencies. DOH also provides technical assistance and support integration of the various services offered to lower-income households, including participation in current healthy home projects in the state. This includes the Colorado Healthy Homes Coalition (CHHC) that promotes the provision of comprehensive housing rehabilitation and household services to lower-income households. The CHHC works to maximize the interventions for each household in regard to their overall well-being by linking housing rehabilitation and weatherization services with medical care and hazard mitigation programs. DOH will continue to participate in the CHHC. DOH also supports the HUD Safe and Healthy Homes Investment Partnership certification program as a tool for program integration.

2. Provide Lead Hazard Information to Housing Providers, Local Officials and Assisted Households DOH provides all sub-grantees, contractors and local housing and service providers with the most current required publications for distribution to occupants of housing units assisted with Division funds. The DOH staff has a working knowledge of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Renovation, Repair, and Painting Rule (RRP) that requires all rehabilitation contractors to be certified in lead-based paint procedures. DOH has processes in place to confirm that contractors compensated through DOH funded activities are properly RRP certified.

3. Enhance Existing Delivery System and Technical Capacity

DOH has increased its involvement in Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment's leadbased paint education activities and sponsored additional lead-safe work practice trainings around the State. DOH will continue to provide technical assistance about Title X requirements through web-based training, on-site visits, project underwriting and the distribution of best practice methods. DOH continues to search for funding opportunities to provide additional resources concerning lead-based paint and other home hazards, including funds from HUD's Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control grants. DOH will coordinate applications for funding under the Lead Hazard Reduction Program – Healthy Homes Initiative on behalf of the entire State.

Actions planned to reduce the number of poverty-level families

Employment:

The fundamental "antipoverty strategy" is a good job. Thus, the key element for lifting people out of poverty is creating and retaining jobs, helping people acquire the right skills to fill those jobs, and connecting the unemployed to jobs. The Office of Economic Development and International Trade (OEDIT) focuses on using CDBG funds for job creation. By helping provide businesses and local governments with the funding and infrastructure they need, OEDIT enables businesses to create and retain jobs.

HUD's formula grants to DOLA also contribute to creating and retaining jobs in Colorado, although that is not their primary purpose. The Divisions of Housing and Local Government are working to strengthen Section 3 performance in their use of federal funds to better create and retain jobs through their public facilities and housing projects.

Housing and Supportive Services:

The Division of Housing works to lift people out of poverty by combining housing opportunities with the supportive services needed to achieve self-sufficiency. The Division funds transitional and permanent supportive housing development for people with special needs as well as the homeless and chronically homeless. Programs operated by our Public Housing Authority section include the Family Self-Sufficiency and Family Unification programs, Housing Choice Voucher special needs programs for people with disabilities, Homeless with Substance Abuse initiatives, Housing Choice Voucher Welfare-to-Work program, Project Access vouchers to assist younger persons with disabilities in moving from institutions into the community and Veterans Administration Supportive Housing vouchers that provide permanent housing to homeless veterans. The use of new HTF funds will also be utilized to serve this population by creating more units for extremely low-income and homeless individuals and households.

Actions planned to develop institutional structure

The Department of Local Affairs works with local governments, private industry, and nonprofit organizations to tackle issues involved in providing affordable housing, and community and economic development. The primary gaps remaining in the institutional structure in Colorado are: Governmental Coordination:

Problem: Gaps in communications can affect the decision-making of an entire region and lead to inefficient land use or excessive burden on one locale.

Solution: The Department of Local Affairs (DOLA) is the one agency in Colorado that deals almost exclusively with local governments on all levels of its mission. DOH continues to increase the coordination and involvement of State and Federal agencies, public and private nonprofits and others in the leveraging of funding sources, the planning and delivery of housing-related services, and the development of special initiatives to increase and preserve affordable housing. The State's "Interagency Housing Pipeline" is composed of key agencies that include the DOH, Colorado Housing and Finance Authority, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and U.S. Department of Agriculture, Rural Development. These bi-monthly meetings provide coordination around multiple agency rules, various funding sources and an annual targeting of specific priority areas of the State in order to address immediate housing needs. Colorado also consults and collaborates with its CoCs. Capacity of Local Nonprofit Organizations and Housing Authorities:

Problem: Many nonprofits lack not only the funding to meet their community's housing demands, but also the staff expertise to expand or diversify existing services.

Solution: DOLA works with the Department of Human Services and special-needs providers to encourage partnerships between service providers and housing development agencies. These alliances are essential to increasing the supply of affordable, accessible housing for persons with special needs. DOLA works to improve agency capacity through technical assistance, workshops, training and monitoring. These efforts encourage retention of existing housing and new production of housing units and the creation and expansion of projects and programs that meet community needs.

Actions planned to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social

service agencies

The Division of Housing takes the following actions and collaborates with the following organizations to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies:

• Established a "Housing Initiatives" program to coordinate and collaborate with multiple agencies across additional program areas, including Veterans' Housing, Renewable Energy, and other areas of interest.

• Intradepartmental CDBG Coordinating Group. DOLA created a cross-divisional work group to coordinate and integrate its use of CDBG funds.

• The Interagency Housing Pipeline which includes development staff from DOH, the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority (CHFA), the USDA Rural Development, US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), and several Community Development Financial Institutions (CDFIs).

• Colorado and Community Interagency Council on Homelessness, a State coordinating organization appointed by the Governor to develop a strategic plan to end homelessness.

• Participates in Colorado's three Continua of Care (CoC): Metropolitan Denver Homeless Initiative; Homeward Pikes Peak and the Balance of State.

• Housing Colorado, Inc., a 501(c)(3) membership organization that facilitates workshops, meetings and educational opportunities, as well as an annual conference for housing organizations and industry professionals.

• Colorado Chapter, National Association of Housing Redevelopment Organizations (NAHRO), a state trade association for housing authorities and redevelopment agencies.

• Colorado Foreclosure Task Force, a public-private task force in which the Division of Housing participates as an active member.

• Supportive Housing Program, a statewide housing authority whose oversight transferred to the Division of Housing as of July 1, 2011. DOH has established and will maintain Housing Advisory Housing Board.

• Examines linkages between HOME, CDBG and the HUD Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program. The purpose of the examination is to increase the supply of affordable housing for persons of limited income.

• DOH's OHI will focus on homeless issues.

• Office of Homeless Youth Services, a program within the Division of Housing, will meet on a regular basis with statewide agencies to establish goals, objectives and to seek funding.

Discussion:

Actions Planned to Affirmatively Further Fair Housing: DOH will continue to take opportunities to educate housing providers across the state on fair housing whenever possible. DOH will propose sessions at both the National Association of Housing and Redevelopment Officials Conference and also with Housing Colorado Annual Conference. In addition, the Division has contracted with the Denver Metro Fair Housing Center to test for housing discrimination in the Disaster Recovery area and for discrimination against people with disabilities and people with children in the Denver Metro Area.

Annual Action Plan

Program Specific Requirements

AP-90 Program Specific Requirements – 91.320(k)(1,2,3)

Introduction:

Community Development Block Grant Program (CDBG) Reference 24 CFR 91.320(k)(1)

Projects planned with all CDBG funds expected to be available during the year are identified in the Projects Table. The following identifies program income that is available for use that is included in projects to be carried out.

1. The total amount of program income that will have been received before the start of	
the next program year and that has not yet been reprogrammed	1,324,232
2. The amount of proceeds from section 108 loan guarantees that will be used during the	
year to address the priority needs and specific objectives identified in the grantee's	
strategic plan.	0
3. The amount of surplus funds from urban renewal settlements	0
4. The amount of any grant funds returned to the line of credit for which the planned use	
has not been included in a prior statement or plan	0
5. The amount of income from float-funded activities	0
Total Program Income:	1,324,232

Other CDBG Requirements

1. The amount of urgent need activities	0
2. The estimated percentage of CDBG funds that will be used for activities that	
benefit persons of low and moderate income. Overall Benefit - A consecutive period	
of one, two or three years may be used to determine that a minimum overall	
benefit of 70% of CDBG funds is used to benefit persons of low and moderate	
income. Specify the years covered that include this Annual Action Plan.	90.00%

HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME) Reference 24 CFR 91.320(k)(2)

1. A description of other forms of investment being used beyond those identified in Section 92.205 is as follows:

HOME funding is not being used for any form of investment other than those identified in Section

92.205.

2. A description of the guidelines that will be used for resale or recapture of HOME funds when used for homebuyer activities as required in 92.254, is as follows:

The State reviews applications for homeownership projects and programs to determine whether resale or recapture restrictions are best suited to each proposal. Generally, recapture is preferred, unless the applicant can demonstrate that they will be able to assist homebuyers with meeting resale requirements during the HOME affordability period. The state does not allow subrecipients to choose, but instead the state will favor recapture unless there is an ongoing relationship (e.g. or land trust model). Agencies must ensure ongoing compliance by using either a "Recapture" or "Resale" model. DOH and the agency must agree on which model to use before the program begins, and that choice must be reflected in the contract between DOH and the agency. Neither option prevents clients from selling their home, although Resale does restrict the sales price. Only DPA and For-Sale loans (not Rehab) have to be protected for the affordability period by a recorded "enforceable instrument." Programs using the Resale model must use a Beneficiary and Use Covenant. Programs using the Recapture model may use a Beneficiary and Use Covenant, or they may instead incorporate it into their loan documents – but only if the client is not allowed to fully pay off the loan before the affordability period expires. The agency must incorporate the following agreements into their loan agreements (Deed of Trust, Promissory Note or other documents):

Key terms of the mortgage note

 \cdot Length of the affordability period

• Principle residency is required of the client throughout the affordability period. If a client fails to use the home as a principle residence, the remaining balance of their loan becomes due and payable.

· Loan payoff does not end the affordability period, but selling the home or losing it to foreclosure does end it, and releases any use covenant.

• DOH recommends that the agency seek legal advice about incorporating these provisions into their loan documents.

Subrecipient resale/recapture provisions are the same. Subrecipients are expected to demonstrate how they are able to assist homebuyers in meeting the resale requirements during the time DOH and the agency agree on which model will be used before the program begins and be reflected in the contract. Following the detailed requirements in the RLF guidelines and application will outline their ability to meet resale requirements as detailed in the resale guidelines below. DOH staff provides on-going technical assistance to agencies to maximize the use of the new grant and program income funds used in revolving loan fund programs. DOH will monitor all agencies for compliance with these policies, as well as federal requirements, at least bi-annually. This review will include an evaluation of the agency's performance in meeting service provision goals, and compliance with local lending guidelines. Any changes to the resale/recapture requirements will include an amendment to the Annual Action Plan.

3. A description of the guidelines for resale or recapture that ensures the affordability of units acquired with HOME funds? See 24 CFR 92.254(a)(4) are as follows:

Recapture the HOME Investment and Create another Affordable Unit: HOME funds subject to recapture include any development subsidy or direct assistance to the homebuyer that reduced the purchase price from fair market value to an affordable price, or any down payment or subordinate financing provided on behalf of the low income purchaser.

• The property may be sold during the affordability period with full or partial repayment of the HOME assistance. Recaptured funds must be used for more HOME-eligible activities.

• Full Recapture, subject to net proceeds – the agency (or subgrantee) will recapture 100% of the funds if the client sells their home before the end of the affordability period, unless the client can demonstrate that the sale was an arms-length transaction and that net proceeds are not adequate to pay off 100% of the loan.

• Net proceeds = Sales price – Senior debt repayment – Closing costs. Any excess net proceeds, after repayment of the DPA loan to the agency, may be kept by the client, unless their loan is structured with an equity ratio instead of an amortizing interest rate (for Shared Equity Programs). Resale of the Existing Property to another Low-income Buyer:

• The subsequent purchaser must be a low-income family (80% or less of area median income) that will use the property as its principal residence.

• The sale of the property to the new low-income family must be at a price that allows for "fair return on investment, including any improvements" to the seller (the former homebuyer).

• The former homebuyer's investment is defined as their down payment plus the value of any improvements they made to the house. For example, the homebuyer made a \$1,000 down payment to purchase an existing home. They also invested in a new kitchen that added \$5,000 to the value of the home. Their investment equals \$6,000. "Fair return" is defined as the percentage change in the value of the home, based on the percentage change in median home prices and documented by appraisals from the former homebuyer's purchase and the subsequent (new) homebuyer's purchase.

• For example, the median sales price for the home's unit type (single family vs. condo; existing vs. new construction) and market area, according to the local Multiple Listing Service, was \$200,000 when the homebuyer purchased it. When they decide to sell, the same measure of median sales price indicates an increase of 2.5% to \$205,000. The seller must be allowed to sell the home

for enough to recoup both their original investment (\$6,000) and a 2.5% fair return on that investment (\$6,000x2.5% = \$150), a total of \$6,150.

 NOTE: if median sales prices actually decline between sales, the seller may not receive a return on their investment. AND ALSO,

 The property must be sold at a price that is affordable to a household at 75% to 80% of area median income that will pay not more than 30% of their income for principal and interest.

• If the affordable sales price is not enough to allow the seller to realize a fair return on their investment, the State may provide HOME funding to help a gualified buyer afford a sales price that does ensure a fair return. The new HOME funding would be provided through an existing State subgrantee.

4. Plans for using HOME funds to refinance existing debt secured by multifamily housing that is rehabilitated with HOME funds along with a description of the refinancing guidelines required that will be used under 24 CFR 92.206(b), are as follows:

The Division of Housing may use HOME funds to refinance existing debt on an eligible single-family, owner-occupied property when it uses HOME funds to rehabilitate the unit, if the refinancing will reduce overall housing costs for the owner and make the housing more affordable. The Division may also use HOME funds to refinance existing debt on multifamily rehabilitation, or new construction projects if refinancing is necessary for continued long-term affordability and is consistent with Stateestablished guidelines. To qualify, the proposed project must meet one of the following criteria:

 Rehabilitation is the primary eligible activity. This means that the amount of HOME funds for rehabilitation must equal or exceed the amount of HOME funds used to refinance existing debt on the property. The minimum ratio of rehabilitation costs to refinancing costs must be 1 to 1, or a minimum rehabilitation cost of \$5,000 per unit; or

 A review of management practices should demonstrate that disinvestment in the property has not occurred, that the long-term needs of the project can be met, and that it is feasible to serve the targeted population over the proposed affordability period; or

 The application must state whether the new investment is being made to maintain current affordable units, create additional affordable units, or both; or

- The required period of affordability will be a minimum of 30 years; or
- The State will accept applications for refinancing statewide; and, or
- The State will not use HOME funds to refinance multifamily loans made or insured by any Federal Annual Action Plan

program, including CDBG, unless additional affordable units will be income-restricted to low-income households or the affordability period is extended.

Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) Reference 91.320(k)(3)

1. Include written standards for providing ESG assistance (may include as attachment)

Please see attached ESG Standards and ESG Policies and Procedures.

DOLA-Division of Housing was approved by HUD to administer the 2016-17 ESG allocation on behalf of Adams County. These ESG funds help provide critical services for emergency shelter, homeless prevention, and rapid rehousing to Adams County residents as they work through times of crisis in their lives.

Per language of 576.301(d)(1) and (2)the intent of the "geographical area" is intended to mean that the funds would first go to the Adams County jurisdiction without the entitlement areas (Thornton and Westminster). If DOH has any remaining funds from the first go round, then the funds could be advertised to Adams County including Thornton and Westminster and then if you have funds remaining after that then it could go the State geographical area.

2. If the Continuum of Care has established centralized or coordinated assessment system that meets HUD requirements, describe that centralized or coordinated assessment system.

Each of the three Continua of Care is at a different stage in the development of its coordinated assessment system, but each is working towards the development and implementation of a centralized system. The most robust and established system falls under the Denver Metro area Continuum of Care. That system currently serves chronically homeless individuals, veterans and youth, matching them to permanent supportive housing resources. In the coming year, the continuum aims to incorporate homeless families and rapid rehousing resources as well. The El Paso County Continuum of Care system serves veterans, but aims to incorporate chronically homeless individuals in the coming year. The Balance of State Continuum of Care has begun piloting coordinated entry through two pilot programs in at least six communities. The Balance of State is receiving technical assistance from HUD and the DOH. DOH is intricately involved in the strategy, planning and implementation of each continuum's efforts.

The El Paso County Continuum of Care system serves veterans, but aims to incorporate chronically homeless individuals in the coming year. The Balance of State Continuum of Care has begun piloting coordinated entry through two pilot programs in at least six communities. The Balance of State is

receiving technical assistance from HUD and the DOH. DOH is intricately involved in the strategy, planning and implementation of each continuum's efforts.

3. Identify the process for making sub-awards and describe how the ESG allocation available to private nonprofit organizations (including community and faith-based organizations).

ESG Housing Assistance applications will be submitted to the Division of Housing whose internal staff will screen applications for threshold criteria and forward eligible applications to a scoring committee. The Program Manager will present funding recommendations to the Division Director, DOLA's Executive Director. DOLA's Executive Director will make the final funding decision. THRESHOLD CRITERIA

- \cdot 501(c)(3) status or unit of general local government
- · Compliance with HMIS Participation
- · Dollar for dollar match requirement
- · Ability to meet certification of insurance requirement SCORING CRITERIA
- · Years of experience in serving special needs population
- · Staff capacity and track record for serving special needs population
- · Staff capacity and track record
- · Identify and document NEED for shelter and/or services
- · Financial capacity
- · Policies and procedures for assessing client needs
- · Ability to conduct income determinations
- · Ability to comply with grant requirements

SCORING CRITERIA

- Years of experience in serving special needs population
- Staff capacity and track record for serving special needs population
- Staff capacity and track record
- Identify and document NEED for shelter and/or services
- Financial capacity
- Policies and procedures for assessing client needs
- Ability to conduct income determinations
- 4. If the jurisdiction is unable to meet the homeless participation requirement in 24 CFR

576.405(a), the jurisdiction must specify its plan for reaching out to and consulting with homeless or formerly homeless individuals in considering policies and funding decisions regarding facilities and services funded under ESG.

The ESG application scoring committee includes a homeless or formerly homeless individual among its seven members.

5. Describe performance standards for evaluating ESG.

Currently, the Division of Housing is relying on quarterly esnaps reports that capture unduplicated numbers of persons or households served as well as onsite monitoring performed by DOH staff members. In partnership with the Continua of Care, new written performance standards will be developed using the Consolidated plan, quarterly enaps report, Annual Action Plan and CAPER, as a guide to which performance standards will be recorded, tracked and produced in monthly or quarterly reports. General performance standards such as the unduplicated number of persons or households prevented from becoming homeless and the unduplicated number of persons or households assisted from emergency shelters/streets into permanent housing will be reported.

Housing Trust Fund (HTF) Reference 24 CFR 91.320(k)(5)

1. How will the grantee distribute its HTF funds? Select all that apply:

2. If distributing HTF funds through grants to subgrantees, describe the method for distributing HTF funds through grants to subgrantees and how those funds will be made available to state agencies and/or units of general local government. If not distributing funds through grants to subgrantees, enter "N/A".

N/A

3. If distributing HTF funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients,

a. Describe the eligibility requirements for recipients of HTF funds (as defined in 24 CFR § 93.2). If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Eligible Recipients are organizations, agencies, or other entities (including public housing agencies, forprofit entities, or nonprofit entities) that receive HTF assistance from the State as an owner or developer to carry out an HTF-assisted project. To be eligible for HTF assistance, a recipient must: (1) Make acceptable assurances to the State that it will comply with the requirements of the HTF program during the entire period that from the time the State selects the recipient to receive HTF funds until the conclusion of all HTF-funded activities;

(2) Demonstrate its ability and financial capacity to undertake the eligible activity, comply with HTF regulations and State requirements, and manage the eligible activity;

(3) Demonstrate its familiarity with the requirements of other Federal, State, or local housing programs that may be used in conjunction with HTF funds to ensure compliance with all applicable requirements and regulations of such programs; and

(4) Have demonstrated experience and capacity to carry out an eligible HTF activity as evidenced by its ability to own, construct/rehabilitate, manage, and/or operate an affordable multifamily rental housing development.

b. Describe the grantee's application requirements for eligible recipients to apply for HTF funds. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

The Colorado Department of Local Affairs, Division of Housing (DOH) follows its traditional monthly application process to review proposals and award HTF funds to projects. Applications are accepted on or before the first working day of each month to begin that month's review cycle.

MINIMUM APPLICATION THRESHOLD: Applicants are expected to submit complete applications. The following are the minimum threshold requirements for a complete application. However, DOH may make exceptions to the minimum threshold criteria on a project-by-project basis, according to special circumstances and local conditions.

Demonstrate need by:

1. Third party market study

2. Local housing needs assessment and strategic plan

3. Local government supporting documentation substantiating the need and expressing support for the proposal

Administrative Capacity:

1. No unresolved financial audit findings

2. Compliance plan to ensure that Federal and State regulations and reporting requirements will be met, including but not limited to

a) Federal Labor and Construction Standards, including Davis Bacon Wages

- b) Section 3 and MBE/WBE
- c) Fair Housing and Civil Rights, including Section 504
- d) Residential Antidisplacement and Relocation
- e) State or Federal procurement requirements
- f) Lead Based Paint and other environmental hazards
- 3. Property Management Experience
- a) Property Management plan that ensures rent and affordability compliance
- b) Tax Credit compliance
- 4. Applicant Monitoring Record
- a) Monitoring finding resolution for on-site visits
- b) Problems with periodic compliance reports are resolved
- 5. Applicant reporting and pay requests are timely and accurate
- a) Applicant is current with all DOH required reporting
- b) Pay requests must be timely, accurate, and current before processing a new grant or loan
- 6. Previous project experience not required although additional information will be required.

Completed Application

- 1. Legal notice published and public hearing requirements met
- 2. Documents signed
- 3. Required documents submitted
- 4. Complete project budget

Project Readiness to Proceed

1. Site control

2. Third party capital needs assessment completed within the past 12 months and covering a period of no fewer than 15 years for rehabilitation projects

- 3. Scope of work for rehabilitation projects
- 4. Confirmed local political support
- 5. Local financial support
- 6. Expected planning and zoning approval within 90 days of State Housing Board approval

7. Substantial amount of other funds committed including commitments of primary sources of funding. All other funds applied for or in the application process with the expectation of commitment within 90 days from the State Housing Board approval

- 8. Construction and/or acquisition start date
- 9. Construction cost estimate

10. Relocation and/or replacement housing required relocation plan and budget submitted

Energy Performance Standards

Project Affordability Period. Rental Housing. The DOH affordability term will run concurrently with the HUD required term of affordability.

1. The minimum affordability term for new construction is 30 years

2. The minimum affordability term for acquisition with or without rehabilitation is 30 years

3. The affordability term may be reduced or extended to align with the project's permanent funding at the discretion of DOH, but must comply with minimum federal affordability term requirements

MANAGEMENT CAPACITY. DOH evaluates each applicant's capacity to fulfill the objectives of the project.

c. Describe the selection criteria that the grantee will use to select applications submitted by eligible recipients. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Colorado will distribute HTF funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients. 100 percent of the HTF funds will benefit extremely-low income households.

Following submission of a complete application (as described in 3.b.), an applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds, undertake eligible activities in a timely manner, and own/manage/operate an HTF-assisted property in compliance with HUD regulations will be treated as threshold criteria. Another threshold criterion for Colorado's HTF funding will be the creation or preservation of permanent rental housing (transitional housing and shelters are not eligible). Applications that fail to meet all of Colorado's threshold criteria (HTF threshold criteria and application threshold criteria) will not be considered for HTF funding.

The Colorado Department of Local Affairs, Division of Housing (DOH) follows its traditional monthly application process to review proposals and award HTF funds to projects. Applications are accepted on or before the first working day of each month to begin that month's review cycle.

Three (3) separate DOH staff reviews are completed prior to the presentation of an application to the State Housing Board for a funding recommendation to the Colorado Department of Local Affairs' Executive Director.

The first and second funding priorities will be given to applications that meet the State's priority housing

needs by:

1) Providing affordable, community-based supportive housing for people with disabilities or other special needs ("Supportive Housing"). This Supportive Housing priority aligns with Colorado's Priority Need for "Housing and Assistance for the Homeless." Supportive Housing projects should include Federal, State, or local project-based rental assistance to ensure the rents for HTF-assisted units are affordable to extremely low-income families.

2) Including 30% AMI units in mixed-income developments that would be infeasible at 30% AMI rents but for HTF funding. This 30% AMI units in mixed-income developments priority aligns with Colorado's Priority Needs for "Additional Affordable Housing" and "Acquire and Preserve Affordable Housing Stock."

Additionally, applications that meet Colorado's threshold requirements will be receive priority for HTF funding as described in the following sections VI.3.d. through VI.3.i.

d. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on geographic diversity (as defined by the grantee in the consolidated plan). If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Applications that contribute to Geographic Diversity (IDIS Con Plan and Action Plan SP-10) will be Colorado's third priority for HTF funding. Under this criterion, priority will be given to applications for projects that Affirmatively Further Fair Housing and/or are located in rural areas.

e. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on the applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds and undertake eligible activities in a timely manner. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Following submission of a complete application (as described in 3.b.), an applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds and undertake eligible activities in a timely manner will be treated as threshold criteria.

f. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on the extent to which the rental project has Federal, State, or local project-based rental assistance so that rents are affordable to extremely low-income families. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Colorado's first priority for HTF funding is for projects that provide affordable, community-based supportive housing for people with disabilities or other special needs ("Supportive Housing"). This priority aligns with Colorado's Priority Need for "Housing and Assistance for the Homeless." To meet the criteria for this priority, Supportive Housing projects should include Federal, State, or local project-based rental assistance to ensure the rents for HTF-assisted units are affordable to extremely low-income families.

g. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on the financial feasibility of the project beyond the required 30-year period. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

All HTF units in rental housing projects are required to remain affordable as HTF units for a minimum of 30 years. Projects for which the underwriting supports financial feasibility beyond the minimum period, and for which the owner is willing to commit to a longer affordability period, are Colorado's fifth funding priority.

h. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on the merits of the application in meeting the priority housing needs of the grantee (such as housing that is accessible to transit or employment centers, housing that includes green building and sustainable development features, or housing that serves special needs populations). If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

As described in VI. 3.c. and f., Colorado's top priority for HTF funding is for projects that provide affordable, community-based supportive housing for people with disabilities or other special needs ("Supportive Housing"), and include project-based rental assistance. This priority aligns with Colorado's Priority Need for "Housing and Assistance for the Homeless."

i. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on the extent to which the application makes use of non-federal funding sources. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

As its fourth funding priority, Colorado will consider non-federal leverage, or the extent to which each application includes non-federal funding sources and local resources and/or concessions. Those with greater local/non-federal commitment, when resources are available, will receive funding priority over

applications with less non-federal leverage.

4. Does the grantee's application require the applicant to include a description of the eligible activities to be conducted with HTF funds? If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, select "N/A".

5. Does the grantee's application require that each eligible recipient certify that housing units assisted with HTF funds will comply with HTF requirements? If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, select "N/A".

6. **Performance Goals and Benchmarks.** The grantee has met the requirement to provide for performance goals and benchmarks against which the grantee will measure its progress, consistent with the grantee's goals established under 24 CFR 91.315(b)(2), by including HTF in its housing goals in the housing table on the SP-45 Goals and AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives screens.

7. Maximum Per-unit Development Subsidy Amount for Housing Assisted with HTF Funds. Enter or attach the grantee's maximum per-unit development subsidy limits for housing assisted with HTF funds.

The limits must be adjusted for the number of bedrooms and the geographic location of the project. The limits must also be reasonable and based on actual costs of developing non-luxury housing in the area.

If the grantee will use existing limits developed for other federal programs such as the Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) per unit cost limits, HOME's maximum per-unit subsidy amounts, and/or Public Housing Development Cost Limits (TDCs), it must include a description of how the HTF maximum per-unit development subsidy limits were established or a description of how existing limits developed for another program and being adopted for HTF meet the HTF requirements specified above.

Colorado performed an analysis of the cost to replace a unit with the higher of 60% AMI rent or FMR with a unit with 30% AMI rent in various locations across the State. In no area of the State did this cost exceed the HOME maximum per-unit subsidy amount. Colorado has adopted the HOME maximum per-unit subsidies.

The 2017 maximum per-unit subsidies are as follows:

Max Subsidy 0 bedroom: \$141,089

Max Subsidy 1 bedroom: \$161,738

Max Subsidy 2 bedroom: \$196,673

Max Subsidy 3 bedroom: \$254,431

Max Subsidy 4 bedroom: \$279,286

8. **Rehabilitation Standards.** The grantee must establish rehabilitation standards for all HTFassisted housing rehabilitation activities that set forth the requirements that the housing must meet upon project completion. The grantee's description of its standards must be in sufficient detail to determine the required rehabilitation work including methods and materials. The standards may refer to applicable codes or they may establish requirements that exceed the minimum requirements of the codes. The grantee must attach its rehabilitation standards below.

In addition, the rehabilitation standards must address each of the following: health and safety; major systems; lead-based paint; accessibility; disaster mitigation (where relevant); state and local codes, ordinances, and zoning requirements; Uniform Physical Condition Standards; and Capital Needs Assessments (if applicable).

