

#### Webinar 2: Homelessness is a Housing Problem August 29, 2022

Moderated by Diane Yentel, President & CEO, National Low Income Housing Coalition







# Agenda

#### **Opening Remarks**

• Diane Yentel, NLIHC

#### Homelessness is a Housing Problem

 Gregg Colburn, University of Washington

#### Housing First Success Story: Houston, TX

 Ana Rausch & Jessica Preheim, Coalition for the Homeless of Houston/Harris County

Housing First Success Story: Ending Homelessness for People with Disabilities or Substance Use Issues

 Dora Leong Gallo, A Community of Friends

#### **Emerging Threats**

• Sarah Owsley, Empower Missouri

#### Local Advocacy

- Bonnie Harper, Partners Behavior Health Management
- Michele Knapp, Diakonos/Fifth Street Ministries

#### Take Action

• Steve Berg, NAEH





# Opening Remarks **Diane Yentel** President & CEO **National Low Income Housing Coalition** dyentel@nlihc.org







# Homelessness is a Housing Problem

## Gregg Colburn Assistant Professor of Real Estate University of Washington College of Build Environments

<u>colburn3@uw.edu</u>









NLIHC, NAEH, and CBPP's Webinar Series on Homelessness and Housing First

Gregg Colburn | August 29, 2022 University of Washington







#### (The book)

GREGG COLBURN CLAYTON PAGE ALDERN

#### HOMELESSNESS

IS A HOUSING

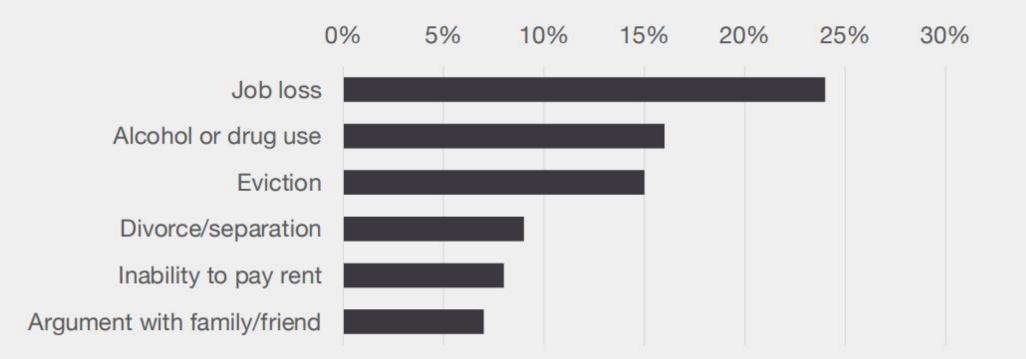
PROBLEM

HOW STRUCTURAL FACTORS EXPLAIN U.S. PATTERNS



## **Causes of Homelessness**

According to the 2019 Point-in-Time homelessness census in Seattle/King County, survey results suggest the following events or conditions lead to homelessness:





# Are these conventional explanations of homelessness **root causes** or **precipitating events**?

### **Causes of Homelessness**

Ten friends decide to play a game of musical chairs and arrange ten chairs in a circle. A leader begins the game by turning on the music, and everyone begins to walk in a circle inside the chairs. The leader removes one chair, stops the music, and the ten friends scramble to find a spot to sit—leaving one person without a chair. The loser, Mike, was on crutches after spraining his ankle. Given his condition, he was unable to move quickly enough to find a chair during the scramble that ensued.

What caused Mike's chairlessness?



## **Causes of Homelessness**

- Research demonstrates that drug use, mental illness, and poverty increase the risk of homelessness at the individual level.
- But why do these conditions produce homelessness in some geographic contexts and not others?



### Introduction

- Why do rates of homelessness vary so widely throughout the United States?
   Why, for example, does Seattle have between four and five times the per capita homelessness of Chicago?
- Does Seattle have a large homelessness problem because it has more people with these individual vulnerabilities?



## Introduction

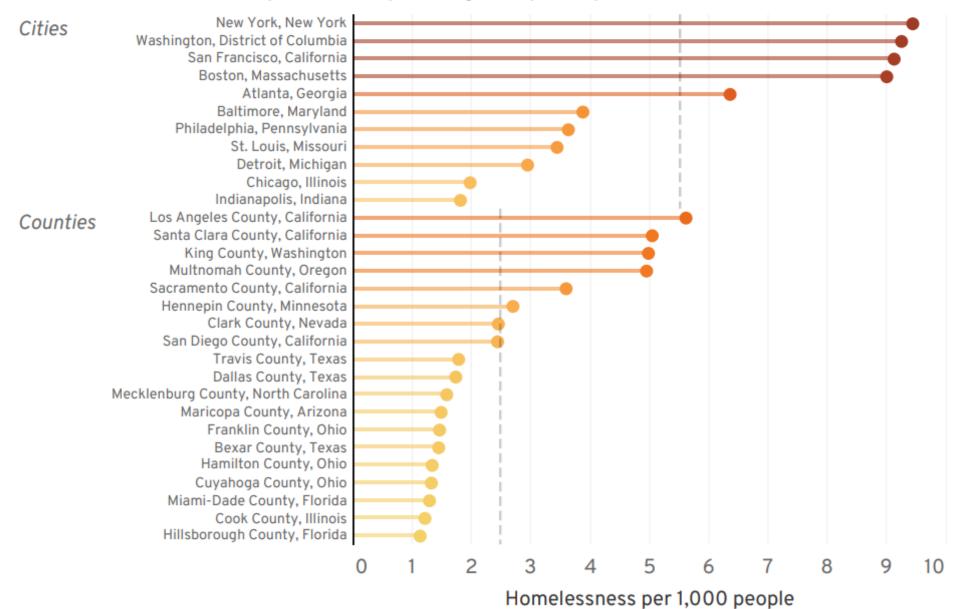
- This is a book about cities, not about people.
- Understanding who becomes homeless is an important question, but it doesn't help us understand regional variation.
- Our thesis: Tight housing markets accentuate vulnerabilities.
- Individual vulnerabilities serve as a sorting mechanism in tight housing markets.

