

ANNUAL ACTION PLAN

2018-19





Executive Summary

AP-05 Executive Summary - 24 CFR 91.200(c), 91.220(b)

1. Introduction

The State of Colorado receives annual grants from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). In order to receive those funds, the State is required to prepare and submit a 5-Year Consolidated Plan along with subsequent Annual Action Plans. The Consolidated Plan covers the period from April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2020. This Annual Action Plan covers the fourth program year (2018-2019) of the 2015-2020 Consolidated Plan. By submitting this Plan, the State is applying for formula grants from five programs: the Community Development Block Program (CDBG), the HOME Investment Partnership program (HOME), the Emergency Solutions Grant program (ESG), Housing Trust Fund (HTF), and the Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS program (HOPWA). The Housing Trust Fund (HTF) is a new affordable housing production program that will complement existing Federal, state and local efforts to increase and preserve the supply of decent, safe, and sanitary affordable housing for extremely low- and very low-income households, including homeless families.

The State's Department of Local Affairs (DOLA) is the lead agency in administering these funds, and will use them to further its mission of strengthening Colorado communities in ways that are consistent with the intent of the programs and that comply with the laws and regulations that govern them. The State of Colorado is committed to providing equal housing opportunity to all of its residents.

Within DOLA, the Division of Local Government (DLG) is the lead agency for administering CDBG funds. The Division of Housing (DOH) is the lead agency for the HOME, ESG, HTF, and HOPWA programs. The State of Colorado has also received and is overseeing the use of CDBG Disaster Recovery funds (CDBG-DR) to assist with the recovery of communities that were damaged or destroyed by the floods and wildfires 2013.

For Fiscal Year 2018-2019, the State of Colorado expects to receive approximately \$22.8 million in funding from the HUD across all programs. This will be used for various purposes including the financing of the construction, rehabilitation, and preservation of affordable housing in addition to community and economic development (for CDBG funds). Funds are granted and loaned to awardees in compliance with federal program guidelines and regulations as well as the State of Colorado's policies. The pages that follow detail public participation in this planning process, resources that the State expects to receive and their planned uses, annual goals, methods of funding distribution, and other statements on programmatic operations that HUD requires in the Annual Action plan.

2. Summarize the objectives and outcomes identified in the Plan

This could be a restatement of items or a table listed elsewhere in the plan or a reference to another location. It may also contain any essential items from the housing and homeless needs assessment, the housing market analysis or the strategic plan.

Several of our plan goals address the objective of providing decent affordable housing: increasing the supply of affordable housing, preserving the supply of affordable housing, and improving the capacity of non-profit housing organizations. All three of these work to improve availability and accessibility of decent affordable housing though construction, and acquisition or renovation of physical housing units. An overall increase in the supply of affordable housing benefits all residents of the state including people experiencing homelessness and people with special needs.

One plan goal, improving the affordability of housing, includes activities such as down payment assistance and rental assistance, in which the residents of the housing receive a subsidy to make existing housing affordable to them.

Six goals lead to improved sustainability of communities through the creation of suitable living environments – disaster recovery/urgent need, demolition, improving public infrastructure, community development and capital improvement, improving local government capacity, and homelessness prevention and alleviation. All of these enable communities to remain vibrant and livable.

An eighth goal, small business development, addresses the sustainability of communities through economic development, the lifeblood of any healthy community.

3. Evaluation of past performance

This is an evaluation of past performance that helped lead the grantee to choose its goals or projects.

For the 2017-2018 program year, we were successful in meeting most of our proposed goals, while continuing to focus on ways in which we can improve. Previous Action Plans, Consolidated Plans, and Consolidated Annual Performance Evaluations have shown our performance successes in greater detail. Utilizing data from past performances, we are able to more accurately choose our goals and projects based on funding allocation amounts as well as needs and priorities. Futhermore, every year we analyze the history for each project type, applications received, number of units produced, and the cost of each unit type. Finally, we consider the most recent available data on housing inventory and markets, the survey results, and the best use of funding to provide the greatest long-term benefit to those most in need.

4. Summary of Citizen Participation Process and consultation process

Summary from citizen participation section of plan.

We have updated our Citizen Participation Plan in order to achieve more effective outreach and response opportunities and include new Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing (AFFH) requirements as revised at 24 CFR 91.115. In addition, we increased our contact list for distribution of flyers announcing the availability of the draft Annual Action Plan online and holding of the public hearing.

Our improved contact list allowed for us to receive more than ten times the number of responses we have had in the past. This substantial increase provided us with more information from various types of agencies and produced a more effective consultation component to our plan. In addition, the revised Citizen Participation Plan used the increased contact list to reach more citizens around the State requesting participation in reviewing our draft Annual Action Plan.

5. Summary of public comments

This could be a brief narrative summary or reference an attached document from the Citizen Participation section of the Con Plan.

The State of Colorado received input from various stakeholders in the private, public, and non-profit sectors regarding this plan and housing needs in their communities. Input regarding content and formatting has been accepted and integrated. Statements on the importance of the new construction, rehabilitation, and preservation of housing for both ownership and rent were received and are reflected in this plans goals and methods, as permitted by federal regulations and market conditions. More detailed information on the public comment process, comments received, and responses are covered in sections AP-10 and AP-12.

6. Summary of comments or views not accepted and the reasons for not accepting them

N/A

7. Summary

PR-05 Lead & Responsible Agencies - 91.300(b)

1. Agency/entity responsible for preparing/administering the Consolidated Plan

The following are the agencies/entities responsible for preparing the Consolidated Plan and those responsible for administration of each grant program and funding source.

Agency Role		Name		Department/Agency
Lead Agency		COLORADO		
CDBG Administrator	COL	ORADO	Departm	ent of Local Affairs/Div of Local Gov't
HOPWA Administrator	COL	ORADO	Departm	ent of Local Affairs/Div of Housing
HOME Administrator	COL	ORADO	Departm	ent of Local Affairs/Div of Housing
ESG Administrator	COL	ORADO	Departm	ent of Local Affairs/Div of Housing
HOPWA-C Administrator				

Table 1 - Responsible Agencies

Narrative

The Department of Local Affairs (DOLA) is the lead agency for the application. Two Divisions of DOLA administer the HUD formula programs, coordinate administration and provide reporting for these HUD funds under the authority of the Executive Director. The lead agency for the CDBG program is the Division of Local Government (DLG), while the Division of Housing (DOH) is the lead agency for the HOME, ESG, HTF, and HOPWA programs.

Consolidated Plan Public Contact Information

Main Number: 303-864-7810 TDD/TTY Number: 303-864-7758 Media Inquiries: 303-864-7707 Advocate Line: 303-864-7709 (LOCAL); 800-536-5349 (TOLL-FREE)

AP-10 Consultation - 91.110, 91.300(b); 91.315(l)

1. Introduction

DOLA took advantage of three ongoing consultation processes to develop major elements of the Consolidated Plan. The first and largest consultation process involved development of the Disaster Recovery Action Plan for use of CDBG-DR funds . Another consultation process that occurred was done in conjunction with development of the PHA Agency Plan and involved public housing authorities and other organizations that receive housing choice vouchers from the State. These include a number of organizations that serve people with disabilities and those who would otherwise be homeless. The Division of Housing's Office of Homeless Initiatives (OHI) consults with all three Continua of Care in Colorado to coordinate the use of Emergency Solutions Grant and Continuum of Care funds. Additionally, for the consultation of this year's Annual Action Plan, we expanded our contacts list and were able to obtain substantially more responses than previous years.

Provide a concise summary of the state's activities to enhance coordination between public and assisted housing providers and private and governmental health, mental health and service agencies

DOH facilitates interagency coordination of housing, health and social service activities of various public and private agencies by participating in the following efforts:

- Established OHI to focus on homeless issues.
- OHI administers the "State Housing Voucher Program," partnering with the Colorado Department of Human Services and statewide community mental health centers to administer 125 state-funded housing vouchers annually with supportive services for participants with mental health disorders experiencing homelessness.
- Established a "Housing Initiatives" program to coordinate and collaborate with multiple agencies across additional program areas, including Veterans' Housing, Renewable Energy, and other areas of interest.
- DOH participates in the Mental Health Disorders in the Criminal Justice System Taskforce; an interagency group including the Colorado Department of Corrections and community mental health centers working to address the needs of adult ex-offenders with co-occurring mental health and substance abuse disorders.
- Intradepartmental CDBG Coordinating Group. DOLA created a cross-divisional work group to coordinate and integrate its use of CDBG funds.
- The Housing "Pipeline" which includes development staff from DOH, the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority (CHFA), USDA Rural Development, US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and Community Development Financial Institutions (CDFIs).
- Pathways Home Colorado Advisory Board is a State coordinating organization appointed by the Governor to direct the implementation of the state plan to end homelessness.

- Participation in Colorado's three Continua of Care: Metropolitan Denver Homeless Initiative, Homeward Pikes Peak and the The Colorado Balance of State.
- Housing Colorado, Inc. is a 501(c)(3) membership organization that facilitates workshops, meetings and educational opportunities for housing organizations.
- Colorado Chapter, National Association of Housing Redevelopment Organizations (NAHRO) is a state trade association for housing authorities and redevelopment agencies.
- As part of OHI, the Office of Homeless Youth Services, a program within the Division of Housing, will meet on a regular basis with statewide agencies to establish goals, objectives and to seek funding.

Describe coordination with the Continuum of Care and efforts to address the needs of homeless persons (particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans, and unaccompanied youth) and persons at risk of homelessness

In all three CoCs across Colorado, OHI plays an active role to coordinate the CoC stakeholders across the state and to assist in strategies towards addressing the needs of homeless persons throughout each CoC. Specifically, the OHI staff members hold seats on CoC boars or committees, and provide technical assistance as needed to ensure full understanding of local, state and federal policies and best practices. OHI acts as a leader in centralizing statewide goals, data and progress.

