2022 TEXAS HOUSING PROFILE

Across Texas, there is a shortage of rental homes affordable and available to extremely low income households (ELI), whose incomes are at or below the poverty guideline or 30% of their area median income (AMI). Many of these households are severely cost burdened, spending more than half of their income on housing. Severely cost burdened poor households are more likely than other renters to sacrifice other necessities like healthy food and healthcare to pay the rent, and to experience unstable housing situations like evictions.

**SENATORS:** John Cornyn and Ted Cruz

**KEY FACTS**

867,042 OR 23%
Renter Households that are extremely low income

-614,487
Shortage of rental homes affordable and available for extremely low income renters

$26,200
Maximum income of 4-person extremely low income households (state level)

$45,714
Annual household income needed to afford a two-bedroom rental home at HUD's Fair Market Rent.

74%
Percent of extremely low income renter households with severe cost burden

**EXTREMELY LOW INCOME RENTER HOUSEHOLDS**

- In Labor Force
- Disabled
- Senior
- School
- Other
- Single caregiver

**AFFORDABLE AND AVAILABLE HOMES PER 100 RENTER HOUSEHOLDS**

- 0% – 100% of AMI: 107
- 0% – 80% of AMI: 100
- 0% – 50% of AMI: 51
- 0% – ELI: 29

Source: 2020 5-Year ACS PUMS data.

**HOUSING COST BURDEN BY INCOME GROUP**

- Cost Burdened
- Severely Cost Burdened

- Extremely Low Income (0-30% of AMI): 89.3%
- Very Low Income (31%-50% of AMI): 73.8%
- Low Income (51%-80% of AMI): 31.8%
- Middle Income (81%-100% of AMI): 19.9%

Note: Renter households spending more than 30% of their income on housing costs and utilities are cost burdened; those spending more than half of their income are severely cost burdened. Source: 2020 5-Year ACS PUMS data.

Extremely Low Income = 0-30% of AMI
Low Income = 51-80% of AMI
Middle Income = 81%-100% of AMI

Note: *Or poverty guideline, if higher.