## **Rates of Homelessness**

85

#### Per capita rates of homelessness in select U.S. regions, 2019

Dashed lines indicate city and county averages of per capita PIT counts

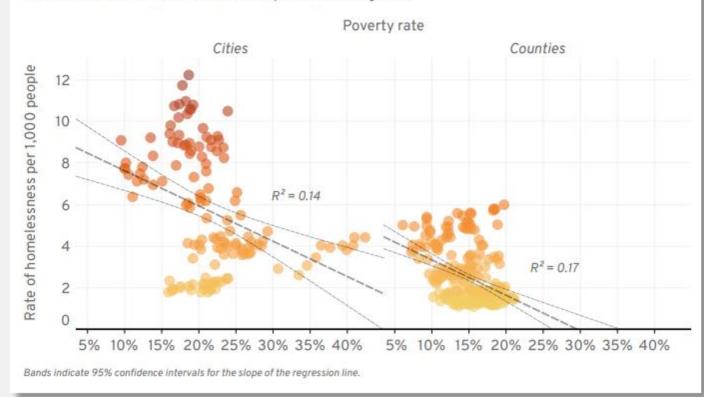


## Potential explanations: The individual

### **Potential explanations: The individual**

Percent with income below poverty level versus PIT count (per capita)

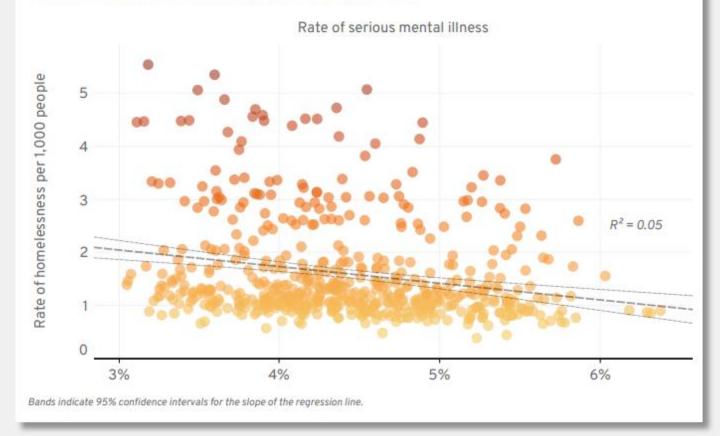
Dashed lines indicate a linear regression of per capita PIT counts onto poverty rate between 2007 and 2019 for a sample of U.S. regions.



### Potential explanations: The individual

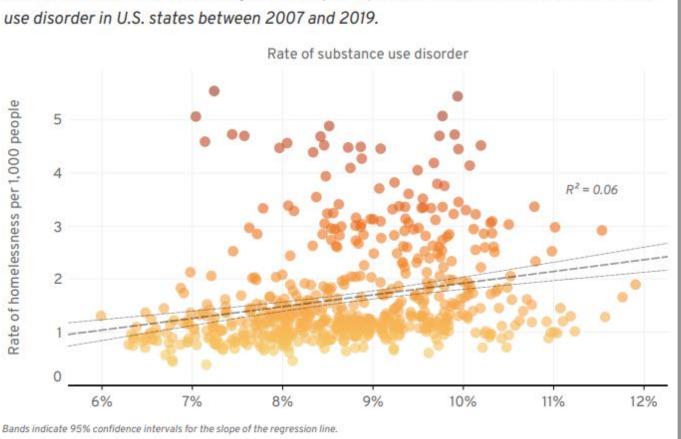
#### Rate of serious mental illness versus PIT count (per capita)

Dashed lines indicate a linear regression of per capita PIT counts onto rates of serious mental illness in U.S. states between 2007 and 2019.



### **Potential explanations:** The individual

Rate of substance use disorder versus PIT count (per capita)

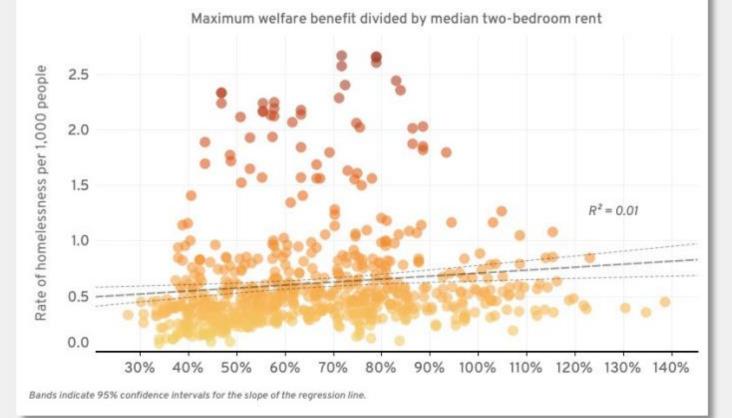


Dashed lines indicate a linear regression of per capita PIT counts onto rates of substance

#### January average temperature versus indexed homelessness Dashed lines indicate a linear regression of indexed rates of homelessness onto average January temperatures between 2007 and 2019 for a sample of U.S. regions. Average January temperature, degrees Fahrenheit 1.0 indexed per capita homelessness 0.8 $R^2 = 0.008$ 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.0 15°F 20°F 25°F 30°F 35°F 40°F 45°F 50°F 55°F 60°F 65°F 70°F 5°F 10°F Indexed rates of homelessness refer to a normalized measure of per capita rates, whereby each region-year pair is scaled with respect to the maximum rate across all cities or counties (over all years). Bands indicate 95% confidence intervals for the slope of the regression line.

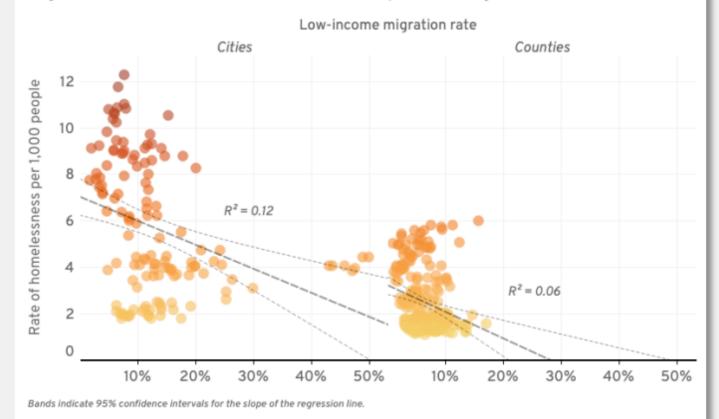
Benefit/rent ratio versus family PIT count (per capita)

Dashed lines indicate a linear regression of family per capita PIT counts onto benefit/rent ratios in U.S. states between 2007 and 2019.