Describe consultation with the Continuum(s) of Care that serves the State in determining how to allocate ESG funds, develop performance standards for and evaluate outcomes of projects and activities assisted by ESG funds, and develop funding, policies and procedures for the operation and administration of HMIS

Describe consultation with the Continuum(s) of Care that serves the State in determining how to allocate ESG funds, develop performance standards for and evaluate outcomes of projects and activities assisted by ESG funds, and develop funding, policies and procedures for the operation and administration of HMIS

In response to the changes made to HUD's Homeless Assistance Programs by the Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing (HEARTH) Act, and the ESG Interim Rule that followed, Colorado has greatly increased collaboration with its three Continua of Care (CoCs) in designing its ESG program and HMIS. In 2012, representatives of the CoCs met with DOH staff to draft an allocation plan and host initial discussions for performance standards, evaluating outcomes, projects, policies and procedures for activities assisted by ESG funds, and developing funding, policies and procedures for the administration and operation of HMIS. Since 2012, DOH's allocation of ESG funds for Homeless Prevention and Rapid Rehousing (HP/RR) activities are now allocated to each CoC for recommendations and selection of applicants within their continuum. This new process for allocating ESG funds has

increased regional collaboration and has led CoCs in Colorado to begin work towards a coordinated intake and assessment process to allocate their HP/RR funding to those in their communities with the highest level of need. Currently, the Denver Metro area CoC has the most advanced coordinated assessment system and anticipates incorporating HP/RR resources into the system in the coming year.

Coordination to assist people experiencing homelessness and prevent homelessness will be led by Colorado's CoCs. Active engagement and membership in the CoC is required to receive funding. The CoCs will further engage and coordinate resources to improve current programs and funding strategies; and provide ongoing training as procedures are refined.

2. Agencies, groups, organizations and others who participated in the process and consultations

Table 2 – Agencies, groups, organizations who participated

1	Agency/Group/Organization	COLORADO HOUSING AND FINANCE AUTHORITY
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Housing
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Public Housing Needs
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Partner agency.
2	Agency/Group/Organization	Metro West Housing Solutions
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	PHA
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Economic Development
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Survey respondent.
3	Agency/Group/Organization	Violence Free Colorado
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services - Victims
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Domestic violence
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Survey respondent.
4	Agency/Group/Organization	Colorado Cross Disability Coalition
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services-Persons with Disabilities
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Public Housing Needs Accessability

	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Survey respondent.
5	Agency/Group/Organization	East West Econometrics
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Business Leaders
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Economic Development
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Survey respondent.
6	Agency/Group/Organization	Rocky Mountain Land Trust
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services - Housing Regional organization
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Economic Development
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Survey respondent.

Identify any Agency Types not consulted and provide rationale for not consulting

All agency types were consulted as a part of the Annual Action Plan submission process via surveys and email outreach.

Other local/regional/state/federal planning efforts considered when preparing the Plan

Name of Plan	Lead Organization	How do the goals of your Strategic Plan overlap with the goals of each plan?
Continuum of Caro	Colorado Coalition for the	One of our highest priority goals is eliminating homelessness through coordination
Continuum of Care	Homeless	with our continua of care.

Name of Plan	Lead Organization	How do the goals of your Strategic Plan overlap with the goals of each plan?
Colorado Division of Housing 1- and 5 Yr Plan	Colorado Division of Housing PHA CO911	The goals in the PHA plan primarily address housing Colorado's most vulnerable citizens, which very closely mirror the goals in our Strategic Plan.
Colorado Disaster Recovery Action Plan	Colorado Dept of Local Affairs/Colorado Recovery Office	The disaster recovery plan overlaps the Con Plan in the areas of housing stock, economic development, and public facilities, all of which were depleted by the floods of Sept 2013 and by major wildfires.
Colorado Housing and Finance Authority	LIHTC Qualified Allocation Plan	The QAP overlaps with the Con Plan in the area of affordable housing.

Table 3 - Other local / regional / federal planning efforts

Narrative

AP-12 Participation - 91.115, 91.300(c)

1. Summary of citizen participation process/Efforts made to broaden citizen participation Summarize citizen participation process and how it impacted goal-setting

DOLA revised the Citizen Participation Plan to include better outreach practices and encourage greater citizen participation. Notice of the draft being available for comment for 30 days and notice of the public hearing were sent via email to our extended contact list from the survey section of the plan. Additionally, the notice and draft were posted on our website. Contact information was provided via a flyer encouraging citizen participation comments by phone, email, or in person. Our goal for outreach is to provide information to as many organizations and individuals in the most effective ways in order to target all necessary populations.

Citizen Participation Outreach

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of	Summary of	Summary of comments	URL (If
			response/attendance	comments received	not accepted	applicable)
					and reasons	

				A few comments		
				were made		
				regarding		
				formatting.		
				Attendees		
				suggested that we		
				remove language		
				left in this plan		
				regarding		
				transitional housing		
			The public meeting	as a policy priority,		
			took place on June	and it has been		
			19th and was	removed. Another		
		Non-	attended by 8	suggestion was		
1	Public Meeting	targeted/broad	members of the	made on adding a	N/A	
		community	public who	plain language		
			represented the non-	executive summary		
			profit and	on the purpose and		
			government sectors.	content of this plan,		
				which has been		
				added. Participants		
				were also curious		
				about how the		
				Department		
				distributes its funds		
				geographically		
				throughout the		
				State. This is not		
				required in the		

Action Plan, but the
Department is
currently revamping
its website,
reporting, and data
visualization
processes which will
include new content
on the history of
funding awards,
which will include
geographic
distribution.It was
suggested that the
Department should
institute a uniform
and universal
requirement for
coordinated entry
as a condition of
funding awards. We
acknowledge
coordinated entry
as a best practice,
however, the
Department feels it
is important to be
fflexible regarding
the type and

		1
	complexity of	
	applicants tenant	
	selection processes	
	for Permanent	
	Supportive Housing,	
	given the diverse	
	needs and	
	administrative	
	capacity throughout	
	the State.An	
	advocate suggested	
	that a greater	
	emphasis be placed	
	on eviction	
	prevention through	
	the provision of	
	legal services as	
	opposed to later	
	housing	
	intervention options	
	such as rapid	
	rehousing. The	
	Department will	
	review best	
	practices in this	
	area to determine	
	how to integrate it	
	while following	
	regulatory and	

statutory
guidelines. Similarly,
it was suggested
that an increased
focus be placed on
affordable housing
preservation of
home ownership
and rental units
which are becoming
increasingly scarce
because of market
forces. The
Department will
continue to use
funding sources, as
allowable under
regulations, to
preserve and
rehabilitate
affordable housing
by collaborating
with peer
agencies.The issue
of lease renewal
fees was raised,
which a participant
said can place
exorbitant financial

I	1	
	burdens on tenants.	
	The Department will	
	review current State	
	statutes regarding	
	lease renewal fees,	
	and work with	
	community partners	
	to determine the	
	prevalence of this	
	practice while	
	reviewing potential	
	policies to address	
	this if necessary.	
	Some questions	
	were directed at	
	programs funded by	
	the State of	
	Colorado notably	
	the Fort Lyon	
	Supportive	
	Residential	
	Community.	
	Participants asked	
	on the status of the	
	Fort Lyon program	
	evaluation, and	
	suggested that the	
	efficacy of the	
	program be	

considered in how
these funds are
allocated in future
years. A program
evaluation is
currently being
conducted by a
third party firm
chosen by the State
Auditor's Office.
This report will be
completed by Fall
2018 and the results
will be presented to
the Colorado
General Assembly,
which will decide on
future
appropriations for
Fort Lyon. An
eviction advocate
stated that they
have noticed an
increase in the
volume of
complaints from
citizens that hold
housing vouchers
(HCV, VASH) being
(nev, vash) being

evicted from
privately held units,
and wondered how
the Department
could use its rental
assistance programs
to help these
families. These
programs are
administered by
other offices within
the Division of
Housing which do
not participate in
the Action Plan
process as they are
funded by the U.S.
Department of
Housing and Urban
Development's
Office of Public
Housing and thus
are covered under
the Public Housing
Agency Plan. The
Action Plan only
covers programs
funded by HUD's
Office of

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of	Summary of	Summary of comments	URL (If
			response/attendance	comments received	not accepted	applicable)
					and reasons	
				Community		
				Planning and		
				Development, but		
				the Division will		
				investigate the		
				prevalence of		
				voucher holder		
				evictions in its		
				programs		
				nonetheless.		

Housing
Affordability3
Homeless
Prevention and
Alleviation4
Preserve Existing
Affordable
Housing5 Improve
Public
Infrastructure6
Community
Development and
Capital
ImprovementWhat
rental housing need
is most
important?:1
Acquisition of
existing units,
Rehabilitation of
existing units,
Rental assistance2
New Construction3
Rental housing for
small families (2 to
4 persons)What
home ownership
need is most
important?1

l l		
	Accessible housing	
	for people with	
	disabilities2 Down	
	payment/closing	
	cost assistance3	
	Rehabilitation4 Pre-	
	purchase housing	
	counseling5 Energy	
	efficiency	
	improvementsThese	
	survey results	
	reflect the current	
	priorities of the	
	Department to	
	increase the supply	
	of affordable	
	housing through	
	granting and	
	loaning funds for	
	the rehabilitation	
	and construction of	
	affordable housing.	
	Homeless	
	prevention and	
	alleviation is	
	addressed through	
	the ESG program,	
	and additional	
	federal and state	

6 1.
funding sources
which are
prioritized towards
permanent
supportive housing
and rapid
rehousing. Finally
the Department
awards HOME funds
for down payment
assistance and
rehabilitation
projects throughout
the State, including
a down payment
assistance program
exclusively serving
persons with
disabilities.
Respondents also
had the option to
leave written
responses. They
wrote that a
sustainable
continuum of
housing from
homelessness to
home ownership is

	as actional colores than
	required, where the
	only static phase is
	home
	ownership.Another
	comment was made
	regarding the
	difficulty of
	maintaining housing
	on a fixed income
	especially for those
	with disabilities.
	They wrote that
	many individuals
	cannot afford
	housing, even with
	a voucher, and that
	they go in and out
	of assisted housing
	because of benefit
	cliff effects as
	increased incomes
	result in increased
	rents.Though these
	comments are more
	applicable to the
	Continuum of Care
	and Public Housing
	programs, which
	are not addressed in

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of	Summary of	Summary of comments	URL (If
			response/attendance	comments received	not accepted	applicable)
					and reasons	
				the Action Plan		
				(Community		
				Planning and		
				Development), the		
				Division will		
				continue to		
				participate in each		
				of the State's		
				Continua of Care		
				and our Voucher		
				team will continue		
				to administer the		
				Family Self		
				Sufficiency Program		
				which reduces the		
				impact of benefit		
				cliffs while		
				improving the		
				financial security of		
				families receiving		
				housing assistance.		