See Attached



COLORADO

Department of Local Affairs

Division of Housing

Multi-family Housing Rehabilitation Standards

Effective July 2017

Colorado Department of Local Affairs Division of Housing 1313 Sherman Street, Room 500 Denver, Colorado 80203 (303) 864-7810 http://dola.colorado.gov/doh

Alison George, Director

Multi-Family Housing Rehabilitation Standards

Description:

The Division of Housing (DOH) has created these Multi Family Housing Rehabilitation Standards (Rehab Standards) to uniformly provide for safe, decent, durable, high-performing and affordable housing. They apply to multi-family properties rehabilitated with the use of DOH funding. Further, these standards are written to comply with the requirements of the HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME) and the National Housing Trust Fund (HTF) and address the following:

- Capital Needs Assessment (found on page 3 in Establishing Scope of Work Priorities)
- Accessibility (found on Page 4 in Applicable Laws and Regulations)
- Disaster mitigation (found on Page 5 in Applicable Laws and Regulations)
- · State and local codes (found on Page 5 in Applicable Laws and Regulations)
- Uniform Physical Condition Standards (found on Page 5 in Applicable Laws and Regulations)
- Health and safety (Section 1)
- Lead-based paint (Section 1)
- Major systems (Section 2 thru 11)

These standards are designed to be used with multi-family properties with five or more units. The Single-family Housing Rehabilitation Standards apply to one- to four- unit dwellings of three stories or less.

These standards describe the minimum requirements in a variety of ways including:

- These standards are designed to exceed the Uniform Physical Condition Standards (UPCS) and ensure upon completion, the assisted project and units will be decent, safe, sanitary and in good repair as described in 24 CFR 5.703. Appendix A: Uniform Physical Condition Standards for Multifamily Housing Rehabilitation identifies, at a minimum, those items that must be inspected along with the observable deficiency and the type and degree of deficiency that must be addressed. Any deficiency found to exist from Appendix A must be addressed, even if a specific standard for that item is not included in this document. In the event that a specific standard is not included for an observed deficiency, the repair shall be completed in a thorough and workmanlike manner in accordance with industry practice.
- Minimum requirements for the materials and methods used. All construction materials and methods shall be in compliance with locally adopted building codes. If there are no local codes, then they shall comply with State Code (the National Electrical Code (NEC), 2014 Edition, as may be amended by the Colorado Electrical Board, the International Plumbing Code (IPC) 2015 and the International Fire/Gas Code (IFGC) as amended in the Colorado Plumbing Code, and the International Existing Building Code of the ICC (IEBC)).

Note: At the time of publication and adoption of these standards, the adopted codes

referenced are believed to be those in force. As standards and codes change and are put into effect by the governing authorities having jurisdiction, the new standards and codes will apply in lieu of those referenced.

- The requirements of regulatory agencies such as the local government's Building, Housing and Zoning Codes; the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA); federal, state and local Historic Preservation requirements. These Rehabilitation Standards are not meant to substitute for a thorough understanding of all of the codes and regulations that may apply to your projects.
- The requirements of funders such as HUD (CDBG, HOME, NSP, HTF, CDBG-DR) or local governments, including the Environmental Review process.

In order to access further and more detailed information, hyperlinks to useful web sites are included in this document. They can serve as a valuable resource.

Establishing Scope of Work Priorities:

For all Rehabilitation Projects, health and safety standards represent the highest priority work to be completed first, especially if they are life threatening. Any and all life threatening health and safety deficiencies shall be corrected in every rehabilitation project, regardless of funding source **and must be addressed immediately if the housing is occupied.** Appendix A identifies life-threatening deficiencies in (***bold italic**) for the property site, building exterior, building systems, common areas, and units.

Another top priority for the scope of work is the remaining useful life of all major building systems, which shall be estimated through a Capital Needs Assessment (CNA) or other means and must cover the period of affordability. Federal funding requirements dictate that if a multifamily housing project consists of 26 units or more, a (CNA) shall be performed to determine the remaining useful life of major systems, and the Division of Housing (DOH) may require a (CNA) regardless of project size. Those systems that are found to be at or near the end of their useful life shall be repaired or replaced as part of the rehabilitation of the project. A replacement reserve shall be established and monthly payments made to the reserve account in an amount adequate to repair or replace systems as needed through the entire period of affordability. Major systems include the structure, roof, cladding, weatherproofing (windows, doors, siding, gutters, etc.), plumbing, electrical, heating, ventilation, and air conditioning, and are identified by the symbol "[MAJOR SYSTEM]".

The next priority for inclusion in the scope of work is any violation of locally adopted building code, housing code, zoning ordinance, and/or disaster mitigation standards. It is important for Grantees and their Contractors/Subcontractors to be knowledgeable about their local codes, and to communicate freely with local code officials if their code requirements are unclear. If there are no locally adopted building codes, then State Code (the National Electrical Code (NEC), 2014 Edition, as may be amended by the Colorado Electrical Board, the International Plumbing Code (IPC) 2015 and the International Fire/Gas Code (IFGC) as amended in the

Colorado Plumbing Code, and the International Existing Building Code of the ICC (IEBC)).

Most building codes, including the International Existing Building Code of the ICC (IEBC), allow for building components that were constructed in compliance with the building code that was in effect at the time, and that do not pose a health or safety threat, to remain as is. Generally, they do not need to be improved to meet current code unless they are a threat to health or safety. The same applies to these Rehab Standards – if a building component is not a threat to health or safety, and if it complies with the building code that was in effect when it was built, then the component does not need to be brought into compliance with these standards.

Grantees may choose to implement "Green Standards," identified by this symbol - [GREEN STANDARD], unless they are found under health and safety, in which case they shall be corrected to the GREEN STANDARD. These standards accomplish one or more of the following:

- Conserve water
- Conserve energy
- · Provide residents with a healthier living environment
- · Reduce impact on the natural environment
- · Create a more sustainable product lifetime

In areas where the [GREEN STANDARD] is optional and a Grantee chooses not to implement the GREEN STANDARD, the repair or replacement shall be completed according to applicable codes and in accordance with industry standards.

Source Documents:

The standards in this document were adapted from a template used by Livable Housing, Inc., a consulting and training firm, and were based on a number of similar documents used in various housing rehabilitation programs. The standards with the label [GREEN STANDARD] were added with the assistance of Enterprise Community Partners and intended to be used for including green rehabilitation improvements that follow accepted national green building standards such as LEED and the Green Communities Criteria.

Applicable Laws and Regulations

These Rehabilitation Standards are not meant to substitute for a thorough understanding of all of the regulations that may apply to your projects.

The following statutory and regulatory requirements are applicable to projects funded with federal funds:

- HUD HOME, HTF or CDBG regulations (depending on the funding source used)
- Broadband infrastructure as defined in 24 CFR 5.100 for substantial rehabilitation of a building with more than 4 rental units, the rehabilitation must provide for installation of broadband infrastructure, as this term is also defined in 24 CFR 5.100. This requirement

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may be waived if DOLA makes a written determination that such installation is not required in accordance with the requirements at 24 CFR 570.482(c)(5) (CDBG), 24 CFR 92.251(b)(1)(x) (HOME), or 24 CFR 93.301(b)(1)(x) (HTF).

- Accessibility Requirements in 24 CFR part 8, which implements Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), and Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. 12131 – 12189) Implemented at 28 CFR parts 35 and 36, as applicable. Covered multifamily dwellings, as defined at 24 CFR 100.201 shall also meet the construction requirements at 24 CFR 100.205.
- NEPA Environmental Review
- Local Code: Current locally adopted Building, Housing and Zoning Codes, including any local Disaster Mitigation Standards.
- If no local Building Code: State Code (the National Electrical Code (NEC), 2014 Edition, as may be amended by the Colorado Electrical Board, the International Plumbing Code (IPC) 2015 and the International Fire/Gas Code (IFGC) as amended in the Colorado Plumbing Code, and the International Existing Building Code of the ICC (IEBC)).
- Federal Code: For programs funded with HOME or HTF funds after January 24, 2014, HUD will adapt the Uniform Physical Condition Standards (UPCS) inspection protocol for housing rehabilitation.
- Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations including the RRP regulations for Lead Based Paint
- EPA regulations for the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), dealing with hazardous materials.
- If the building is over 50 years old, then the Colorado State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) requirements as well as any federal or local Historic Preservation requirements.
- Life Safety Code NFPA 101 as published by the National Fire Protection Association.

The following are additional guidelines and codes that may apply:

- Energy: A locally adopted energy code, 2009 (or newer) International Energy Conservation Code (IECC).
- Accessibility: ANSI standards for accessibility by disabled residents
- HAZMAT: HUD Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing

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1) Health and Safety

[GREEN STANDARD] is mandatory in this section

Contami	nants [GREEN STANDARD]
Repair Standard	
N/A	
Replacement Standard	
	owing standards to minimize the presence of Volatile
Organic Compounds (VOC) and Formalde	이 가슴 수가 있는 것 같아요. 이 같이 가 있는 것 같아요. 같이 있는 것 같아요. 이 것은 것 같아요. 한 것
	et the most recent Green Seal G-11 Environmental
Standard. http://www.greenseal	
or all exposed particleboard edge	all meet ANSI A208.1 for formaldehyde emission limits, es shall be sealed with a low-VOC sealant or have a
	prior to installation. All MDF edges shall meet ANSI
A208 2 for formaldehyde emissio	n limits, or all exposed MDF edges shall be sealed with

Lead-Based Paint (LBP) [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard ("Interim Controls")

For all housing units constructed prior to 1978, they must meet the lead-based paint requirements at 24 CFR part 35 and must follow HUD LBP Guidelines including testing for LBP and Lead-safe work practices. Only EPA-certified Renovation, Repair and Painting (RRP) contractors may perform the work. See: http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead/lbp/hudguidelines/ All interim controls shall be performed as follows and by properly trained workers:

- When any LBP-coated surfaces are disturbed, the work area shall be sealed and tenants
 of occupied buildings shall be adequately protected from LBP hazards.
- · Occupants may be temporarily relocated as required by the regulations.
- All surfaces coated with LBP shall be properly maintained over the life of the program covenants.
- Tenants living in buildings constructed prior to 1978 that are not certified as being "lead free" shall be provided with the "Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home" pamphlet, the location and condition of known LBP, and advance written notice prior to any lead-hazard reduction activity.

Replacement Standard ("Abatement")

When Interim Control is impractical, the most affordable solution for abatement of the component shall be chosen. For example, walls containing LBP may be covered with drywall or

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gutted and replaced with drywall. Trim and other wood or metal components containing LBP may be removed and replaced with similar materials.

Any work must meet the lead-based paint requirement at 24 CFR par 35 and must follow HUD LBP Guidelines including Lead-safe work practices, and only use EPA-certified abatement contractors to perform the work. See: http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead/lbp/hudguidelines/

Asbestos [GREEN STANDARD]

Asbestos can be found in these and many other common building materials: Ceiling textures, vinyl floor coverings and mastic, boiler and pipe insulation, heating and cooling duct insulation, ceiling tile, roofing products, clapboard shingles, etc. An asbestos inspection by a certified asbestos building inspector is required in Colorado if the trigger level of suspect materials to be disturbed is exceeded. An exemption is possible only if it can be shown that the building was constructed after October 12, 1988 and either no asbestos containing material (ACM) was specified in any construction document for the building OR no ACMs were used in the building.

For more information and repair requirements, see the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment's Asbestos website at: http://www.colorado.gov/cs/Satellite/CDPHE-AP/CBON/1251594599613

Replacement Standard

Repair Standard

Abatement of friable asbestos-containing materials in Colorado shall be performed by a General Abatement Contractor, certified by the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment's Air Pollution Control Division.

For more information and abatement requirements, see the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment's Asbestos website at: http://www.colorado.gov/cs/Satellite/CDPHE-AP/CBON/1251594599613

Radon [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

All residential buildings shall be subject to a "Short Term" Radon Test. If the result is a reading of 4 pCi/L or higher, then perform a follow-up "Short Term" test and average the results. If the average is above 4 pCi/L, remediation shall be required.

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Radon test kits may be purchased from your local home improvement store. Be sure the kit says "certified by the <u>National Radon Proficiency Program</u>." Individuals can also get coupons for mail-order test kits on the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment's website: http://www.colorado.gov/cs/Satellite/CDPHE-HM/CBON/1251617274212

Replacement Standard

If, as a result of the testing above, there is a presence of Radon at or above the 4 pCi/L level, remediation shall be undertaken per the EPA guidance in their Consumer's Guide to Radon Reduction: <u>Http://www.epa.gov/radon/pubs/consguid.html</u>.

If the home's water comes from a private well, the water should also be tested. Water testing is available from the <u>Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment's Laboratory</u> <u>Services Division</u>.

Mold	[GREEN STANDARD]
Repair Standard	0
Healthy Housing protocol "Creating a Healt moisture has been identified and repaired,	shall be addressed per the National Center for hy Home." Once the source of the mold causing All carpeting, drywall or other gypsum-based wall bonents with mold present shall be removed and
Replacement Standard	
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the U.S. Centers for Disease Control
and Prevention (CDC) recommend that train	ned mold remediation professionals do
the mold clean up if mold growth covers me	ore than 100 square feet, or a 10 foot by 10
foot area.	
	ed wall coverings or any other non-structural
	noved and replaced. The National Center for
Healthy Housing protocol "Creating a Healt structural components:	hy Home" shall be followed for remediation of
CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR OF STREET, AND A CONTRACTOR	

http://www.nchh.org/Portals/0/Contents/FloodCleanupGuide_screen_.pdf

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Fire	Safet	v - F	gress
rite	Jaier	у - L	giess

Repair Standard

N/A

Replacement Standard

Egress windows are required in all new sleeping and living areas unless other secondary means of escape requirements are met, in accordance with local building codes or the IEBC. No bedrooms shall be created in attics or basements unless Life Safety Code (NFPA 101) egress requirements are met.

Fire and CO Alarms [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Existing fire and smoke, carbon monoxide and security systems that meet current local code (or the IEBC) and Colorado State Statute, shall be repaired to operating condition. If hard wiring of smoke detectors is not feasible, then detectors with 10 year lithium batteries may be used.

Replacement Standard

Smoke and carbon monoxide detectors shall be installed to meet current local code (or the IEBC) and in accordance with Colorado Statute. If hard wiring of smoke detectors is not feasible, then detectors with 10 year lithium batteries may be used.

2) Site

D	rainage [GREEN STANDARD]
Repair Standard	
away from the building shall slope a Sidewalks used for access cannot ha depressions of more than six inches problems and remove safety hazard be planted with low-water landscap may be reseeded with grass or plant	djacent to the building and for a distance of at least 10 feet way from the structure at a pitch of at least 1 inch per foot we a cross slope more than %" per foot. Holes or (6") in diameter should be filled to correct drainage ls. All bare earth within three feet of the foundation shall ing. Bare earth more than three feet from the foundation ted with low-water landscaping. For more information, see www.denverwater.org/Conservation/Xeriscape/
Replacement Standard	N/A
N/A	

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÷
outbuildings, may be removed if it is not financially o make them structurally sound, leak-free, with any ned garages should have operable and lockable doors
N/A
1

F	encing and Gates
Repair Standard	
	Holes, broken pickets, torn chain-link fabric, missing top
posts, gates which don't open and clos	en or missing masonry units, peeling paint, wobbly gate e properly, etc. shall be repaired.

Pav	ing And Walks
Repair Standard	
hazards. Any such surfaces that are exces repaired or replaced. All existing drivewar	phalt paved pads or parking areas shall be free of trip sively cracked, crumbling, irregular, or uneven shall be ys and automobile parking areas which are le to support vehicle traffic shall be removed,
Replacement Standard	

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Trees	and Shrubbery
Repair Standard	
hazard. Trees that could damage the stru below the foundation shall be removed. F	may be removed or trimmed, if that removes the actural integrity of an adjoining building above or Removal shall include cutting close to the ground, and to 12 inches below the finished grade, installation of
Replacement Standard [GREEN STANDARD]	
the State Extension Service list of local, dr placement of trees, attention should be p costs. Also, trees should be located a suff walkways, driveways, patios and sidewalk	ted if economically feasible and shall be selected from ought-resistant and non-invasive plant materials. In aid to shading the building to reduce air conditioning ficient distance from foundations, sidewalls, as in order to avoid future damage from root growth, and fire. Setbacks from structures should typically

Lawn [GREEN STANDARD]

 Repair Standard

 Bare section of lawn may be reseeded with drought-resistant grasses or plantings. For more information, see Denver Water's website at:

exceed half of the canopy diameter of a full-grown example of the species.

http://www.denverwater.org/Conservation/Xeriscape/

Replacement Standard

Over-seeding is permitted with drought-resistant varieties. If lawn grasses do not exist at property, drought-resistant sod can be used for renovation if existing vegetation is removed and the underlying soil is tilled or core cultivated (aerified).

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3) Building Exterior

NOTE: Any exterior work on a building that is historic shall follow the Colorado State Historic Preservation Office guidelines and any applicable local or federal regulations on historic properties.

Exterior Cladding [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Siding and trim shall be intact and weather tight and shall not permit the entry of water, snow, wind, or rodents into the interior. They shall be free of holes and broken or rotted finish materials and shall be capable of being kept in a clean and sanitary condition. All painted exterior components shall have a minimum of one continuous coat of paint, and no exterior painted surface shall have any deteriorated paint. Buildings designated as historic shall have existing siding repaired to blend with existing and shall be spot-primed and top-coated in a lead-safe manner.

Replacement Standard

Buildings may have siding replaced with wood, vinyl or cementitious siding to match the existing configuration. New wood components shall be FSC certified: <u>http://www.fsc.org/</u>. All new surfaces that will receive paint shall be primed prior to painting.

Ext	terior Porches
Repair Standard	
components shall be repaired when possi	paired when possible. Unsafe wood porch ble. Porch repairs shall be structurally sound, with riorated wood structural components shall be
Replacement Standard	

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Exterior/Interior Railings

Repair Standard

Existing handrails and railings shall be structurally sound and meet local codes (or IEBC). Guard rails are required on any accessible area, including stairs, with a walking surface over 30" above the adjacent ground level. Structurally sound railings may be repaired if it is possible to maintain the existing style. On historic structures, railing repairs shall be historically sensitive.

Replacement Standard

Handrails shall be present on one side of all interior and exterior steps or stairways with more than two risers and around steps, porches or platforms over 30" above the adjacent ground level, and shall meet local codes (or IEBC). On historic structures new exterior railings shall be historically sensitive.

Exterior Dec	ks and Exterior/Interior Steps
Repair Standard	
Steps, stairways, and porch decks sha even surfaces. Repairs shall match ex	II be structurally sound, reasonably level, with smooth and sisting materials.
Replacement Standard	to meet local codes (or IEBC). Replaced wood structural

4) Foundations and Structure

Firew	alls [MAJOR SYSTEM]
Repair Standard	
이 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같아요. 이 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 귀엽다. 가슴	ts and between dwelling units and attached garages) laster deterioration and covered with 5/8" type X
Replacement Standard	e
When frame walls and floors adjoining ot finish installations shall conform to local of	her dwellings or attached garages are gutted, new wal

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Foundations [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Foundations shall be repaired to be sound, reasonably level, free from movement, and prevent the entrance of water or moisture. Cracks in foundation walls shall be effectively sealed and loose or defective mortar joints shall be replaced. All foundations that show evidence of leakage from the outside require appropriate and effective waterproofing. All earth-to-wood contact shall be eliminated.

Replacement Standard

Foundation replacements shall be completed to meet local codes (or IEBC).

Structura	Walls [MAJOR SYSTEM]
Repair Standard	
damage, and be adequately sized for curr	ree from visible deterioration, rot, or serious termite ent loads. Prior to rehab, all sagging rafters shall be ral damage and its cause shall be corrected.
Replacement Standard	
	to meet local codes or (IEBC). All exterior walls that barrier and thermal barrier separating the conditioned

5) Windows and Doors

	Interior Doors
Repair Standard	
scratches, gouges, chipping, peeling, or order. Doors shall be free of holes, delay sufficient to prevent rubbing but no larg	s shall be in good condition and free of excessive other unsightly damage or wear and in good working minating skins, broken stiles or rails. Gaps should be ter than ¼". Baths and occupied bedrooms shall have
operating doors and lock sets.	
operating doors and lock sets. Replacement Standard	

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Exterior Doors [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Exterior door, frames, jambs and trim shall be in good condition and free of excessive scratches, gouges, chipping, peeling, or other unsightly damage or wear and in good working order. Doors shall be free of holes, delaminating skins, broken stiles or rails. Exterior doors shall be solid, weather-stripped to be air tight and shall operate smoothly. They shall include a peep sight, an entrance lock set and a deadbolt that is operable from the interior side without the use of a key, tool or special knowledge. Security or screen doors shall be in good working condition, including any latches and locks, and no broken glass and ripped or torn screens should be present.

Replacement Standard

Replacement doors at the front of historic buildings shall be historically sensitive. Steel, insulated doors may be installed at entrances not visible from the front street and on the front of the property for buildings that are not historic. Dead bolt locks that are operable from the interior side without the use of a key, tool or special knowledge shall be installed on all exterior doors and keyed to match the entrance lock set. All new doors shall be weather-stripped to be air tight. Security or Screen doors may be replaced if repairs are not feasible.

Windows [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Other than fixed windows, all windows shall be capable or being easily opened and closed, remain in an open position when placed there by window hardware, not sticks or other such items. Windows shall lock when closed and the open section shall be covered with a screen. Glass shall be free of open holes or cracks and secured with an adequate amount of putty. Windows shall be weather-stripped to be air tight when closed.

Replacement Standard

Windows that are not repairable shall be replaced. New windows shall meet all requirements of current local building codes or (IEBC) and shall meet the ENERGY STAR standard for this geographic region. For more information:

http://www.energystar.gov/index.cfm?c=windows_doors.pr_anat_window

Windows on key façades of historically sensitive properties shall be wood of the style original to the building. New windows on other properties may be vinyl and double-glazed.

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Basement Windows and Ventilation [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

If feasible, two basement windows on opposite sides of the building should be operable for ventilation, in good working order, and lockable.

Replacement Standard

Basement windows may be replaced with glass block, so long as a minimum of two glass block windows on opposite sides of the building have operable and lockable center vents. If the basement is used as a sleeping or living area, please refer to Section 1 for Fire Safety – Egress requirements.

6) Roofing

Flat and Low-Sl	ope Roofing [MAJOR SYSTEM]
Repair Standard	
sloughing, fissures, cracks, lifting seams, e or asphalt flood coats. Roof coatings shall materials. Gravel roofs shall have gravel p	epaired so that the roof is free of peeling, shipping, xcessive bubbles or excessive alligatoring in coatings be in good condition and consist of compatible resent in sufficient quantity and proper distribution. and properly sealed. Asphalt shingles or cold- d if the roof slope is less than 2:12.
Replacement Standard	
The most cost-effective roof shall be insta accordance with local codes (or IEBC).	lled to the manufacturer's specifications and in

Pitched Roofs [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard Missing and leaking shingles and flashing shall be repaired on otherwise functional roofs provided there are no excessive lumps, breaks, tears, inconsistent birdsmouths, and the shingle roof has substantial well adhered mineral surface covering the tabs and grooves. Shingle roofs with loose minerals surface, sparsely covered surfaces, excessive curling, cupping, breakage or brittleness should be replaced. Slate, metal and tile roofs shall be repaired when feasible.

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Replacement Standard

The most cost-effective roof shall be installed except that roofing may be installed to match other structures in the complex, or to preserve other architectural elements. On historic structures new roofing shall be historically sensitive. All roofing shall be installed to the manufacturer's specifications and in accordance with local codes (or IEBC).

Gutters and Downspouts [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Gutters and downspouts shall be in good repair, leak free and collect storm water from all lower roof edges. Concrete splash blocks shall be installed to move water away from the foundation. The system shall move all storm water away from the building and prevent water from entering the structure. In addition to positive drainage away from the building, outlets shall be a minimum of 3 feet away from the foundation.

Replacement Standard

Gutters and downspouts shall be installed and collect storm water from all lower roof edges. Concrete splash blocks shall be installed to move water away from the foundation. The system shall move all storm water away from the building and prevent water from entering the structure. In addition to positive drainage away from the building, outlets shall be a minimum of 3 feet away from the foundation.

7) Insulation and Ventilation

Infiltr	ation [green standard]
Repair Standard	
	provements shall be tested with a Blower Door and attain a maximum 0.35 Air Changes per Hour at 50
Pascal pressure (0.35 ACH50).	
Pascal pressure (0.35 ACH50). Replacement Standard	
Replacement Standard	minimum Blower Door test requirements of 0.35 Air

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Insulation [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

If being added, insulation shall be installed per the manufacturer's instructions and at the recommended R-value for the dimensional lumber used in the wall construction. All exposed heat ducts and hot water or steam heat distribution piping along with general use hot water piping which are located in unheated spaces shall be insulated or otherwise protected from heat loss. All water distribution piping shall be protected from freezing.

Replacement Standard

When siding is being replaced and/or interior wall finishes of exterior walls are being replaced in a building, such exterior walls are to be provided with insulation and at the recommended Rvalue for the dimensional lumber used to construct walls. The ENERGY STAR Thermal Bypass Inspection Checklist should be completed, found at:

http://www.energystar.gov/ia/partners/bldrs_lenders_raters/downloads/Thermal_Bypass_Ins pection_Checklist.pdf

Bath Ventilation [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

All bathroom ventilation shall meet the local building code (or IEBC) for bath ventilation that was in effect at the time of their construction.

Replacement Standard

All bathrooms shall be mechanically vented to the \geq 80 CFM creating \leq 0.3 Sones of fan noise and shall be on the same switch as the bathroom light. Fans shall be installed according to manufacturer's specifications and shall meet the local building code (or IEBC).

Kitchen Ventilation	[MAJOR SYSTEM]	[GREEN STANDARD]
---------------------	----------------	------------------

Repair Standard

All kitchen ventilation shall be functional and meet the local building code (or IEBC) for kitchen ventilation that was in effect at the time of their construction.

Replacement Standard

All kitchens shall have functional mechanical ventilation operating at a minimum 150 CFM. Any new ventilation system shall meet current local code requirements (or IEBC).

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Roof Ventilation [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

 Repair Standard

 All structures shall meet the local building code (or IEBC) for roof ventilation that was in effect at the time of their construction.

Replacement Standard

All new roofing systems shall meet current local code requirements (or IEBC) for ventilation.

8 - Interior Standards

Interior W	alls and Ceilings
Repair Standard	
finished without noticeable irregularities, be surface in areas subject to moisture, shall no be durably painted or otherwise appropriate	ester or sheetrock/drywall. All interior walls shall be a free of exposed wiring, have a hard waterproof ot allow significant entry of air in the unit, and shall ely finished. Holes, cracks and deteriorated and un- surrounding surfaces. All visual painted surfaces zards using premium vinyl acrylic paint.
Replacement Standard	
그는 것 같은 것 같	nall be replaced with ½" sheetrock/drywall. All loated, sanded, textured to match other wall areas

Flooring	
Repair Standard	
appropriate for type of structure and cl continuous, without liberal movement Bathroom, kitchen and other water-sus	rting existing dead load and anticipated live loads as ass of occupancy. All subfloors should be solid and or bounce, and free from rot and deterioration. sceptible floor areas shall be covered with water- s or tripping hazards. Wood floors shall be in sound

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condition without excessive gouges, breakage, lifting, curling, buckling, or shrinking. Carpet shall be clean and in safe and sanitary condition free or excessive wear, tears, soil, folds, and shall be property attached. Tile floors shall be free of cracked, broken, loose or missing tiles with grout intact.

[GREEN STANDARD] Damaged wood floor shall be repaired when possible. When existing deteriorated carpet is installed over hardwood floors, the hardwood may be refinished whenever practical, taking into account the relative cost of replacing carpet and the needs of the residents.

Replacement Standard

Floor framing shall meet local code requirements (or IEBC). Subfloors shall be a minimum of ¾ inch plywood. Kitchens, baths, and other water-susceptible area shall receive resilient sheet goods.

[GREEN STANDARD] Whenever practical, rooms other than kitchens and baths with existing wood flooring shall be maintained as wood floors and refinished when appropriate. Rooms other than kitchens or baths without usable wood floors may be finished with carpet and associated products that are Carpet and Rug Institute's Green Label certified. For more information: http://www.carpet-rug.org/residential-customers/selecting-the-right-carpet-or-rug/greenlabel.cfm

All new flooring shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

New basement slabs shall be installed to local codes (or IEBC).

	Closets
Repair Standard	
Existing closets shall be maintained i	n good repair and have a shelf and clothes rod.
Replacement Standard	
	is a significant lack of storage space and the budget inimum depth of 2 feet and include a shelf and clothes rod.

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Cabinets and Countertop

Repair Standard

Kitchens shall have countertop and storage space adequate for the preparation and storage of food. Countertops shall free of wear, water damage, and uplifting of surface material. Existing cabinets with hardwood doors and face frames may be repaired if in good condition. All cabinets shall be sound and cleanable with no missing doors, drawers or hardware. All doors and drawers shall operate properly.

Replacement Standard

Kitchens shall have countertop and storage space adequate for the preparation and storage of food. Countertops shall be of water-proof material and backsplashes shall be provided. Replacement cabinets shall be factory-finished builders-grade or better with hardwood doors and face frames.

Appliances	
Repair Standard	
All appliances in units shall be in pr	oper working order and in clean and sanitary condition.

Replacement Standard	
All new appliances shall be "Energy Star" rated.	

9) Electric

Note: If there is no local building code, then all electrical work shall comply with the State Code (the National Electrical Code, 2011 Edition, as may be amended by the Colorado Electrical Board).

Lighting	
Repair Standard	
	o cross to other rooms and stairways shall be well lit. All
lights and switches in hallways, stairs	and other passages shall be operable and safe.

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Replacement Standard

All halls, stairs and rooms necessary to cross to other rooms and stairways shall be well lit. Attics, basements and crawl spaces shall have utility fixtures. All new light fixtures shall be ENERGY STAR labeled.