#### Low-income migration rate versus PIT count (per capita)

Dashed lines indicate a linear regression of per capita PIT counts onto the low-income migration rate between 2007 and 2019 for a sample of U.S. regions.

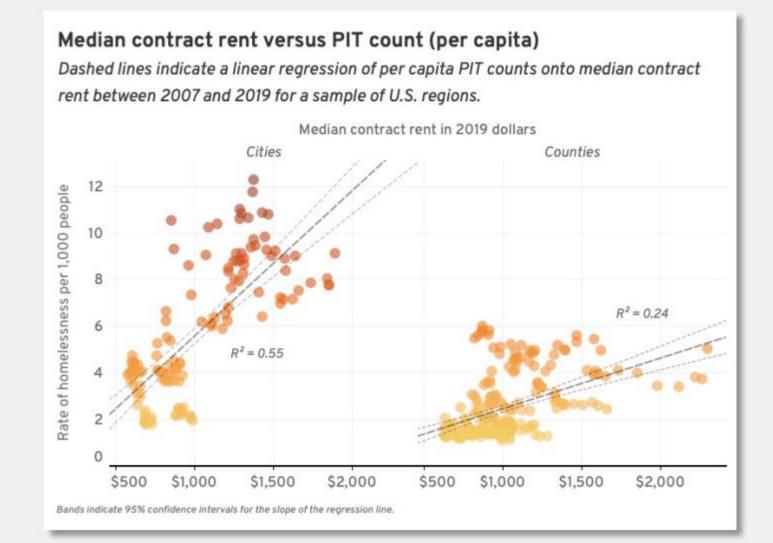


- Observers frequently blame left-leaning local politicians for conditions that encourage or tolerate homelessness. Our sample cities were governed by Democrats 85% of the time (Republicans 8%, Independents 7%).
- If Democrats are to blame, why don't Chicago and Cleveland (Democratic strongholds) have a big problem with homelessness?



### Potential explanations: Housing market

### **Potential explanations: Housing market**



### **Potential explanations: Housing market**

#### Rental vacancy rate versus PIT count (per capita)

Dashed lines indicate a linear regression of per capita PIT counts onto the natural log of rental vacancy rate between 2007 and 2019 for a sample of U.S. regions.





- Housing supply elasticity measures the change in the supply of housing to a change in price. Supply elasticity is driven by regulations and topography.
- Price elasticity of supply:

 $\% \land in quantity supplied$ 

 $\% \land in price$ 

## Typology

#### Population growth versus housing supply elasticity

Dots indicate U.S. cities; parentheses indicate 2010–2019 rental vacancy rates.



Supply elasticity estimates follow Saiz (2010). Figure forthcoming in Colburn & Aldern (2022).



Regions need two types of investments:

 Operating investments to fund housing support, maintenance, and services, and
 Capital investments to construct housing

And where housing is difficult to construct, changes to regulations and land use policy are needed



- Continuing to diagnose homelessness as a problem of the individual will undermine efforts to prevent and end it.
- The country requires a structural understanding of and structural responses to homelessness.
- Bright spot: the dramatic fall in veteran homelessness in the United States over the last decade