Sort Order	Mode of Outreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of	Summary of	Summary of comments	URL (If
			response/attendance	comments received	not accepted	applicable)
					and reasons	
		Minorities	Flyer was used to			
		Williorities	inform the public of			
		Non-English Speaking - Specify other language: Spanish	the public meeting. It			
			includes a section in			
	Flyer distributed		Spanish, provided the			
3	to general public		TTY number, and			
			explains that			
		Persons with disabilities	interpreters would be			
			provided upon			
			request.			

Table 4 – Citizen Participation Outreach

Expected Resources

AP-15 Expected Resources – 91.320(c)(1,2)

Introduction

DOLA receives a variety of Federal and State resources, including the HUD formula amounts shown below that help meet the State's housing, community and economic development needs. DOLA links these resources together and combines them with funding from local jurisdictions and private sources to maximize cost efficiency and stretch the public dollar.

Anticipated Resources

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
CDBG	public -	Acquisition						Colorado Non-Entitlement
	federal	Admin and						Community Development Block
		Planning						grant allocation.
		Economic						
		Development						
		Housing						
		Public						
		Improvements						
		Public Services	10,055,294	1,324,232	964,577	12,344,103	22,399,397	

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
HOME	public -	Acquisition						HOME Investment Partnership
	federal	Homebuyer						Non-Entitlement block grant
		assistance						allocation for Colorado.
		Homeowner						
		rehab						
		Multifamily						
		rental new						
		construction						
		Multifamily						
		rental rehab						
		New						
		construction for						
		ownership						
		TBRA	6,671,702	1,877,185	0	8,548,887	15,220,589	

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
HOPWA	public -	Permanent						Housing Opportunities for
	federal	housing in						Persons with AIDS balance of
		facilities						state block grant allocation for
		Permanent						Colorado.
		housing						
		placement						
		Short term or						
		transitional						
		housing						
		facilities						
		STRMU						
		Supportive						
		services						
		TBRA	567,866	0	0	567,866	1,135,732	

Program	Source of Funds	Uses of Funds	Ехр	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	Narrative Description
			Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$		
ESG	public -	Conversion and						Emergency Solutions Grants
	federal	rehab for						balance of state block grant
		transitional						allocation.
		housing						
		Financial						
		Assistance						
		Overnight						
		shelter						
		Rapid re-						
		housing (rental						
		assistance)						
		Rental						
		Assistance						
		Services						
		Transitional						
		housing	1,965,723	О	0	1,965,723	3,931,446	

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Expected Amount Available Year 1				Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
HTF	public -	Acquisition					·	Housing Trust Fund allocation for
	federal	Admin and						the State of Colorado.
		Planning						
		Homebuyer						
		assistance						
		Multifamily						
		rental new						
		construction						
		Multifamily						
		rental rehab						
		New						
		construction for						
		ownership	3,563,587	0	0	3,563,587	7,127,174	
Continuum	public -	Short term or						This is the amount awarded to
of Care	federal	transitional						DOH from the Competitive grant
		housing						process.
		facilities						
		Supportive						
		services						
		Transitional						
		housing						
		Other	7,133,667	0	0	7,133,667	14,263,334	

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Expected Amount Available Year 1			ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
General	public -	Housing						Created by the Colorado state
Fund	state							treasury, the Housing
								Development Grant Fund (HDG) is administered by the Division of Housing (DOH). This fund consists of monies appropriated to the Colorado Affordable Housing Construction Grants Fund by the General Assembly. HDG provides funds for acquisition, rehabilitation, and new construction through a competitive application process to improve, preserve or expand the supply of affordable housing; to finance foreclosure prevention
								activities in Colorado, and to fund the acquisition of housing
								and economic data necessary to
								advise the State Housing Board
			8,200,000	0	0	8,200,000	16,400,000	on local housing conditions.

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Ехр	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
Housing	public -	Multifamily						
Trust Fund	federal	rental new						
		construction						
		Multifamily						
		rental rehab	0	0	0	0	0	
Section 811	public -	Rental						Section 811: HUD funding for
	federal	Assistance						permanent affordable housing
		Supportive						with supportive services for
		services						people with disabilities who have
								income less than 30% of the area
								median, to enable them to live
								independently rather than in
			1,045,690	0	0	1,045,690	5,956,171	institutional settings.
Supportive	public -	Rental						Fort Lyon Supportive Housing
Housing	federal	Assistance						program is a federal program
Program		Supportive						designed to promote the
		services						development of supportive
								housing and supportive services
								to assist homeless persons in
								transitioning from homelessness,
								and to promote the provision of
								supportive housing to enable
								homeless persons to live as
			4,989,637	0	0	4,989,637	10,000,000	independently as possible.

Other	public -	Acquisition						The State is committed to
	federal	Admin and						supporting the full recovery of all
		Planning						communities impacted by flood
		Economic						and wildfire disasters. As part of
		Development						the recovery effort the State
		Financial						leverages resources from federal,
		Assistance						state, philanthropic and private
		Homebuyer						resources. Community
		assistance						Development Block Grant-
		Homeowner						Disaster Recovery Program
		rehab						(CDBG-DR) awards to the State
		Housing						include \$62,800,000 (December
		Multifamily						16th, 2013), \$199,300,000 (June
		rental new						3rd, 2014), and \$58,246,000
		construction						(January 13, 2015), for a total
		Multifamily						\$320,346,000. Please see
		rental rehab						Geographic Area Served for
		New						details of the disaster
		construction for						declarations served by these
		ownership						funds.
		Permanent						
		housing						
		placement						
		Public						
		Improvements						
		Rental						
		Assistance						
		Supportive	0	0	0	0	0	

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
_	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
		services						
		Other						
Other	public -	Acquisition						Private Activity Bond Allocation:
	federal	Homebuyer						DOH has a Statewide Balance of
		assistance						\$19,057,011. These funds may
		Multifamily						be used for a variety of
		rental new						affordable housing and economic
		construction						development purposes. While
		Multifamily						not a grant source, Private
		rental rehab						Activity Bonds provide tax
								exempt bonding authority to
								originate tax-exempt mortgages.
								For rental housing they also give
								projects access to 4% Low
			19,057,011	0	0	19,057,011	38,000,000	Income Housing Tax Credits.

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Exp	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
Other	public -	Acquisition						NSP-1 Program Income: Program
	federal	Homeowner						income generated by projects
		rehab						undertaken through NSP1
		Multifamily rental rehab						funding. May be used to acquire, rehabilitate, and/or redevelop properties that are foreclosed,
								abandoned, or vacant, in
								designated census tracts that
								were heavily impacted by
								foreclosures in the economic
			60,000	0	0	60,000	840,000	downturn
Other	public -	Public Services						This program is federally funded
	federal							from the Department of Health
								and Human Services to address
								poverty in Colorado. Dollars are
								distributed in a formula
								throughout Colorado to fund
			5,000,000	0	0	5,000,000	10,000,000	local needs to address poverty.
Other	public -	Rental						HCV Program: Funds received
	federal	Assistance						through HUD's Public and Indian
								Housing HCV program to provide
			39,184,212	0	0	39,184,212	78,233,647	rental subsidies.

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Ехр	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
Other	public -	Acquisition						Colorado Housing Investment
	state	Multifamily						Fund: The State of Colorado
		rental new						received over \$50 million from
		construction						the mortgage settlement with
		Multifamily						the 5 major banks, all custodial
		rental rehab						funds through the Attorney
		New						General's office, to be used for
		construction for						homeowner relief, foreclosure
		ownership						prevention and affordable
		Overnight						housing. The Colorado Housing
		shelter						Investment Fund (CHIF)was
								created with part of those funds
								to address Colorado's need for
			0	0	0	0	0	affordable rental housing
Other	public -	Housing						Homeless Solutions Program:
	state							Marijuana Tax Cash Fund for
			4,490,714	0	0	4,490,714	4,490,714	affordable housing.

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Ехр	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
Other	public -	Housing						The State of Colorado Housing
	state	Rapid re-						Assistance for Persons
		housing (rental						Transitioning from Criminal or
		assistance)						Juvenile Justice Cash Fund
		Rental						provides grants and loans for the
		Assistance						acquisition, construction, or
								rehabilitation of rental housing
								for persons with both a mental
								health disorder, or co-occurring
								behavioral health disorder, and
								newly released from the
								Department of Corrections
								(DOC), the Division of Youth
								Corrections (DYC) in the
								Department of Human Services
								(DHS), or county jails throughout
								Colorado. Funding will also be
								provided towards rental
								assistance vouchers and rapid
								rehousing contingent on funding
			47,000,000	0	0	47,000,000	6,700,000	availability.

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Ехр	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
Other	public -	Other						This is an annual allocation from
	state							the State's General Fund for
								grants to local governments in
								rural Colorado to improve
			5,650,000	0	0	5,650,000	1,500,000	economic development.
Other	public -	Public						Energy and Mineral Impact
	state	Improvements						Assistance Program: This is a
		Public Services						community and economic
		Other						development grant program that
								provides dollars via formula
								distribution and grants to
								Colorado local governments to
								address the impacts of oil, gas
								and mineral extraction activities
								in their communities. Funds
								come from the state severance
								tax. This program also funds a
								loan program for water and
								wastewater improvements and
								several initiatives including the
								Departmentâ¿¿s Main Street,
								Broadband, Best and Brightest
			100,000	0	0	100,000	40,000	Intern and University Technical.

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	Ехр	ected Amoun	t Available Ye	ar 1	Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
Other	public - state	Rental Assistance						State Housing Choice Vouchers: Funds provided by the state for
			2,746,313	0	0	2,746,313	5,501,000	housing choice vouchers

Table 5 - Expected Resources - Priority Table

Explain how federal funds will leverage those additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements will be satisfied

The Division of Housing matches HOME funds with state loan funds spent on HOME eligible activities, local funding used in HOME projects, foundation funds and other HOME-eligible match sources are also used. The state loan funds include: Colorado Housing Investment Funds (CHIF), Housing Development Grants (HDG), Housing Development Loan Funds (HDLF).