Interior Electric Distribution [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Exposed knob and tube shall be replaced. Every room shall have a minimum of two duplex receptacles, placed on separate walls and one light fixture or receptacle switched at each room entrance. All electrical outlets used in bathrooms and toilet rooms, kitchens, all outlets within six feet (6') of a water source (excluding washing machines and sump pumps), outlets located on open porches or breezeways, exterior outlets, outlets located in garages and in non-habitable basements, except those outlets that are dedicated appliance outlets, shall be Ground-Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) protected. Where the source wiring circuit is accessible (e.g. first floor above basements, in gutted rooms, etc.), receptacles shall be grounded. Permanently installed or proposed stoves, refrigerators, freezers, dishwashers and disposals, microwaves, washers and dryers shall have separate circuits sized to meet local codes (or State Electrical code). All switch, receptacle, and junction boxes shall have appropriate cover plates. Wiring shall be free from hazard, and all circuits shall be properly protected at the panel. Exposed conduit is allowed.

Replacement Standard

If wall finishes are removed, those areas shall be wired to the latest version of local codes (or State Electrical Code).

Service	and Panel [MAJOR SYSTEM]
Repair Standard	
disconnect, at least 10 circuit-breaker-p	cuit breaker type. Service panels shall have a main protected circuits, a 100-amp minimum capacity and be proposed devices. If a working central air conditioning e shall be 150 amp.
Replacement Standard	
Electrical convice with a main disconnes	t namel shall be installed asserting to local code (or

Electrical service with a main disconnect panel shall be installed according to local code (or State Electrical Code).

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10) Plumbing

Note: If there is no local building code, then all plumbing work shall comply with the Colorado Plumbing Code.

Drain, Waste, Vent Lines [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

The plumbing system shall be vented in a manner that allows the wastewater system to function properly. The waste system shall operate free from fouling, clogging and leaking and shall be capable of safely disposing of wastewater for all plumbing fixtures. All fixtures that discharge wastewater shall contain or be discharged through a trap that prevents the entry of sewer gas into the dwelling. Waste and vent lines shall function without losing the trap seal.

Replacement Standard

If walls are removed exposing vent and waste lines, those lines shall be reworked or replaced to the current mechanical code.

Plu	umbing Fixtures
Repair Standard	
이 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것이 같은 것이 같이 것 같은 것이 같은 것이 같이 많이 있다. 것이 같이 많이	cks and defects, and be capable of being used for the Il fixtures and faucets shall have working, drip-free
Replacement Standard	
	faucets and shower diverters with 15-year, drip-free th stainless steel sinks, and new tub surrounds should
[GREEN STANDARD] Toilets with greater th model. Faucets and shower diverters sh	an a 1.6 GPF rating shall be replaced with a 1.3 GPF oould have a maximum 2.0 GPM flow.

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Plumbing Minimum Equipment [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

All existing equipment shall be operational and leak free.

Minimum Standard

All existing equipment shall be operational and leak free. Every dwelling unit shall have a minimum of one single bowl sink with hot and cold running water in the kitchen and at least one bathroom containing a vanity with a sink (or pedestal sink), and a shower/tub unit, both with hot and cold running water, and a toilet. An operable water shut off valve, that completely stops the flow of water, shall be present at each water supply line to sinks/lavatories, toilets, washing machines and water heaters. Each unit shall have an adequate continuous supply of hot water either through a minimum 40 gallon water heater or on demand water heater in the unit or through a common boiler or hot water supply for the building. Each building shall have installed at least one exterior freeze protected faucet.

Water Heaters [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Each housing unit shall be supplied with hot water either from a common source such as building-wide boiler system or from per-unit water heating equipment. Hot water supply lines shall be free of leaks and all water heating equipment shall be safe, of adequate capacity, free of corrosion and water damage, faulty operation, fire, carbon monoxide leakage and other hazards.

Replacement Standard

Hot water systems that are replaced shall be of adequate capacity, be installed per manufacturer's specifications and meet local codes (orIEBC).

[GREEN STANDARD] High efficiency power-vented or sealed combustion tankless models are allowed.

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Water Supply [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

The main shut off valve shall be operable and completely stop the flow of water to the house. If there is no existing shut-off valve, then one shall be installed. All fixtures shall be leak-free and deliver sufficient cold water and, where applicable, hot water. All lead supply pipes present shall be completely removed and replaced.

Replacement Standard

The main shut off valve shall be operable and completely stop the flow of water to the house, and should be replaced if it does not. Lead and galvanized pipe that is part of the water service or the distribution system shall be replaced with copper, PEX or other plastic approved for distribution of domestic water. All fixtures shall have brass shut off valves.

11) HVAC

Air Conditioning	[MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]
Repair Standard	
그는 것 같은 것 같	e coolers shall be inspected, serviced and refurbished to pairable air conditioners and evaporative coolers shall
Replacement Standard	

Chimney [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard Unused chimneys shall be removed to below the roof line wherever roofing is replaced. Chimneys shall be in good repair and high enough to induce a draft that shall keep smoke from being allowed into the dwelling. Existing unlined masonry chimneys used for combustion ventilation shall be lined or corrosion resistant pipe shall be added to the interior of the chimney.

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Replacement Standard

The creation of new flues is not recommended - the use of high efficiency closed combustion appliances is recommended to avoid the need for new flues. Replacement flues, when required, shall be installed according to the fuel burning unit manufacturer's installation specifications.

Distribution System [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Duct work and radiator piping shall be well supported, insulated in unconditioned space and adequate to maintain a comfortable temperature in all habitable and essential rooms.

[GREEN STANDARD] All duct work in unconditioned space should be insulated to R-7, sealed at all seams with mastic (not tape) and pressure tested to eliminate leakage.

Replacement Standard

All duct work in unconditioned space shall be insulated to R-7, sealed at all seams with mastic (not tape), pressure tested to eliminate leakage and run in concealed space.

Heating [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

All heating equipment shall be safe, of adequate capacity, free of corrosion and water damage, faulty operation, fire, carbon dioxide leakage and other hazards. Filters shall be secure, clean and large enough to pass sufficient recirculated air to make the unit operate properly. Equipment housings and access panels shall be intact and properly secured/installed with no exposed electrical connections, belts, pulleys, or blowers.

Replacement Standard

Gas-fired heating plants shall be rated at \geq 92% AFUE or better, to the extent possible. Heat pumps shall be rated at \geq 15 SEER. No Oil fired heating plants shall be installed and the oil heating system, including tanks and fuel lines, shall be completely removed before being replaced with new gas or electric systems. Setback thermostats may be installed. When electric resistance heating systems are replaced, soffits for ductwork and/or new distribution pipes for hot water heating systems shall be provided. Up to 4 lineal feet of resistance electric heating strips per 1000 square feet of floor area may be retained or installed in areas that are not cost effective to heat via ductwork or hot water distribution systems. All heating equipment shall be installed as per manufacturer' installation specifications and local codes (or IEBC).

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		st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
Requirements for Site	Demond /Falling /Logica	Former an ante is an demonstral that it does not firmation on it should
Fencing and Gates	Damaged/Falling/Leaning	Fence or gate is so damaged that it does not function as it should
	Holes	Hole in fence or gate is larger than 6 inches by 6 inches
	Missing Costings	An exterior fence, security fence or gate is missing a section which could
	Missing Sections	threaten safety or security
		Runoff has extensively displaced soils which has caused visible damage or potential failure to adjoining structures or systems and potentially threatens
Grounds	Erosion/Rutting Areas	the safety of pedestrians
Grounds	Crosion Rutting Areas	Plants have visibly damaged a component, area or system of the property or
	Overgrown/Penetrating Vegetation	has made them unusable or unpassable
		There is an accumulation of more than 5 inches deep or a large section of the
	Ponding/Site Drainage	grounds-more than 20%-is unusable for it's intended purpose
	G, and a set of the se	Detectable sewer odors that could pose a health risk if inhaled for prolonged
Health & Safety	Air Quality - Sewer Odor Detected	periods
	*Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas Detected	Detectable strong propane, natural gas or methane gas odors that could pose a risk of explosion/ fire and/or pose a health risk if inhaled
		Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
	*Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical
	Electrical Equipment	apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
	set and the set of the second second	Flammable materials are improperly stored, causing the potential risk of fire or explosion
	*Flammable Materials - Improperly Stored	Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity, or
		garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors	or debris
	Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
		Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	bodily harm
	Hazards - Tripping	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
		Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit
	Infestation - Insects	or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas
Mailboxes/Project Signs	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin Mailbox Missing/Damaged	Evidence of rats or micesightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings The U.S. Postal Service resident/unit mailbox cannot be locked or is missing
Manboxes/Project Signs	Manuox Missing/Damageu	The sign is damaged, vandalized, or deteriorated, and cannot be rocked of is missing
	Signs Damaged	reasonable distance
		Cracks greater than ¾ inch, hinging/tilting, or missing section(s) that affect
	- 2 - 10	traffic ability over more than 5% of the property's parking lots/driveways/road
Parking Lots/Driveways/Roads	Cracks	or if a height differential could cause a tripping or falling hazard
		3 inches or more of water has accumulated making 5% or more of a parking
	Ponding	lot/driveway unusable or unsafe
		Potholes or loose material that have made a parking lot/driveway unusable/unpassbale for vehicles and/or pedestrians or could cause tripping or
	Potholes/Loose Material	falling
	rotholesy coose waterial	Settlement/heaving has made a parking lot/driveway unusable/unpassable or
	Settlement/Heaving	creates unsafe conditions for pedestrians and vehicles
		More than 20% of the equipment does not operate as it should or equipment
Play Areas and Equipment	Damaged/Broken Equipment	that poses a threat to safety and could cause injury
	2672 0.6 07 10 AN 24 10 82	More than 20% of the play surface area shows deterioration or the play surface
	Deteriorated Play Area Surface	area could cause tripping or falling and thus poses a safety risk
		A single wall or gate of the enclosure has collapsed or is leaning and in danger
	Broken/Damaged Enclosure-Inadequate Outside	of falling or trash cannot be stored in the designated area because it is too
Pefure Disposal	Storage Space	small to store refuse until disposal
Refuse Disposal	A CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRA	A retaining wall is damaged and does not function as it should or is a safety risk
	Damaged/Falling/Leaning	
Refuse Disposal Retaining Walls	Damaged/Falling/Leaning	The sytem is partially or completely blocked by a large quantity of debris ,
	Damaged/Falling/Leaning	
	Damaged/Falling/Leaning Damaged/Obstructed	The sytem is partially or completely blocked by a large quantity of debris ,
Retaining Walls		The sytem is partially or completely blocked by a large quantity of debris , causing backup into adjacent areas or runoffs into areas where runoff is not
Retaining Walls Storm Drainage	Damaged/Obstructed	The sytem is partially or completely blocked by a large quantity of debris , causing backup into adjacent areas or runoffs into areas where runoff is not intended
Retaining Walls Storm Drainage	Damaged/Obstructed Broken/Missing Hand Railing	The sytem is partially or completely blocked by a large quantity of debris , causing backup into adjacent areas or runoffs into areas where runoff is not intended The hand rall is missing, damaged, loose or otherwise unusable Cracks greater than 3/4", hinging/tilting or missing sections that affect traffic ability over more than 5% of the property's walkways/steps or any defect that
Retaining Walls Storm Drainage	Damaged/Obstructed	The sytem is partially or completely blocked by a large quantity of debris , causing backup into adjacent areas or runoffs into areas where runoff is not intended The hand rall is missing, damaged, loose or otherwise unusable Cracks greater than 3/4", hinging/tilting or missing sections that affect traffic ability over more than 5% of the property's walkways/steps or any defect that creates a tripping or falling hazard
Retaining Walls Storm Drainage	Damaged/Obstructed Broken/Missing Hand Railing	The sytem is partially or completely blocked by a large quantity of debris , causing backup into adjacent areas or runoffs into areas where runoff is not intended The hand rall is missing, damaged, loose or otherwise unusable Cracks greater than 3/4", hinging/tilting or missing sections that affect traffic ability over more than 5% of the property's walkways/steps or any defect that

	ies in *Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mu	
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
Requirements for Buildin	a Exterior	
Requirements for Buildin	gexterior	Any door that is not functioning or cannot be locked because of damage to the
Doors	Damaged Frames/Threshold/Lintels/Trim	frame, threshold, lintel or trim
50013	burnaged framesy mesholoy entersy min	Any door that does not function as it should or cannot be locked because of
	Damaged Hardware/Locks	damage to the door's hardware
	a sumper construction of a sum	Any door that has a hole or holes larger than 1 inch in diameter, significant
		peeling/cracking/no paint or rust that affects the integrity of the door surface,
	Damaged Surface (Holes/Paint/Rusting/Glass)	or broken/missing glass
		Any screen door or storm door that is damaged or is missing screens or glass
	22 22 22 22	shown by an empty frame or frames or any security door that is not functionin
	Damaged/Missing Screen/Storm/Security Door	or is missing
		The seals/caulking is missing on any entry door, or they are so damaged that
	Deteriorated/Missing Caulking/Seals	they do not function as they should
	Missing Door	Any exterior door that is missing
Fire Escapes	*Blocked Egress/Ladders	Stored items or other barriers restrict or block people from exiting
	10-16 La Produce Commence	Any of the functional components that affect the function of the fire escape-
	Visibly Missing Components	one section of a ladder or railing, for example-are missing
		Large cracks or gaps in foundation more than 3/8 inches wide by 3/8 inches
		deep by 6 inches long that present a possible sign of a serious structural problem, or opportunity for water penetration or sections of wall or floor that
Foundations	Cracks/Gaps	are broken apart
roundations	Cracksyoaps	Significant spalled areas affecting more than 10% of any foundation wall or any
	Spalling/Exposed Rebar	exposed reinforcing material-rebar or other
	Br	Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
Health and Safety	*Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical
	Electrical Equipment	apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
		The exit cannot be used or exit is limited because a door or window is nailed
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Emergency/Fire Exits	shut, a lock is broken, panic hardware is chained, debris, storage, or other
	Blocked/Unusable	conditions block exit
		Exit signs that clearly identify all emergency exits are missing or there is no
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Missing Exit Signs	illumination in the area of the sign
	*Flammable/Combustible Materials - Improperly	Flammable materials are improperly stored, causing the potential risk of fire of
	Stored	explosion
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
		garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors Hazards - Other	or debris General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
	Hazards - Other	Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	bodily harm
	Hazarda - Sharp Euges	booky harm
	Hazards - Tripping	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
	Theorem 2 Tripping	Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit
	Infestation - Insects	or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas
	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	Evidence of rats or micesightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings
Lighting	Broken Fixtures/Bulbs	Lighting fixtures and bulbs are broken or missing
		Soffits or fascia that should be there are missing or so damaged that water
Roofs	Damaged Soffits/Fascia	penetration is visibly possible
0.340.0000	Damaged Vents	Vents are missing or so visibly damaged that further roof damage is possible
		The drain is so damaged or clogged with debris that the drain no longer
	Damaged/Clogged Drains	functionsas shown by ponding
		Ballast has shifted and no longer functions as it should or there is damage to
	Damaged/Torn Membrane/Missing Ballast	the roof membrane that may result in water penetration
	Missing/Damaged Components from	Drainage system components are missing or damaged causing visibile damage
	Downspout/Gutter	to the roof, structure, exterior wall surface, or interior
		Shingles are missing or damaged, including cracking, warping, cupping, and
	Missing/Damaged Shingles	other deterioration
	Dending	Evidence of standing water on roof, causing potential or visible damage to roof
	Ponding	surface or underlying materials Large cracks or gaps that are more than 3/8 inches wide or deep and 6 inches
		long that presents a possible sign of serious structural problem or opportunity
Walls	Cracks/Gaps	for water penetration
er und	eround and a	in more percentation
		Part or all of the chimney has visibly seperated from the adjacent wall or there
		are cracked or missing pieces large enough to present a sign of chimney failure
	Damaged Chimneys	or there is a risk of falling pieces that could create a safety hazard
	Missing/Damaged Caulking/Mortar	Caulking or glazing compound that resists weather is missing or deteriorated
		Exterior wall deterioration or holes of any size that present a risk of water
	Missing Pieces/Holes/Spalling	penetration or risk of structural damage
	Missing Pieces/Holes/Spalling	이 같은 것 같은

NOTE: Observable Deficiencie	s in *Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mu	st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
14/1	Parker (Missing (Cracked Dance	Missian as smalled among of almost
Windows	Broken/Missing/Cracked Panes	Missing or cracked panes of glass Window sills, frames, sash lintels, or trim are damaged by decay, rust, rot,
	Damaged Sills/Frames/Lintels/Trim	corrosion, or other deterioration
	Damaged/Missing Screens	Missing screens or screens are punctured, torn or otherwise damaged
	Missing/Deteriorated Caulking/Seals/Glazing	
	Compound	Caulking or seals that resists weather is missing or deteriorated
		Paint covering the window assembly or trim is cracking, flaking, or otherwise
	Peeling/Needs Paint	failing
		The ability to exit through egress window is limited by security bars that do no
	*Security Bars Prevent Egress	function properly and, therefore, pose safety risks
Requirements for Building	Systems	
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
Domestic Water	Leaking Central Water Supply	Leaking water from water supply line is observed
bomestie Water	county contra trater seppiry	No pressure relief valve or pressure relief valve does not drain down to the
	Missing Pressure Relief Valve	floor
		Water heater chimney shows evidence of flaking, discoloration, pitting, or
		crevices that may create holes that could allow toxic gases to leak from the
	Rust/Corrosion on Heater Chimney	chimney
	Water Supply Inoperable	No running water in any area of the building where there should be
		One or more fixed items or items of sufficient size and weight impede access t
Electrical System	Blocked Access/Improper Storage	the building system's electrical panel during an emergency
	Burnt Breakers	Carbon residue, melted breakers or arcing scars are evident
		Corrosion that affects the condition of the components that carry current or any stains or rust on the interior of electrical enclosures, or any evidence of
	Evidence of Leaks/Corrosion	water leaks in the enclosure or hardware
	Enderice of Leaksy correston	water reason the enclosure of hardware
	Fraved Wiring	Nicks, abrasion, or fraying of the insulation that exposes any conducting wire
	Missing Breakers/Fuses	Open and/or exposed breaker port
	*Missing Outlet Covers	A cover is missing, which results in exposed visible electrical connections
		Elevator does not function at all or the elevator doors open when the cab is no
Elevators	Not Operable	there
Emergency Power	Auxiliary Lighting Inoperable (if applicable)	Auxiliary lighting does not function
Fire Protection	Missing Sprinkler Head	Any sprinkler head is missing, visibly disabled, painted over, blocked, or capped
	*Missing/Damaged/Expired Extinguishers	Missing, damaged or expired fire extinguisher in any area of the building where a fire extinguisher is required
	Wissing/Dumageu/Expired Extinguishers	Evidence of mold or mildew is observed that is substantial enough to pose a
Health & Safety	Air Quality - Mold and/or Mildew Observed	health risk
	*Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas	Detectable strong propane, natural gas or methane gas odors that could pose a
	Detected	risk of explosion/ fire and/or pose a health risk if inhaled
		Detectable sewer odors that could pose a health risk if inhaled for prolonged
0	Air Quality - Sewer Odor Detected	periods
		Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
	Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical
	Electrical Equipment	apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
	Elevator - Tripping	Elevator is misaligned with the floor by more than 3/4 of an inch. The elevatordoes not level as it should, which causes a tripping hazard
	are a day - million ig	The exit cannot be used or exit is limited because a door or window is nailed
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Emergency/Fire Exits	shut, a lock is broken, panic hardware is chained, debris, storage, or other
	Blocked/Unusable	conditions block exit
		Exit signs that clearly identify all emergency exits are missing or there is no
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Missing Exit Signs	illumination in the area of the sign
		Flammable materials are improperly stored, causing the potential risk of fire or
	*Flammable Materials - Improperly Stored	explosion
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
		garbage has gathered in an area not sactioned for staging or storing garbage of
	Garbage and Debris - Indoors	debris General defects or basards that nore sick of badily injury
	Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	bodily harm
1) 1	Linear an anna h an Baa	
	Hazards – Tripping Hazards	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
		Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit
	Infestation - Insects	or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas
	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	Evidence of rats or micesightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings
HVAC	Boiler/Pump Leaks	Evidenceof water or steam leaking in piping or pump packing
		Folderson of an experiment of food looking from the same hot and provide a
	Fuel Supply Leaks	Evidence of any amount of fuel leaking from the supply tank or piping Significant formations of metal oxides, significant flaking, discoloration, or the

		st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
		A misalighnment of an exhaust system on a combustion fuel-fired unit (oil,
		natural gas, propane, wood pellets etc.) that causes improper or dangerous
	*Misaligned Chimney/Ventilation System	venting of gases
Roof Exhaust System	Roof Exhaust Fan(s) Inoperable	Roof exhaust fan unit does not function
,		Evidence of active leaks in or around the system components or evidence of
Sanitary System	Broken/Leaking/Clogged Pipes or Drains	standing water, puddles or ponding-a sign of leaks or clogged drains
	Missing Drain/Cleanout/Manhole Covers	A protective cover is missing
Requirements for Common	Areas	
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
Basement/Garage/Carport	Baluster/Side Railings - Damaged	Damaged or missing balusters or side rails that limit the safe use of an area
		Cabinets are missing or the laminate is separating. This includes cases, boxes,
		or pieces of furniture with drawers, shelves, or doorsprimarily used for
Closet/Utility/Mechanical	Cabinets - Missing/Damaged	storagemounted on walls or floors
Community Room	Call for Aid - Inoperable	The system does not function as it should
		Ceiling surface has punctures that may or may not penetrate completely or
Halls/Corridors/Stairs	Ceiling - Holes/Missing Tiles/Panels/Cracks	panels or tiles are missing
C. 1	Colline Deckselling Research Decks	Paint is peeling, cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated on ceilings in
Kitchen	Ceiling - Peeling/Needs Paint	common areas
and a Barris	Ceiling - Water Stains/Water	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildew that may have been caused by
Laundry Room	Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure Elat work surface in a kitchen often integral to lower cabinet space is missing o
labbu	Countertops - Missing/Damaged	Flat work surface in a kitchen often integral to lower cabinet space is missing o deteriorated or damaged below the laminate
Lobby Office	Dishwasher/Garbage Disposal - Inoperable	Dishwasher or garbage disposal does not operate as it should
onice	Distiwastier/Garbage Disposal - hioperable	Any door that is not functioning or cannot be locked because of damage to the
Other Community Spaces	Doors - Damaged Frames/Threshold/Lintels/Trim	frame, threshold, lintel or trim
other community spaces	boors buildged traines, thresholdy enters, thin	Any door that does not function as it should or cannot be locked because of
Patio/Porch/Balcony	Doors - Damaged Hardware/Locks	damage to the door's hardware
and the oreing balloting	acons samageo naronaro, como	Any door that has a hole or holes greater than 1 inch in diameter, significant
		peeling/cracking/no paint or rust that affects the integrity of the door surface,
Restrooms	Doors - Damaged Surface (Holes/Paint/Rust/Glass)	or broken/missing glass
		Any screen door or storm door that is damaged or is missing screens or glass
	Doors - Damaged/Missing Screen/Storm/Security	shown by an empty frame or frames or any security door that is not functionin
Storage	Door	or is missing
	2	The seals/caulking is missing on any entry door, or they are so damaged that
	Doors - Deteriorated/Missing Seals (Entry Only)	they do not function as they should
	Doors - Missing Door	Any door that is missing that is required for the functional use of the space
	13: 22.01 (Perf) (2.13) (2.14)	Dryer vent is missing or it is not functioning because it is blocked. Dryer exhaus
	Dryer Vent -Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	is not effectively vented to the outside
		One or more fixed items or items of sufficient size and weight impede access to
	Electrical - Blocked Access to Electrical Panel	the building system's electrical panel during an emergency
	Electrical - Burnt Breakers	Carbon residue, melted breakers or arcing scars are evident
		Corrosion that affects the condition of the components that carry current or
	2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -	any stains or rust on the interior of electrical enclosures or any evidenceof
	Electrical - Evidence of Leaks/Corrosion	water leaks in the enclosure or hardware
	Photo day 1 Provide March 1	All de la contra de
	Electrical - Frayed Wiring	Nicks, abrasion, or fraying of the insulation that exposes any conducting wire
	Electrical - Missing Breakers *Electrical - Missing Covers	Open and/or exposed breaker port A cover is missing, which results in exposed visible electrical connections
	ciectrical - Ivissing covers	A cover is missing, which results in exposed visible electrical connections Flooring that is bulging, buckling or sagging or a problem with alignment
	Floors - Bulgiog/Buckling	
	Floors - Bulging/Buckling	between flooring types Floor covering has stains, surface burns, cuts, holes, tears, loose areas or
	Floors - Floor Covering Damaged	exposed seams
	Floors - Floor Covering Damaged Floors - Missing Floor/Tiles	Exposed seams Flooring or tile flooring that is missing
	Floors - Missing Floor/Tiles Floors - Peeling/Needs Paint	Painted flooring that has peeling or missing paint
	Floors - Rot/Deteriorated Subfloor	Rotted or deteriorated subflooring
	rest a may be sense and addition	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildew that may have been caused by
	Floors - Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure
	GFI - Inoperable	The GFI does not function
	Graffiti	Graffiti on any exposed surface greater than 6 inches by 6 inches
	HVAC - Convection/Radiant Heat System Covers	Cover is missing or substantially damaged, allowing contact with
	Missing/Damaged	heating/surface elements or associated fans
		Significant formations of metal oxides, flaking, or discolorationor a pit or
	HVAC - General Rust/Corrosion	crevice
		HVAC does not function. It does not provide the heating and coolingit should.
	HVAC - Inoperable	The system does not respond when the controls are engaged
	a second a second by an an an an	and the second sec
	*HVAC - Misaligned Chimney/Ventilation System	Any misalignment that may cause improper or dangerous venting of gases
	,	HVAC system shows signs of abnormal vibrations, other noise, or leaks when
	UNACCONDUCTOR DURING A SUBJECT	engaged
	HVAC - Noisy/Vibrating/Leaking	

Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied. Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
inspectable item	Observable Denciency	Type and Degree of Denciency that must be addressed
		Permanent light fixtures are missing or not functioning, and no other switched
	Lighting - Missing/Damaged/Inoperable Fixture	light source is functioning in the room
	Mailbox - Missing/Damaged	The U.S Postal Service mailbox cannot be locked or is missing
		Outlet or switch is missing or a cover plate is missing or broken, resulting in
	*Outlets/Switches/Cover Plates - Missing/Broken	exposed wiring
		Walkway or ramp is damaged and cannot be used by people on foot, in
	Pedestrian/Wheelchair Ramp	wheelchair, or using walkers
		Drain is substantially or completely clogged or has suffered extensive
	Plumbing - Clogged Drains	deterioration
	Plumbing - Leaking Faucet/Pipes	A steady leak that is adversely affecting the surrounding area
	Range Hood /Exhaust Fans - Excessive	Apparatus that draws out cooking exhaust does not function as it should
	Grease/Inoperable	and/or accumulation of dirt threatens the free passage of air
		One or more burners are not functioning or doors or drawers are impeded or
	Denne (Charles / Denne d/ Jacobskie	on gas ranges pilot is out and/or flames are not distributed equally or oven no
	Range/Stove - Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	functioning
	References Democrat/leanership	Politicanstantic mission and and and and a state for the soft stars of feat
	Refrigerator - Damaged/Inoperable	Refrigerator is missing or does not cool adequately for the safe storage of foo
	Destances Coldina Destanced Individual	Damaged or missing shelves, vanity top, drawers, or doors that are not
	Restroom Cabinet - Damaged/Missing	functioning as they should for storage or their intended purpose
	Shower/Tub - Damaged/Missing	Shower, tub, or components are damaged or missing
	Sink - Missing/Damaged	Sink, faucet, or accessories are missing, damaged, or not functioning
	*Smoke Detector - Missing/Inoperable Stairs - Broken/Damaged/Missing Steps	Smoke detector is missing or does not function as it should
	Stairs - Broken/Damaged/Missing Steps Stairs - Broken/Missing Hand Railing	A step is missing or broken Hand rail is missing, damaged, loose or otherwise unusable
	Stairs - Brokenywissing Hand Kaning	Exhaust fan is not functioning or window designed for ventilation does not
	Ventilation/Exhaust System - Inoperable	open
	Walls - Bulging/Buckling	Bulging, buckling or sagging walls or a lack of horizontal alignment
	Walls - Damaged	Punctures in the wall surface that may or may not penetrate completely
	waiis - Damageu	Cove molding, chair rail, base molding, or other decorative trim is damaged or
	Walls - Damaged/Deteriorated Trim	has decayed
	Walls - Peeling/Needs Paint	Paint is peeling, cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated
	wais - reeing/weeus raine	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildewor damage caused by
	Walls - Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure
	Walls - Water Stallis/ Water Sanlage/ Mold/Mildew	Fixture elementsseat, flush handle, cover etcare missing or damaged or the
	Water Closet/Toilet - Damaged/Clogged/Missing	toilet seat is cracked or has a broken hinge or toilet cannot be flushed
	Windows - Cracked/Broken/Missing Panes	Missing or cracked panes of glass
	Thirdows Crackey brokeny missing railes	Sill is damaged enough to expose the inside of the surrounding walls and
	Windows - Damaged Window Sill	compromise its weather tightness
	Windows - Inoperable/Not Lockable	Window that is not functioning or cannot be secured because lock is broken
	Windows - Missing/Deteriorated	white with the rest of the rest of the second because rock is broken
	Caulking/Seals/Glazing Compound	Caulking or seals that resists weather is missing or deteriorated
	country starting compound	Paint covering the window assembly or trim is cracking, flaking, or otherwise
	Windows - Peeling/Needs Paint	failing
	windows recently recess rank	The ability to exit through the window is limited by security bars that do not
	*Windows - Security Bars Prevent Egress	function properly and, therefore, pose safety risks
	windows security buist revent Egress	Evidence of mold or mildew is observed that is substantial enough to pose a
Health & Safety	Air Quality - Mold and/or Mildew Observed	health risk
nearth & salety	*Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas	Detectable strong propane, natural gas or methane gas odors that could pose
	Detected	risk of explosion/ fire and/or pose a health risk if inhaled
		Detectable sewer odors that could pose a health risk if inhaled for prolonged
	Air Quality - Sewer Odor Detected	periods
	, in Quanty other over Decourse	Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
	*Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical
	Electrical Equipment	apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
		The exit cannot be used or exit is limited because a door or window is nailed
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Emergency/Fire Exits	shut, a lock is broken, panic hardware is chained, debris, storage, or other
	Blocked/Unusable	conditions block exit
		Exit signs that clearly identify all emergency exits are missing or there is no
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Missing Exit Signs	illumination in the area of the sign
	*Flammable/Combustible Materials - Improperly	Flammable or combustible materials are improperly stored, causing the
	Stored	potential risk of fire or explosion
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
		garbage has gathered in an area not sactioned for staging or storing garbage of
	Garbage and Debris - Indoors	debris
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
		garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors	or debris
	Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
		Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	bodily harm

		ust be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
	5	
	Hazards - Tripping	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
	1.000.00	Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit
	Infestation - Insects	or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas
	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	Evidence of rats or micesightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings
Pools and Related Structures	Fencing - Damaged/Not Intact	Damage that could compromise the integrity of the fence
		Garbage has backed up into chutes, because the collection structure is missing
-		or broken or compactors or componenentschute, chute door, and other
Trash Collection Areas	Chutes - Damaged/Missing Components	componenetshave failed
Requirements for Unit		
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
		Damaged or missing shelves, vanity tops, drawers, or doors that are not
Bathroom	Bathroom Cabinets - Damaged/Missing	functioning as they should for storage or their intended purpose
	Lavatory Sink - Damaged/Missing	Sink, faucet, or accessories are missing, damaged, or not functioning
		Drain or faucet is substantially or completely clogged or has suffered extensive
	Plumbing - Clogged Drains, Faucets	deterioration
	Plumbing - Leaking Faucet/Pipes	A steady leak that is adversely affecting the surrounding area
	Shower/Tub - Damaged/Missing	Shower, tub, or components are damaged or missing
	Markington (Pales) - Provident States	Exhaust fan is not functioning or window designed for ventilation does not
	Ventilation/Exhaust System – Absent/Inoperable	open
	Water Closet/Toilet - Damaged/Clogged/Missing	Fixture elementsseat, flush handle, cover etcare missing or damaged or the toilrt seat is cracked or has a broken hinge or toilet cannot be flushed
Call-for-Aid (if applicable)	Inoperable	The system does not function as it should
Ceiling	Bulging/Buckling/Leaking	Ceiling is bowed, deflected, sagging, or is no longer aligned horizontally
Centrig	bulling, backing, ceaking	Ceiling surface has punctures that may or may not penetrate completely or
	Holes/Missing Tiles/Panels/Cracks	panels or tiles are missing
		Paint is peeling, cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated on ceilings in
	Peeling/Needs Paint	common areas
		Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildew that may have been caused by
	Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure
	10 2011 10 2020 COM	Any door that is not functioning or cannot be locked because of damage to the
Doors	Damaged Frames/Threshold/Lintels/Trim	frame, threshold, lintel or trim
	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	Any door that does not function as it should or cannot be locked because of
	Damaged Hardware/Locks	damage to the door's hardware
		Any screen door or storm door that is damaged or is missing screens or glass- shown by an empty frame or frames or any security door that is not functionin
	Damaged/Missing Screen/Storm/Security Door	or is missing
	bamaged, missing screen, scorn, secarcy boor	Any door that has a hole or holes greater than 1 inch in diameter, significant
	Damaged Surface -	peeling/cracking/no paint or rust that affects the integrity of the door surface,
	Holes/Paint/Rusting/Glass/Rotting	or broken/missing glass
		The seals/caulking is missing on any entry door, or they are so damaged that
	Deteriorated/Missing Seals (Entry Only)	they do not function as they should
		Any door that is required for security (entry) or privacy (Bathroom) that is
	375-382/1-250 b-7	missing or any other unit door that is missing and is required for proper unit
	Missing Door	functionality
		One or more fixed items or items of sufficient size and weight impede access to
Electrical System	Blocked Access to Electrical Panel Burnt Breakers	the building system's electrical panel during an emergency Carbon residue, melted breakers or arcing scars are evident
	Burnt breakers	Corrosion that affects the condition of the components that carry current or
		any stains or rust on the interior of electrical enclosures or any evidence of
	Evidence of Leaks/Corrosion	water leaks in the enclosure or hardware
	Frayed Wiring	Nicks, abrasion, or fraying of the insulation that exposes any conducting wire
	GFI - Inoperable	The GFI does not function
	Missing Breakers/Fuses	Open and/or exposed breaker port
	*Missing Covers	A cover is missing, which results in exposed visible electrical connections
		Flooring that is bulging, buckling or sagging or a problem with alignment
Floors	Bulging/Buckling	between flooring types
	Floor Country December D	Floor covering has stains, surface burns, cuts, holes, tears, loose areas or
	Floor Covering Damage	exposed seams
	Missing Flooring Tiles	Flooring or tile flooring that is missing Painted flooring that has peoling or mission paint
	Peeling/Needs Paint Rot/Deteriorated Subfloor	Painted flooring that has peeling or missing paint Rotted or deteriorated subflooring
	Rot/Deteriorated Subfloor	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildew that may have been caused by
	Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure
	week stansy water panage/word/windew	Evidence of mold or mildew is observed that is substantial enough to pose a
Health & Safety	Air Quality - Mold and/or Mildew Observed	health risk
	and the second sec	Detectable sewer odors that could pose a health risk if inhaled for prolonged
		and a second part of the second

NOTE: Observable Denciencies	in *Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mu	
inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
	*Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas	Option to be a second and the second se
	"Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas Detected	Detectable strong propane, natural gas or methane gas odors that could pose a risk of explosion/ fire and/or pose a health risk if inhaled
	Detetted	Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
	*Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical
	Electrical Equipment	apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
		The exit cannot be used or exit is limited because a door or window is nailed
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Emergency/Fire Exits	shut, a lock is broken, panic hardware is chained, debris, storage, or other
	Blocked/Unusable	conditions block exit Exit signs that clearly identify all emergency exits are missing or there is no
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Missing Exit Signs	illumination in the area of the sign
		Flammable materials are improperly stored, causing the potential risk of fire or
	*Flammable Materials - Improperly Stored	explosion
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
	a (20 a) 2	garbage has gathered in an area not sactioned for staging or storing garbage or
	Garbage and Debris - Indoors	debris
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors	garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage or debris
	Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
		Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	bodily harm
	Hazards - Tripping	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
		Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit
	Infestation - Insects	or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas
Hot Water Heater	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin *Misaligned Chimney/Ventilation System	Evidence of rats or micesightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings Misalignment that may cause improper or dangerous venting of gases
hot water Heater	Wisangnea Chimney/ Ventilation System	Hot water from hot water taps is no warmer than room temperature indicating
	Inoperable Unit/Components	hot water heater is not functioning properly
	Leaking Valves/Tanks/Pipes	Evidence of active water leaks from hot water heater or related components
		There is no pressure relief valve or pressure relief valve does not drain down to
	Pressure Relief Valve Missing	the floor
		Significant formations of metal oxides, flaking, or discolorationor a pit or
	Rust/Corrosion	crevice
HVAC System	Convection/Radiant Heat System Covers Missing/Damaged	Cover is missing or substantially damaged, allowing contact with heating/surface elements or associated fans
nvac system	missing barraged	HVAC does not function. It does not provide the heating and coolingit should.
	Inoperable	The system does not respond when the controls are engaged
	Misaligned Chimney/Ventilation System	Misalignment that may cause improper or dangerous venting of gases
		HVAC system shows signs of abnormal vibrations, other noise, or leaks when
	Noisy/Vibrating/Leaking	engaged
	Rust/Corrosion	Deterioration from rust or corrosion on the HVAC system in the dweling unit
		Cabinets are missing or the laminate is separating. This includes cases, boxes,
	Cabinata Missing (Demond	or pieces of furniture with drawers, shelves, or doorsprimarily used for
Kitchen	Cabinets - Missing/Damaged	storagemounted on walls or floors Flat work surface in a kitchen often integral to lower cabinet space is missing o
	Countertops - Missing/Damaged	deteriorated or damaged below the laminate
	Dishwasher/Garbage Disposal - Inoperable	Dishwasher or garbage disposal does not operate as it should
		Drain is substantially or completely clogged or has suffered extensive
	Plumbing - Clogged Drains	deterioration
	Plumbing - Leaking Faucet/Pipes	A steady leak that is adversely affecting the surrounding area
	Range Hood/Exhaust Fans - Excessive	Apparatus that draws out cooking exhaust does not function as it should
	Grease/Inoperable	and/or accumulation of dirt threatens the free passage of air
		One or more burners are not functioning or doors or drawers are impeded or
	Bango/Stove Missing/Damagod/Inconstable	on gas ranges pilot is out and/or flames are not distributed equally or oven not
	Range/Stove - Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	functioning
	Refrigerator-Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	Refrigerator is missing or does not cool adequately for the safe storage of food
	Sink - Damaged/Missing	Sink, faucet, or accessories are missing, damaged, or not functioning
		Dryer vent is missing or it is not functioning because it is blocked. Dryer exhaus
Laundry Area (Room)	Dryer Vent - Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	is not effectively vented to the outside
0000	10000 NO 885.00	Permanent light fixtures are missing or not functioning, and no other switched
Lighting	Missing/Inoperable Fixture	light source is functioning in the room
Outlets/Switches	Missing	An outlet or switch is missing
	Rest. in Jon Law Provide Street	An outlet or switch has a broken cover plate over a junction box or the cover
	*Missing/Broken Cover Plates	plate is missing
Datis (Darsh /Dalaas	Baluetos/Sido Ballings Damagad	Demaged or missing balantees or side rails that light the set
Patio/Porch/Balcony Smoke Detector	Baluster/Side Railings Damaged *Missing/Inoperable	Damaged or missing balusters or side rails that limit the safe use of an area Smoke detector is missing or does not function as it should

NOTE: Observable Deficie	encies in *Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and	must be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
	Broken/Missing Hand Railing	Hand rail is missing, damaged, loose or otherwise unusable
Walls	Bulging/Buckling	Wall is bowed, deflected, sagged, or is no longer vertically aligned
	Damaged	Punctures in the wall surface that may or may not penetrate completely
	Damaged/Deteriorated Trim	Cove molding, chair rail, base molding, or other decorative trim is damaged on has decayed
	Peeling/Needs Paint	Paint is peeling, cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated
	Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildewor damage caused by saturation or surface failure
Windows	Cracked/Broken/Missing Panes	Missing or cracked panes of glass
	Damaged Window Sill	Sill is damaged enough to expose the inside of the surrounding walls and compromise its weather tightness
	Missing/Deteriorated Caulking/Seals/Glazing Compound	Caulking or seals that resists weather is missing or deteriorated
	Inoperable/Not Lockable	Window that is not functioning or cannot be secured because lock is brocken
	Peeling/Needs Paint	Paint covering the window assembly or trim is cracking, flaking, or otherwise failing
	*Security Bars Prevent Egress	The ability to exit through the window is limited by security bars that do not function properly and, therefore, pose safety risks

9. **Resale or Recapture Guidelines.** Below, the grantee must enter (or attach) a description of the guidelines that will be used for resale or recapture of HTF funds when used to assist first-time homebuyers. If the grantee will not use HTF funds to assist first-time homebuyers, enter "N/A".

N/A

10. **HTF Affordable Homeownership Limits.** If the grantee intends to use HTF funds for homebuyer assistance and does not use the HTF affordable homeownership limits for the area provided by HUD, it must determine 95 percent of the median area purchase price and set forth the information in accordance with §93.305. If the grantee will not use HTF funds to assist first-time homebuyers, enter "N/A".

Any limitation or preference must not violate nondiscrimination requirements in § 93.350, and the grantee must not limit or give preferences to students. The grantee may permit rental housing owners to limit tenants or give a preference in accordance with § 93.303(d)(3) only if such limitation or preference is described in the action plan.

The State will limit beneficiaries and/or give preferences to the following segments of the extremely low-income population:

• People with disabilities or other special needs (e.g. individuals/families exiting homelessness)

The groups listed have also been identified in the action plan in AP 25-Allocation Priorities.

12. **Refinancing of Existing Debt.** Enter or attach the grantee's refinancing guidelines below. The guidelines describe the conditions under which the grantee will refinance existing debt. The grantee's refinancing guidelines must, at minimum, demonstrate that rehabilitation is the primary eligible activity and ensure that this requirement is met by establishing a minimum level of rehabilitation per unit or a required ratio between rehabilitation and refinancing. If the grantee will not refinance existing debt, enter "N/A."

N/A

Discussion:

"Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)"

The State's method of selecting a sponsor is based on the sponsor's ability to provide comprehensive services to persons with HIV/AIDS statewide. Colorado Health Network (CHN) (dba Colorado AIDS Project) is a statewide entity with over three decades of providing a multitude of services to individuals with an HIV/AIDS diagnosis. Division of Housing selected CHN to be the grantee because of their specialization of services to persons with HIV/AIDS and because of their long standing success in service delivery.

HOPWA funding will help clients access housing, related supportive services and tenant based rental assistance. Funds will enable low-income Coloradans living with HIV/AIDS and their families to achieve housing stability, improved access to healthcare and medication, and reduce the risk of future homelessness.

The 2017-2018 goal is to assist 65 households with both rental assistance and supportive services. The State will retain 3% of its HOPWA grant for administration, the remainder will be granted to CHN which will use 7% for Admin and the remaining funds for rental assistance and supportive services.

DOLA has been working to improve the IDIS process for tracking program income held at the local level. We will create projects and activities to that better reflect PI and RL draws and receipts at an activity level. These changes should also provide HUD with a better indication of PI and RL held at the local level, and the overall activity of revolving loan funds throughout the state. Furthermore, as indicated in the methods of distribution, we plan to recapture funds held at the local level with inactive programs in order to redistribute those funds in a way that better serves those communities.

Attachments

Citizen Participation Comments

2017-2018 Annual Action Plan Public Comments

- Written comments received via email:
 - "Colorado should expend more effort and allocate more resources, than it does now, on 0 preservation of affordable housing versus new construction, because preservation is more cost-effective than new construction. The logic that new units need to be added while preserving existing units, while true, misses the point of preservation being more cost effective, because it does not account for the units of NOAH (naturally occurring affordable housing) that are lost to market rate 'value-add developers'. For Colorado, the federal and state dollars spent on the sum total of preserved and new construction subsidized affordable units unfortunately is far less than the # of NOAH's lost to marketrate developers – so that in the end, we lose more affordable units than we preserve or build new. Since converting a NOAH into subsidized affordable housing is more costeffective than building a new structure, and if we consider preserving or converting a NOAH unit as 'adding' a new unit into the subsidized affordable bucket, then the strategy of preserving NOAHs is much cheaper than 'adding' a new unit with new construction. Also, if we were to add the cost of utility subsidy (Utility allowances) into the cost of the overall subsidized affordable housing, then making a property green i.e. energy and water efficient, is even more cost-effective than preservation. But currently there is no requirements or incentives (federal or state) offered to existing subsidized affordable housing to be efficient. Again, in order to maximize the cost-effectiveness of the federal or state subsidies, DOH should consider a strategy on how making subsidized affordable housing more efficient, can reduce the need for subsidies and thus make housing more affordable."
 - Staff accepts this comment, and will continue to consider this information throughout the year in order to address these concerns.
 - "1. Thank you for noting Colorado has a shortfall of over 100,000 rental units for households earning under \$20,000 years.(p 114-115). We agree that the "primary goal of using Housing trust fund is to create units for extremely low-income individuals through Colorado", using this \$3 million as a first step in filling the large gap.

While housing is becoming increasingly unaffordable to many in Colorado, those with the lowest income face the most severe shortages. For every 100 renters who are extremely low income (earning less than 30% of Area Median Income), there are only 27 housing units affordable at 30% or less of their income (National Low Income Housing Coalition tabulation of 2015 ACS PUMS data).

2. Include manufactured housing as part of the solution to the need for affordable housing. Work with partners to protect existing land-lease communities and encourage local zoning practices which include manufactured housing in the mix of available local housing stock. Promote resident ownership and education through technical assistance

In the 2017-2018 plan, there is no mention of promoting and preserving manufacture homes- one of the most affordable forms of housing. Currently, 4% of housing stock in Colorado is manufactured homes.

3. Describe/create the relationship between housing programs and the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) or workforce centers. "Employment" and the need for employment was mentioned four times. Many other government programs and agencies were mentioned by name. And under WIOA, workforce centers are supposed to prioritize for services those who have barriers to employment, specifically naming homelessness individuals (WIOA Sec. 3 Def 24 (G)). Yet the WIOA state plan did not mention the Continuum of Care or HEARTH Act and likewise this plan does not mention WIOA or workforce centers. To make better use of state resources to serve our residents, state agencies should build in links between silos."

 Staff accepts these comments and is working on how to best address manufactured homes throughout the state. Furthermore, staff would like more information on how to best coordinate efforts with WIOA.

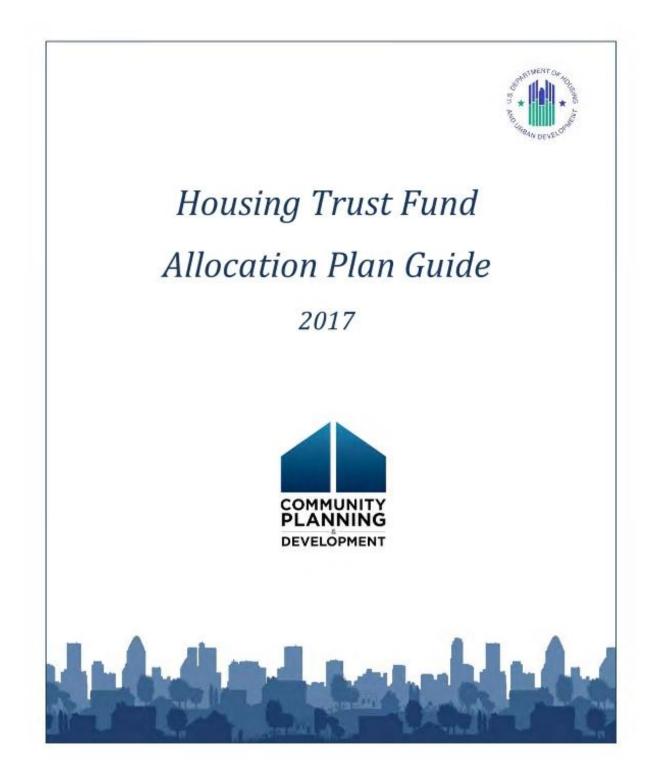
• Verbal comments provided during the public meeting:

- Supportive services are difficult to fund. Look into the First Bank Federal Home Loan and deferred developer's fees. There needs to be a better way of funding supportive services for supportive housing projects.
 - Staff accepts this comment and will consider this during the planning process for the new Homeless Solutions Program (HSP) funds.
- Regarding HTF, can there be fewer restrictions on the use of the funds?
 - Staff accepts this comment, and has explained that the HTF Allocation Plan provides preferences, but does not add specific restrictions, and encouraged meeting members to speak to us regarding projects they have in mind for this funding source.
- Regarding the new state Homeless Solutions Program (HSP) funds, a member of the public stated that she would like to see these resources partially dedicated to individuals Annual Action Plan

exiting jails and prisons, especially those with felonies on their background checks, to get them vouchers and help them find housing.

- Staff accepts this comment, and has explained that we are still in the planning process for these state funds, but that this is currently part of the plan to address these needs.
- One member of the public requested better access to funds for rural areas in the state. There was a discussion regarding how DOLA could improve the application process and make it easier for grantees to apply.
 - Staff accepts this comment, and has explained that we are working on improving our application process to make it easier for applicants to apply, with the goal of trying to make it more accessible online. We will continue to move forward with making improvements.

Grantee Unique Appendices



Annual Action Plan 2018

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I. GENERAL INFORMATION

HTF Allocation Plan

The Housing Trust Fund (HTF) Interim Rule (24 CFR Part 93) made the consolidated plan regulations at 24 CFR Part 91 applicable to the HTF. As a result, an HTF grantee (i.e., a State) must include HTF in its citizen participation plan (§ 91.115), strategic plan (§ 91.315), and annual action plan (§ 91.320). In addition, the State must submit to HUD for review and approval an HTF allocation plan with its annual action plan (§ 91.320(k)(5)). Also, as required in § 91.10, the HTF program must be administered by the State on the same program year it established for all grant programs covered by the consolidated plan.

The HTF allocation plan is an annual submission to HUD that describes how the State will distribute the HTF funds, including how it will use the funds to address its priority housing needs. The allocation plan also describes what activities may be undertaken with HTF funds and how recipients and projects will be selected.

Submission Requirement

HUD Notice CPD 12-009 requires a State submitting a consolidated plan on or after November 15, 2012 to use the eCon Planning Suite in IDIS to submit this plan and all subsequent consolidated plans, annual action plans, and consolidated annual performance and evaluations reports (CAPERs). However, the eCon Planning Suite does not currently contain the data fields to accommodate the HTF allocation plan. As a result, HUD developed this guide to assist the State in submitting the HTF allocation plan. *The State may opt to use this sample form or to submit its allocation plan in a different format, provided that all required elements are addressed.* Please visit the HTF website, www.hudexchange.info/htf for more guidance on the HTF program and HUD Notice CPD 17-05 *Guidance for HTF Grantees on Fiscal Year 2017 Housing Trust Fund (HTF) Allocation Plans* for more information on HTF allocation plans. This guide also contains a list of HTF and eCon Planning Suite resources that the State should reference before developing and submitting its HTF allocation plan. The State should also consult the *Con Plan Quick Guide: Amending a Consolidated Plan and Action Plan* for assistance on amending its consolidated plan and action plan.

Deadline

The State must submit an HTF allocation plan and make any amendments to its consolidated plan no later than <u>August 16, 2017</u>. Please note that if the State submitted a new 5-year consolidated plan for FY 2016 funding or amended its approved consolidated plan to include HTF for FY 2016 funding, the State may not need to make changes to its approved consolidated plan for FY 2017. For 2017, the HTF allocation plan must be submitted to both the local HUD CPD Field Office and to HUD's Office of Affordable Housing Programs at <u>htf@hud.gov</u>.

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Review Period

The 45-day review period begins when (a) HUD receives the Standard Form 424 and certifications or email notification that the consolidated plan has been submitted in IDIS (for new action plans) or (b) HUD receives the Standard Form 424 and certifications or email notification that an <u>amended</u> action plan has been submitted in IDIS.

Approval Process

The HTF allocation plan will be deemed approved 45 days after HUD receives the plan, unless HUD notifies the State that the plan is disapproved before expiration of the review period. Please note, if a State intends to use HTF funds to assist first-time homebuyers, it must set forth the guidelines for resale and recapture, and obtain HUD's specific, written approval, as required in § 93.304(f), <u>separate and apart</u> from the approval of the HTF allocation plan.

Need Assistance?

For assistance with the HTF allocation plan, the State should contact the local HUD CPD Field Office and/or send its question(s) to the HTF mailbox at http://www.budestin.com. For assistance with the eCon Planning Suite in IDIS, the State should contact Ask A Question on the HUD Exchange website at https://www.hudeschange.info/get-assistance/my-question/.

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II. GRANTEE INFORMATION

State:

Colorado

FY 2017 HTF Allocation Amount:

\$3,154,331

III. CONSOLIDATED PLAN REQUIREMENTS

Citizen Participation Plan

The consolidated plan regulation at § 91.115 requires the State to include HTF in its citizen participation plan. Essentially, before adopting a consolidated plan, the State is required to adopt a citizen participation plan that describes the process for providing and encouraging citizens to participate in the development of the consolidated plan, the amendments to the consolidated plan and the performance report (CAPERS). For the purposes of HTF, the State is required to make the following information available to the public:

- the amount of HTF assistance the State expects to receive,
- the range of activities the State may undertake, including the estimated amount that will benefit extremely low-income households, and
- the State's plans to minimize displacement of persons and to assist any persons displaced.

If the State already conducted its citizen participation and included HTF in any citizen participation it performed for the other HUD formula grant programs, then the State does not need to conduct additional citizen participation for HTF. If the State has not yet conducted citizen participation or did not include HTF in the citizen participation it performed for other HUD formula grant programs, then it must conduct citizen participation to include HTF as part of its consolidated plan.

Consolidated Plan Screen(s) To Revise

The following screen in the eCon Planning Suite consolidated plan template in IDIS must be revised to include HTF.

ES-05 / AP-05 Executive Summary: § 91.320(b)- The Executive Summary includes seven narratives: (1) Introduction; (2) Summary of Objectives and Outcomes; (3) Evaluation of Past Performance; (4) Summary of the Citizen Participation and Consultation Process; (5) Summary of Public Comments; (6) Summary of Comments Not Accepted; (7) Summary.

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PR-15 Citizen Participation: § 91.115 and § 91.300(c)- revise this screen to provide a summary of the citizen participation efforts made for HTF, including efforts to broaden public participation, a summary of citizen comments or views on the plan, and a written explanation of comments not accepted and the reasons why these comments were not accepted.

IV. STRATEGIC PLAN REQUIREMENTS

The State must <u>amend</u> the affordable housing section of the strategic plan to include specific objectives that describe proposed accomplishments the State hopes to achieve and must specify the number of extremely low-income families to which the State will provide affordable housing to (homeownership- § 93.302; rental- § 93.304) over a specific period of time. The State can complete this requirement by including HTF on the **SP-45 Goals** screen.

Note: Directions on how to amend a plan are included at the end of this document.

Reminder: 100 percent of FY 2017 HTF funds must benefit extremely low-income households; a minimum of 80 percent must be used for rental housing; up to 10 percent may be used for homeownership housing; up to 10 percent may be used for administrative costs.

Strategic Plan Screen(s) To Revise

In addition to updating the affordable housing section of the strategic plan, the following screens in the eCon Planning Suite consolidated plan template in IDIS must be revised to include HTF.

SP-10 Geographic Priorities: § 91.315(a)(1)- revise this screen to discuss how investments are allocated geographically.

✓ SP-25 Priority Needs: § 91.315(a)(2)- revise this screen to indicate the general priorities for allocating investment of available resources among different needs.

✓ SP-30 Influence of Market Conditions: § 93.315(b)- revise this screen to describe how the characteristics of the housing market influenced the State's decisions regarding allocation priorities among the types of housing assistance.

✓ SP-35 Anticipated Resources: § 91.315(a)(4); § 91.320(c)(1) and (2)- revise this screen to identify the federal, state, local, and private resources expected to be available to the State to address priority needs and specific objectives identified in the strategic plan. Specifically, the State should add a program to this screen by selecting "Add" in the *Action* column. This will open the SP-36 Add Anticipated Resource screen. The State should select "Other" in the *Anticipated Resource* field and enter "Housing Trust

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Fund" in the Other Funding Source field. The State should also select the "public federal" radio button in the "Source" field and complete the rest of the fields on this screen for its HTF program.

SP-45 Goals: § 91.315(a)(4) and § 91.315 (b)(2)- revise this screen to summarize the State's priorities and the specific goals it intends to initiate and/or complete within the term of the strategic plan. The State must also ensure its five year goals include any accomplishments due to HTF funds and must also enter the number of extremely lowincome families to which the State will provide assistance with its HTF funds.

V. ANNUAL ACTION PLAN REQUIREMENTS

The State must include HTF in its annual action plan or <u>amend</u> the plan to include HTF information as required in § 93.320(k)(5). The action plan must include an HTF allocation plan that describes the distribution of HTF funds, and establishes the application requirements and selection criteria of applications submitted by eligible recipients that meet the State's priority housing needs.

Annual Action Plan Screen(s) To Revise

The following screens in the eCon Planning Suite consolidated plan template in IDIS must be revised to include HTF.

- AP-15 Expected Resources: § 91.320(c)(1) and (2)- revise this screen to provide a concise summary of the federal resources expected to be available. The HTF resources added to the SP-35 Anticipated Resources screen will carry over to this screen.
- AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives: § 91.320(c)(3) and (e)- revise this screen to summarize the specific goals the State intends to initiate and/or complete within the term of the program year. Any HTF related goals and objectives entered on the SP-45 Goals screen will carry over to this screen.
- AP-25 Allocation Priorities: § 91.320(d)- revise this screen to describe the reasons for the State's allocation priorities and how the proposed distribution of funds will address the priority needs and goals of the strategic plan.
- AP-30 Method of Distribution: § 91.320(d) and (k5)- revise this screen to include a description of its method(s) for distribution for the "Other – Housing Trust Fund" selection based on the entry made on the SP-35 Anticipated Resources screen.
- AP-35 Projects: § 91.220(d)- revise this screen to include consolidated plan/annual action plan projects that reflect the planned use of HTF funds each year.

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- AP-50 Geographic Distribution: § 91.320(f)- revise this screen to describe the geographic areas of the state in which it will direct assistance during the ensuing program year and provide rationale for its priorities in allocating investment geographically.
- AP-55 Affordable Housing: § 91.320(g)- revise this screen to specify goals for the number of homeless, non-homeless, and special needs households to be provided affordable housing within the program year.
- AP-65 Homeless and Other Special Needs Activities: § 91.320(h)- revise this screen to describe how HTF will help to address the State's one-year goals and actions for reducing and ending homelessness, if applicable.
- AP-75 Barriers to Affordable Housing: § 91.320(i)- revise this screen to describe how HTF will help with any actions the State's will take during the next year to reduce barriers to affordable housing, if applicable.
- AP-85 Other Actions: § 91.320(j)- revise this screen to describe how HTF will help with any actions the State will take during the next year to carry out the following strategies outlined in the consolidated plan:
 - Foster and maintain affordable housing;
 - Evaluate and reduce lead-based paint hazards;
 - Reduce the number of poverty-level families;
 - Develop institutional structure; and
 - Enhance coordination.