## Thank you!

https://homelessnesshousingproblem.com

colburn3@uw.edu @ColburnGregg

Gregg Colburn Runstad Department of Real Estate University of Washington



# Housing First Success Story: Houston, Texas

#### Ana Rausch

Vice President of Program Operations

Coalition for the Homeless of Houston/Harris County arausch@homelesshouston.org

#### Jessica Preheim

Vice President of Strategic Planning & Public Affairs

Coalition for the Homeless of Houston/Harris County jpreheim@homelesshouston.org

Center on Budget and Policy Priorities National Alliance to END HOMELESSNESS



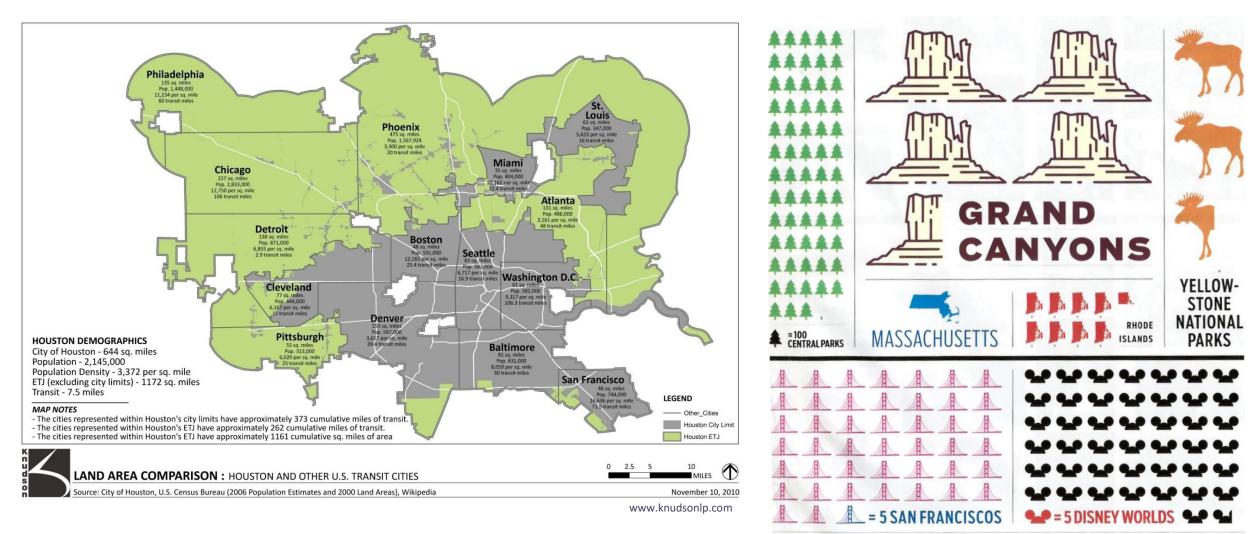


The Way Home Continuum of Care

#### FOR THE HOMELESS

#### My, how big you are!!

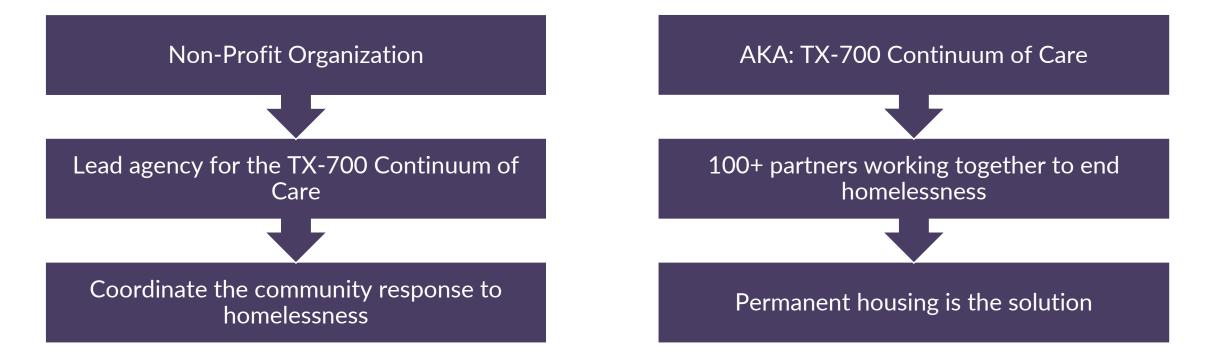
TX-700 CoC = 3,739 sq miles



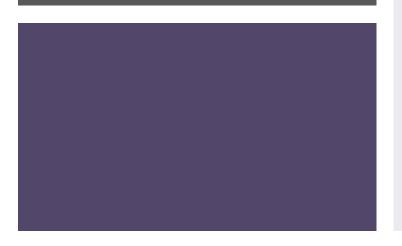
Houstonia Feb 2016







# Reality in 2011



✓We had the 6<sup>th</sup> largest homeless population in the country

 ✓ Homeless service providers were spending millions but still leaving federal funds unused

 ✓ Homeless service providers were operating in silos, with no collaboration

✓ Recidivism was high

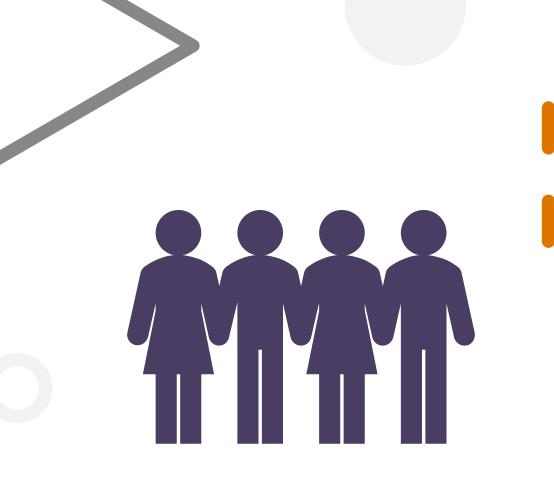
✓Homelessness is expensive

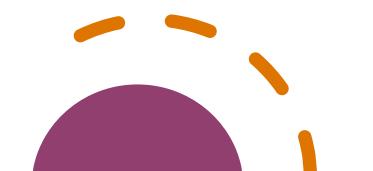
## **The Shift**

Two important events in 2012
 Technical Assistance

 Houston was identified as a priority community by HUD
 Community Charette

- ✓ Brought everyone together
- ✓ Identified common goals for the homeless response system





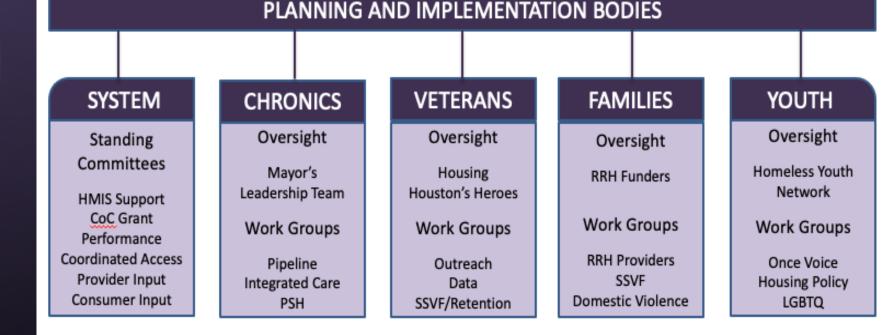
## Evolution to a Coordinated System

 $\checkmark$  Remove barriers that keep people from getting what they need ✓ Coordinate & simplify access  $\checkmark$  Match resources with needs ✓ Enhance collaboration among funders & partners  $\checkmark$  Build capacity  $\checkmark$  Use data to drive decision-making & promote quality

#### The Continuum of Care Steering Committee

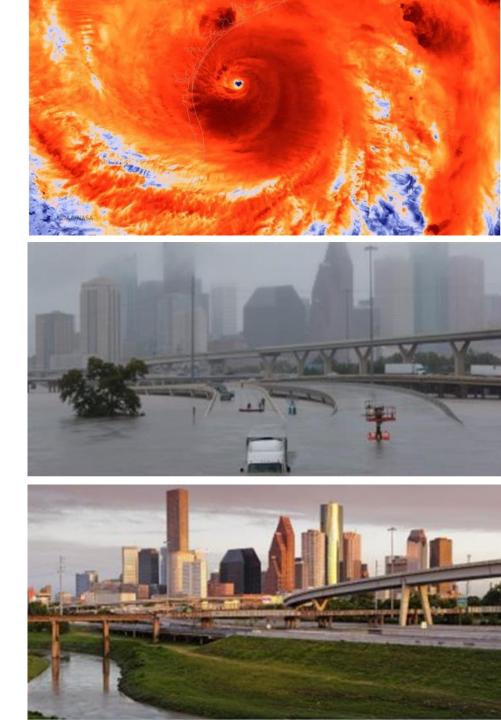
(Primary Decision-Making Body)