ESG applicants must make matching contributions in an amount that equals the amount of ESG funds awarded by DOH. The matching contributions must meet all requirements that apply to the ESG funds provided by HUD. In the event that a subrecipient is unable to meet its matching requirements due to a financial hardship, it may request, in writing, an exception to this rule, with explanation of amount, nature and cause of the hardship. DOH shall consider such requests on a case by case basis.

The newly created Housing Assistance for Persons Transitioning from Criminal or Juvenile Justice Cash Fund, using state money from reappropriated from other sources, will be used to grant or loan funds for the construction and rehabilitation of permanant supportive housing for citizens transitioning from correctional facilities.

If appropriate, describe publically owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that may be used to address the needs identified in the plan

DOLA is not aware of any publically owned land or property that could be used to address needs identified in the plan.

Discussion

Private Activity Bonds are not funds to be awarded, but tax-exempt bonds that can be issued for specific purposes. The federal government grants annual allocations of this bonding authority to states.

DOH coordinates the use of LIHTC funds awarded by the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority (CHFA) through quarterly pipeline meetings and throughout the loan/grant underwriting process for each proposed project. Because DOH accepts applications for the types of projects that are LIHTC eligible monthly, we are able to accommodate CHFA's funding cycle. The quarterly "pipeline" meetings include members of development staff from DOH, Colorado Housing and Finance Authority (CHFA), Mile High Community Loan Fund, USDA Rural Development, and Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

HTF was a new funding source in 2017, and will be used as a new affordable housing production program that will complement existing Federal, state and local efforts to increase and preserve the supply of decent, safe, and sanitary affordable housing for extremely low- and very low-income households, including homeless families.

Annual Goals and Objectives

AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives – 91.320(c)(3)&(e)

Goals Summary Information

Sort	Goal Name	Start	End	Category	Geographic	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
Order		Year	Year		Area			
1	Increase Supply	2015	2020	Affordable	State of	Additional	CDBG: \$1,925,982	Rental units constructed: 555
	of Affordable			Housing	Colorado	Affordable	HOME:	Household Housing Unit
	Housing			Homeless		Housing	\$2,463,991	Homeowner Housing Added:
				Non-Homeless			General Fund:	65 Household Housing Unit
				Special Needs			\$2,050,000	
							Housing Trust	
							Fund: \$2,000,000	
							Private Activity	
							Bond Allocation:	
							\$10,000,000	

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
2	Disaster	2015	2019	Affordable	State of	Additional	CDBG-DR:	Public Facility or Infrastructure
	Recovery			Housing	Colorado	Affordable	\$140,000,000	Activities for Low/Moderate
				Non-Homeless	Flood	Housing		Income Housing Benefit: 183
				Special Needs	Disaster	Community		Households Assisted
				Non-Housing	Recovery	Development and		Rental units constructed: 1200
				Community	Area	Capital		Household Housing Unit
				Development		Improvements		Homeowner Housing Added:
				Economic		Economic		64 Household Housing Unit
				Development,		Development		Homeowner Housing
				Planning and		Housing		Rehabilitated: 149 Household
				Resiliency,		Rehabilitation		Housing Unit
				Infrastructure		Housing and		Direct Financial Assistance to
						Assistance for the		Homebuyers: 56 Households
						Homeless		Assisted
						Local		Jobs created/retained: 1024
						Government		Jobs
						Capacity Building		Businesses assisted: 244
						Public		Businesses Assisted
						Infrastructure		Buildings Demolished: 63
						Urgent		Buildings
						Need/Disaster		Other: 10 Other
						Recovery		

Sort	Goal Name	Start	End	Category	Geographic	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
Order 3	Homelessness	Year 2015	Year 2020	Homeless	Area State of	Additional	HOME: \$822,518	Tenant-based rental
3		2013	2020	пошетезз			·	
	Prevention and				Colorado	Affordable	ESG: \$1,815,205	assistance / Rapid Rehousing:
	Alleviation					Housing	Continuum of	130 Households Assisted
						Housing and	Care: \$7,133,667	Homeless Person Overnight
						Assistance for the	General Fund:	Shelter: 21800 Persons
						Homeless	\$2,050,000	Assisted
							Housing Trust	Overnight/Emergency
							Fund: \$1,000,000	Shelter/Transitional Housing
							Homeless	Beds added: 5 Beds
							Solutions	Homelessness Prevention:
							Program:	1300 Persons Assisted
							\$15,300,000	Housing for Homeless added:
								230 Household Housing Unit
4	Preserve Existing	2015	2020	Affordable	State of	Acquire and	CDBG: \$516,240	Rental units rehabilitated: 380
	Affordable			Housing	Colorado	Preserve	HOME:	Household Housing Unit
	Housing					Affordable	\$1,028,148	Homeowner Housing
						Housing Stock.	General Fund:	Rehabilitated: 150 Household
						Housing	\$4,100,000	Housing Unit
						Rehabilitation	NSP-1 Program	
							Income: \$60,000	
							Private Activity	
							Bond Allocation:	
							\$10,000,000	

Sort	Goal Name	Start	End	Category	Geographic	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
Order 5	Improvo Dublio	Year	Year	Non Housing	Area State of	Public	CDBC: ¢1 000 000	Dublic Facility or Infrastructure
5	Improve Public	2015	2020	Non-Housing			CDBG: \$1,900,000	Public Facility or Infrastructure
	Infrastructure			Community	Colorado	Infrastructure	Energy and	Activities other than
				Development			Mineral Impact	Low/Moderate Income
							Assistance	Housing Benefit: 3800 Persons
							Program:	Assisted
							\$100,000	Jobs created/retained: 20 Jobs
6	Improve Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	State of	Additional	CDBG: \$973,689	Direct Financial Assistance to
	Affordability			Housing	Colorado	Affordable	HOPWA:	Homebuyers: 100 Households
						Housing	\$439,944	Assisted
						Housing and	HOME:	Tenant-based rental
						Assistance for the	\$2,000,000	assistance / Rapid Rehousing:
						Homeless	Section 811:	7600 Households Assisted
							\$1,045,690	
							Supportive	
							Housing Program:	
							\$4,989,637	
							Community Living	
							Colorado Housing	
							Vouchers:	
							\$1,750,500	
							HCV Program:	
							\$39,184,212	
							Private Activity	
							Bond Allocation:	
							\$564,550	
							State Housing	
							Choice Vouchers:	
							\$995,813	

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
7	Community	2015	2020	Non-Housing	State of	Community	CDBG: \$1,300,000	Public Facility or Infrastructure
	Development			Community	Colorado	Development and	General Fund-	Activities other than
	and Capital			Development		Capital	Rural Economic	Low/Moderate Income
	Improvement					Improvements	Development:	Housing Benefit: 550 Persons
							\$750,000	Assisted
							Limited Gaming	
							Impact Program:	
							\$4,900,000	
8	Support Small	2015	2020	Non-Housing	State of	Economic	CDBG: \$8,500,000	Jobs created/retained: 850
	Business			Community	Colorado	Development		Jobs
	Development			Development				
9	Affirmatively	2015	2020	All housing	State of	Affirmatively	CDBG: \$1,300	Other: 4 Other
	Further Fair				Colorado	Further Fair		
	Housing					Housing		
10	Build Housing	2015	2020	Affordable	State of	Housing Non-	HOME: \$205,270	Other: 10 Other
	Non-Profit			Housing	Colorado	Profit Capacity		
	Capacity					Building		
11	Build Local	2015	2020	Non-Housing	State of	Local	CDBG: \$3,000	Other: 10 Other
	Government			Community	Colorado	Government	DPHS: \$5,000,000	
	Capacity			Development		Capacity Building		
12	Demolition	2015	2020	Demolition of	State of	Community	CDBG: \$200,000	Buildings Demolished: 10
				slum and blight	Colorado	Development and		Buildings
						Capital		
						Improvements		

Table 6 – Goals Summary

Goal Descriptions

1	Goal Name	Increase Supply of Affordable Housing
	Goal Description	The Division of Housing (DOH) will help to increase the affordable housing supply by providing funding for construction of both rental and ownership housing that is designated to be affordable to households and individuals whose income falls below 80% of the area median. DOH will maximize funding for housing affordable to families/households at the extremely-low and very-low income levels as much as possible and still make individual projects financially sustainable. Funding will come primarily from HOME Investment Partnership funds, but CDBG funds may be used to acquire property or to cover soft costs. Other primary funding resources will include the state Housing Development Grant fund and Housing Development Loan fund, as well as the Colorado Housing Investment Fund.
2	Goal Name	Disaster Recovery
	Goal Description	This funding from the additional CDBG Disaster Recovery grants would be used to provide housing to Coloradans displaced from their homes by disasters that occurred during the 2013 flood. Disaster recovery grants will also help provide funding to meet non-housing needs created by the floods such as repair or replacement of damaged infrastructure and assistance to impacted businesses. No specific set aside has been made from our regular CDBG allocation for this purpose, but it is high on the list of priorities for this year because it is urgent and expected to occupy significant staff time and effort.
3	Goal Name	Homelessness Prevention and Alleviation
	Goal Description	One of the primary goals in the coming year is to focus on increasing access to housing units (particularly for the chronically homeless, veterans, persons with disabilities, and youth) through the continuum of housing. The Office of Homeless Initiatives (OHI) team will work towards the production of new permanent supportive housing units by providing leadership and technical assistance to local partners on the housing development process and resources. In 2014, the OHI partnered with the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority and Enterprise Community Partners to launch the "Pathways Home Supportive Housing Toolkit," in which six communities participated in a permanent supportive housing capacity building workshop. Due to a number of interested partners statewide, the OHI will be continuing these toolkits. Not only will this work shorten the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, the OHI will also facilitate increased access to affordable housing units.