In addition, the State must identify obstacles to meeting underserved needs and propose actions to overcome those obstacles using HTF funds, if applicable.

VI. ALLOCATION PLAN REQUIREMENTS

The State is responsible for distributing HTF funds throughout the State according to its housing priority needs. In addition to revising the **AP- 30 Method of Distribution** screen in IDIS, the State must respond to the following questions.

Distribution of HTF funds

- 1. How will the State distribute its HTF funds (§ 91.320(k)(5))? Select all that apply:
 - ☑ Applications submitted by eligible recipients
 - Subgrantees that are State Agencies
 - □ Subgrantees that are HUD-CPD entitlement grantees
- If distributing HTF funds through grants to subgrantees, describe the method for distributing HTF funds through grants to subgrantees and how those funds will be made available to state agencies and/or units of general local government. If not distributing funds through grants to subgrantees, enter "N/A".

N/A

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- 3. If distributing HTF funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients,
 - a. Describe the eligibility requirements for recipients of HTF funds (as defined in 24 CFR § 93.2). If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Eligible Recipients are organizations, agencies, or other entities (including public housing agencies, for-profit entities, or nonprofit entities) that receive HTF assistance from the State as an owner or developer to carry out an HTF-assisted project. To be eligible for HTF assistance, a recipient must:

 Make acceptable assurances to the State that it will comply with the requirements of the HTF program during the entire period that from the time the State selects the recipient to receive HTF funds until the conclusion of all HTF-funded activities;

(2) Demonstrate its ability and financial capacity to undertake the eligible activity, comply with HTF regulations and State requirements, and manage the eligible activity;

(3) Demonstrate its familiarity with the requirements of other Federal, State, or local housing programs that may be used in conjunction with HTF funds to ensure compliance with all applicable requirements and regulations of such programs; and

(4) Have demonstrated experience and capacity to carry out an eligible HTF activity as evidenced by its ability to own, construct/rehabilitate, manage, and/or operate an affordable multifamily rental housing development.

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b. Describe the State's application requirements for eligible recipients to apply for HTF funds. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

The Colorado Department of Local Affairs, Division of Housing (DOH) follows its traditional monthly application process to review proposals and award HTF funds to projects. Applications are accepted on or before the first working day of each month to begin that month's review cycle.

MINIMUM APPLICATION THRESHOLDS. Applicants are expected to submit complete applications. The following are the minimum threshold requirements for a complete application. However, DOH may make exceptions to the minimum threshold criteria on a project-by-project basis, according to special circumstances and local conditions. For instance, DOH may waive the "Local Financial Support" criterion under "Project Readiness to Proceed" for some projects--particularly in rural areas--where local agencies lack the resources to provide financial support to the project.

Demonstrate need by means of:

 Third party market study (not required for rehab-only applications for fully occupied properties unless post-rehab rent increases are proposed), and
 Local housing needs assessment and strategic plan (if available), and
 Local government supporting documentation substantiating the need and expressing support for the proposal.

Administrative Capacity. Adequate overall management capability as demonstrated by:

1. No unresolved financial audit findings.

2. Compliance plan to ensure that Federal and State regulations and reporting requirements will be met, including but not limited to:

 a) Federal Labor and Construction Standards, including Davis Bacon Wages, as applicable.

b) Section 3 and MBE/WBE, as applicable.

c) Fair Housing and Civil Rights, including Section 504, as applicable.

d) Residential Antidisplacement and Relocation, as applicable.

e) State or Federal procurement requirements, as applicable

f) Lead Based Paint and other environmental hazards, as applicable.

3. Property Management Experience

a) Property Management plan that ensures rent and affordability compliance.

b) Tax Credit compliance, as applicable.

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c. Describe the selection criteria that the State will use to select applications submitted by eligible recipients. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Colorado will distribute HTF funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients. 100 percent of the HTF funds will benefit extremely-low income households.

Following submission of a complete application (as described in 3.b.), an applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds, undertake eligible activities in a timely manner, and own/manage/operate an HTF-assisted property in compliance with HUD regulations will be treated as threshold criteria. Another threshold criterion for Colorado's HTF funding will be the creation or preservation of permanent rental housing (transitional housing and shelters are not eligible). Applications that fail to meet all of Colorado's threshold criteria (HTF threshold criteria and application threshold criteria) will not be considered for HTF funding.

The Colorado Department of Local Affairs, Division of Housing (DOH) follows its traditional monthly application process to review proposals and award HTF funds to projects. Applications are accepted on or before the first working day of each month to begin that month's review cycle.

Three (3) separate DOH staff reviews are completed prior to the presentation of an application to the State Housing Board for a funding recommendation to the Colorado Department of Local Affairs' Executive Director.

The first and second funding priorities will be given to applications that meet the State's priority housing needs by:

1) Providing affordable, community-based supportive housing for people with disabilities or other special needs ("Supportive Housing"). This Supportive Housing priority aligns with Colorado's Priority Need for "Housing and Assistance for the Homeless." Supportive Housing projects should include Federal, State, or local project-based rental assistance to ensure the rents for HTF-assisted units are affordable to extremely low-income families.

2) Including 30% AMI units in mixed-income developments that would be infeasible at 30% AMI rents but for HTF funding. This 30% AMI units in mixed-income developments priority aligns with Colorado's Priority Needs for "Additional Affordable Housing" and "Acquire and Preserve Affordable Housing Stock."

Additionally, applications that meet Colorado's threshold requirements will be receive priority for HTF funding as described in the following sections VI.3.d. through VI.3.i.

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d. Describe the State's required priority for funding based on geographic diversity (as defined by the State in the consolidated plan). If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Applications that contribute to Geographic Diversity (IDIS Con Plan and Action Plan SP-10) will be Colorado's third priority for HTF funding. Under this criterion, priority will be given to applications for projects that Affirmatively Further Fair Housing and/or are located in rural areas.

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e. Describe the State's required priority for funding based on the applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds and undertake eligible activities in a timely manner. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Following submission of a complete application (as described in 3.b.), an applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds and undertake eligible activities in a timely manner will be treated as threshold criteria.

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f. Describe the State's required priority for funding based on the extent to which the rental project has Federal, State, or local project-based rental assistance so that rents are affordable to extremely low-income families. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Colorado's first priority for HTF funding is for projects that provide affordable, community-based supportive housing for people with disabilities or other special needs ("Supportive Housing"). This priority aligns with Colorado's Priority Need for "Housing and Assistance for the Homeless." To meet the criteria for this priority, Supportive Housing projects should include Federal, State, or local project-based rental assistance to ensure the rents for HTF-assisted units are affordable to extremely low-income families.

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g. Describe the State's required priority for funding based on the financial feasibility of the project beyond the required 30-year period. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

All HTF units in rental housing projects are required to remain affordable as HTF units for a minimum of 30 years. Projects for which the underwriting supports financial feasibility beyond the minimum period, and for which the owner is willing to commit to a longer affordability period, are Colorado's fifth funding priority.

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h. Describe the State's required priority for funding based on the merits of the application in meeting the priority housing needs of the State (such as housing that is accessible to transit or employment centers, housing that includes green building and sustainable development features, or housing that serves special needs populations). If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

As described in VI. 3.c. and f., Colorado's top priority for HTF funding is for projects that provide affordable, community-based supportive housing for people with disabilities or other special needs ("Supportive Housing"), and include project-based rental assistance. This priority aligns with Colorado's Priority Need for "Housing and Assistance for the Homeless."

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 Describe the State's required priority for funding based on the extent to which the application makes use of non-federal funding sources. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

As its fourth funding priority, Colorado will consider non-federal leverage, or the extent to which each application includes non-federal funding sources and local resources and/or concessions. Those with greater local/non-federal commitment, when resources are available, will receive funding priority over applications with less non-federal leverage.

 Does the State's application require the applicant to include a description of the eligible activities to be conducted with HTF funds? If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, select "N/A".

Yes 🗹 No 🗆 N/A 🗆

 Does the State's application require that each eligible recipient certify that housing units assisted with HTF funds will comply with HTF requirements? If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, select "N/A".

Yes 🗹 No 🗆 N/A 🗆

6. Performance Goals and Benchmarks-§ 91.320(k)(5)(iii)

The State has met the requirement to provide for performance goals and benchmarks against which the State will measure its progress, consistent with the State's goals established under 24 CFR 91.315(b)(2), by including HTF in its housing goals in the housing table on the SP-45 Goals and AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives screens.

Yes 🗹 🛛 No 🗆

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Maximum Per-unit Development Subsidy Amount- § 91.320(k)(5) and § 93.300(a)

Enter or attach the State's maximum per-unit development subsidy limits for housing assisted with HTF funds.

The limits must be adjusted for the number of bedrooms and the geographic location of the project. The limits must also be reasonable and based on actual costs of developing non-luxury housing in the area.

If the State will use existing limits developed for other federal programs such as the Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) per unit cost limits, HOME's maximum perunit subsidy amounts, and/or Public Housing Development Cost Limits (TDCs), it must include a description of how the HTF maximum per-unit development subsidy limits were established or a description of how existing limits developed for another program and being adopted for HTF meet the HTF requirements specified above.

Colorado performed an analysis of the cost to replace a unit with the higher of 60% AMI rent or FMR with a unit with 30% AMI rent in various locations across the State. In no area of the State did this cost exceed the HOME maximum per-unit subsidy amount. Colorado has adopted the HOME maximum per-unit subsidies as its HTF maximum per-unit subsidies.

The 2017 maximum per-unit subsidies are as follows:

Max Subsidy 0 bedroom: \$141,089

Max Subsidy 1 bedroom: \$161,738

Max Subsidy 2 bedroom: \$196,673

Max Subsidy 3 bedroom: \$254,431

Max Subsidy 4 bedroom: \$279,286

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8. Rehabilitation Standards - § 91.320(k)(5)(iv) and § 93.301(b)

The State must establish rehabilitation standards for all HTF-assisted housing rehabilitation activities that set forth the requirements that the housing must meet upon project completion. The State's description of its standards must be in sufficient detail to determine the required rehabilitation work including methods and materials. The standards may refer to applicable codes or they may establish requirements that exceed the minimum requirements of the codes. At a minimum, the rehabilitation standards must address:

- Health and safety;
- Major systems;
- Lead-Based Paint;
- Accessibility;
- Disaster Mitigation;
- State and local Codes, Ordinances, and Zoning Requirements;
- Inspectable Areas and Observable Deficiencies from HUD's Uniform Physical Condition Standards identified by HUD as applicable to HTF-assisted housing; and
- Capital Needs Assessments (if applicable).

Enter or attach the State's rehabilitation standards. If the State will not use HTF funds for rehabilitation of housing, enter "N/A".

See attached.

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9. Resale or Recapture Guidelines- § 91.320(k)(5)(v) and § 93.304(f)

If the State intends to use HTF funds to assist first-time homebuyers, it must set forth the guidelines for resale or recapture and obtain HUD specific, written approval, as required in § 93.304(f). Approval of the consolidated plan or annual action plan under § 91.500 or the failure to disapprove the consolidated plan or annual action plan does not satisfy the requirement for specific HUD approval for resale or recapture guidelines.

Enter or attach a description of the guidelines that will be used for resale or recapture of HTF funds when used to assist first-time homebuyers. If the State will not use HTF funds to assist first-time homebuyers, enter "N/A".

N/A

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10. HTF Affordable Homeownership Limits- § 91.320(k)(5)(vi) and § 93.305

If the State intends to use HTF funds for homebuyer assistance and does not use the HTF affordable homeownership limits for the area provided by HUD, it must determine 95 percent of the median area purchase price and set forth the information in accordance with §93.305. If the State will not use HTF funds to assist first-time homebuyers, enter "N/A".

□ The State will use the HUD issued affordable homeownership limits.

The State has determined its own affordable homeownership limits using the methodology described in § 93.305(a)(2) and the limits are attached.

☑ N/A

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11. State Limited Beneficiaries or Preferences- § 91.320(k)(5)(vii)

Describe how the State will limit the beneficiaries or give preferences to a particular segment of the extremely low- or very low-income population to serve unmet needs identified in its consolidated plan or annual action plan. If the State will not limit the beneficiaries or give preferences to a particular segment of the extremely low- or very low-income population, enter "N/A".

Any limitation or preference must not violate nondiscrimination requirements in § 93.350, and the State must not limit or give preferences to students. The State may permit rental housing owners to limit tenants or give a preference in accordance with § 93.303(d)(3) only if such limitation or preference is described in the action plan.

The State will limit beneficiaries and/or give preferences to the following segments of the extremely low-income population:

 People with disabilities or other special needs (e.g. individuals/families exiting homelessness)

The groups listed have also been identified in the action plan in AP 25-Allocation Priorities.

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12. Refinancing of Existing Debt- § 91.320(k)(5)(viii) and § 93.201(b)

Enter or attach the State's refinancing guidelines below. The guidelines describe the conditions under which the State will refinance existing debt. The State's refinancing guidelines must, at minimum, demonstrate that rehabilitation is the primary eligible activity and ensure that this requirement is met by establishing a minimum level of rehabilitation per unit or a required ratio between rehabilitation and refinancing. If the State will not refinance existing debt, enter "N/A".

N/A

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VII. GRANTEE CERTIFICATIONS

In addition to submitting an HTF allocation plan, the State must submit all the required certifications identified at § 91.225 (for new action plans). If the State is amending the action plan to include HTF, it must resubmit the following certification to include HTF:

☑ Consistency with plan- The jurisdiction must submit a certification that the housing activities to be undertaken with CDBG, HOME, ESG, and HOPWA funds are consistent with the strategic plan. Where the HOPWA funds are to be received by a city that is the most populous unit of general local government in an EMSA, it must obtain and keep on file certifications of consistency from the authorized public officials for each other locality in the EMSA in which housing assistance is provided. HTF must be included in this certification.

VIII. REQUIRED FORMS

In addition to submitting an HTF allocation plan, the State must submit and/or complete the following standard form for its HTF program.

Standard form- 424: <u>Application for Federal Assistance</u> (§ 91.320(a))

IX. RESOURCES

The following resources should be referenced before developing and submitting the HTF allocation plan.

HTF Resources

- HTF website- www.hudexchange.info/htf
- HTF Interim Rule
- Notice CPD-17-05 <u>Guidance for HTF Grantees on Fiscal Year 2017 Housing Trust Fund</u> (HTF) Allocation Plans
- HTF FAQs
 - HTF Maximum Per-Unit Development Subsidy Amounts
 HTF Rehabilitation Standards
- HTF Webcast on Overview of the HTF program
- HTF Webinar on Developing HTF Allocation Plans
- HTF Formula Allocation

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Consolidated Plan Resources

- eCon Planning Suite website- https://www.hudexchange.info/consolidated-plan/econ-planning-suite/
- Notice CPD-12-009: Use of IDIS to Submit the Consolidated Plan
- Consolidated Plan in IDIS <u>Desk Guide</u>
- Con Plan Quick Guide: <u>Amending a Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plan For State</u>, <u>Entitlement & Regional Grantees</u>.

X. APPENDICES

Appendix A: eCon Planning Suite Editing Options

Narrative Fields and the 4,000 Character Limit

The limit on the amount of text is 4,000 characters per field. The character limit includes white spaces, formatting marks such as new paragraphs, and other hidden characters. For example, the following text "The **quick** brown fox" contains 16 visible characters, but also contains 3 white space characters and additional hidden characters related to the bold and underline formatting. Users can select the **quice** option to display and remove the hidden formatting.

Tools	Description
в <i>I</i> <u>U</u>	Bold Italics Underline
	Bullet List Numbered List
5 6	Undo Redo
(1)	Paste as Plain Text. If this tool is toggled on, any text pasted into the narrative box will be stripped of all formatting.
	Paste from Word. This tool will allow the pasted text to retain limited formatting, including Bold, Italics, Underline, and simple

Other Editing Options

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Tools	Description
	numbered and bulleted lists. Paste from Word will not retain more complex formatting, such as tables and indentation.
	Select All. This tool selects all of the text currently entered in the narrative box.
¶	Show/Hide Visual Control Characters. This tool is used to toggle the display of hidden formatting, such as paragraph marks (not currently functional).
нтт	Edit HTML Source. This tool opens a dialog box where users can edit the HTML Code to format the text of the narrative box.

Adding Additional Text Box for Narrative:

To input additional narrative beyond 4,000 characters, grantees can add another <u>text</u> <u>box</u>. Due to embedded formatting in PDF documents, grantees should not try to copy text from PDFs, but should only use text or Microsoft Word files.

The screenshot below shows the features of narrative fields in the template.

#21日日の「海南川」 **		
This Action Flan outlines the City of Hammor by the U.S. Department of Housing and Links	chi proposed activities for the program year beginning April 1, 2913 and ending Harch 3 in Development (HED) under the following grant programs:	1, 2013 using Federal funds granted to the City
Community Development Block Grant Horve Investment Partnership (HONE) Energency Shelter Grant (ESG) progr	and	
Type Seguress	Later	Action
Text 1	Objectives and Dusca	2 Jacon I. Edge I. Chalanter
	AND DUD THE ! AND DUD DATE AND DRAFT AND THAT ! A LITHUR	

June 2017

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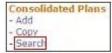
Appendix B: Amending a Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plan

I. Amending Approved Consolidated Plan/Year 1 Action Plan

The State should follow these instructions to amend its consolidated plan and annual action plan to include HTF. All States are responsible for amending their individual Action Plans.

To amend a Consolidated Plan/Year 1 Action Plan, grantees must first copy the existing plan.

1. Click "Search" under the Consolidated Plan submenu.



2. Make note of the Year and Version of the Plan to be amended.

results (Myn 1 of 1						
Constructions	River	Year -	Secure	100- Contract of the second	Alabas	As lines
NAME AND ADDRESS OF AD	18	2.015	1	star variable we were contaildated vian accuraccy	icevery completed	vies

3. Click "Copy" under the Consolidated Plan submenu.

C	onsolidated	Plans
-	Add	
-	Copy	
-	Search	

4. Enter the Source Year and Version from the Plan to be copied (identified in Step 2).

Cuse:	Cannel
	Source Consolidated Plan's Start Yeart*
	Source Consolidated Plan's Version: *
	New Consolidated Plan's Start Years*
	New Consolidated Plan's End Year?"
	New Consplidated Plan's Version:**
	Ti Amendment: * [N/A 🔹

 Enter the Start Year, End Year and Version for the amended plan. For amendments, the Start Year must be the same as the Source Plan. Select whether the amendment is Minor or Substantial from the dropdown menu.

June 2017

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- 6. Once completed, click "Copy." The Amended plan will be accessible from the Consolidated Plan search screen. The default title of the copied plan will be "ConPlan Copy." Grantees can change the title on the AD-25 screen.
- If the copy is a Substantial Amendment, the AD-25 screen will include a text box following the "If Amendment" dropdown menu to explain the amendment.



 All amendments, minor and substantial, must be submitted for review in IDIS to ensure the amended information is included in the CAPER. Depending on the amendment, the Field Office may not conduct a full review of the plan, but must functionally mark the amended plan as "Review Complete" in IDIS.

II. Amending the Action Plan

- Click "Search" under the Action Plan submenu and note the Year and Version of the Action Plan to be amended.
- 2. Click "Copy" in the Action Plan submenu.



Enter information in the fields provided. For amendments, the Program Year for the amended plan must be the same as the Source Program Year.

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Copy Annu	al Action Plan
Copy Ca	icel
	Source AAP Program Year:*
	Source AAP Plan Version:*
	New AAP Program Year:*
	New AAP Plan Version:*
	If Amendment: * N/A

- 4. Select whether the amendment is Minor or Substantial.
- When complete, click "Copy". The amended plan will be accessible from the Action Plan search screen. The default title of the copied plan will be "AAP Copy." Grantees can change the title on the AD-26 screen.
- If the copy is a Substantial Amendment, the AD-26 screen will include a text box immediately following the "If Amendment" dropdown menu to explain the amendment.

If Amendment:	Substantial *	
If Substantial Amendment, explain:*		
		A

 All amendments, minor and substantial, must be submitted for review in IDIS to ensure the amended information is included in the CAPER. Depending on the amendment, the Field Office may not conduct a full review of the plan, but must functionally mark the amended plan as "Review Complete" in IDIS.

June 2017

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2017 Housing Trust Fund Allocation Plan Supplemental Information

1.) Maximum Per-unit Development Subsidy Amount- § 91.320(k)(5) and § 93.300(a)

The State must establish its own maximum limitations on the total amount of HTF funds that can be invested per-unit for development of non-luxury housing. The limits must be reasonable, based on actual costs, and adjusted for the number of bedrooms and geographic location of the project. The State may choose to develop its own limits or adopt limits used in other federal programs such as HOME or Low-Income Housing Tax Credit and must submit them with its HTF allocation plan.

The State must submit a description of how the HTF maximum per-unit development subsidy amounts were established or a description of how existing limits developed for another program and being adopted for HTF meet the HTF requirements.

DOLA performed an analysis of the cost to replace a unit with the higher of 60% AMI rent or FMR with a unit with 30% AMI rent in various locations across the State. In no area of the State did this cost exceed the HOME maximum per-unit subsidy amount. The 2017 HOME maximum perunit subsidies are listed in the HTF Allocation Plan in Section 7.

2.) State Limited Beneficiaries or Preferences- § 91.320(k)(5)(vii)

The State will limit beneficiaries and/or give preferences to the following segments of the extremely low-income population:

People with disabilities or other special needs (e.g. individuals/families exiting homelessness)

The groups listed have also been identified in the action plan in AP 25-Allocation Priorities.

3.) Waiver of Public Comment Period

In accordance with the waiver of 24 CFR 91.115(b)(4) and 24 CFR 91.105(b)(4) for FY 2017 Action Plans for Housing Trust Fund, the Colorado Department of Local Affairs will utilize the waiver and post the HTF Allocation Plan for a period of 14 days. DOLA is taking advantage of the waiver due to the late announcement of HUD's 2017 allocation amounts. The 2017 Annual Action Plan included HTF, and was posted for public comment for more than 30-days. A public meeting was held on July 6, 2017 regarding the Annual Action Plan in regards to HOME, ESG, CDBG, HOPWA, and HTF.

4.) Response to Additional Public Comments Received During HTF Comment Period

A Deriver Metro-area non-profit agency reached out to DOLA to provide comments on their perceived difficulty using HTF funds for preservation, particularly of smaller, non-LIHTC rental rehabilitation projects. DOLA staff clarified the State's application/underwriting standards and the allowable uses of HTF funds, and invited the agency to reach out to DOLA's applicable regional housing development specialist to discuss potential applications.



COLORADO

Department of Local Affairs

Division of Housing

Multi-family Housing Rehabilitation Standards

Effective July 2017

Colorado Department of Local Affairs Division of Housing 1313 Sherman Street, Room 500 Denver, Colorado 80203 (303) 864-7810 http://dola.colorado.gov/doh

Alison George, Director

Multi-Family Housing Rehabilitation Standards

Description:

The Division of Housing (DOH) has created these Multi Family Housing Rehabilitation Standards (Rehab Standards) to uniformly provide for safe, decent, durable, high-performing and affordable housing. These Rehab Standards are written to comply with the requirements of the federal HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME) and the National Housing Trust Fund Program (HTF). Multi-family properties rehabilitated with the use of DOH funding shall meet or exceed these standards at the time of project completion, in accordance with 24 CFR 92.251(b) (HOME) and 93.301(b) (HTF). These Rehab Standards address the following:

- Capital Needs Assessment (found on page 3 in Establishing Scope of Work Priorities)
- Accessibility (found on Page 4 in Applicable Laws and Regulations)
- Disaster mitigation (found on Page 5 in Applicable Laws and Regulations)
- State and local codes (found on Page 5 in Applicable Laws and Regulations)
- Uniform Physical Condition Standards (found on Page 5 in Applicable Laws and Regulations)
- Health and safety (Section 1)
- Lead-based paint (Section 1)
- Major systems (Section 2 thru 11)

These standards are designed to be used with multi-family properties with five or more units. The Single-family Housing Rehabilitation Standards apply to one- to four- unit dwellings of three stories or less.

These standards describe the minimum requirements in a variety of ways including:

- These standards are designed to exceed the Uniform Physical Condition Standards (UPCS) and ensure upon completion, the assisted project and units will be decent, safe, sanitary and in good repair as described in 24 CFR 5.703. Appendix A: Uniform Physical Condition Standards for Multifamily Housing Rehabilitation identifies, at a minimum, those items that must be inspected along with the observable deficiency and the type and degree of deficiency that must be addressed. Any deficiency found to exist from Appendix A must be addressed, even if a specific standard for that item is not included in this document. In the event that a specific standard is not included for an observed deficiency, the repair shall be completed in a thorough and workmanlike manner in accordance with industry practice.
- Minimum requirements for the materials and methods used. All construction
 materials and methods shall be in compliance with locally adopted building codes. If
 there are no local codes, then they shall comply with State Code (the National Electrical
 Code (NEC), 2014 Edition, as may be amended by the Colorado Electrical Board, the
 International Plumbing Code (IPC) 2015 and the International Fire/Gas Code (IFGC) as
 amended in the Colorado Plumbing Code, and the International Existing Building Code
 of the ICC (IEBC)).

Note: At the time of publication and adoption of these standards, the adopted codes

referenced are believed to be those in force. As standards and codes change and are put into effect by the governing authorities having jurisdiction, the new standards and codes will apply in lieu of those referenced.

- The requirements of regulatory agencies such as the local government's Building, Housing and Zoning Codes; the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA); federal, state and local Historic Preservation requirements. These Rehabilitation Standards are not meant to substitute for a thorough understanding of all of the codes and regulations that may apply to your projects.
- The requirements of funders such as HUD (CDBG, HOME, NSP, HTF, CDBG-DR) or local governments, including the Environmental Review process.

In order to access further and more detailed information, hyperlinks to useful web sites are included in this document. They can serve as a valuable resource.

Establishing Scope of Work Priorities:

For all Rehabilitation Projects, health and safety standards represent the highest priority work to be completed first, especially if they are life threatening. Any and all life threatening health and safety deficiencies shall be corrected in every rehabilitation project, regardless of funding source **and must be addressed immediately if the housing is occupied.** Appendix A identifies life-threatening deficiencies in (***bold italic**) for the property site, building exterior, building systems, common areas, and units.

Another top priority for the scope of work is the remaining useful life of all major building systems, which shall be estimated through a Capital Needs Assessment (CNA) or other means and must cover the period of affordability. Federal funding requirements dictate that if a multifamily housing project consists of 26 units or more, a (CNA) shall be performed to determine the remaining useful life of major systems, and the Division of Housing (DOH) may require a (CNA) regardless of project size. Those systems that are found to be at or near the end of their useful life shall be repaired or replaced as part of the rehabilitation of the project. A replacement reserve shall be established and monthly payments made to the reserve account in an amount adequate to repair or replace systems as needed through the entire period of affordability. Major systems include the structure, roof, cladding, weatherproofing (windows, doors, siding, gutters, etc.), plumbing, electrical, heating, ventilation, and air conditioning, and are identified by the symbol "[MAJOR SYSTEM]".

The next priority for inclusion in the scope of work is any violation of locally adopted building code, housing code, zoning ordinance, and/or disaster mitigation standards. It is important for Grantees and their Contractors/Subcontractors to be knowledgeable about their local codes, and to communicate freely with local code officials if their code requirements are unclear. If there are no locally adopted building codes, then State Code (the National Electrical Code (NEC), 2014 Edition, as may be amended by the Colorado Electrical Board, the International Plumbing Code (IPC) 2015 and the International Fire/Gas Code (IFGC) as amended in the

Colorado Plumbing Code, and the International Existing Building Code of the ICC (IEBC)).

Most building codes, including the International Existing Building Code of the ICC (IEBC), allow for building components that were constructed in compliance with the building code that was in effect at the time, and that do not pose a health or safety threat, to remain as is. Generally, they do not need to be improved to meet current code unless they are a threat to health or safety. The same applies to these Rehab Standards – if a building component is not a threat to health or safety, and if it complies with the building code that was in effect when it was built, then the component does not need to be brought into compliance with these standards.

Grantees may choose to implement "Green Standards," identified by this symbol - [GREEN STANDARD], unless they are found under health and safety, in which case they shall be corrected to the GREEN STANDARD. These standards accomplish one or more of the following:

- Conserve water
- Conserve energy
- · Provide residents with a healthier living environment
- · Reduce impact on the natural environment
- · Create a more sustainable product lifetime

In areas where the [GREEN STANDARD] is optional and a Grantee chooses not to implement the GREEN STANDARD, the repair or replacement shall be completed according to applicable codes and in accordance with industry standards.

Source Documents:

The standards in this document were adapted from a template used by Livable Housing, Inc., a consulting and training firm, and were based on a number of similar documents used in various housing rehabilitation programs. The standards with the label [GREEN STANDARD] were added with the assistance of Enterprise Community Partners and intended to be used for including green rehabilitation improvements that follow accepted national green building standards such as LEED and the Green Communities Criteria.

Applicable Laws and Regulations

These Rehabilitation Standards are not meant to substitute for a thorough understanding of all of the regulations that may apply to your projects.