#### Final Governance & Implementation



## Hurricane Harvey – August 2017

• Source: Houston Chronicle



## After Harvey Effects

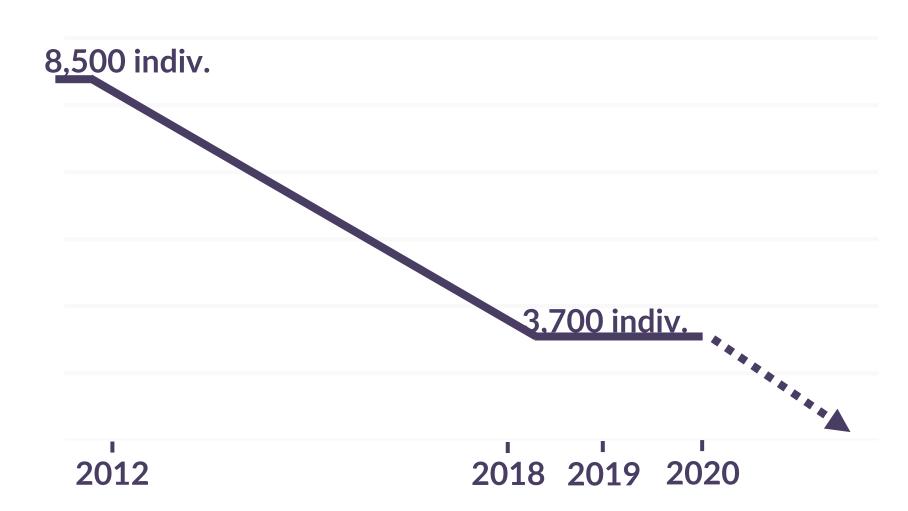
More than 19 trillion gallons of rainwater fell on parts of Texas, causing widespread, catastrophic flooding Nearly 80,000 homes had at least 18 inches of floodwater, 23,000 of those with more than 5 feet The Houston area experienced the largest amount of rainwater ever recorded in the continental United States from a single storm (51.88 inches) 24 hospitals were evacuated, 61 communities lost drinking water, 23 ports were closed, 781 roads impassable

Nearly 780,000 Texans evacuated their homes, more than 42,000 housed temporarily in 692 shelters Local, state and federal first responders rescued 122,331 people and 5,234 pets

Houston Housing Authority estimated 1000 affordable housing units destroyed

## Homeless Population – Houston / Harris County

- Since 2012, more than 21,000+ individuals experiencing homelessness had been permanently housed.
- Nearly 90% remained housed two-years after placement.
- After reducing homelessness by 54%, we saw an 18% increase after Harvey.
- Much attention & resources were diverted to respond to the disaster.
- Our region's homeless population became stagnant, due to a lack of financial resources and tools.
- Continued support needed to "get over the hump"



## The Rise in "Street Issues"

### 54% Homeless Population

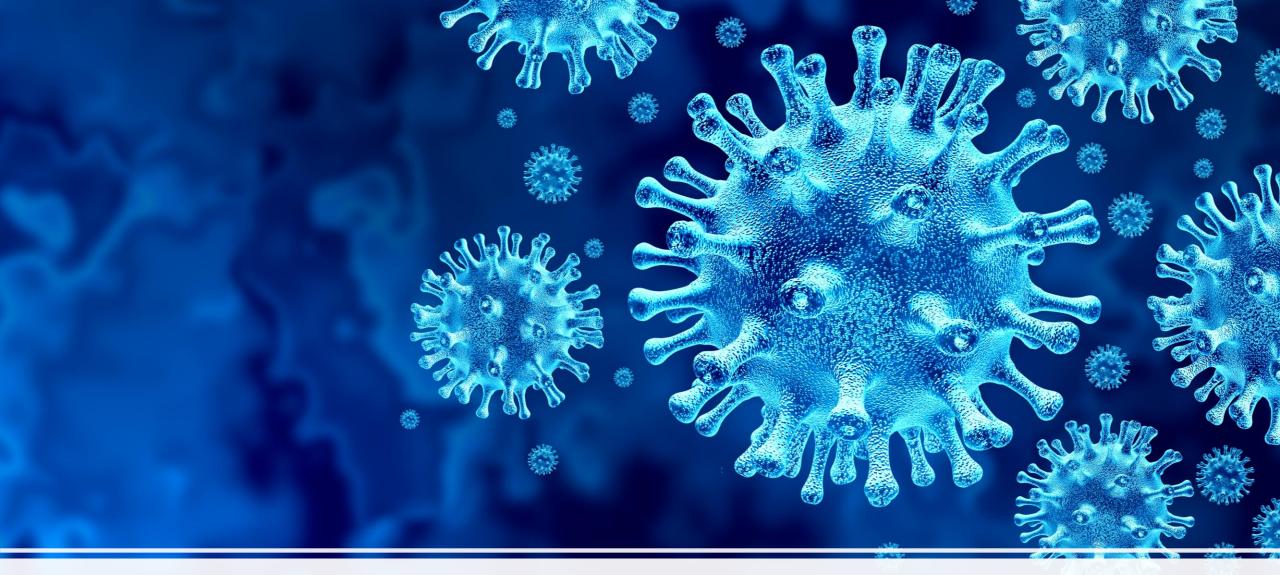






## 2019 New Strategic Plan -Need

Program Types	Current System (Units)	Demand	Difference
RRH for			
Singles	459	2,075	-1616
RHH for			
Families	553	948	-395
PSH for			
Singles	5,078	7,377	-2,299
PSH for			
Families	117	86	+31



## COVID-19

CCHP

 On July 1, Harris County, Houston, & the Coalition announced \$65M plan to serve 5,000 people by October 2022 The Way

