2021 IDAHO HOUSING PROFILE

Across Idaho, there is a shortage of rental homes affordable and available to extremely low income households (ELI), whose incomes are at or below the poverty guideline or 30% of their area median income (AMI). Many of these households are severely cost burdened, spending more than half of their income on housing. Severely cost burdened poor households are more likely than other renters to sacrifice other necessities like healthy food and healthcare to pay the rent, and to experience unstable housing situations like evictions.

**KEY FACTS**

- **36,878 OR 20%** Renter Households that are extremely low income
- **$25,750** Maximum income of 4-person extremely low income households (state level)
- **-22,287** Shortage of rental homes affordable and available for extremely low income renters
- **$36,116** Annual household income needed to afford a two-bedroom rental home at HUD’s Fair Market Rent.
- **64%** Percent of extremely low income renter households with severe cost burden

**EXTREMELY LOW INCOME RENTER HOUSEHOLDS**

- In Labor Force
- Disabled
- Senior
- School
- Single-adult caregiver
- Other

**AFFORDABLE AND AVAILABLE HOMES PER 100 RENTER HOUSEHOLDS**

- At 100% of AMI: 102
- At 80% of AMI: 99
- At 50% of AMI: 68
- At ELI: 40

Source: NLIHC tabulations of 2019 ACS PUMS.

**HOUSING COST BURDEN BY INCOME GROUP**

- Extremely Low Income: 86.2%
- Very Low Income: 64.5%
- Low Income: 73.2%
- Extremely Low Income = 0-30% of AMI
- Very Low Income = 31%-50% of AMI
- Low Income = 51%-80% of AMI
- Note: *Or poverty guideline, if higher.

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Note: Mutually exclusive categories applied in the following order: senior, disabled, in labor force, enrolled in school, single adult caregiver of a child under 7 or of a household member with a disability, and other. Nationally, 14% of extremely low-income renter households are single adult caregivers, more than half of whom usually work more than 20 hours per week. Source: 2019 ACS PUMS.