The following statutory and regulatory requirements are applicable to projects funded with federal funds:

- HUD HOME, HTF or CDBG regulations (depending on the funding source used)
- Broadband infrastructure as defined in 24 CFR 5.100 for substantial rehabilitation of a building with more than 4 rental units, the rehabilitation must provide for installation of broadband infrastructure, as this term is also defined in 24 CFR 5.100. This requirement

may be waived if DOLA makes a written determination that such installation is not required in accordance with the requirements at 24 CFR 570.482(c)(5) (CDBG), 24 CFR 92.251(b)(1)(x) (HOME), or 24 CFR 93.301(b)(1)(x) (HTF).

- Accessibility Requirements in 24 CFR part 8, which implements Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), and Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. 12131 – 12189) Implemented at 28 CFR parts 35 and 36, as applicable. Covered multifamily dwellings, as defined at 24 CFR 100.201 shall also meet the construction requirements at 24 CFR 100.205.
- NEPA Environmental Review
- Local Code: Current locally adopted Building, Housing and Zoning Codes, including any local Disaster Mitigation Standards.
- If no local Building Code: State Code (the National Electrical Code (NEC), 2014 Edition, as may be amended by the Colorado Electrical Board, the International Plumbing Code (IPC) 2015 and the International Fire/Gas Code (IFGC) as amended in the Colorado Plumbing Code, and the International Existing Building Code of the ICC (IEBC)).
- Federal Code: For programs funded with HOME or HTF funds after January 24, 2014, HUD will adapt the Uniform Physical Condition Standards (UPCS) inspection protocol for housing rehabilitation.
- Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations including the RRP regulations for Lead Based Paint
- EPA regulations for the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), dealing with hazardous materials.
- If the building is over 50 years old, then the Colorado State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) requirements as well as any federal or local Historic Preservation requirements.
- Life Safety Code NFPA 101 as published by the National Fire Protection Association.

The following are additional guidelines and codes that may apply:

- Energy: A locally adopted energy code, 2009 (or newer) International Energy Conservation Code (IECC).
- Accessibility: ANSI standards for accessibility by disabled residents
- HAZMAT: HUD Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing

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1) Health and Safety

[GREEN STANDARD] is mandatory in this section

Contamina	ants [GREEN STANDARD]
Repair Standard	
N/A	
Replacement Standard	
 Organic Compounds (VOC) and Formaldehy All paints and primers should meet Standard. <u>http://www.greenseal.or</u> All particleboard components shall 	, the most recent Green Seal G-11 Environmental rg/Home.aspx meet ANSI A208.1 for formaldehyde emission limits,
factory-applied, low-VOC sealant pr A208.2 for formaldehyde emission	shall be sealed with a low-VOC sealant or have a rior to installation. All MDF edges shall meet ANSI limits, or all exposed MDF edges shall be sealed with y-applied, low-VOC sealant prior to installation.

Lead-Based Paint (LBP) [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard ("Interim Controls")

For all housing units constructed prior to 1978, they must meet the lead-based paint requirements at 24 CFR part 35 and must follow HUD LBP Guidelines including testing for LBP and Lead-safe work practices. Only EPA-certified Renovation, Repair and Painting (RRP) contractors may perform the work. See: http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead/lbp/hudguidelines/ All interim controls shall be performed as follows and by properly trained workers:

- When any LBP-coated surfaces are disturbed, the work area shall be sealed and tenants
 of occupied buildings shall be adequately protected from LBP hazards.
- · Occupants may be temporarily relocated as required by the regulations.
- All surfaces coated with LBP shall be properly maintained over the life of the program covenants.
- Tenants living in buildings constructed prior to 1978 that are not certified as being "lead free" shall be provided with the "Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home" pamphlet, the location and condition of known LBP, and advance written notice prior to any lead-hazard reduction activity.

Replacement Standard ("Abatement")

When Interim Control is impractical, the most affordable solution for abatement of the component shall be chosen. For example, walls containing LBP may be covered with drywall or

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gutted and replaced with drywall. Trim and other wood or metal components containing LBP may be removed and replaced with similar materials.

Any work must meet the lead-based paint requirement at 24 CFR par 35 and must follow HUD LBP Guidelines including Lead-safe work practices, and only use EPA-certified abatement contractors to perform the work. See: http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead/lbp/hudguidelines/

Asbestos [GREEN STANDARD]

Asbestos can be found in these and many other common building materials: Ceiling textures, vinyl floor coverings and mastic, boiler and pipe insulation, heating and cooling duct insulation, ceiling tile, roofing products, clapboard shingles, etc. An asbestos inspection by a certified asbestos building inspector is required in Colorado if the trigger level of suspect materials to be disturbed is exceeded. An exemption is possible only if it can be shown that the building was constructed after October 12, 1988 and either no asbestos containing material (ACM) was specified in any construction document for the building OR no ACMs were used in the building.

For more information and repair requirements, see the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment's Asbestos website at: http://www.colorado.gov/cs/Satellite/CDPHE-AP/CBON/1251594599613

Replacement Standard

Repair Standard

Abatement of friable asbestos-containing materials in Colorado shall be performed by a General Abatement Contractor, certified by the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment's Air Pollution Control Division.

For more information and abatement requirements, see the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment's Asbestos website at: http://www.colorado.gov/cs/Satellite/CDPHE-AP/CBON/1251594599613

Radon [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

All residential buildings shall be subject to a "Short Term" Radon Test. If the result is a reading of 4 pCi/L or higher, then perform a follow-up "Short Term" test and average the results. If the average is above 4 pCi/L, remediation shall be required.

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Radon test kits may be purchased from your local home improvement store. Be sure the kit says "certified by the <u>National Radon Proficiency Program</u>." Individuals can also get coupons for mail-order test kits on the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment's website: http://www.colorado.gov/cs/Satellite/CDPHE-HM/CBON/1251617274212

Replacement Standard

If, as a result of the testing above, there is a presence of Radon at or above the 4 pCi/L level, remediation shall be undertaken per the EPA guidance in their Consumer's Guide to Radon Reduction: <u>Http://www.epa.gov/radon/pubs/consguid.html</u>.

If the home's water comes from a private well, the water should also be tested. Water testing is available from the <u>Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment's Laboratory</u> <u>Services Division</u>.

Mold (GF	REEN STANDARD]
Repair Standard	0
moisture has been identified and repaired, All	all be addressed per the National Center for Home." Once the source of the mold causing I carpeting, drywall or other gypsum-based wall hents with mold present shall be removed and
Replacement Standard	
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) a	nd the U.S. Centers for Disease Control
and Prevention (CDC) recommend that trained	d mold remediation professionals do
the mold clean up if mold growth covers more	e than 100 square feet, or a 10 foot by 10
foot area.	
All carpeting, drywall or other gypsum-based	
components with mold present shall be remo	
Healthy Housing protocol "Creating a Healthy structural components:	Home" shall be followed for remediation of

http://www.nchh.org/Portals/0/Contents/FloodCleanupGuide_screen_.pdf

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Fire	Saf	etv	- F	gress
rite	Jai	era		giess

Repair Standard

N/A

Replacement Standard

Egress windows are required in all new sleeping and living areas unless other secondary means of escape requirements are met, in accordance with local building codes or the IEBC. No bedrooms shall be created in attics or basements unless Life Safety Code (NFPA 101) egress requirements are met.

Fire and CO Alarms [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Existing fire and smoke, carbon monoxide and security systems that meet current local code (or the IEBC) and Colorado State Statute, shall be repaired to operating condition. If hard wiring of smoke detectors is not feasible, then detectors with 10 year lithium batteries may be used.

Replacement Standard

Smoke and carbon monoxide detectors shall be installed to meet current local code (or the IEBC) and in accordance with Colorado Statute. If hard wiring of smoke detectors is not feasible, then detectors with 10 year lithium batteries may be used.

2) Site

ay from the building shall slope away from the ewalks used for access cannot have a cross slop pressions of more than six inches (6") in diame blems and remove safety hazards. All bare e planted with low-water landscaping. Bare ea y be reseeded with grass or planted with low-	ter should be filled to correct drainage
ay from the building shall slope away from the ewalks used for access cannot have a cross slop pressions of more than six inches (6") in diame blems and remove safety hazards. All bare e planted with low-water landscaping. Bare ea y be reseeded with grass or planted with low-	e structure at a pitch of at least 1 inch per foot ope more than ¼" per foot. Holes or eter should be filled to correct drainage
iver water's website at: http://www.denver	arth within three feet of the foundation shall th more than three feet from the foundation water landscaping. For more information, see water.org/Conservation/Xeriscape/
placement Standard	N/A
1	

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Outbuildings	
Repair Standard	é.
feasible to complete the repairs requir	ing outbuildings, may be removed if it is not financially ed to make them structurally sound, leak-free, with any tached garages should have operable and lockable doors
Replacement Standard	N/A
DOH rehabilitation funds may not be u	sed to replace outbuildings.

Fencing and Gates	
Repair Standard	
	Holes, broken pickets, torn chain-link fabric, missing top
posts, gates which don't open and clos	en or missing masonry units, peeling paint, wobbly gate e properly, etc. shall be repaired.

Par	ving And Walks
Repair Standard	
hazards. Any such surfaces that are excer repaired or replaced. All existing drivewa	phalt paved pads or parking areas shall be free of trip ssively cracked, crumbling, irregular, or uneven shall be nys and automobile parking areas which are le to support vehicle traffic shall be removed,
Replacement Standard	

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Tree	s and Shrubbery
Repair Standard	
hazard. Trees that could damage the stru below the foundation shall be removed.	may be removed or trimmed, if that removes the uctural integrity of an adjoining building above or Removal shall include cutting close to the ground, and o to 12 inches below the finished grade, installation of
Replacement Standard [GREEN STANDARD]	
the State Extension Service list of local, d placement of trees, attention should be costs. Also, trees should be located a suf	tted if economically feasible and shall be selected from rought-resistant and non-invasive plant materials. In paid to shading the building to reduce air conditioning ficient distance from foundations, sidewalls, ks in order to avoid future damage from root growth,

Lawn [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard Bare section of lawn may be reseeded with drought-resistant grasses or plantings. For more information, see Denver Water's website at:

exceed half of the canopy diameter of a full-grown example of the species.

http://www.denverwater.org/Conservation/Xeriscape/

Replacement Standard

Over-seeding is permitted with drought-resistant varieties. If lawn grasses do not exist at property, drought-resistant sod can be used for renovation if existing vegetation is removed and the underlying soil is tilled or core cultivated (aerified).

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3) Building Exterior

NOTE: Any exterior work on a building that is historic shall follow the Colorado State Historic Preservation Office guidelines and any applicable local or federal regulations on historic properties.

Exterior Cladding [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Siding and trim shall be intact and weather tight and shall not permit the entry of water, snow, wind, or rodents into the interior. They shall be free of holes and broken or rotted finish materials and shall be capable of being kept in a clean and sanitary condition. All painted exterior components shall have a minimum of one continuous coat of paint, and no exterior painted surface shall have any deteriorated paint. Buildings designated as historic shall have existing siding repaired to blend with existing and shall be spot-primed and top-coated in a lead-safe manner.

Replacement Standard

Buildings may have siding replaced with wood, vinyl or cementitious siding to match the existing configuration. New wood components shall be FSC certified: <u>http://www.fsc.org/</u>. All new surfaces that will receive paint shall be primed prior to painting.

Ext	terior Porches
Repair Standard	
components shall be repaired when possi	paired when possible. Unsafe wood porch ble. Porch repairs shall be structurally sound, with riorated wood structural components shall be
Replacement Standard	

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Exterior/Interior Railings

Repair Standard

Existing handrails and railings shall be structurally sound and meet local codes (or IEBC). Guard rails are required on any accessible area, including stairs, with a walking surface over 30" above the adjacent ground level. Structurally sound railings may be repaired if it is possible to maintain the existing style. On historic structures, railing repairs shall be historically sensitive.

Replacement Standard

Handrails shall be present on one side of all interior and exterior steps or stairways with more than two risers and around steps, porches or platforms over 30" above the adjacent ground level, and shall meet local codes (or IEBC). On historic structures new exterior railings shall be historically sensitive.

Exterior Dec	ks and Exterior/Interior Steps
Repair Standard	
Steps, stairways, and porch decks sha even surfaces. Repairs shall match ex	II be structurally sound, reasonably level, with smooth and disting materials.
Replacement Standard	to meet local codes (or IEBC). Replaced wood structural

4) Foundations and Structure

Firewalls [MAJOR SYSTEM]	
Repair Standard	
이 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같아요. 이 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같아요. 이 것 같은 것 같은 것 같아요. 이 것 ? 이 것 같아요. 이 것 ? 이 것 ? 이 것 ? 이 것 ? 이 것 ? 이 ? 이 것 ? 이 ? 이	ts and between dwelling units and attached garages) laster deterioration and covered with 5/8" type X
Replacement Standard	A
When frame walls and floors adjoining ot finish installations shall conform to local of	her dwellings or attached garages are gutted, new wal

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Foundations [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Foundations shall be repaired to be sound, reasonably level, free from movement, and prevent the entrance of water or moisture. Cracks in foundation walls shall be effectively sealed and loose or defective mortar joints shall be replaced. All foundations that show evidence of leakage from the outside require appropriate and effective waterproofing. All earth-to-wood contact shall be eliminated.

Replacement Standard

Foundation replacements shall be completed to meet local codes (or IEBC).

Structura	Walls [MAJOR SYSTEM]
Repair Standard	
damage, and be adequately sized for curr	ree from visible deterioration, rot, or serious termite ent loads. Prior to rehab, all sagging rafters shall be ral damage and its cause shall be corrected.
Replacement Standard	
New structural walls shall be constructed	to meet local codes or (IEBC). All exterior walls that

5) Windows and Doors

I	nterior Doors
Repair Standard	
scratches, gouges, chipping, peeling, or o order. Doors shall be free of holes, delan	shall be in good condition and free of excessive other unsightly damage or wear and in good working ninating skins, broken stiles or rails. Gaps should be er than ¼". Baths and occupied bedrooms shall have
Replacement Standard	THE PARTY AND

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Exterior Doors [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Exterior door, frames, jambs and trim shall be in good condition and free of excessive scratches, gouges, chipping, peeling, or other unsightly damage or wear and in good working order. Doors shall be free of holes, delaminating skins, broken stiles or rails. Exterior doors shall be solid, weather-stripped to be air tight and shall operate smoothly. They shall include a peep sight, an entrance lock set and a deadbolt that is operable from the interior side without the use of a key, tool or special knowledge. Security or screen doors shall be in good working condition, including any latches and locks, and no broken glass and ripped or torn screens should be present.

Replacement Standard

Replacement doors at the front of historic buildings shall be historically sensitive. Steel, insulated doors may be installed at entrances not visible from the front street and on the front of the property for buildings that are not historic. Dead bolt locks that are operable from the interior side without the use of a key, tool or special knowledge shall be installed on all exterior doors and keyed to match the entrance lock set. All new doors shall be weather-stripped to be air tight. Security or Screen doors may be replaced if repairs are not feasible.

Windows [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Other than fixed windows, all windows shall be capable or being easily opened and closed, remain in an open position when placed there by window hardware, not sticks or other such items. Windows shall lock when closed and the open section shall be covered with a screen. Glass shall be free of open holes or cracks and secured with an adequate amount of putty. Windows shall be weather-stripped to be air tight when closed.

Replacement Standard

Windows that are not repairable shall be replaced. New windows shall meet all requirements of current local building codes or (IEBC) and shall meet the ENERGY STAR standard for this geographic region. For more information:

http://www.energystar.gov/index.cfm?c=windows_doors.pr_anat_window

Windows on key façades of historically sensitive properties shall be wood of the style original to the building. New windows on other properties may be vinyl and double-glazed.

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Basement Windows and Ventilation [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

If feasible, two basement windows on opposite sides of the building should be operable for ventilation, in good working order, and lockable.

Replacement Standard

Basement windows may be replaced with glass block, so long as a minimum of two glass block windows on opposite sides of the building have operable and lockable center vents. If the basement is used as a sleeping or living area, please refer to Section 1 for Fire Safety – Egress requirements.

6) Roofing

Flat and Low-Slo	pe Roofing [MAJOR SYSTEM]
Repair Standard	
sloughing, fissures, cracks, lifting seams, ex or asphalt flood coats. Roof coatings shall b materials. Gravel roofs shall have gravel pre	paired so that the roof is free of peeling, shipping, cessive bubbles or excessive alligatoring in coatings be in good condition and consist of compatible esent in sufficient quantity and proper distribution. and properly sealed. Asphalt shingles or cold- if the roof slope is less than 2:12.
Replacement Standard	
The most cost-effective roof shall be install accordance with local codes (or IEBC).	ed to the manufacturer's specifications and in

Pitched Roofs [MAJOR SYSTEM]	
Repair Standard	
Missing and leaking shingles and flashing shall be repaired on otherwise functional roofs provided there are no excessive lumps, breaks, tears, inconsistent birdsmouths, and the shingle roof has substantial well adhered mineral surface covering the tabs and grooves. Shingle roofs with loose minerals surface, sparsely covered surfaces, excessive curling, cupping, breakage or brittleness should be replaced. Slate, metal and tile roofs shall be repaired when feasible.	

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Replacement Standard

The most cost-effective roof shall be installed except that roofing may be installed to match other structures in the complex, or to preserve other architectural elements. On historic structures new roofing shall be historically sensitive. All roofing shall be installed to the manufacturer's specifications and in accordance with local codes (or IEBC).

Gutters and Downspouts [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Gutters and downspouts shall be in good repair, leak free and collect storm water from all lower roof edges. Concrete splash blocks shall be installed to move water away from the foundation. The system shall move all storm water away from the building and prevent water from entering the structure. In addition to positive drainage away from the building, outlets shall be a minimum of 3 feet away from the foundation.

Replacement Standard

Gutters and downspouts shall be installed and collect storm water from all lower roof edges. Concrete splash blocks shall be installed to move water away from the foundation. The system shall move all storm water away from the building and prevent water from entering the structure. In addition to positive drainage away from the building, outlets shall be a minimum of 3 feet away from the foundation.

7) Insulation and Ventilation

Infiltra	ation [green standard]
Repair Standard	
	provements shall be tested with a Blower Door and attain a maximum 0.35 Air Changes per Hour at 50
Pascal pressure (0.35 ACH50).	

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Insulation [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

If being added, insulation shall be installed per the manufacturer's instructions and at the recommended R-value for the dimensional lumber used in the wall construction. All exposed heat ducts and hot water or steam heat distribution piping along with general use hot water piping which are located in unheated spaces shall be insulated or otherwise protected from heat loss. All water distribution piping shall be protected from freezing.

Replacement Standard

When siding is being replaced and/or interior wall finishes of exterior walls are being replaced in a building, such exterior walls are to be provided with insulation and at the recommended Rvalue for the dimensional lumber used to construct walls. The ENERGY STAR Thermal Bypass Inspection Checklist should be completed, found at:

http://www.energystar.gov/ia/partners/bldrs_lenders_raters/downloads/Thermal_Bypass_Ins pection_Checklist.pdf

Bath Ventilation [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

All bathroom ventilation shall meet the local building code (or IEBC) for bath ventilation that was in effect at the time of their construction.

Replacement Standard

All bathrooms shall be mechanically vented to the \geq 80 CFM creating \leq 0.3 Sones of fan noise and shall be on the same switch as the bathroom light. Fans shall be installed according to manufacturer's specifications and shall meet the local building code (or IEBC).

Kitchen Vent	ilation [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]
Repair Standard	
All kitchen ventilation shall be funct ventilation that was in effect at the	tional and meet the local building code (or IEBC) for kitchen time of their construction.
Replacement Standard	

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Roof Ventilation [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

 Repair Standard

 All structures shall meet the local building code (or IEBC) for roof ventilation that was in effect at the time of their construction.

Replacement Standard

All new roofing systems shall meet current local code requirements (or IEBC) for ventilation.

8 - Interior Standards

Interior W	alls and Ceilings
Repair Standard	
finished without noticeable irregularities, be surface in areas subject to moisture, shall no be durably painted or otherwise appropriate	ster or sheetrock/drywall. All interior walls shall be free of exposed wiring, have a hard waterproof t allow significant entry of air in the unit, and shall ly finished. Holes, cracks and deteriorated and un- surrounding surfaces. All visual painted surfaces ards using premium vinyl acrylic paint.
Replacement Standard	
replaced sheetrock/drywall shall be taped, fl	all be replaced with ½" sheetrock/drywall. All oated, sanded, textured to match other wall areas, rials shall be used in areas subject to moisture. All

Flooring	
Repair Standard	
appropriate for type of structure and cl continuous, without liberal movement Bathroom, kitchen and other water-sus	rting existing dead load and anticipated live loads as ass of occupancy. All subfloors should be solid and or bounce, and free from rot and deterioration. ceptible floor areas shall be covered with water- or tripping hazards. Wood floors shall be in sound

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condition without excessive gouges, breakage, lifting, curling, buckling, or shrinking. Carpet shall be clean and in safe and sanitary condition free or excessive wear, tears, soil, folds, and shall be property attached. Tile floors shall be free of cracked, broken, loose or missing tiles with grout intact.

[GREEN STANDARD] Damaged wood floor shall be repaired when possible. When existing deteriorated carpet is installed over hardwood floors, the hardwood may be refinished whenever practical, taking into account the relative cost of replacing carpet and the needs of the residents.

Replacement Standard

Floor framing shall meet local code requirements (or IEBC). Subfloors shall be a minimum of ¾ inch plywood. Kitchens, baths, and other water-susceptible area shall receive resilient sheet goods.

[GREEN STANDARD] Whenever practical, rooms other than kitchens and baths with existing wood flooring shall be maintained as wood floors and refinished when appropriate. Rooms other than kitchens or baths without usable wood floors may be finished with carpet and associated products that are Carpet and Rug Institute's Green Label certified. For more information: http://www.carpet-rug.org/residential-customers/selecting-the-right-carpet-or-rug/green-label.cfm

All new flooring shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

New basement slabs shall be installed to local codes (or IEBC).

Closets	
Repair Standard	
Existing closets shall be maintained in	n good repair and have a shelf and clothes rod.
Replacement Standard	
	is a significant lack of storage space and the budget nimum depth of 2 feet and include a shelf and clothes rod.

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Cabinets and Countertop

Repair Standard

Kitchens shall have countertop and storage space adequate for the preparation and storage of food. Countertops shall free of wear, water damage, and uplifting of surface material. Existing cabinets with hardwood doors and face frames may be repaired if in good condition. All cabinets shall be sound and cleanable with no missing doors, drawers or hardware. All doors and drawers shall operate properly.

Replacement Standard

Kitchens shall have countertop and storage space adequate for the preparation and storage of food. Countertops shall be of water-proof material and backsplashes shall be provided. Replacement cabinets shall be factory-finished builders-grade or better with hardwood doors and face frames.

Appliances	
Repair Standard	
All appliances in units shall be in prop	er working order and in clean and sanitary condition.

Replacement Standard	
All new appliances shall be "Energy Star" rated.	

9) Electric

Note: If there is no local building code, then all electrical work shall comply with the State Code (the National Electrical Code, 2011 Edition, as may be amended by the Colorado Electrical Board).

Lighting	
Repair Standard	
	cross to other rooms and stairways shall be well lit. All
lights and switches in hallways, stairs a	and other passages shall be operable and safe.

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Replacement Standard

All halls, stairs and rooms necessary to cross to other rooms and stairways shall be well lit. Attics, basements and crawl spaces shall have utility fixtures. All new light fixtures shall be ENERGY STAR labeled.

Interior Electric Distribution [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Exposed knob and tube shall be replaced. Every room shall have a minimum of two duplex receptacles, placed on separate walls and one light fixture or receptacle switched at each room entrance. All electrical outlets used in bathrooms and toilet rooms, kitchens, all outlets within six feet (6') of a water source (excluding washing machines and sump pumps), outlets located on open porches or breezeways, exterior outlets, outlets located in garages and in non-habitable basements, except those outlets that are dedicated appliance outlets, shall be Ground-Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) protected. Where the source wiring circuit is accessible (e.g. first floor above basements, in gutted rooms, etc.), receptacles shall be grounded. Permanently installed or proposed stoves, refrigerators, freezers, dishwashers and disposals, microwaves, washers and dryers shall have separate circuits sized to meet local codes (or State Electrical code). All switch, receptacle, and junction boxes shall have appropriate cover plates. Wiring shall be free from hazard, and all circuits shall be properly protected at the panel. Exposed conduit is allowed.

Replacement Standard

If wall finishes are removed, those areas shall be wired to the latest version of local codes (or State Electrical Code).

Servio	e and Panel [MAJOR SYSTEM]
Repair Standard	
disconnect, at least 10 circuit-breake	circuit breaker type. Service panels shall have a main er-protected circuits, a 100-amp minimum capacity and be ad proposed devices. If a working central air conditioning rice shall be 150 amp.
Replacement Standard	
Electrical service with a main discon-	nect panel shall be installed according to local code (or

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10) Plumbing

Note: If there is no local building code, then all plumbing work shall comply with the Colorado Plumbing Code.

Drain, Waste, Vent Lines [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

The plumbing system shall be vented in a manner that allows the wastewater system to function properly. The waste system shall operate free from fouling, clogging and leaking and shall be capable of safely disposing of wastewater for all plumbing fixtures. All fixtures that discharge wastewater shall contain or be discharged through a trap that prevents the entry of sewer gas into the dwelling. Waste and vent lines shall function without losing the trap seal.

Replacement Standard

If walls are removed exposing vent and waste lines, those lines shall be reworked or replaced to the current mechanical code.

Plu	mbing Fixtures
Repair Standard	
	vs and defects, and be capable of being used for the fixtures and faucets shall have working, drip-free
Replacement Standard	
	aucets and shower diverters with 15-year, drip-free n stainless steel sinks, and new tub surrounds should
[GREEN STANDARD] Toilets with greater than model. Faucets and shower diverters sho	n a 1.6 GPF rating shall be replaced with a 1.3 GPF ould have a maximum 2.0 GPM flow.

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Plumbing Minimum Equipment [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

All existing equipment shall be operational and leak free.

Minimum Standard

All existing equipment shall be operational and leak free. Every dwelling unit shall have a minimum of one single bowl sink with hot and cold running water in the kitchen and at least one bathroom containing a vanity with a sink (or pedestal sink), and a shower/tub unit, both with hot and cold running water, and a toilet. An operable water shut off valve, that completely stops the flow of water, shall be present at each water supply line to sinks/lavatories, toilets, washing machines and water heaters. Each unit shall have an adequate continuous supply of hot water either through a minimum 40 gallon water heater or on demand water heater in the unit or through a common boiler or hot water supply for the building. Each building shall have installed at least one exterior freeze protected faucet.

Water Heaters [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Each housing unit shall be supplied with hot water either from a common source such as building-wide boiler system or from per-unit water heating equipment. Hot water supply lines shall be free of leaks and all water heating equipment shall be safe, of adequate capacity, free of corrosion and water damage, faulty operation, fire, carbon monoxide leakage and other hazards.

Replacement Standard

Hot water systems that are replaced shall be of adequate capacity, be installed per manufacturer's specifications and meet local codes (orIEBC).

[GREEN STANDARD] High efficiency power-vented or sealed combustion tankless models are allowed.

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Water Supply [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

The main shut off valve shall be operable and completely stop the flow of water to the house. If there is no existing shut-off valve, then one shall be installed. All fixtures shall be leak-free and deliver sufficient cold water and, where applicable, hot water. All lead supply pipes present shall be completely removed and replaced.

Replacement Standard

The main shut off valve shall be operable and completely stop the flow of water to the house, and should be replaced if it does not. Lead and galvanized pipe that is part of the water service or the distribution system shall be replaced with copper, PEX or other plastic approved for distribution of domestic water. All fixtures shall have brass shut off valves.

11) HVAC

Air Condition	ing [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]
Repair Standard	
	tive coolers shall be inspected, serviced and refurbished to repairable air conditioners and evaporative coolers shall
Replacement Standard	

Chimney [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard Unused chimneys shall be removed to below the roof line wherever roofing is replaced. Chimneys shall be in good repair and high enough to induce a draft that shall keep smoke from being allowed into the dwelling. Existing unlined masonry chimneys used for combustion ventilation shall be lined or corrosion resistant pipe shall be added to the interior of the chimney.

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Replacement Standard

The creation of new flues is not recommended - the use of high efficiency closed combustion appliances is recommended to avoid the need for new flues. Replacement flues, when required, shall be installed according to the fuel burning unit manufacturer's installation specifications.

Distribution System [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Duct work and radiator piping shall be well supported, insulated in unconditioned space and adequate to maintain a comfortable temperature in all habitable and essential rooms.

[GREEN STANDARD] All duct work in unconditioned space should be insulated to R-7, sealed at all seams with mastic (not tape) and pressure tested to eliminate leakage.

Replacement Standard

All duct work in unconditioned space shall be insulated to R-7, sealed at all seams with mastic (not tape), pressure tested to eliminate leakage and run in concealed space.

Heating [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

All heating equipment shall be safe, of adequate capacity, free of corrosion and water damage,

faulty operation, fire, carbon dioxide leakage and other hazards. Filters shall be secure, clean and large enough to pass sufficient recirculated air to make the unit operate properly. Equipment housings and access panels shall be intact and properly secured/installed with no exposed electrical connections, belts, pulleys, or blowers.

Replacement Standard

Gas-fired heating plants shall be rated at > 92% AFUE or better, to the extent possible. Heat pumps shall be rated at > 15 SEER. No Oil fired heating plants shall be installed and the oil heating system, including tanks and fuel lines, shall be completely removed before being replaced with new gas or electric systems. Setback thermostats may be installed. When electric resistance heating systems are replaced, soffits for ductwork and/or new distribution pipes for hot water heating systems shall be provided. Up to 4 lineal feet of resistance electric heating strips per 1000 square feet of floor area may be retained or installed in areas that are not cost effective to heat via ductwork or hot water distribution systems. All heating equipment shall be installed as per manufacturer' installation specifications and local codes (or IEBC).