• Housing is healthcare

### Accelerate the work of The Way Home

Bridge to Permanent Supportive Housing

12-Month Rapid Re-housing

Diversion

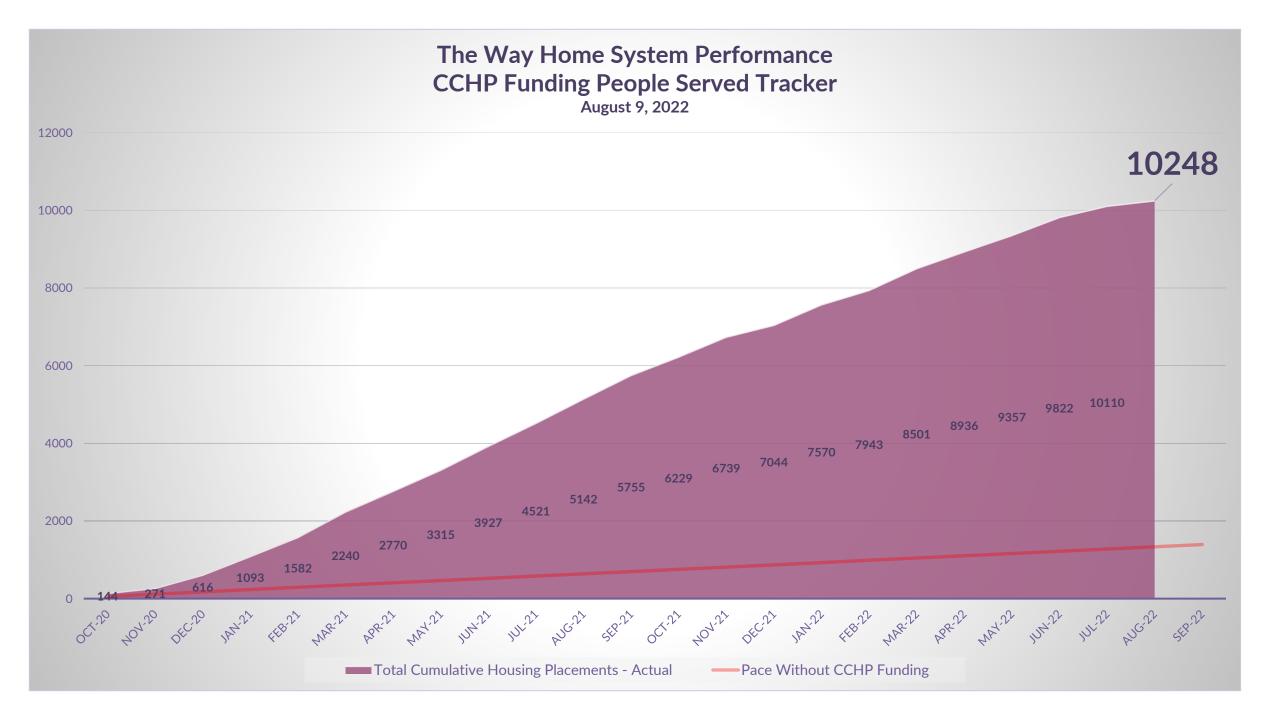
Auxiliary/ Social Distancing Emergency Shelter

Mental Health Case Management

Enhanced Street Outreach

**PSH Housing Preservation** 





### Landlord Engagement

Act as the primary advocate, or "case manager", for landlords

Simplify program funding streams, payment processes paperwork, and services

Use feedback from landlords to advise system changes in practice and funding

Check-in regularly with LLs to troubleshoot issues & provide updates

Provide education for office staff on vulnerable populations and housing programs

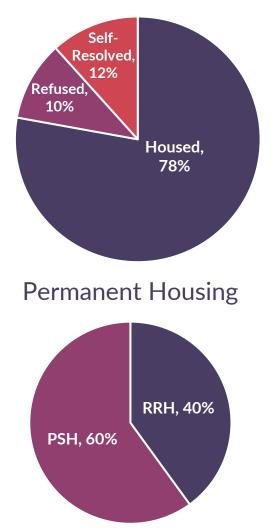
Payment of Landlord Incentive Fees for every unit dedicated to the system

## Encampment Response Strategy

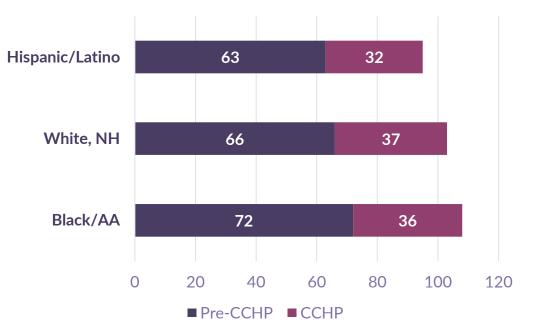
- The CCHP allowed for the roll-out of an Encampment Decommissioning program that has demonstrated proven results in placing individuals living on the streets into housing.
- Official <u>Encampment Response Strategy</u> available.
- Currently being used by as a national best practice.
- Houston Chronicle <u>cover story</u> featured our efforts.

## **Encampments Decommissioned - 57**

#### Individuals Engaged, n=343



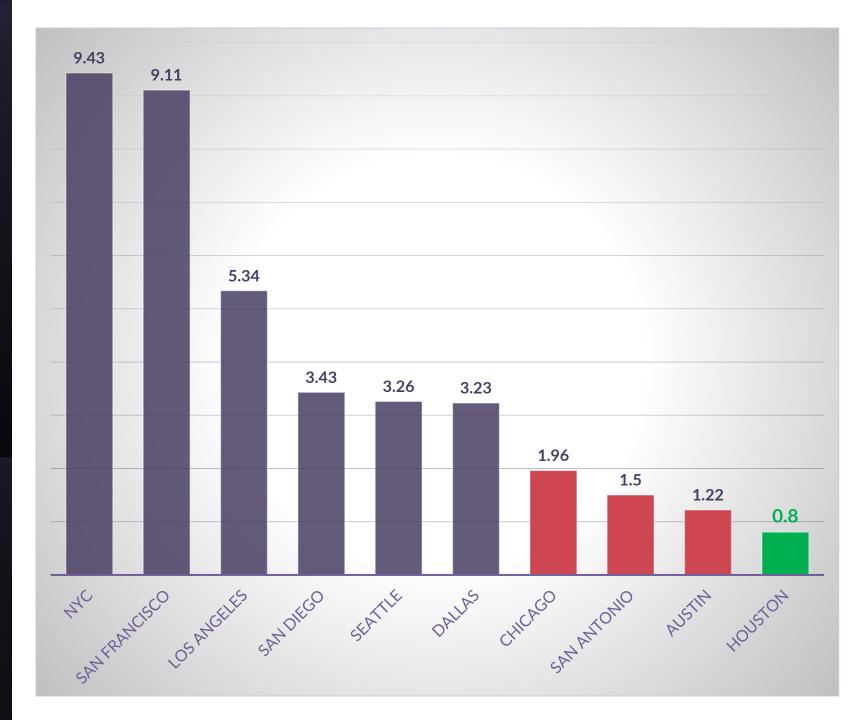
#### Avg Days from Referral to Move-In



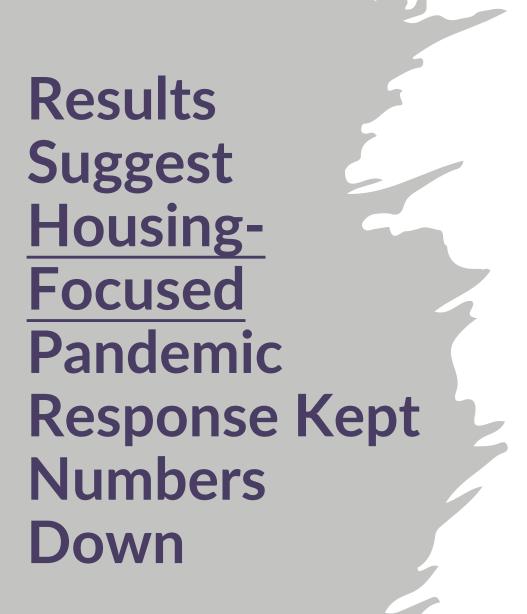
## 63% reduction in homelessness since 2011