4	Goal Name	Preserve Existing Affordable Housing
7	Goal Description	The Division of Housing (DOH) will provide funding for the acquisition and rehabilitation of affordable rental housing, especially to preserve existing affordable units as affordable, and to improve the condition of existing affordable housing stock. DOH will also fund single-family rehabilitation programs that provide low-cost loans to low/moderate income homeowners to keep their homes habitable.
5	Goal Name	Improve Public Infrastructure
	Goal Description	Help communities with the installation of public infrastructure items such as water system, sanitary sewer system and/or storm drainage system improvements that will either: 1.) remedy problems from the existing system(s) being undersized, leaky, out of regulatory compliance or obsolete, benefiting over 51% low to moderate income persons living in the entire community or in the specific area where the improvements are made; or 2.) benefit start-up and/or expanding businesses in a community that create or retain jobs, at least 51% of which will be filled by persons of low to moderate income.
6	Goal Name	Improve Housing Affordability
	Goal Description	Activities associated with this goal reduce the cost of housing by rental assistance, down payment assistance or contributions to development costs that will ultimately reduce the cost to the consumer, such as subsidies for Habitat for Humanity housing or land trust housing.
7	Goal Name	Community Development and Capital Improvement
	Goal Description	Provide financial assistance to rural communities to implement community development and capital improvement activities. Includes acquisition of property (to be used for public facilities), and construction or reconstruction of public facilities that primarily benefit low/moderate income persons.
8	Goal Name	Support Small Business Development
	Goal Description	Provide assistance to small businesses to start or expand their operations, and partner with local banks to fill gaps in financing packages so that 51% of jobs created or retained are filled by persons of low to moderate income.

9	Goal Name	Affirmatively Further Fair Housing
	Goal	
10	Description	Duild Hausing New Drofit Conscitu
10	Goal Name	Build Housing Non-Profit Capacity
	Goal	This goal includes CHDO operating funding for pre-development and capacity building, resulting in the production of
	Description	housing units, down payment assistance loans or rehabilitation loans within two years.
11	Goal Name	Build Local Government Capacity
	Goal	Increase the capacity of local governments to administer federal grants that facilitate the development of sustainable
	Description	communities through training classes offered by the Department of Local Affairs, Division of Local Government.
		Accomplishments will be measured by the number of local governments which participate in the training.
12	Goal Name	Demolition
	Goal	Demolition of slum and blight
	Description	

AP-25 Allocation Priorities – 91.320(d)

Introduction:

The table below represents an estimate of the percentage of each type of funding DOLA anticipates using for each of our goals. Actual awards and expenditures may differ from this since the methods of allocation are based on competitive processes.

Funding Allocation Priorities

	Increase		Homelessness	Preserve			Community	Support		Build Housing	
	Supply of		Prevention	Existing	Improve	Improve	Development	Small		Non-	
	Affordable	Disaster	and	Affordable	Public	Housing	and Capital	Business	Affirmatively	Profit	Build Lo
	Housing	Recovery	Alleviation	Housing	Infrastructure	Affordability	Improvement	Development	Further Fair	Capacity	Governr
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	Housing (%)	(%)	Capacity
HOME	45	0	0	40	0	10	0	0	0	0	
HOPWA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ESG	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
General Fund	50	0	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Housing											
Trust Fund	40	0	40	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Section 811	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	
Supportive											
Housing											
Program	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other CDBG-											
DR	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other											
Colorado											
Housing											
Investment											
Fund	50	0	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Other Community												
Living Colorado Housing Vouchers 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Other											
Colorado Housing	Community											
Housing Mouchers Mouchers	Living											
Vouchers 0<	Colorado											
Other DPHS												
Other Energy and Mineral Impact Assistance Program 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	
and Mineral Impact Assistance Assistance <td< td=""><td>Other DPHS</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td></td></td<>	Other DPHS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Impact Assistance Program 0 0 0 0 100 0<	Other Energy											
Assistance Program 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	and Mineral											
Program 0 0 0 100 0 0 0 0 0 Other General Fund-Rural Economic Development 0 0 0 0 0 0 25 0 25 25 0 0 Development O Other HCV Program 0	Impact											
Other General Fund-Rural Economic 0 0 0 0 0 0 25 0 0 25 25 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Assistance											
General Fund-Rural Fund-Rural Economic 0 0 0 0 25 0 25 25 0 0 Development 0 0 0 0 25 0 25 25 0 0 Other HCV Program 0 <		0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	
Fund-Rural Economic Compose to the HCV Compos												
Economic Development 0 0 0 25 0 25 25 0 0 Other HCV Program 0	General											
Development 0 0 0 25 0 25 25 0 0 Other HCV Program 0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>												
Other HCV Program 0												
Program 0 0 0 0 100 0 0 0 0 Other Homeless Solutions Program 25 0 25 25 0 25 0 <td>Development</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>25</td> <td>0</td> <td>25</td> <td>25</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td>	Development	0	0	0	0	25	0	25	25	0	0	
Other Homeless Homeless Solutions 25 0 25 25 0 25 0	Other HCV											
Homeless Solutions Solutions Program 25 0 25 25 0 25 0 0 0 0 0 Other Limited Gaming Impact	Program	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	
Solutions Program 25 0 25 25 0 25 0 0 0 0 0 Other Limited Gaming Impact V <td></td>												
Program 25 0 25 0 25 0 0 0 0 Other Limited Gaming Impact 0												
Other Limited Gaming Impact 0 0 0 0 0 50 0 50 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Other NSP-1 Program Program 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0												
Limited Gaming		25	0	25	25	0	25	0	0	0	0	
Gaming Impact 0 0 0 0 50 0 50 0												
Impact Program 0 0 0 0 50 0 50 0 0 0 0 Other NSP-1 Program Program 0												
Program 0 0 0 0 50 0 50 0 0 0 Other NSP-1 Program Image: Control of the program of the pro												
Other NSP-1 Program												
Program Program		0	0	0	0	50	0	50	0	0	0	
Income 50 0 0 50 0 0 0 0 0												
	Income	50	0	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Other Private											
Activity Bond											
Allocation	75	0	0	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other State											
Housing											
Choice											
Vouchers	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	

Table 7 – Funding Allocation Priorities

Reason for Allocation Priorities

Some allocations above are clear - for example, Emergency Solutions Grant funding is specifically for preventing homelessness and assisting and rehousing people experiencing homelessness. The exact allocation priorities of the other resources is very difficult to determine. It will depend on the types of projects for which DOLA receives applications and the specific features of a project will determine which funding source is most suitable. Supportive Housing is defined as affordable community-based housing that provides people with disabilities or special needs with links to supportive services.

HTF State Limited Beneficiaries or Preferences- § 91.320(k)(5)(vii)

The State will limit beneficiaries and/or give preferences to the following segments of the extremely low-income population:

• People with disabilities or other special needs (e.g. individuals/families exiting homelessness).

How will the proposed distribution of funds will address the priority needs and specific objectives described in the Consolidated Plan?

Funding will be directed toward the projects that best fit each program's statutory and regulatory requirements and meet the needs of local communities for economic development, public infrastructure, facilities and services, and housing for those least able to afford it.

Annual Action Plan 2018 54

AP-30 Methods of Distribution – 91.320(d)&(k)

Introduction:

Within the Colorado Department of Local Affairs, the Division of Housing administers the State of Colorado's allocation of HOME Investment Partnership (HOME), Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG), Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA), and Housing Trust Fund (HTF) funds, while the Division of Local Government is the lead agency administering Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds. The Department of Local Affairs splits its annual allocation of Non-Entitlement CDBG funds into 3 equal portions once funds are taken out for administration. Each portions represents Housing, Public Facilities or Economic Development. The Division of Housing administers CDBG Housing funds, the Division of Local Government administers CDBG Public Facility Funds and the Governor's Office of Economic Development and International Trade administers Economic Development CDBG Funds. Generally, if there are available funds in any one portion after a reasonable length of time, and there is a high demand in another area, these funds may be re-assigned in order to address the demands of the local communities. DOLA will distribute CDBG resources through a competitive process to eligible non-entitlement local governments through the divisions who administer these programs.

Distribution Methods

Table 8 - Distribution Methods by State Program

1	State Program Name:	Economic Development
	Funding Sources:	CDBG
	Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	The economic development use of CDBG funds is administered by the Governor's Office of Economic Development and International Trade (OEDIT), and receives a one-third share of Colorado's annual non-entitlement CDBG allocation. OEDIT will accept and consider business development proposals that involve providing financial assistance to private for-profit and non-profit businesses (except for financing for community development proposals) on a continuous basis. Such proposals include those that would provide funding through local or regional loan funds, infrastructure to benefit specific businesses, and feasibility/planning studies to benefit specific businesses.

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.

Final funding decisions are made by the Governor's Financial Review Committee and applications are considered on a continual basis until all funds are awarded. Because housing, public facility and economic development projects are administered by separate divisions, the application review and award process is different for all. However, all CDBG applications are reviewed for the following: Applicant Eligibility, Eligible Activity, National Objective Eligibility, Priority within the Consolidated Plan, the project's benefit to low and moderate income persons or households, Demonstrated Need, Project Implementation and Sustainability, number and economic status of individuals affected by the need, Level of Urgency, project's Readiness to Go, and Management Capacity.

Other review criteria include:

- · Consistency with local development strategies and coordination with other activities;
- · Public and Private Commitments; value and the viability of those commitments; Level of local commitment; communities are strongly encouraged to take primary responsibility for resolving their public facilities problems. In specific projects, this may involve making financial commitments; adjusting development regulations, user rates and fees, and capital construction and maintenance programs; creating improvement districts; establishing development and redevelopment authorities; and generally sharing in or leveraging funds and management for development and redevelopment
- · Management Capability the ability of the local government submitting the proposal to administer the project as described either through their own staff or contractors.
- · Budget DOLA staff will compare administrative and other costs with those of other similar proposals. Are the proposed administration and overall project budgets adequate, reasonable and realistic given the project work plan?
- Statutory and Regulatory Compliance Does the proposed project involve or result in residential displacement? Is there a plan to replace all low/moderate income housing demolished or converted, and to assist persons being relocated? Does the proposed project involve real property acquisition or relocation of any persons or businesses? Does it trigger Uniform Relocation Act requirements? Are cost and time requirement estimates reasonable? Are estimated labor wage costs reasonable? Is the project subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements? Is the proposed project in a floodplain or geological hazard area, or does it affect cultural or historic resources? Are there other environmental considerations? For economic development projects that involve grants or business loan funds or loan guarantees:

If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other	Additional information can be accessed through the website and Colorado's CDBG Guidebook also posted on the web.
state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only)	
Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based organizations. (ESG only)	
Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	

Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	Colorado Governor's Office of Economic Development and International Trade (OEDIT) will account and consider business development proposals that involve providing financial assistance to private for-profit and non-profit businesses (except for financing for community development proposals) on a continuous basis. Such proposals include those that would provide: • Funding through local or regional loan funds • Infrastructure to benefit specific businesses and Feasibility/planning studies to benefit specific businesses.
Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	There are no minimum or maximum grant size limits for economic development.
What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	To the extent that CDBG funds are allocated and available, Colorado's rural local government priorities will be addressed, particularly those with low to moderate income populations. This method of distribution will provide economic opportunity to help create sustainable communities.