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		st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
		8
Requirements for Site	Demaged (Felling /Leoping	Former av entre is so demonstral that it does not frighting on it should
Fencing and Gates	Damaged/Falling/Leaning	Fence or gate is so damaged that it does not function as it should
	Holes	Hole in fence or gate is larger than 6 inches by 6 inches
	Mission Costions	An exterior fence, security fence or gate is missing a section which could
	Missing Sections	threaten safety or security
		Runoff has extensively displaced soils which has caused visible damage or
Grounds	Erosion/Rutting Areas	potential failure to adjoining structures or systems and potentially threatens the safety of pedestrians
Grounds	Liosion nutting Areas	Plants have visibly damaged a component, area or system of the property or
	Overgrown/Penetrating Vegetation	has made them unusable or unpassable
		There is an accumulation of more than 5 inches deep or a large section of the
	Ponding/Site Drainage	grounds-more than 20%-is unusable for it's intended purpose
		Detectable sewer odors that could pose a health risk if inhaled for prolonged
Health & Safety	Air Quality - Sewer Odor Detected	periods
	*Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas Detected	Detectable strong propane, natural gas or methane gas odors that could pose a risk of explosion/ fire and/or pose a health risk if inhaled
		Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
	*Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hararda Water Looks on Jacor	Water looking, auditing or pending on an immediately poor any electrical
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical
	Electrical Equipment	apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion Flammable materials are improperly stored, causing the potential risk of fire or
	*Flammable Materials - Improperly Stored	explosion
	Finimuble Materials - Improperty Stored	Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity, or
		garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors	or debris
	Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
		Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	bodily harm
	Hazards - Tripping	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
		Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit
<u></u>	Infestation - Insects Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas Evidence of rats or micesightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings
Mailboxes/Project Signs	Mailbox Missing/Damaged	The U.S. Postal Service resident/unit mailbox cannot be locked or is missing
Wallboxes/Project signs	Mandox Missing/ Damaged	The sign is damaged, vandalized, or deteriorated, and cannot be read from a
	Signs Damaged	reasonable distance
		Cracks greater than ¾ inch, hinging/tilting, or missing section(s) that affect
	- 10 - 10 -	traffic ability over more than 5% of the property's parking lots/driveways/road
Parking Lots/Driveways/Roads	Cracks	or if a height differential could cause a tripping or falling hazard
		3 inches or more of water has accumulated making 5% or more of a parking
	Ponding	lot/driveway unusable or unsafe
		Potholes or loose material that have made a parking lot/driveway
	Potholes/Loose Material	unusable/unpassbale for vehicles and/or pedestrians or could cause tripping or falling
	Potholes/Loose Material	Settlement/heaving has made a parking lot/driveway unusable/unpassable or
	Settlement/Heaving	creates unsafe conditions for pedestrians and vehicles
	Settlemend rearing	More than 20% of the equipment does not operate as it should or equipment
Play Areas and Equipment	Damaged/Broken Equipment	that poses a threat to safety and could cause injury
		More than 20% of the play surface area shows deterioration or the play surface
	Deteriorated Play Area Surface	area could cause tripping or falling and thus poses a safety risk
		A single wall or gate of the enclosure has collapsed or is leaning and in danger
	Broken/Damaged Enclosure-Inadequate Outside	of falling or trash cannot be stored in the designated area because it is too
Refuse Disposal	Storage Space	small to store refuse until disposal
Potoining Walle	Damaged/Falling/Leaning	A retaining wall is damaged and does not function as it should as is a cafety side
Retaining Walls	Damaged/Falling/Leaning	A retaining wall is damaged and does not function as it should or is a safety risk The sytem is partially or completely blocked by a large quantity of debris ,
		causing backup into adjacent areas or runoffs into areas where runoff is not
Storm Drainage	Damaged/Obstructed	intended
Walkways/Steps	Broken/Missing Hand Railing	The hand rail is missing, damaged, loose or otherwise unusable
		Cracks greater than 3/4", hinging/tilting or missing sections that affect traffic
		ability over more than 5% of the property's walkways/steps or any defect that
	Cracks/Settlement/Heaving	creates a tripping or falling hazard
		More than 5% of walkways have large areas of spalling-larger than 4 inches by
	Spalling/Exposed rebar	4 inchesand this affects traffic ability

	es in *Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mu	
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
Doguisomente for Building	Exterior	
Requirements for Building	Exterior	Any door that is not functioning or cannot be locked because of damage to the
Doors	Damaged Frames/Threshold/Lintels/Trim	frame, threshold, lintel or trim
	second and a rest of the second sectors of the	Any door that does not function as it should or cannot be locked because of
	Damaged Hardware/Locks	damage to the door's hardware
		Any door that has a hole or holes larger than 1 inch in diameter, significant
		peeling/cracking/no paint or rust that affects the integrity of the door surface,
	Damaged Surface (Holes/Paint/Rusting/Glass)	or broken/missing glass
		Any screen door or storm door that is damaged or is missing screens or glass
		shown by an empty frame or frames or any security door that is not functionin
	Damaged/Missing Screen/Storm/Security Door	or is missing
	Deteriorated/Missing Caulking/Seals	The seals/caulking is missing on any entry door, or they are so damaged that they do not function as they should
	Missing Door	Any exterior door that is missing
Fire Escapes	*Blocked Egress/Ladders	Stored items or other barriers restrict or block people from exiting
ne escopes		Any of the functional components that affect the function of the fire escape-
	Visibly Missing Components	one section of a ladder or railing, for example-are missing
		Large cracks or gaps in foundation more than 3/8 inches wide by 3/8 inches
		deep by 6 inches long that present a possible sign of a serious structural
		problem, or opportunity for water penetration or sections of wall or floor that
Foundations	Cracks/Gaps	are broken apart
	10 12 460 9100 1	Significant spalled areas affecting more than 10% of any foundation wall or an
	Spalling/Exposed Rebar	exposed reinforcing materialrebar or other
		Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
Health and Safety	*Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near Electrical Equipment	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
	Electrical Equipment	The exit cannot be used or exit is limited because a door or window is nailed
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Emergency/Fire Exits	shut, a lock is broken, panic hardware is chained, debris, storage, or other
	Blocked/Unusable	conditions block exit
	brokkey onasuse	Exit signs that clearly identify all emergency exits are missing or there is no
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Missing Exit Signs	illumination in the area of the sign
	*Flammable/Combustible Materials - Improperly	Flammable materials are improperly stored, causing the potential risk of fire o
	Stored	explosion
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
		garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors	or debris
	Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other bodily harm
	Hazarus - Sharp Euges	bodity name
	Hazards - Tripping	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
		Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a uni
	Infestation - Insects	or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas
	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	Evidence of rats or micesightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings
Lighting	Broken Fixtures/Bulbs	Lighting fixtures and bulbs are broken or missing
		Soffits or fascia that should be there are missing or so damaged that water
Roofs	Damaged Soffits/Fascia	penetration is visibly possible
	Damaged Vents	Vents are missing or so visibly damaged that further roof damage is possible
		The drain is so damaged or clogged with debris that the drain no longer
	Damaged/Clogged Drains	functionsas shown by ponding
	and the second	Ballast has shifted and no longer functions as it should or there is damage to
	Damaged/Torn Membrane/Missing Ballast	the roof membrane that may result in water penetration
	Missing/Damaged Components from Downspout/Gutter	Drainage system components are missing or damaged causing visibile damage to the souf, structure, exterior wall surface, or interior
	Downspout/Gutter	to the roof, structure, exterior wall surface, or interior Shingles are missing or damaged, including cracking, warping, cupping, and
	Missing/Damaged Shingles	other deterioration
	initiality outlidged of highes	Evidence of standing water on roof, causing potential or visible damage to roo
	Ponding	surface or underlying materials
		- Construction of the Cons
	i onome	Large cracks or gaps that are more than 3/8 inches wide or deep and 6 inches
	i unung	Large cracks or gaps that are more than 3/8 inches wide or deep and 6 inches long that presents a possible sign of serious structural problem or opportunity
Walls	Cracks/Gaps	
Walls	1.002107000.000	long that presents a possible sign of serious structural problem or opportunity for water penetration
Walls	1.002107000.000	long that presents a possible sign of serious structural problem or opportunity for water penetration Part or all of the chimney has visibly seperated from the adjacent wall or there
Walls	Cracks/Gaps	long that presents a possible sign of serious structural problem or opportunity for water penetration Part or all of the chimney has visibly seperated from the adjacent wall or there are cracked or missing pieces large enough to present a sign of chimney failure
Walls	Cracks/Gaps Damaged Chimneys	long that presents a possible sign of serious structural problem or opportunity for water penetration Part or all of the chimney has visibly seperated from the adjacent wall or there are cracked or missing pieces large enough to present a sign of chimney failur or there is a risk of falling pieces that could create a safety hazard
Walls	Cracks/Gaps	long that presents a possible sign of serious structural problem or opportunity for water penetration Part or all of the chimney has visibly seperated from the adjacent wall or there are cracked or missing pieces large enough to present a sign of chimney failure or there is a risk of falling pieces that could create a safety hazard Caulking or glazing compound that resists weather is missing or deteriorated
Walls	Cracks/Gaps Damaged Chimneys Missing/Damaged Caulking/Mortar	long that presents a possible sign of serious structural problem or opportunity for water penetration Part or all of the chimney has visibly seperated from the adjacent wall or there are cracked or missing pieces large enough to present a sign of chimney failure or there is a risk of falling pieces that could create a safety hazard Caulking or glazing compound that resists weather is missing or deteriorated Exterior wall deterioration or holes of any size that present a risk of water
Walls	Cracks/Gaps Damaged Chimneys	long that presents a possible sign of serious structural problem or opportunity for water penetration Part or all of the chimney has visibly seperated from the adjacent wall or ther are cracked or missing pieces large enough to present a sign of chimney failur or there is a risk of falling pieces that could create a safety hazard Caulking or glazing compound that resists weather is missing or deteriorated

NOTE: Observable Deficiencie	s in *Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mu	st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
14/1	Parker (Missing (Cracked Dance	Mission on evenly disease of elect
Windows	Broken/Missing/Cracked Panes	Missing or cracked panes of glass Window sills, frames, sash lintels, or trim are damaged by decay, rust, rot,
	Damaged Sills/Frames/Lintels/Trim	corrosion, or other deterioration
	Damaged/Missing Screens	Missing screens or screens are punctured, torn or otherwise damaged
	Missing/Deteriorated Caulking/Seals/Glazing	
	Compound	Caulking or seals that resists weather is missing or deteriorated
	and a second and a	Paint covering the window assembly or trim is cracking, flaking, or otherwise
	Peeling/Needs Paint	failing
	*Security Bars Prevent Egress	The ability to exit through egress window is limited by security bars that do no function properly and, therefore, pose safety risks
	Security burs Frevenic Egress	nunction property and, therefore, pose safety risks
Requirements for Building	Systems	
inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
Domestic Water	Leaking Central Water Supply	Leaking water from water supply line is observed
		No pressure relief valve or pressure relief valve does not drain down to the
	Missing Pressure Relief Valve	floor
		Water heater chimney shows evidence of flaking, discoloration, pitting, or
	Bust/Correction on Heater Chimpou	crevices that may create holes that could allow toxic gases to leak from the
	Rust/Corrosion on Heater Chimney Water Supply Inoperable	chimney No running water in any area of the building where there should be
	water supply hoperable	One or more fixed items or items of sufficient size and weight impede access t
Electrical System	Blocked Access/Improper Storage	the building system's electrical panel during an emergency
Lieethear bystern	Burnt Breakers	Carbon residue, melted breakers or arcing scars are evident
		Corrosion that affects the condition of the components that carry current or
		any stains or rust on the interior of electrical enclosures, or any evidence of
	Evidence of Leaks/Corrosion	water leaks in the enclosure or hardware
	Frayed Wiring	Nicks, abrasion, or fraying of the insulation that exposes any conducting wire
	Missing Breakers/Fuses	Open and/or exposed breaker port
	*Missing Outlet Covers	A cover is missing, which results in exposed visible electrical connections
Florinteer	Not Operable	Elevator does not function at all or the elevator doors open when the cab is no there
Elevators Emergency Power	Not Operable Auxiliary Lighting Inoperable (if applicable)	Auxiliary lighting does not function
Emergency Fower	Maximally cignicing inoperable (in applicable)	Advisially lighting does not railed on
Fire Protection	Missing Sprinkler Head	Any sprinkler head is missing, visibly disabled, painted over, blocked, or capped
	in a second s	Missing, damaged or expired fire extinguisher in any area of the building when
	*Missing/Damaged/Expired Extinguishers	a fire extinguisher is required
	20-00 Mar 2000 M 2000 M	Evidence of mold or mildew is observed that is substantial enough to pose a
Health & Safety	Air Quality - Mold and/or Mildew Observed	health risk
	*Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas	Detectable strong propane, natural gas or methane gas odors that could pose
	Detected	risk of explosion/ fire and/or pose a health risk if inhaled
	No Overline Course Order Determent	Detectable sewer odors that could pose a health risk if inhaled for prolonged
	Air Quality - Sewer Odor Detected	periods Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
	Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical
	Electrical Equipment	apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
		Elevator is misaligned with the floor by more than 3/4 of an inch. The
	Elevator - Tripping	elevatordoes not level as it should, which causes a tripping hazard
		The exit cannot be used or exit is limited because a door or window is nailed
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Emergency/Fire Exits	shut, a lock is broken, panic hardware is chained, debris, storage, or other
	Blocked/Unusable	conditions block exit
	Streamenter Dire Fulle Adjuster Full Stream	Exit signs that clearly identify all emergency exits are missing or there is no
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Missing Exit Signs	illumination in the area of the sign
	*Flammable Materials - Improperly Stored	Flammable materials are improperly stored, causing the potential risk of fire or explosion
	- Annuale materials - improperty stored	Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
		garbage has gathered in an area not sactioned for staging or storing garbage of
	Garbage and Debris - Indoors	debris
	Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
		Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	bodily harm
	Hazards – Tripping Hazards	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
	Infortation Incosts	Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit
	Infestation - Insects	or room, especially in food preparation and storage areas
HVAC	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin Boiler/Pump Leaks	Evidence of rats or micesightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings Evidenceof water or steam leaking in piping or pump packing
	Fuel Supply Leaks	Evidence of any amount of fuel leaking from the supply tank or piping
	Contraction of the second seco	Significant formations of metal oxides, significant flaking, discoloration, or the

	in "Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mu	st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
		A misalighnment of an exhaust system on a combustion fuel-fired unit (oil,
	*Misaligned Chimney/Ventilation System	natural gas, propane, wood pellets etc.) that causes improper or dangerous venting of gases
Roof Exhaust System	Roof Exhaust Fan(s) Inoperable	Roof exhaust fan unit does not function
Noor Exhaust System	Roor Exhaust Fan(s) inoperable	Evidence of active leaks in or around the system components or evidence of
Caralitana Caratana	Broken/Leaking/Clogged Pipes or Drains	standing water, puddles or pondinga sign of leaks or clogged drains
Sanitary System	Missing Drain/Cleanout/Manhole Covers	A protective cover is missing
	Missing Drand cleanouty Mannole Covers	A protective cover is missing
Requirements for Common	Areas	
nspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
Basement/Garage/Carport	Baluster/Side Railings - Damaged	Damaged or missing balusters or side rails that limit the safe use of an area
		Cabinets are missing or the laminate is separating. This includes cases, boxes,
		or pieces of furniture with drawers, shelves, or doorsprimarily used for
Closet/Utility/Mechanical	Cabinets - Missing/Damaged	storagemounted on walls or floors
Community Room	Call for Aid - Inoperable	The system does not function as it should
		Ceiling surface has punctures that may or may not penetrate completely or
Halls/Corridors/Stairs	Ceiling - Holes/Missing Tiles/Panels/Cracks	panels or tiles are missing
		Paint is peeling, cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated on ceilings in
Kitchen	Ceiling - Peeling/Needs Paint	common areas
	Ceiling - Water Stains/Water	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildew that may have been caused by
aundry Room	Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure
2		Flat work surface in a kitchen often integral to lower cabinet space is missing
obby	Countertops - Missing/Damaged	deteriorated or damaged below the laminate
Office	Dishwasher/Garbage Disposal - Inoperable	Dishwasher or garbage disposal does not operate as it should
	2	Any door that is not functioning or cannot be locked because of damage to th
Other Community Spaces	Doors - Damaged Frames/Threshold/Lintels/Trim	frame, threshold, lintel or trim
		Any door that does not function as it should or cannot be locked because of
Patio/Porch/Balcony	Doors - Damaged Hardware/Locks	damage to the door's hardware
		Any door that has a hole or holes greater than 1 inch in diameter, significant
		peeling/cracking/no paint or rust that affects the integrity of the door surface
Restrooms	Doors - Damaged Surface (Holes/Paint/Rust/Glass)	or broken/missing glass
	200 2 2	Any screen door or storm door that is damaged or is missing screens or glass-
	Doors - Damaged/Missing Screen/Storm/Security	shown by an empty frame or frames or any security door that is not functioni
Storage	Door	or is missing
		The seals/caulking is missing on any entry door, or they are so damaged that
	Doors - Deteriorated/Missing Seals (Entry Only)	they do not function as they should
	Doors - Missing Door	Any door that is missing that is required for the functional use of the space
		Dryer vent is missing or it is not functioning because it is blocked. Dryer exhau
	Dryer Vent -Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	is not effectively vented to the outside
		One or more fixed items or items of sufficient size and weight impede access
	Electrical - Blocked Access to Electrical Panel	the building system's electrical panel during an emergency
	Electrical - Burnt Breakers	Carbon residue, melted breakers or arcing scars are evident
		Corrosion that affects the condition of the components that carry current or
	12 KIRAN (12 KIRA) (12 KIRAN (12 KIRA) (12 KIRAN (12 KIRA) (12 KIRAN (12 KIRA) (12 KIRAN (12 KIR	any stains or rust on the interior of electrical enclosures or any evidenceof
	Electrical - Evidence of Leaks/Corrosion	water leaks in the enclosure or hardware
	ris and reasoning the second	AND A DECISION OF A DECISIONO OF A
	Electrical - Frayed Wiring	Nicks, abrasion, or fraying of the insulation that exposes any conducting wire
	Electrical - Missing Breakers	Open and/or exposed breaker port
	*Electrical - Missing Covers	A cover is missing, which results in exposed visible electrical connections
	Flanse Dulaia (C. 191	Flooring that is bulging, buckling or sagging or a problem with alignment
	Floors - Bulging/Buckling	between flooring types
		Floor covering has stains, surface burns, cuts, holes, tears, loose areas or
	Floors - Floor Covering Damaged	exposed seams
	Floors - Missing Floor/Tiles	Flooring or tile flooring that is missing
	Floors - Peeling/Needs Paint	Painted flooring that has peeling or missing paint
	Floors - Rot/Deteriorated Subfloor	Rotted or deteriorated subflooring
	Classes Winter State - Data - Da	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildew that may have been caused by
	Floors - Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	
	GFI - Inoperable	The GFI does not function
	Graffiti	Graffiti on any exposed surface greater than 6 inches by 6 inches
	HVAC - Convection/Radiant Heat System Covers	Cover is missing or substantially damaged, allowing contact with
	Missing/Damaged	heating/surface elements or associated fans
		Significant formations of metal oxides, flaking, or discolorationor a pit or
	HVAC - General Rust/Corrosion	crevice
	Inite Learning	HVAC does not function. It does not provide the heating and coolingit should
	HVAC - Inoperable	The system does not respond when the controls are engaged
	*HVAC - Misaligned Chimney/Ventilation System	Any misalignment that may cause improper or dangerous venting of gases
		HVAC system shows signs of abnormal vibrations, other noise, or leaks when
	HVAC - Noisy/Vibrating/Leaking	engaged
	Lavatory Sink - Damaged/Missing	Sink, faucet, or accessories are missing, damaged, or not functioning

		st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
		Permanent light fixtures are missing or not functioning, and no other switcher
	Lighting - Missing/Damaged/Inoperable Fixture	light source is functioning in the room
	Mailbox - Missing/Damaged	The U.S Postal Service mailbox cannot be locked or is missing
	이 영 중 15 같은 것 않는 것 같	Outlet or switch is missing or a cover plate is missing or broken, resulting in
	*Outlets/Switches/Cover Plates - Missing/Broken	exposed wiring
		Walkway or ramp is damaged and cannot be used by people on foot, in
	Pedestrian/Wheelchair Ramp	wheelchair, or using walkers
		Drain is substantially or completely clogged or has suffered extensive
	Plumbing - Clogged Drains	deterioration
	Plumbing - Leaking Faucet/Pipes Range Hood /Exhaust Fans - Excessive	A steady leak that is adversely affecting the surrounding area Apparatus that draws out cooking exhaust does not function as it should
	Grease/Inoperable	and/or accumulation of dirt threatens the free passage of air
	Grease/moperable	One or more burners are not functioning or doors or drawers are impeded or
		on gas ranges pilot is out and/or flames are not distributed equally or oven no
	Range/Stove - Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	functioning
	in get see to man ge se mage st make see se	
	Refrigerator - Damaged/Inoperable	Refrigerator is missing or does not cool adequately for the safe storage of foo
	2	Damaged or missing shelves, vanity top, drawers, or doors that are not
	Restroom Cabinet - Damaged/Missing	functioning as they should for storage or their intended purpose
	Shower/Tub - Damaged/Missing	Shower, tub, or components are damaged or missing
	Sink - Missing/Damaged	Sink, faucet, or accessories are missing, damaged, or not functioning
	*Smoke Detector - Missing/Inoperable	Smoke detector is missing or does not function as it should
	Stairs - Broken/Damaged/Missing Steps	A step is missing or broken
	Stairs - Broken/Missing Hand Railing	Hand rail is missing, damaged, loose or otherwise unusable
		Exhaust fan is not functioning or window designed for ventilation does not
	Ventilation/Exhaust System - Inoperable	open
	Walls - Bulging/Buckling	Bulging, buckling or sagging walls or a lack of horizontal alignment
	Walls - Damaged	Punctures in the wall surface that may or may not penetrate completely
		Cove molding, chair rail, base molding, or other decorative trim is damaged o
	Walls - Damaged/Deteriorated Trim	has decayed
	Walls - Peeling/Needs Paint	Paint is peeling, cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated
	in a line and and the second	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildewor damage caused by
	Walls - Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure
		Fixture elementsseat, flush handle, cover etcare missing or damaged or th
	Water Closet/Toilet - Damaged/Clogged/Missing Windows - Cracked/Broken/Missing Panes	toilet seat is cracked or has a broken hinge or toilet cannot be flushed
	windows - Cracked/Broken/Wissing Panes	Missing or cracked panes of glass Sill is damaged enough to expose the inside of the surrounding walls and
	Windows - Damaged Window Sill	compromise its weather tightness
	Windows - Damaged Window Sin Windows - Inoperable/Not Lockable	Window that is not functioning or cannot be secured because lock is broken
	Windows - Missing/Deteriorated	window that is not railed ining of cannot be secured because lock is broken
	Caulking/Seals/Glazing Compound	Caulking or seals that resists weather is missing or deteriorated
		Paint covering the window assembly or trim is cracking, flaking, or otherwise
	Windows - Peeling/Needs Paint	failing
		The ability to exit through the window is limited by security bars that do not
	*Windows - Security Bars Prevent Egress	function properly and, therefore, pose safety risks
		Evidence of mold or mildew is observed that is substantial enough to pose a
Health & Safety	Air Quality - Mold and/or Mildew Observed	health risk
	*Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas	Detectable strong propane, natural gas or methane gas odors that could pose
	Detected	risk of explosion/ fire and/or pose a health risk if inhaled
		Detectable sewer odors that could pose a health risk if inhaled for prolonged
	Air Quality - Sewer Odor Detected	periods
		Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
	*Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical
	Electrical Equipment	apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
		The exit cannot be used or exit is limited because a door or window is nailed
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Emergency/Fire Exits	shut, a lock is broken, panic hardware is chained, debris, storage, or other
	Blocked/Unusable	conditions block exit
		Exit signs that clearly identify all emergency exits are missing or there is no
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Missing Exit Signs	illumination in the area of the sign
	*Flammable/Combustible Materials - Improperly	Flammable or combustible materials are improperly stored, causing the
	Stored	potential risk of fire or explosion
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
	Carbona and Dabela Indexes	garbage has gathered in an area not sactioned for staging or storing garbage of
	Garbage and Debris - Indoors	debris
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or garbage has gathered in an area not capacitoned for staring or storing garbage
	Garbage and Debric Outdoore	garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage or debris
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors Hazards - Other	
	nazarus - Ourier	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
	12 47 2252 2077	Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other bodily harm

NOTE: Observable Deficiencies	in *Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and m	ust be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
	Hazards - Tripping	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
		Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit
	Infestation - Insects	or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas
	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	Evidence of rats or micesightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings
Pools and Related Structures	Fencing - Damaged/Not Intact	Damage that could compromise the integrity of the fence
		Garbage has backed up into chutes, because the collection structure is missing
-	chan a shall be changed	or broken or compactors or componenentschute, chute door, and other
Trash Collection Areas	Chutes - Damaged/Missing Components	componenetshave failed
Requirements for Unit	-	
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
		Damaged or missing shelves, vanity tops, drawers, or doors that are not
Bathroom	Bathroom Cabinets - Damaged/Missing	functioning as they should for storage or their intended purpose
	Lavatory Sink - Damaged/Missing	Sink, faucet, or accessories are missing, damaged, or not functioning
		Drain or faucet is substantially or completely clogged or has suffered extensive
	Plumbing - Clogged Drains, Faucets	deterioration
	Plumbing - Leaking Faucet/Pipes	A steady leak that is adversely affecting the surrounding area
	Shower/Tub - Damaged/Missing	Shower, tub, or components are damaged or missing
		Exhaust fan is not functioning or window designed for ventilation does not
	Ventilation/Exhaust System – Absent/Inoperable	open
	and a result of the result	Fixture elementsseat, flush handle, cover etcare missing or damaged or the
e 11 e	Water Closet/Toilet - Damaged/Clogged/Missing	toilrt seat is cracked or has a broken hinge or toilet cannot be flushed
Call-for-Aid (if applicable)	Inoperable Bulging/Buckling/Leaking	The system does not function as it should Ceiling is bowed, deflected, sagging, or is no longer aligned horizontally
Ceiling	Buiging/Buckling/Leaking	Ceiling surface has punctures that may or may not penetrate completely or
	Holes/Missing Tiles/Panels/Cracks	panels or tiles are missing
	Tholes/ Missing Thes/ Panels/ Clacks	Paint is peeling, cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated on ceilings in
	Peeling/Needs Paint	common areas
	Contraction of the second seco	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildew that may have been caused by
	Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure
		Any door that is not functioning or cannot be locked because of damage to the
Doors	Damaged Frames/Threshold/Lintels/Trim	frame, threshold, lintel or trim
1		Any door that does not function as it should or cannot be locked because of
-	Damaged Hardware/Locks	damage to the door's hardware
		Any screen door or storm door that is damaged or is missing screens or glass
		shown by an empty frame or frames or any security door that is not functionin
	Damaged/Missing Screen/Storm/Security Door	or is missing
	Damaged Surface -	Any door that has a hole or holes greater than 1 inch in diameter, significant
	Holes/Paint/Rusting/Glass/Rotting	peeling/cracking/no paint or rust that affects the integrity of the door surface, or broken/missing glass
	noies/Faint/Rusting/Glass/Rotting	The seals/caulking is missing on any entry door, or they are so damaged that
	Deteriorated/Missing Seals (Entry Only)	they do not function as they should
÷		Any door that is required for security (entry) or privacy (Bathroom) that is
		missing or any other unit door that is missing and is required for proper unit
	Missing Door	functionality
		One or more fixed items or items of sufficient size and weight impede access to
Electrical System	Blocked Access to Electrical Panel	the building system's electrical panel during an emergency
	Burnt Breakers	Carbon residue, melted breakers or arcing scars are evident
		Corrosion that affects the condition of the components that carry current or
		any stains or rust on the interior of electrical enclosures or any evidenceof
	Evidence of Leaks/Corrosion	water leaks in the enclosure or hardware
	Freezed Wilsing	Nital a second
	Frayed Wiring GFI - Inoperable	Nicks, abrasion, or fraying of the insulation that exposes any conducting wire The GFI does not function
	Missing Breakers/Fuses	Open and/or exposed breaker port
	*Missing Covers	A cover is missing, which results in exposed visible electrical connections
	initiality covers	Flooring that is bulging, buckling or sagging or a problem with alignment
Floors	Bulging/Buckling	between flooring types
		Floor covering has stains, surface burns, cuts, holes, tears, loose areas or
	Floor Covering Damage	exposed seams
	Missing Flooring Tiles	Flooring or tile flooring that is missing
	Peeling/Needs Paint	Painted flooring that has peeling or missing paint
	Rot/Deteriorated Subfloor	Rotted or deteriorated subflooring
	1015-1 1015 1015 1000 Editorialistation	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildew that may have been caused by
	Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure
		Evidence of mold or mildew is observed that is substantial enough to pose a
Health & Safety	Air Quality - Mold and/or Mildew Observed	health risk Detectable sewer odors that could pose a health risk if inhaled for prolonged