Homeless Count Population Comparison – Major US Cities\*



\*2020 Homeless County per 1,000 Residents



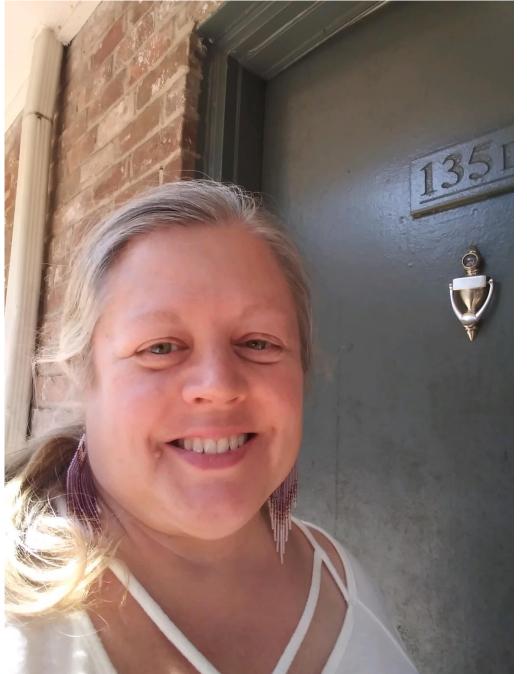
- In 2021 alone, partners of TWH placed more than 3,870 people into permanent housing through the CCHP
- 50% of these were living unsheltered prior to being housed
- 16% were sheltered



"In Houston, we either go big or we go home. And today, we are going big so...Houstonians can go home!" –Houston Mayor, Sylvester Turner

Houston and Harris County announce increased investment in efforts to reduce homelessness by \$100 million.

Houston Chronicle Thursday January 27, 2022





Photos courtesy of The Beacon







Photos courtesy of The Salvation Army of Greater Houston

### 25,500+ Housed Since 2011

Bing

- BBVA Stadium
- Capacity: 22,039

Jessica Preheim jpreheim@homelesshouston.org Ana Rausch, MA arausch@homelesshouston.org



Coalition for the Homeless 2000 Crawford St., Suite 700 Houston, TX 77022

(713) 739-7514 info@homelesshouston.org

## **Housing First Success Story: Ending Homelessness for People** with Disabilities Or Substance Use **Issues** Dora Leong Gallo President & CEO **A Community of Friends** dgallo@acof.org Centeron





## Homelessness and Housing First

Homelessness is a Housing Problem August 29, 2022



Dignity Excellence Community Equity

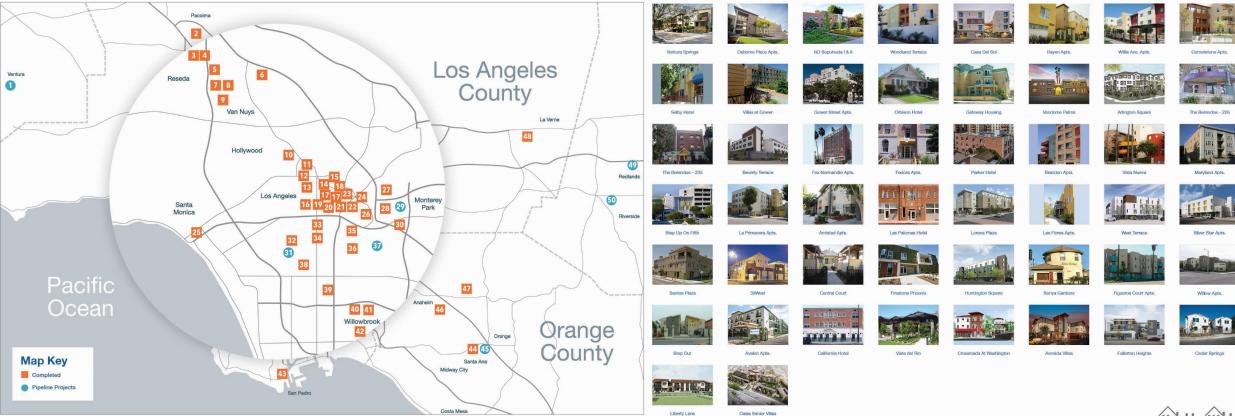
A Community of Friends (ACOF) is a nonprofit affordable housing developer whose mission is to end homelessness through the provision of quality permanent supportive housing for people with mental illness.







#### ACOF COMMUNITIES



3701 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 700 Los Angeles, CA 90010

ACommunity APA Of Friends

> (213) 480-0809 www.acof.org

NeighborWorks®

\*as of August 2022

- An apartment (everyone has a lease)
- For people experiencing homelessness and have a disability, including addiction
- Housing is not time limited (can live there indefinitely)
- Rent is affordable (generally 30% of person's income)
- Services are onsite (are voluntary)
  - $\circ$  Trauma-informed
  - $\circ~$  One-on-one meetings
  - o Independent living skills
  - $\circ$  Referral services







- Housing first
- Recovery is possible
- Homes in communities where people live
- Integration is normalized
- "Whatever it takes"



#### Philosophy

 A stable and an affordable home is the first thing needed for people experiencing homelessness in order to end homelessness and achieve housing stability

#### Strategy

- Provide a stable, affordable home, without conditions, with onsite supportive services.
- A flexible model that is adaptable to various types of homes offered to people experiencing homelessness



- Low barrier
- Non-punitive
- Consumer choice and self determination
- Accountability
- Services are available, but voluntary