State Program Name:	Emergency Solutions Grants				
Funding Sources:	ESG				
Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) funds provide grants by formula to States, metropolitan cities, urban counties and U.S. territories for eligible activities. The funds can be used to provide a wide range of services and supports under the five program components: street outreach, emergency shelter, rapid rehousing, homelessness prevention, and HMIS.				
Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.	The criteria used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria can be found on the scoring sheets used as our method of distribution for this program. The questions listed on the scoring sheet include, but are not limited to: location, match requirement, existing agency's reporting history, application content, agency capacity, and HUD performance standards and outcomes.				
If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other					
state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only)					

Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based	The notice of funding availability (NOFA) is published once per year on the Division of Housing website to make its allocation available to the various agencies. The Division of Housing is publishing 2017-2018 NOFA prior to Action Plan approval to accommodate the requirement at 24 CFR 576.203(a). Funds are awarded to state recipients using the scoring sheet system described above, followed by a review and recommendation of the Asset Manager, Deputy Director/Housing Programs Manager, and Director. Many of the applicants are continuing programs and agencies who Division of Housing has worked with in previous years.
organizations. (ESG only)	
Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	
Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	The five funding categories used to allocate resources are street outreach, emergency shelter, rapid rehousing, homelessness prevention, and HMIS. Each of the five categories have corresponding ESG activities and eligible costs provided by U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. Resources are allocated among funding categories using the ESG program regulations, eligible costs, and program requirements.

Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	The exact funding amount provided fir ESG varies each year. Once an amount is allocated to Division of Housing, the number and amount of grants to be awarded is determined. There is not a grant size limit, however our average grant size is approximately \$15,000 per grantee. Because many of our applicants are continuing programs from agencies we have worked with previously, most of the applications request the same or similar amounts as the years prior. We are able to adjust the threshold factors and grant size limits based on the number of returning and new applications we get each year compared to the funding provided.
What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	Emergency Solutions Grant funds used to support emergency shelters create available suitable living environments for the homeless; those used for homelessness prevention help to provide affordability for decent affordable housing; funds used for rapid re-housing make decent affordable housing available or accessible.
State Program Name:	Homeownership Down Payment Assistance/Equity Sharing
Funding Sources:	CDBG HOME General Fund

Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.

Funded with HOME,CDBG, or HDG Division of Housing (DOH) provides grant funds to regional housing organizations to provide down payment assistance loans to low and moderate-income families and administrative funding for program operation. These loans are set at a low interest rate and can be amortized or deferred depending upon the need of the family. When loan repayment is received, the housing agency places the payment into a revolving loan fund. The primary goals of the down payment assistance program are to:

- · Provide opportunities for low and moderate-income Coloradans to purchase their own homes;
- · Increase the number of homeowners in the regional housing organization's service area;
- · Create and maintain a regional revolving loan fund to assist future families with Down Payment Assistance;
- · Enhance neighborhoods and communities; and,
- · Provide stability for families and achieve lower foreclosure rates by requiring prehomeownership counseling.

Annual follow-up with families is highly recommended, as well as foreclosure prevention through pre-homeownership counseling.

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.

Applications are accepted once per year. Review criteria may include, but are not limited to the following:

- · The need for the program;
- · Program sustainability;
- · Financial, administrative, and management capacity of the applicant;
- · Geographic coverage;
- · Applicant's past performance as a grantee of the state;
- · Application thresholds;
- · Administrative fees;
- · Cost effectiveness;
- · Cost containment guidance;
- · Cost ranges;
- ·If applicable, program income fund balance.

Regional field and program staff review each application and reach a consensus on a recommended level of funding based on underwriting. The Housing Development Specialist is responsible for underwriting the program to assess the need for funding. The Development Specialist prepares a Pro/Con document for each submitted application. The Pro/Con is designed to provide information in an objective format to assist staff and the State Housing Board in making a funding recommendation. The staff forwards the results of its review to the Executive Director of the Department of Local Affairs, who may consult with the State Housing Board or other advisory groups on the proposal. DOH accepts applications once a year for the competitive application cycle that allows for the direct comparison of programs to ensure funding goes to the applications with the best merits.

If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other	All potential applicants are able to access application instructions, CDBG guidebook, Revolving Loan Fund Program Guidelines, and other state publications describing the application criteria on the Division of Housing website: https://www.colorado.gov/dola
state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only)	
Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based	
organizations. (ESG only)	
Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other	
community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	

Describe how resources will be	Revolving Loan Fund or recycled HOME program income Homeownership Programs for single-
allocated among funding categories.	family owner-occupied homes loan funds to the homeowner for down payment assistance. The funds are retained by the local agency operating the program and are re-lent to new homebuyers. Additional information can be found in the Revolving Loan Fund Program Guidelines. Recommendations on resource allocation among funding categories are determined following the application criteria reviews described above. An underwriting process reviews whether the program is feasible and necessary based on the type, location, and ability of the agency to carry out its proposal. Recommendations range from full funding, low to high partial funding, or no funding based on underwriting. Division of Housing determines which funding will be utilized for each project and program by following HUD and funding source regulations, and by availability funds.
Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	Each proposed RLF or recycled HOME program income program is evaluated using the Division Housing evaluation criteria which are detailed in its application instructions. There are no grant size limits for Homeownership DPA. However, in 2014 our average DPA awa was \$200,000 with a total of \$2,000,000. Our awarded amounts ranged from \$32,000 to \$343,000. In 2015, our average award was \$150,000 with a total in federal funds awarded to DI programs of \$730,000. Our award amounts ranged from \$24,000 to \$432,000. In general, 2 year maximum if PI is considered appropriate for RLF programs.

	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	The outcome measures expected for this RLF program are improved affordability of decent housing
4		
5		

6	State Program Name:	Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)
	Funding Sources:	HOPWA
	Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	The resources of the HOPWA program are granted to Colorado Health Network (CHN). CHN distributes funds through its regional offices: Southern Colorado AIDS Project, Western Colorado AIDS Project, Northern Colorado AIDS Project and Denver Colorado AIDS Project. However, funds granted to the State are used outside of the Denver area. CAP also enters into a memorandum of understanding with Boulder County AIDS Project to provide tenant-based rental assistance and supportive services in Boulder County. Funds are allocation on the basis of the number of people living with HIV/AIDS in each catchment area as well as the ability to use the funds timely.

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.	The critical criterion is the ability of the organization to effectively fund and provide services to people living with HIV/AIDS throughout the balance of state. Only one organization, Colorado AIDS Project, has this capacity.
If only summary criteria were	
described, how can potential	
applicants access application	
manuals or other	
state publications describing the	
application criteria? (CDBG only)	
Describe the process for	
awarding funds to state	
recipients and how the state will	
make its allocation available	
to units of general local	
government, and non-profit	
organizations, including	
community and faith-based	
organizations. (ESG only)	

Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	The Balance of State HOPWA program was designed in partnership with Colorado Health Network, and there are no other organizations in the state capable of providing the same level of specialized services for people living with HIV/AIDS. CAP is a grassroots, community-based organization for serving people living with HIV/AIDS that existed prior to the creation of the HOPWA program. It is not, however, faith based.
Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	As required by 24 CFR 574.300, 3% of the grant is allocated to the State's administrative costs; the remaining funds are granted to Colorado Health Network. Under the regulations they may use up to 7% of the amount they receive for administrative costs. Remaining funds are distributed between rental assistance and supportive services and each regional office receives and amount consistent with the number of people living with HIV/AIDs in their service area with consideration to their ability to use the funds in a timely manner.
Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	The grant size is limited by the amount of funding available under each annual HOPWA allocation

	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	Decent affordable housing and supportive housing services will be made available/accessible to low-income persons living with HIV/AIDs in the State of Colorado outside of the Denver Metro Eligible Metropolitan Statistical Area (EMSA).
7	State Program Name:	Housing Trust Fund (HTF)
	Funding Sources:	Housing Trust Fund
	Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	The Housing Trust Fund (HTF) is a new affordable housing production program that will complement existing Federal, state and local efforts to increase and preserve the supply of decent, safe, and sanitary affordable housing for extremely low- and very low-income households, including homeless families.
	Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.	Threshold: -Applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds -Applicant's ability to undertake eligible activities in a timely manner Remaining Priorities # Priority based upon geographic diversity # For rental housing, the extent to which the project has Federal, State or local project-based rental assistance so rents are affordable to extremely low-income families # For rental housing, the duration of the units' affordability period # 1: The merits of the application in meeting the State's priority housing needs

(please describe)

The extent to which application makes use of non-federal funding sources Other (please describe). Please attach response if you need additional space.

Colorado will distribute HTF funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients. 100 percent of the HTF funds will benefit extremely-low income households.

An applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds, undertake eligible activities in a timely manner, and own/manage/operate a HTF-assisted property in compliance with HUD regulations will be treated as threshold criteria. Another threshold criterion for Colorado's HTF funding will be the creation or preservation of permanent rental housing (transitional housing and shelters are not eligible).

Applications that fail to meet all of Colorado's threshold criteria (HTF threshold criteria above and other threshold criteria in Colorado's funding application) will not be considered for HTF funding. Applications that meet Colorado's threshold criteria will be prioritized for HTF funding based on the following criteria:

The first and second funding priorities will be given to applications that meet the State's priority housing needs by: 1) providing affordable, community-based supportive housing for people with disabilities or other special needs ("Supportive Housing"); or 2) including 30% AMI units in mixed-income developments that would be infeasible at 30% AMI rents but for HTF funding. The Supportive Housing priority (#1) aligns with Colorado's Priority Need for "Housing and Assistance for the Homeless". Supportive Housing projects should include Federal, State, or local project-based rental assistance to ensure the rents for HTF-assisted units are affordable to extremely low-income families. The 30% AMI units in mixed-income developments priority (#2) aligns with Colorado's Priority Needs for "Additional Affordable Housing" and "Acquire and Preserve Affordable Housing Stock".

