Across Louisiana, there is a shortage of rental homes affordable and available to extremely low income households (ELI), whose incomes are at or below the poverty guideline or 30% of their area median income (AMI). Many of these households are severely cost burdened, spending more than half of their income on housing. Severely cost burdened poor households are more likely than other renters to sacrifice other necessities like healthy food and healthcare to pay the rent, and to experience unstable housing situations like evictions.

**SENATORS:** Bill Cassidy and John Kennedy

### 2024 LOUISIANA HOUSING PROFILE

#### Extremely Low Income Renter Households

- **183,322** or **31%**
  - Renter Households with extremely low incomes

#### Affordability and Availability

- **104** homes at 100% of AMI or less
- **96** homes at 80% of AMI or less
- **57** homes at 50% of AMI or less
- **41** homes at extremely low-income

#### Housing Cost Burden

- **86.4%** Cost Burdened
- **71.2%** Severely Cost Burdened

**Note:** Renter households spending more than 30% of their income on housing costs and utilities are cost burdened; those spending more than half of their income are severely cost burdened.

**Source:** NLIHC tabulations of 2022 ACS PUMS

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**Extremely Low Income Renter Households**

- **Disabled:** 18%
- **Senior:** 24%
- **In Labor Force:** 36%
- **School:** 4%
- **Other:** 14%
- **Single-adult caregiver:** 4%

**Note:** Mutually exclusive categories applied in the following order: senior, disabled, in labor force, enrolled in school, single adult caregiver of a child under 7 or of a household member with a disability, and other. Nationally, 13% of extremely low-income renter households are single adult caregivers, 53% of whom usually work more than 20 hours per week. Source: 2022 ACS PUMS.