#### Housing is the beginning - not the end, and not a reward

- Case management
- Life skills/independent living skills
- Mental health support
- Substance addiction recovery services
- Health and wellness programs
- Family and children services
- Domestic violence support
- Employment services / professional development
- Benefits assistance
- Partnerships with more than two dozen different social services agencies





- 93% of special needs tenants below 30% of Area Median Income
- 76% have a diagnosed mental illness
- 71% are chronically homeless at entry
- 46% with a diagnosed substance addiction

88% of tenants remain in housing after three years

#### Dora Leong Gallo President and Chief Executive Officer dgallo@acof.org

www.acof.org

# **Emerging Threats**

## Sarah Owsley Policy & Advocacy Director Empower Missouri sarah@empowermissouri.org







# Local Advocacy

**Bonnie Harper** HUD Grant Housing Specialist **Partners Behavioral Health Management** bharper@partnersbhm.org Michele Knapp Executive Director **Diakonos/Fifth Street Ministries** mknapp@fifthstreetministries.com







Not just a site visit. Set up a room for discussion with local "experts."

An opportunity for those with the most experience from multiple perspectives to ...

Share their knowledge, so the congressional member can make informed decisions for the District; Elevate the challenges and opportunities to the public; Establish a public record of the congressional member's position(s) through local media; □ Provide the basis for an ongoing conversation that makes you a reliable resource for congressional staff.

Collaboration and Strategic Planning from the Start

Diakonos dba Fifth Street Ministries (shelter/direct service/housing provider)

Partners Behavioral Health Management (LME/MCO)

NC Coalition to End Homelessness (statewide coordination/policy) Bring in the Voices the Congressional Member will hear



Pictured (from left) are Fifth Street Executive Director Michele Knapp, veteran Mark Sanchez, and Rep. Patrick McHenry.

#### The whole picture from multiple perspectives

#### □ Statesville Mayor Costi Kutteh

□ Senator Victoria Burgess Sawyer, representing the state legislative district that includes Iredell and Yadkin

□ Angela Boykin, VP Government Operations, Healthy Blue at Blue Cross NC (Housing as Healthcare and corporate)

□ Tim Kincaid, former Fifth Street Ministries resident helped by HUD-funded program

□ Brett Eckerman, Executive Director of United Way of Iredell County

Dr. Nimesh Shah, MD, psychiatry specialist affiliated with Iredell Memorial Hospital

□ Ken Carter, Bishop of the Western North Carolina Conference of the United Methodist Church, 1000+ churches and nearly 300,000 members (including the 45 local churches in the CD that participate/contribute to Fifth Street Ministries/Diakonos)

**Combine data** from multiple counties to reflect the congressional district.

#### A Snapshot of Homelessness in Congressional District 10

1,127 people in 872 households experienced homelessness last year, of which . . .

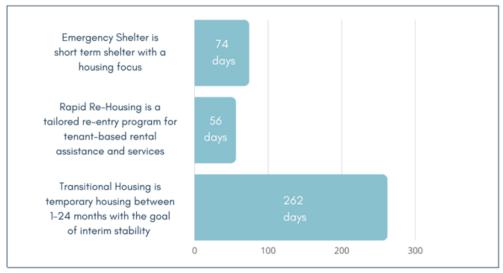
• 1 in 5 people were children



- Nearly half of adults have income (47%) 1 in 5 is working
- 18% of adults are domestic violence survivors
- Of those housed over the last year, only **4%** return to homelessness after 6 months

#### Housing First project types help reduce the length of time homeless!

The number of days homeless on average is shorter for Emergency Shelter and Rapid Re-Housing projects over Transitional Housing.



Once stably housed, individuals are better able to take advantage of wrap-around services - to help support housing stability, employment, and recovery.

\*Data includes dedicated homeless projects in Alexander, Burke, Catawba, Iredell, and Rutherford Counties over a year using the Homeless Management Information System between 10/1/2020 - 9/50/2021. Excludes Coordinated Entry, Rapid Re-Housing, and Permanent Supportive Housing programs that serve areas outlide of CDI0.



A marketing partner can elevate your message and leverage its



Rep. McHenry learns about local efforts to house, support homeless at Fifth Street Ministries

WATCH

### power.

≡ WSOC-TV 👀

NEWS WEATHER VOTE 2022 BACK TO SCHOOL YOUR704 LIVE STREAM COMMUNITY CONTAC

BREAKING NEWS | Baker Mayfield named Panthers' starting quarterback

#### LOCAL

Statesville homeless shelter asks for more federal funding for affordable housing





# Take Action

# Steve Berg Vice President for Programs and Policy National Alliance to End Homelessness sberg@naeh.org







### Homelessness: Housing First and Congress

### Steve Berg National Alliance to End Homelessness



ENDHOMELESSNESS.ORG

# Virtual Hill Day

Talk to Congress about homelessness and Housing First

- Wednesday, September 14, 2022
- Focusing on key HUD spending accounts
- Help available to set up virtual meetings
- Interested? E-mail Jerry Jones jjones@naeh.org



## What else to do

- NLIHC Toolkit
- Longer term agenda: Vouchers, Development, emergency response
- Immediate need: Cosponsors for bills listed in the toolkit
- Next Congress: Strong bipartisan support



## What to say to Congress

- Homelessness has bad impacts for everyone
- We know what to do about homelessness (the Housing First approach)
- How it's working in your community and elsewhere
- Better spending in accounts like Homeless Assistance and Tenant-Based Rental Assistance will take Housing First to scale



# Annual spending bills aka Appropriations

- The process is stuck because no agreement on allocations for each agency (Appropriations need 60 votes in Senate)
- There is support for good increases, but not a done deal
- Need a constant drumbeat on more funding and using the funding in the most effective manner
- Final decisions October? December? Spring? but may lock in individual accounts at any time



### Homelessness

Steve Berg National Alliance to End Homelessness sberg@naeh.org Twitter @sberg0



# Resources

Next Webinar: *"Long-Term Solutions and Successful Strategies"* Monday, September 12, at 2:30 pm ET - 4:00 pm ET

Register at: <u>https://bit.ly/3vlbn5o</u>

Read more about Housing First: <u>https://bit.ly/3vHf8YR</u>

Take action during August recess: <a href="https://bit.ly/3d8XNSd">https://bit.ly/3d8XNSd</a>