The third funding priority will be for applications that contribute to Geographic Diversity (IDIS Con Plan and Action Plan SP-10). Under this criterion, priority for funding will be given to applications for projects that Affirmatively Further Fair Housing and/or are located in rural areas.

	The fourth funding priority will be for leveraging. Colorado will consider the extent to which each application includes non-Federal funding sources and local resources and/or concessions. Those with greater local/non-Federal commitment, when resources are available, will receive funding priority.
	The fifth funding priority will be based on the duration of the affordability period. All HTF units in rental housing projects are required to remain affordable as HTF units for a minimum of 30 years. Projects for which the underwriting supports financial feasibility beyond the minimum period, and for which the owner is willing to commit to a longer affordability period, will receive funding priority.
If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only)	N/A
Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available	N/A
to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based	
organizations. (ESG only)	

Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	N/A
Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	Recommendations on how resources will be allocated among funding categories are determined following the application reviews described above. An underwriting process reviews whether the program is feasible and necessary based on the type, location, and ability of the agency to carryout its proposal. Recommendations range from full funding, low to high partial funding, or no funding based on underwriting. Division of Housing determines which funding will be used feach project and program by following HUD and funding source regulations, and by availability funds.
Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	The maximum per-unit development subsidy limit for housing assisted with HTF funds will be adjusted for the number of bedrooms and based upon the geographic location of the units. DO uses the following criteria to evaluate each application. The cost ranges are a benchmark to assess whether a project is being built to modest standards or whether there are site condition market standards, or design considerations that necessitate higher or lower development costs All development criteria that fall outside of the parameters of the various ranges must be explained.

	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	The outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution is increased affordable housing and prevention/alleviation of homelessness. 100 percent of the funds will be used to serve extremely low-income households.
8	State Program Name:	Community Housing Development Organization Operating Grants
	Funding Sources:	HOME
	Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	Certified Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) apply to the Division of Housing (DOH) once a year on September 1st for operating funds. Applications for predevelopment loans are taken anytime during the year. Colorado DOH Development Specialists review the requests and simultaneously review documentation submitted to re-certify the agency as a CHDO.

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.	Agencies provide copies of their articles, bylaws, Board of Directors names and sector representing, staff bios, business plan, financial stats, letters of local funding match (for entitlement areas), and memorandum of understanding with DOH to begin construction on new development within 24 months. Developers also review CHDO's progress on previously identifie projects.
If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other	
state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only)	
Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available	
to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based	
organizations. (ESG only)	

Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	
Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	CHDO operating funds are generally awarded to all agencies meeting the threshold requirements and demonstrating capacity to complete projects identified in their business plan. Agencies in rural areas without local contribution are prioritized based on staff review of need for funding.
Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	Successful completion of previously identified projects is required. A business plan identifying new development or acquisition activities is required. Because of the number of CHDOs requesting operating funds, grants are generally \$20,000-\$50,000 per agency.

	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	DOH expects all CHDOs receiving operating funds to increase the number of affordable housing units through acquisition of existing market rate housing and restricting them to low/moderate income households or in creating new affordable units.
9	State Program Name:	Public Facilities
	Funding Sources:	CDBG
	Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	This state program funds improvements in public infrastructure, such as water and sewer or drainage systems, and public facilities like day care centers or hospitals.

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.

Final funding decisions are made by the Executive Director of the Colorado Department of Local Affairs with input from Division of Local Government Management and Regional staff. All CDBG applications are reviewed for the following: Applicant Eligibility, Eligible Activity, National Objective, Priority within the Consolidated Plan, the project's benefit to low and moderate income persons or households, Demonstrated Need, Project Implementation and Sustainability, number and economic status of individuals affected by the need, Level of Urgency, Project's Readiness to Go, and Management Capacity.

Other review criteria include:

- · Consistency with local development strategies and coordination with other activities;
- · Public and Private Commitments; value and the viability of those commitments; Level of local commitment; communities are strongly encouraged to take primary responsibility for resolving their public facilities problems. In specific projects, this may involve making financial commitments; adjusting development regulations, user rates and fees, and capital construction and maintenance programs; creating improvement districts; establishing development and redevelopment authorities; and generally sharing in or leveraging funds and management for development and redevelopment
- · Management Capability the ability of the local government submitting the proposal to administer the project as described either through their own staff or contractors.
- · Budget DOLA staff will compare administrative and other costs with those of other similar proposals. Are the proposed administration and overall project budgets adequate, reasonable and realistic given the project work plan?

Statutory and Regulatory Compliance - Does the proposed project involve or result in residential displacement? Is there a plan to replace all low/moderate income housing demolished or converted, and to assist persons being relocated? Does the proposed project involve real property acquisition or relocation of any persons or businesses? Does it trigger Uniform Relocation Act requirements? Are cost and time requirement estimates reasonable? Are estimated labor wage costs reasonable? Is the project subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements? Is the proposed project in a floodplain or geological hazard area, or does it affect cultural or historic resources? Are there other environmental considerations?

If only summary criteria were The State will continue a coordinated technical assistance program to assist communities with described, how can potential CDBG project management and project formulation and planning, particularly in coordination with State programs such as Impact grants, housing grants and loans, and economic development applicants access application funds. The State will target special project management technical assistance to communities that manuals or other have never administered a CDBG grant, and to those that have experienced or are experiencing state publications describing the difficulty in administering a CDBG grant. Project formulation and planning assistance will be application criteria? (CDBG only) targeted to communities that need more long-term technical assistance to prepare for CDBG or other State funding in the future, and that have committed to undertake overall development and maintenance planning and budgeting efforts. To provide consistent guidance to CDBG recipients, the Department of Local Affairs will have a CDBG staff specialist. State technical assistance may be in the form of personal contact with local government officials and staff, workshops, brokering assistance from private or local public sources, and documents and materials. Staff members have prepared a CDBG Guidebook that is available online at: www.dola.state.co.us/LGS/FA/cdbg.htm. The Guidebook contains information on Project Start-up, Financial Management, Reporting, Environmental Review, Civil Rights, Acquisition, Relocation, Labor and Construction, Project Close-Out, and Monitoring. All sections are available in PDF or Word format. DOLA also gives this Guidebook to grantees in hard copy at the time of award. Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based organizations. (ESG only)

Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	
Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	For public facilities or community development projects, there is no breakdown among funding categories. Funding is subject to local government's applications and eligibility requirements.
Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	The department suggests that \$600,000 be considered the maximum grant guideline for public facility or community development projects, however, if a local government demonstrates a significant health and/or safety need and is unable to find other funding, the department may consider increasing this maximum. Applications are reviewed through funding cycles that are announced on the web and made known through state associations. Typically, only one cycle is held per year. Additional cycles may be announced if sufficient funds remain.

	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	To the extent that CDBG funds are allocated and available, Colorado's rural local government priorities will be addressed, particularly those with low to moderate income populations.
10	State Program Name:	Single-Family Owner-Occupied Rehabilitation/Home Modification
	Funding Sources:	CDBG
		HOME
		General Fund

Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.

Single-Family Owner-Occupied Rehabilitation (SFOO): Division of Housing (DOH) provides grant funds to regional housing organizations throughout the state to provide SFOO Housing Rehabilitation or emergency repair loans to low and moderate-income families. Similar to the Down Payment Assistance Program, these loans are set at a low interest rate and can be amortized or deferred depending upon the need of the family. When loan repayment is received, the housing agency places the payment into a revolving loan fund. These funds are then recycled back into the community to provide additional housing rehabilitation. The primary goals of the SFOO Rehab program are to:

- · Preserve, enhance, and maintain affordable housing stock through repair and renovation within the community;
- · Protect the health and safety of the occupants through the correction of housing hazards;
- · Assist homeowners in improving the condition of their homes;
- · Allow homeowners to stay in their homes and not be forced to move due to a lack of accessibility;
- · Assist homeowners to improve their home's energy efficiency;
- \cdot Create and maintain regional revolving loan funds to assist with future housing rehabilitation projects; and
- · Develop and sustain a network of local contractors to complete housing repairs and renovations.

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.

Applications are accepted once per year. Review criteria may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- · The need for the program;
- · Program sustainability;
- · Financial, administrative, and management capacity of the applicant;
- · Geographic coverage;
- · Applicant's past performance as a grantee of the state;
- · Application thresholds;
- · Administrative fees;
- · Cost effectiveness;
- · Cost containment guidance;
- · Cost ranges.

Regional field and program staff review each application and reach a consensus on a recommended level of funding based on underwriting. The Housing Development Specialist is responsible for underwriting the program to assess the need for funding. The Development Specialist prepares a Pro/Con document for each submitted application. The Pro/Con is designed to provide information in an objective format to assist staff and the State Housing Board in making a funding recommendation. The staff forwards the results of its review to the Executive Director of the Department of Local Affairs, who may consult with the State Housing Board or other advisory groups on the proposal. The Division of Housing accepts applications once a year for the competitive application cycle that allows for the direct comparison of programs to ensure funding goes to the projects with the best merits.

If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other

state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only)

All potential applicants are able to access application instructions, CDBG guidebook, and other state publications describing the application criteria on the Division of Housing website: www.Colorado.gov/DOLA.

	Т — —
Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available	
to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based organizations. (ESG only)	
Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based	
organizations). (HOPWA only) Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	Recommendations on how resources will be allocated among funding categories are determined following the application reviews described above. An underwriting process reviews whether the program is feasible and necessary based on the type, location, and ability of the agency to carryout its proposal. Recommendations range from full funding, low to high partial funding, or no funding based on underwriting. Division of Housing determines which funding will be used for each project and program by following HUD and funding source regulations, and by availability of funds.

	Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	Each proposed rehab program is evaluated using the Division of Housing evaluation criteria which are detailed in its application instructions. We do not have a threshold factors or grant size limits for SFOO. In 2014, our average awarded amount was \$226,689 with a range of \$39,000 and \$509,000. We awarded a total amount for SFOO of \$1,586,825. In 2015, our average awarded amount was \$273,000 with a range of \$93,000 to \$534,000. Our total amount awarded was \$2,000,000.
	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	outcome of these rehab programs is expected to improve availability/accessibility of decent affordable housing that meets the needs of its occupants.
11		

12		
13	State Program Name:	Tenant Based Rental Assistance
	Funding Sources:	HOME

Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.