NOTE. Observable Denciencies in	*Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mu	st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
	Adia Quality Desarra (Matural Car (Mathema Car	Optionable stress sectors and and an another an odder that sould are a
	*Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas Detected	Detectable strong propane, natural gas or methane gas odors that could pose a risk of explosion/ fire and/or pose a health risk if inhaled
	Detetted	Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose a
	*Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical
	Electrical Equipment	apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
		The exit cannot be used or exit is limited because a door or window is nailed
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Emergency/Fire Exits Blocked/Unusable	shut, a lock is broken, panic hardware is chained, debris, storage, or other conditions block exit
	Biockedy Onusable	Exit signs that clearly identify all emergency exits are missing or there is no
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Missing Exit Signs	illumination in the area of the sign
		Flammable materials are improperly stored, causing the potential risk of fire or
	*Flammable Materials - Improperly Stored	explosion
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
	and the state of t	garbage has gathered in an area not sactioned for staging or storing garbage or
	Garbage and Debris - Indoors	debris
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors	or debris
	Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
	ar on series const	Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	bodily harm
	Hazards - Tripping	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit
	Infestation - Insects	or room, especially in food preparation and storage areas
	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	Evidence of rats or micesightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings
Hot Water Heater	*Misaligned Chimney/Ventilation System	Misalignment that may cause improper or dangerous venting of gases
		Hot water from hot water taps is no warmer than room temperature indicating
	Inoperable Unit/Components	hot water heater is not functioning properly
	20 10 10	2
	Leaking Valves/Tanks/Pipes	Evidence of active water leaks from hot water heater or related components
	Design Dell' dive to data design	There is no pressure relief valve or pressure relief valve does not drain down to
	Pressure Relief Valve Missing	the floor Significant formations of metal oxides, flaking, or discolorationor a pit or
	Rust/Corrosion	crevice
	Convection/Radiant Heat System Covers	Cover is missing or substantially damaged, allowing contact with
HVAC System	Missing/Damaged	heating/surface elements or associated fans
		HVAC does not function. It does not provide the heating and coolingit should.
	Inoperable	The system does not respond when the controls are engaged
	Misaligned Chimney/Ventilation System	Misalignment that may cause improper or dangerous venting of gases
	Noisy/Vibrating/Leaking	HVAC system shows signs of abnormal vibrations, other noise, or leaks when engaged
-	Rust/Corrosion	Deterioration from rust or corrosion on the HVAC system in the dweling unit
		Cabinets are missing or the laminate is separating. This includes cases, boxes,
		or pieces of furniture with drawers, shelves, or doorsprimarily used for
Kitchen	Cabinets - Missing/Damaged	storagemounted on walls or floors
	20 - 10 - 2020-20 - 202	Flat work surface in a kitchen often integral to lower cabinet space is missing o
	Countertops - Missing/Damaged	deteriorated or damaged below the laminate
	Dishwasher/Garbage Disposal - Inoperable	Dishwasher or garbage disposal does not operate as it should
	Plumbing - Clogged Drains	Drain is substantially or completely clogged or has suffered extensive deterioration
	Plumbing - Leaking Faucet/Pipes	A steady leak that is adversely affecting the surrounding area
	Range Hood/Exhaust Fans - Excessive	Apparatus that draws out cooking exhaust does not function as it should
	Grease/Inoperable	and/or accumulation of dirt threatens the free passage of air
		One or more burners are not functioning or doors or drawers are impeded or
		on gas ranges pilot is out and/or flames are not distributed equally or oven not
	Range/Stove - Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	functioning
	Refrigerator Missing/Damaged/Incountils	Polyingentor is mission or does not coal adaptately for the selectory of for
	Refrigerator-Missing/Damaged/Inoperable Sink - Damaged/Missing	Refrigerator is missing or does not cool adequately for the safe storage of food Sink, faucet, or accessories are missing, damaged, or not functioning
	and samaBeat missing.	Dryer vent is missing or it is not functioning because it is blocked. Dryer exhaus
Laundry Area (Room)	Dryer Vent - Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	is not effectively vented to the outside
and the second		Permanent light fixtures are missing or not functioning, and no other switched
Lighting	Missing/Inoperable Fixture	light source is functioning in the room
Outlets/Switches	Missing	An outlet or switch is missing
		An outlet or switch has a broken cover plate over a junction box or the cover
a +' (a - 1 /a 1	*Missing/Broken Cover Plates	plate is missing
Patio/Porch/Balcony	Baluster/Side Railings Damaged	Damaged or missing balusters or side rails that limit the safe use of an area
Smoke Detector	*Missing/Inoperable	Smoke detector is missing or does not function as it should
Stairs	Broken/Damaged/Missing Steps	A step is missing or broken

NOTE: Observable Deficie	encies in *Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and	Italic are considered life-threatening and must be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.	
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed	
	Broken/Missing Hand Railing	Hand rail is missing, damaged, loose or otherwise unusable	
Walls	Bulging/Buckling	Wall is bowed, deflected, sagged, or is no longer vertically aligned	
	Damaged	Punctures in the wall surface that may or may not penetrate completely	
	Damaged/Deteriorated Trim	Cove molding, chair rail, base molding, or other decorative trim is damaged on has decayed	
	Peeling/Needs Paint	Paint is peeling, cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated	
	Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildewor damage caused by saturation or surface failure	
Windows	Cracked/Broken/Missing Panes	Missing or cracked panes of glass	
	Damaged Window Sill	Sill is damaged enough to expose the inside of the surrounding walls and compromise its weather tightness	
	Missing/Deteriorated Caulking/Seals/Glazing Compound	Caulking or seals that resists weather is missing or deteriorated	
	Inoperable/Not Lockable	Window that is not functioning or cannot be secured because lock is brocken	
	Peeling/Needs Paint	Paint covering the window assembly or trim is cracking, flaking, or otherwise failing	
	*Security Bars Prevent Egress	The ability to exit through the window is limited by security bars that do not function properly and, therefore, pose safety risks	

Grantee SF-424's and Certification(s)

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 8/31/2016

* 1. Type of Submi	isaion:	* 2. Type of Application:	* If Revision, select appropriate letter(s);
Preapplication	an .	New	
Application		Continuation	* Other (Specify):
Changed/Co	rrected Application	Revision	
* 3. Date Received		4. Applicant Identifier	
06/15/2017			
5a. Federal Entity	identifier:		5b. Federal Award Identifier:
State Use Only:			
8. Date Received t	oy State:	7. State Applicatio	in identifier.
8. APPLICANT IN	FORMATION:		
* a. Legal Name:	State of Colora	đa	
b. Employen/Taxp	ayer Identification Nur	mber (EIN/TIN):	* c Organizational DUNS:
84-0644739			B781924830000
d. Address:			
* Street1:	1313 Sherman	St	
Street2:	Room 500		
' City:	Denver		
County/Parish:	Denver		
* State			CD: Colorado
Province:			
* Country:			USA: UNITED STATES
Zip / Postal Code	80203-2241		
e. Organizational	Unit:		
Department Name			Division Name:
Department of	Local Affairs		
f. Name and cont	act information of p	erson to be contacted on r	matters involving this application:
Prefo:	6	* First Nar	na: Velissa
Middle Name. 🛛			
* Last Name: 1	sate		
Suffix			
Nde: [Conso].id	ated Plan Coord:	inator	
Organizational Affi	lation:		

	3F-424
* 9. Type of Applicant 1: Select Applicant T	ype:
A: State Government	
Type of Applicant 2: Select Applicant Type	
Type of Applicant 3: Select Applicant Type	
* Other (specify)	
* 10. Name of Federal Agency:	
Department of Housing and Orban 1	Development
11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistanc	e Number:
14.211	
CFDA Tille	
Emergency Solutions Program	
13. Competition Identification Number:	
13. Competition Identification Number:	
13. Competition Identification Number:	
	ties, States, etc.);
Tille:	ties, States, etc.): Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment
Tille: 14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Coun	Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment
Tille Tille 14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Count All Colorado Countles, docx	Add Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment
Tille: 14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Count All Colorado Countles, docx * 16. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project	t: y Solutions Grant Program

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16. Congression						
'a. Applicant	CD-001			* b. Program/Project		
Attach an addition	al list of Program/Project	Congressional Distri		1		
All Colorado	Counties.docx		Add Attachment	Delete Attachment	View Attachment	
17. Proposed Pr	oject:					
* a. Start Date:	04/01/2017			* b End Date.	03/31/2018	
18. Estimated Fu	unding (\$):					
a Federal		1,961,476.00	1			
b. Applicant						
c State			1			
d. Local			1			
e Other		1.961,476.00				
f. Program Incor	me					
g TOTAL		3,922,952.00				
b. Program is c. Program is 20. Is the Appli Yes	s subject to E.O. 12372 s not covered by E.O. 1	bul has not been s 2372. ny Federal Debt? (I	elected by the State fo	r 12372 Process for revi r review. mation in attachment.)	ew on	
b. Program is c. Program is 20. Is the Appli Yes f"Yes", provide f"Yes", provide	s subject to E.O. 12372 a not covered by E.O. 1 cant Delinquent On Ar No explanation and attach this application, I certi complete and accura	bul has not been a 2372. Ty Federal Debt? (I fy (1) to the statem te to the best of r cept an award, I am	elected by the State for f "Yes," provide expla Add Attachment rents contained in the try knowledge. I also a ware that any false.	r review. Ination in attachment.) Delete Attachment Itst of certifications** a provide the required a focilious.or fraculations	View Attachment and (2) that the statem	pe to
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OMB Humber, 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 8/31/2016

Application for Federal Assist	ance SF-424	
 * 1. Type of Submission: Freepplication Application Changed/Corrected Application 	* 2. Type of Application:	* P Rovision, seleal appropriate letter(a): * Other (Specify):
* 3. Date Received: 06/15/2017	4 Applicant Identifier:	
Sa Forioral Endly Idonsifior;		50 Fedarel Avaso Identifier
<u>.</u>		
State Use Only:		
6. Data Received by State:	7. State Applicat	Lor, Ideni Reg
8. APPLICANT INFORMATION:		
"a Legak Namo" State of Color	wia.	
* o. EmployenTaxpayer identification N 84-0644700	umber (El WAIN).	* 2 Organizational DUNE
L		
d. Address:		
* Sheel 1: 1313 Abouton	1 90	
Street2: Roon 500		2000 - 200 -
* Cily Denvec		
CountyParish: Denvez		
* Siele		CC: Colorade
Courty		
*Zip/Postal Gooe 80203-0241		VSA: UNITED STATES
e. Organizational Unit:		
Deperated Note:	1947-0 SAC-0	Division Name:
Depurchent of Local Affairs	8	
). Name and contact into mation of	person to be contacted or	matton involving the applications
Pielix Me.	" High	Ame: Meliana
Middle Name		
• Last Name: Thate		
şı,mı:		
The Housing Program Assist	ant	
Organizational Alfikation		
*Telephone Kumber: 302-860-18	4.0	Fax Number 303+851-7856
'Emeliasa.chate@state.	.00,09	

9. Type of Applicant 1: Select Applicant Type: - State Government	and all a second s
A Allenant	100.00
po of Applicant 2: Select Applicant Type	î
rp= cl Applicant 3: Seleci Applicant Type	
Other (specily)	
10. Name of Federal Agency:	50). 1
epartment of Housing and Urban Nevelopiant.	
I. Galalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number: 4. 210	12
OME Investment Partnership Program	1
12. Funding Opportunity Humbler:	
ta: Panaing opportunity Homew:	
Tile	
3. Composition Identification Number:	
i#a	
4. Aroas Affacted by Project (Clibes, Counties, States, etc.):	
	Ladvment
15. Doscriptive Title of Applicant's Project:	
rogram description for BCME Involutiont Partnership Program	
dach ausporting documents as specified in agency instructions.	

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a Appleant	00-001	*b ProgramProject
ibbe na daeth	ional (ist of Program/Project	; Congretal cutal Dahida Anaadad
		Add Attachment Delete Attachment ; View Attachment
17. Proposed	Project:	
a Start Dalo	04/01/2017	*5. End Date: 03/21/2018
18. Entimated	Funding (Sk	الاستقديبي
e Federal		
b. Abb kant		4,518,840.00
c Siebe		
d. Local		
e. Other		
f Program k	icemo 1	1, 610, 000, 30
g TOTAL		6.958,889.00
20. Is the A	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	12372. Iny Federal Dobt? (If "Yes," provide explanation in attachment.)
20. In the Ap Yes If Yes', prov 21. "By signi kerein are to comply with mubject me b	pplicanti Deliaquiant Cin Ar No ide explanation and attact ng this application, I cen we, complete and accura ray resulting terms II I co a crimenal, civit, or admini	iny Federal Dobt? (if "Yes," provide explanation in attachment.)
20. Is the Ay Yes If "Yes", prov 21. "By signi keesin are to comply with aubject me b Comply with in TAGRI "The ist of apecific related	pplicant Deliaquent On A No ide exploration and attact ing this application, I cent why complete and accurs any requiling terms it i ac arrindications and assurance idea	thy Federal Dobt? (If "Yes," provide explanation in statement.) Add Allechment Delete Attachment View Attachment (ify (1) to the statements contained in the list of certifications" and (2) the statements (a) to the statements contained in the list of certifications" and (2) the statements (a) to the blast of my knowledge. I also provide the required assumances" and agree to cerept an aware that any folse, fieldings, or fraudulent statements or claims may
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CMB Mumber: 4840-8804 Enginetion Date: 8/31/2016

Application	for Federal Assists	ince SF-424	8793
1. Type of Sub	mission	12. Type of Apprication:	• # Revision, exist appropriate (etionis);
Preapplica	naile	New 1	
Application	Π	Continuațion	* Other (Speally):
Clienged/	Corrected Application	Revision	
3. Date Receiv	æd:	4. AppBosof identifier	
06/15/2017			
Sa Federal EnL	ty identifian		Sb. Federal Award Identifier:
Stato Us a Colly	r.		
. Dalo Record	d by Stalo:	7. State Applicat	ien idaniñar,
8. APPLICANT	INFORMATION:		
B Legel Name	State of Jolon	ado	
b. EmployenTr	axpeyer Idem Roation Nu	imber (EI N/TIN)	* e. Organizational DUN6:
84-6614739			0703924030030
d. Address:			
Sinest1:	1313 Abernan	at.	
Sweet2:	Room Sau		
• Oily:	Denver		
CountyParish	nerver	0.0 B2000 - 000	
Stere			COI Dolomedo
Province:			
· Country:			LIAN: LORITED STATES
" Zip) Postal Ci	ode: 802C3-9241		
e. Organizatio	inal Unit:		
Department Na			Ovision Name:
Department	OF LOCAL AFFEIRS		
r. Name and c	ontact information of	ponson to be contacted or	n metters involving this application:
РівПя.	Ma.	* Flest N	ame: Nellena
Middle Name:	A.		
* Look Nisme.	Thate		11 <u>12 - 1</u>) 2014 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
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7de: Nouali	ig Program Awalau	0110	
Grgenizeconal	1. Star 1. Start 1. S	10.000 X44	
" Telephone ré		1	Fax Number 102-561-7056
	acareaerice		

1. Type of Anolican	deral Assistance SF-424
an althe or cable or an	1: Select Applicant Type:
A: State Governm	ent
Type of Applicant 2: Sel	
Type of Applicant 3: Bel	ed Applicant Type
· Other (opecity):	
10. Name of Federal	Agencys
Department of Ko	unding and Urban Development
	Demestic Assistance Number:
14.375	
CFDA TIlle:	
HOURING TYLES HI	nd
12. Funding Opport	aulty Number:
• Thus:	
13. Competition Ideni	tificalian Number:
The	
14. Areas Affected by	r Project (Citics, Countines, States, eds.):
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All Colorado Cou 15. Descriptive Title Housing Trust P.	111.0.1
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Application	for Federal Assistance	SF-424			
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DMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 8/31/2016

Application for	Federal Assista	ance SF-424	
1. Type of Submers	ion:	* 2. Type of Application:	• If Revision, subscipepings late (a):
Preapplication		New	
Application		Continuation	* Other (Specify):
Changed/Corn	acted Application	Revielon	
a Date Received		4. Applicant identities:	
06/15/2017			
Sa. Feceral Entry Ide	anitier:	2-140 (1-147) (1-147)	So. Federal Award Identifier:
State Use Coly:	201		
B. Date Receivee by	Sate	7. State Appleat	on Idenil'er:
8. APPLICANT INF	ORMATION:		
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* b. Employer/Taxpa	yer Idenblication Nu	mber (EIN/DN):	r c. Grganzelonál DUNS
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* Country			USA, UNITED STATES
* Zip / Postal Code:	3020J-2241		
e, Organizational I	Unit		
Department Norrer			Division Name:
Department of	Local Affairs	10.000	
I. Name and conta	st information of	person to be contacted on	maitars involving this application:
Prefix: Hs	ić.	* Arsi Na	ame: Mellaca
Middle Name: A			
* Least Name: Th	9 Lee	177 - 1789 - 1798	
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Organizational Affili	at, pini	200	
* Twephone Numps	IT 303-864-184		FaxNumber 202-154-7050
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	teral Assistance 8F-424
B. Type of Applicant 1	I: Select Applicant Type:
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Type of Applicant 2: Sele	ci Applicarii Type
Type of Applicant 2: Sale	et. AppReark Type
"Other (spec-ty):	
10. Name of Federal /	Ageney:
Department of Hou	sing and Urban Development
11. Catalog of Federal	Demystic Assistance Number.
34.241	
CEDA TIlle:	
Housing Opportuna	ties for Persons with AIDS
12. Funding Opportu	nity Number:
6	
* Time	
13, Competition Identif	fication Number:
Tile	
14. Areas Affected by	Project (Cities, Counties, Builes, etc.):
	Add Atlactment Delete Atlactment View Atlactment
particular sector secto	of Applicant's Project
Program descript.	ics for Housing Oppertunities for Persons with AIES Program
	nents as seecified in agency instructions
Abach supporting docum Add Attachments	Deleta Alfachmania Vide Attachmenta

5. Congressional Districts Of:	
a. Applicant 00-201	* b. Program/Project
Bech en activitenel fist al Program/Proyect Co	ingreational Cethicts If needed.
	Add Abschment Delete Abschment V9ew Adachment
7. Proposed Project:	
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S. Estimoted Funding (\$):	
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e, Slafe	
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e Other	
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OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 8/31/2016

* 1. Type of Submiss	See.	12 Turne of Application	+ If Benjalan and at an and the laterals'	
Preapplication	on.	* 2. Type of Application:	* If Revision, select appropriate letter(s):	
Application		Continuation	* Other (Specify)	
	ected Application	Revision		
	scied Application	Revision		
* 3. Date Received:		4. Applicant identifier:		
06/15/2017			1	
ia. Federal Entity Ide	ntifier:		5b. Federal Award Identifier:	
State Use Only:				-
. Date Received by	State:	7. State Application	n Identifier	-
. APPLICANT INFO	RMATION:			
a. Legal Name: 👔	late of Colora	do		_
b. Employer/Taxpay	er Identification Nur	nber (EIN/TIN):	* c. Organizational DUNS:	
84-0644739			8781924830000	
d. Address:				_
Street1	1313 Sherman	St		1
Street2	Racen 500			-
City	Denver			_
County/Parish:	Denver			
State:			CQ: Colorada	_
Province:				
Country			USA: UNITED STATES	-
Zip / Postal Code:	80203-2241			
Organizational U	nit:			
epartment Name.			Division Name:	
epartment of 1	ocal Affairs			
Name and contac	t information of pe	rson to be contacted on ma	natters involving this application:	
nefoc Mis .		* First Name		_
fiddle Name: A.		1		
Last Name: That	e			
umix		1		-
de: Consolidate	ed Flan Coordi	nator		_
irganizational Affiliati	on:			
	-			
Telephone Number:	303-864-7844		Fax Number: 303-864-7856	

9. Type of Applicant 1: Select Applicant Type:	
A: State Government	
Type of Applicant 2: Select Applicant Type:	
Type of Applicant 3: Select Applicant Type:	_
Other (specify):	
10. Name of Federal Agency:	
Department of Housing and Urban Development	
11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number:	
14.228	
CFDA Title	_
Community Development Block Grant	
12. Funding Opportunity Number:	
Title	
3. Competition Identification Number:	
lite .	
14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.):	
CD95 Counties for 424.docx Add Adisonment Delete Atlachment View Atlach	ment
15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project:	
State-administered Small Cities CDDS Program	

16. Congressional Districts Of:			
a Applicant CO-001		* b. Program/Project	1
Attach an additional list of Program/Pr	ect Congressional Districts if needed.	W.	
CDBG Counties for 424.docx	Add Attachine	Delete Attachment	View Attachment
17. Proposed Project:			
*a. Start Date: 04/01/2017		* b End Date:	03/31/2018
18. Estimated Funding (\$):			
* a. Federal	9,128,333.00		
* b. Applicant			
* c. State			
* d. Local			
* e. Other			
* f. Program income	395,463.00		
°g. TOTAL	9,523,796.00		
	w By State Under Executive Order 123		
 b. Program is subject to E.O. 12 c. Program is not covered by E. 20. Is the Applicant Delinquent Or 	allable to the State under the Executive (372 but has not been selected by the St). 12372. Any Federal Debt? (If "Yes," provide o	ate for review,	ew on
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STATE CERTIFICATIONS

In accordance with the applicable statutes and the regulations governing the consolidated plan regulations, the State certifies that:

Afficmatively Further Fair Honsing — The State will affirmatively further fair housing, which means it will conduct an analysis of impediments to fair housing choice within the state, take appropriate actions to overcome the effects of any impediments identified through that analysis, and maintain records reflecting that analysis and actions in this regard.

Anti-displacement and Relocation Plan --It will comply with the acquisition and relocation requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, as amended, and implementing regulations at 49 CPR 24; and is has in effect and is following a residential anci-displacement and relocation assistance plan required under section 104(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, in connection with any activity assisted with funding under the CDBG or HOME programs.

Anti-Lobbying -- To the best of the State's knowledge and belief:

I No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of it, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement;

If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, it will complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lubbying," in accordance with its instructions; and

3 It will require that the language of paragraphs 1 and 2 of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts

under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

Authority of State — The submission of the onnsolidated plan is outhorized under State law and the State possesses the legal authority to carry out the programs under the consolidated plan for which it is seeking funding, in accordance with applicable HUD regulations.

Consistency with plan -- The housing activities to be undertaken with CDBG, HOME, ESG, and HOPWA funds are consistent with the strategic plan.

Section 3 –It will comply with section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, and implementing regulations at 24 CFR Part 135.

Signature/Authorized Official Date Title

Specific CDBG Certifications

The State certifies that:

Citizen Participation --It is in full compliance and following a detailed citizen participation plan that satisfies the requirements of 24 CFR §91.115 and each unit of general local government that receives assistance from the State is or will be following a detailed citizen participation plan that satisfies the requirements of 24 CFR §570.486.

Consultation with Local Governments --It has or will comply with the following:

1 It has consulted with affected units of local government in the nonentitlement area of the State in determining the method of distribution of funding.

2 It ongages in or will ongage in planning for community development activities;

3 It provides or will provide technical assistance to units of local government in connection with community development programs; and

4 It will not refuse to distribute funds to any unit of general local government on the basis of the particular eligible activity selected by the unit of general local government to meet its community development needs, except that a State is not prevented from establishing priorities in distributing funding on the basis of the activities selected.

Local Needs Identification —It will require each unit of general local government to be funded to identify its community development and housing needs, including the needs of low-income and moderate-income families, and the activities to be undertaken to meet these needs.

Community Development Plan—Its consolidated housing and community development plan identifies community development and housing needs and specifies both short-term and long-term community development objectives that have been developed in accordance with the primary objectives of Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended. (See 24 CFR 570.2 and 24 CFR part 570)

Use of Funds --It has complied with the following criteria:

I <u>Maximum Feasible Priority.</u> With respect to activities expected to be assisted with CDBG funds, it certifies that it has developed its Action Plan so as to give maximum feasible priority to activities which benefit low and moderate income families or aid in the prevention or elimination of slums or blight. The Action Plan may also include activities which the grantee certifies are designed to meet other community development needs having a particular urgency because existing conditions pose a serious and immediate threat to the health or welfare of the community, and other financial resources are not available);

2 <u>Overall Benefit.</u> The aggregate use of CDBG funds including section 108 guaranteed loans during program year(s) 2016. 2017, and 2018 shall principally benefit persons of low and moderate income in a manner that ensures that at least 70 percent of the amount is expended for activities that benefit such persons during the designated period;

3 <u>Special Assessments.</u> The state will require units of general local government that receive CDBG funds to certify to the following:

It will not attempt to recover any capital costs of public improvements assisted with CDBG funds including Section 108 loan guaranteed funds by assessing any amount against properties owned and occupied by persons of low and moderate income, including any fee charged or assessment made as a condition of obtaining access to such public improvements.

However, if CDBG funds are used to pay the proportion of a fee or assessment that relates to the enpitel costs of public improvements (assisted in part with CDBG funds) financed from other revenue sources, an assessment or charge may be made against the property with respect to the public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds.

It will not attempt to reorver any capital costs of public improvements assisted with CDBG funds, including Section 108, unless CDBG funds are used to pay the proportion of fee or assessment attributable to the capital costs of public improvements financed from other revenue sources. In this case, an assessment or charge may be made against the property with respect to the public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds. Also, in the case of properties owned and occupied by moderate-income (not low-income) families, an assessment or charge may be made against the property for public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds if the jurisdiction certifies that it lacks CDBG funds to cover the assessment.

Excessive Force --It will require units of general local government that receive CDBG funds to certify that they have adopted and are enforcing:

1 A policy prohibiting the use of excessive force by law enforcement agencies within its jurisdiction against any individuals engaged in non-violent civil rights demonstrations; and

2 A policy of enforcing applicable State and local laws against physically barring entrance to or exit from a facility or location, which is the subject of such non-violent civil rights demonstrations within its jurisdiction;

Compliance With Anti-discrimination laws—The grant will be conducted and administered in conformity with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 USC 2000d), the Fair Housing Act (42 USC 3601-3619), and implementing regulations.

Compliance with Laws -It will comply with applicable laws.

Signature/Authorized Official

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Specific HOME Certifications

The State certifies that:

Tenant Based Rental Assistance -If it intends to provide tenant-based rental assistance:

The use of HOME funds for tenent-based rental assistance is an essential element of the State's consolidated plan.

Eligible Activities and Costs --it is using and will use HOME funds for eligible activities and costs, as described in 24 CFR § 92.205 through §92.209 and that it is not using and will not use HOME funds for prohibited activities, as described in §92.214.

Appropriate Financial Assistance –Before committing any funds to a project, the State or its recipients will evaluate the project in accordance with the guidelines that it adopts for this purpose and will not invest any more HOME funds in combination with other Federal assistance than is necessary to provide affordable housing;

Signature Authorized Official

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ESG Certifications

Each State that seeks funding under the Emergency Solutions Grants Program must provide the following certifications:

Matching Funds - The State will obtain any matching amounts required under 24 CFR.

576.201 in a manner so that its subrecipients that are least capable of providing matching amounts receive the benefit of the exception under 24 CPR 576.201(a)(2).

Discharge Policy – The State will establish and implement, to the maximum extent practicable and where appropriate, policies and protocols for the discharge of persons from publicly funded institutions or systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, loster care or other youth facilities, or correction programs and institutions) in order to prevent this discharge from immediately resulting in homelessness for these persons.

Confidentiality – The State will develop and implement procedures to ensure the confidentiality of records pertaining to any individual provided family violence prevention or treatment services under any project assisted under the ESG program, including protection against the release of the address or location of any family violence shelter project, except with the written authorization of the person responsible for the operation of that shelter.

The State will ensure that its subrecipients comply with the following criteria:

Major rehabilitation/conversion – If an emergency shelter's rehabilitation costs exceed 75 percent of the value of the building before rehabilitation, the building will be maintained as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 10 years after the date the building is first excupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed rehabilitation. If the cost to convert a building will be maintained as a shelter for homeless individual or family after the value of the building after conversion, the building will be maintained as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 10 years after the conversion, the building will be maintained as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 10 years after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed conversion. In all other cases where ESG funds are used for renovation, the building will be maintained as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 3 years after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed renovation.

Essential Services and Operating Costs – IFESG funds are used for shelter operations or essential services related to street outreach or emergency shelter, the subrecipient will provide services or shelter to homeless individuals and families for the period during which the ESG assistance is provided, without regard to a particular site or structure, so long the applicant serves the same type of persons (e.g., families with children, unaccompanied youth, veterans, disabled individuals, or victims of domestic violence) or persons in the same geographic area.

Renovation – Any renovation carried our with ESG assistance shall be sufficient to ensure that the building involved is safe and sanitary.

Supportive Services -- The subrecipient will assist homeless individuals in obtaining permanent housing, appropriate supportive services (including medical and mental health treatment, counseling, supervision, and other services essential for achieving independent living), and other Federal State, local, and private assistance available for such individuals.

HOPWA Certifications

The State HOPWA grantee certifies that:

Activities --Activities funded under the program will meet urgent needs that are not being met by available public and private sources.

Building -Any huilding or structure assisted under the program shall be operated for the purpose specified in the plan:

For at least 10 years in the case of any building or structure purchased, leased, rehabilitated, renovated, or 1 converted with HOPWA assistance,

2 For at least 3 years in the case of assistance involving non-substantial rehabilitation or repair of a building or structure.

Signature Authorized Official

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Homeless Persons Involvement – To the maximum extent practicable, the subrecipient will involve, through employment, volunteer services, or otherwise, homeless individuals and families in constructing, renovating, maintaining, and operating facilities, in providing services assisted under the ESG program, and to providing services for occupants of facilities assisted ESG.

Consolidated Plan – All activities the subrecipient undertakes with assistance under ESG are consistent with the State's current HUD-approved consolidated plan.

Signature/Authorized Official

7/5/201 Date

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APPENDIX TO CERTIFICATIONS

INSTRUCTIONS CONCERNING LOBBYING REQUIREMENTS:

A. Lobbving Certification

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of ittis certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section [352, title 3],

U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.