Tenant Based Rental Assistance (TBRA) is a HOME program supporting two Division of Housing (DOH) programs to assist:

- 1. Homeless families in need of housing; and,
- 2. Assist households moving from institutions.

This program current assists homeless families identified by the Department of Education and individuals being released from institutions by:

- · Providing temporary housing assistance that allows participants to stabilize their lives;
- · Providing case management to assist participants in obtaining long term housing;
- · Stabilizing participants and helping them move past multiple issues in their lives including limited job skills and/or lack of problem solving ability, evictions and poor credit; and,
- · Providing opportunities with responsibility to participate

Participants are expected to apply for Section 8 (rental assistance, or obtain an affordable unit, e.g. Low-Incomes Housing Tax Credit, other subsidized unit or other housing assistance); Participants are expected to work with a case manager and complete case management goals to secure long term housing.

Describe all of the criteria that	Applications are accepted by the first of every month throughout the year. Review criteria ma
will be used to select	include but are not limited to the following:
applications and the relative	· Project need;
importance of these criteria.	· Project sustainability;
	· Financial, administrative, and management capacity of the applicant;
	· Geographic coverage;
	· Applicant's past performance as a grantee of the state;
	· Cost effectiveness; and,
	· Cost containment guidance.
	Regional field and program staff review each application and reach a consensus on a
	recommended level of funding based on underwriting. The Housing Development Specialist is
	responsible for underwriting the program to assess the need for funding. The Development
	Specialist prepares a Pro/Con document for each submitted application. The Pro/Con is design
	to provide information in an objective format to assist staff and the State Housing Board in
	making a funding recommendation. The staff forwards the results of its review to the Executiv
	Director of the Department of Local Affairs, who may consult with the State Housing Board or
	other advisory groups on the proposal. The Division of Housing accepts applications monthly f
	this.
If only summary criteria were	
described, how can potential	
applicants access application	
manuals or other	
manuals of other	
state publications describing the	
application criteria? (CDBG only)	

Recommendations on how resources will be allocated among funding categories are determined following the application reviews described above. An underwriting process reviews whether the program is feasible and necessary based on the type, location, and ability of the agency to carryout its proposal. Recommendations range from full funding, low to high partial funding, or no funding based on underwriting. Division of Housing determines which funding will be used for each project and program by following HUD and funding source regulations, and by availability of funds.

Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	The working policy has always been a program size of no more than 30 families for TBRA grant This translates into different funding amounts because each market has different rent characteristics. With the current RFA, CDOH has capped total funding available for TBRA programs to \$1MM in the first 12 months of a contract.
What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	The outcome of these programs is expected to be improved affordability of decent housing.

Discussion:

All methods of distribution are designed to meet specific program requirements and to ensure the most effective use of the funds by incorporating competitive processes in the HOME, CDBG, HOPWA, ESG, and HTF distribution.

Starting in 2017 and on-going, the State will prioritize any CDBG or HOME Program Income funds held at the sub-grantee or sub-recipient level (i.e. local government or agency level) that may be returned to the State to be loaned or granted back to eligible projects or programs in that same jurisdiction or region. The State will analyze the balance of local level CDBG or HOME Program Income amounts to ensure appropriate funds for approximately 2-years of revolving loan fund volume. If excess CDBG or HOME Program Income is available, the State will develop a policy for re-capture of funds with a priority to fund eligible projects or programs in that same target area.

AP-35 Projects – (Optional)

Introduction:

Projects will be added throughout the program year. An amendment will be made to this Action Plan in March of 2019 to include all projects from 2018 program year.

#	Project Name

Table 9 – Project Information

Describe the reasons for allocation priorities and any obstacles to addressing underserved needs

AP-38 Project Summary

Project Summary Information

AP-40 Section 108 Loan Guarantee – 91.320(k)(1)(ii)

Will the state help non-entitlement units of general local government to apply for Section 108 loan funds?

No

Available Grant Amounts

N/A

Acceptance process of applications

N/A

AP-45 Community Revitalization Strategies – 91.320(k)(1)(ii)

Will the state allow units of general local government to carry out community revitalization strategies?

Yes

State's Process and Criteria for approving local government revitalization strategies

The State does not approve revitalization strategies for local governments. However, the State through DOLA, operates the Colorado Main Street program which works with communities throughout Colorado to revitalize their historic commercial districts. The Main Street approach is a nationally recognized, successful program in which communities apply a comprehensive approach to improving their districts, creating jobs, and building a stronger economic base, all while preserving the character of the community.

AP-50 Geographic Distribution – 91.320(f)

Description of the geographic areas of the state (including areas of low-income and minority concentration) where assistance will be directed

The Department of Local Affairs distributes its funding using competitive applications processes for all funding other than HOPWA. This means that geographic distribution cannot be predicted, and will often be determined by the capacity of local governments and non-profits to carry out projects successfully and in compliance with program regulations. This may result in geographic distribution that is not consistent with geographic need.

In September 2013, Colorado suffered catastrophic flooding as a result of unprecedented rainfall across twenty-four counties in the State, of which 18 were Presidentially Declared Disaster Areas[1]. The floods impacted the entire social fabric of the State, causing major destruction to housing, businesses, and infrastructure. The Department of Local Affairs includes prioritization of these flood impacted areas in the use of all funding programs other than HOPWA, without exclusion of any projects on the basis of their location.

Geographic Distribution

Target Area	Percentage of Funds
State of Colorado	100
Flood Disaster Recovery Area	

Table 10 - Geographic Distribution

Rationale for the priorities for allocating investments geographically

The Flood Disaster Recovery area will receive all of the CDBG-DR funding that has been awarded to the State. All other funding from the annual allocations of CDBG, HOME, HOPWA, ESG, and HTF will be used throughout the rest of the state.

Discussion

Affordable Housing

AP-55 Affordable Housing - 24 CFR 91.320(g)

Introduction:

One Year Goals for the Number of Households to be Supported		
Homeless	835	
Non-Homeless	8,030	
Special-Needs	200	
Total	9,065	

Table 11 - One Year Goals for Affordable Housing by Support Requirement

One Year Goals for the Number of Households Supported Through	
Rental Assistance	6,885
The Production of New Units	2,000
Rehab of Existing Units	150
Acquisition of Existing Units	30
Total	9,065

Table 12 - One Year Goals for Affordable Housing by Support Type

Discussion:

AP-60 Public Housing - 24 CFR 91.320(j)

Introduction:

Housing assistance provided by the Division of Housing (DOH) is funded by HUD. These federal funds are used in the administration of the Housing Choice Voucher program. DOH has jurisdiction to serve all 64 counties within the state.

The current rental assistance programs retain the number of vouchers formerly targeted to persons with special needs including those with developmental, mental health, substance abuse and/or physical disabilities. DOH partners with thousands of private landlords and approximately 50 community-based service providers across the State to combine housing assistance with supportive services. These providers include: mental health centers, centers for independent living, community center boards, and homeless service providers. The four-way partnership between DOH, the service agency, the property owner and the participant ensures an effective and efficient approach to providing housing and supportive services to some of Colorado's most vulnerable citizens.

Other Housing Choice Vouchers are also targeted to people most in need; however preferences are provided to a wide array of individuals including people experiencing homelessness, survivors of domestic violence, and other disenfranchised populations. DOH primarily partners with local housing authorities, many in rural areas, to administer these vouchers.

Actions planned during the next year to address the needs to public housing

The State of Colorado Department of Local Affairs does not own or manage any public housing.

Actions to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership

The State does not operate public housing and therefore does not plan resident initiatives. However, the State does encourage its partner organizations in their efforts to provide resident initiatives in their public housing properties.

If the PHA is designated as troubled, describe the manner in which financial assistance will be provided or other assistance

The Division of Housing PHA is not designated as troubled.

Discussion:

The Division of Housing (DOH), like all HUD-funded public housing authorities, is required to follow the Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) program regulations. HUD clearly outlines participant obligations, program administration regulations, and required statutes for public housing authorities to follow. However, DOH has designed an approach to administering the very regulation-

intensive Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Program that complies with HUD regulations while keeping the unique needs and successes of its participants as the primary goal.

DOH contracts/partners with 66 nonprofit disability providers, homeless providers and housing authorities across Colorado in addition to other community housing partners. Partnerships include 15 of Colorado's Community Mental Health Centers, all but two of the State's Community Center Boards, and many of the Independent Living Centers. Through these partnerships, each HCV participant is assigned an agency residential coordinator with whom they work directly to complete the required housing processes. In addition, most participants also have access to case management services to assist in other aspects of their lives. Most residential coordinators have experience and training working with persons with disabilities and/or special needs. This training brings a level of support that is unmatched at most public housing agencies. If a participant does not complete the necessary paperwork, or does not attend a scheduled meeting, the participant is not terminated but rather the residential coordinator reaches out to the participant, visiting their home if necessary.

DOH has also implemented alternatives to termination by considering all circumstances including an individual's disability and the role the disability may have played in the program violation. DOH only proceeds to immediate termination in the most extreme cases. In all other circumstances, DOH implements its termination process that involves conferences with program participants where the program violations are discussed and alternatives to termination are developed. The close relationship with DOH's agency partners often facilitates successful resolutions by bringing all interested parties to participate in a dialogue.

Additionally, DOH provides statewide training opportunities designed to assist both the public and private sector housing providers in working with persons with disabilities and other special needs populations. The trainings cover topics such as Fair Housing and are designed to educate the housing community on housing persons with disabilities.

AP-65 Homeless and Other Special Needs Activities – 91.320(h) Introduction

In 2012, DOH created the Homeless Programs Team (HPT), now named the Office of Homeless Initiatives (OHI), in partnership with the Governor's Office made up of key personnel from DOH. OHI provides expertise on housing and services for people experiencing homelessness or at risk of homelessness. Specifically, OHI works towards solutions for all Coloradans unstably housed or homeless, including families with children, senior citizens, veterans, persons with disabilities, those who experience chronic homelessness and, through the Office of Homeless Youth Services, youth. OHI focuses exclusively on ending and preventing homelessness for Colorado's most vulnerable citizens. Activities carried out by OHI include the facilitation of partnerships to create more permanent supportive housing, management of Federal Supportive Housing Programs serving those with special needs and advising the Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) allocation. OHI advises other DOH staff members and the DOH Director on the regional needs to address homelessness, makes funding recommendations for programs statewide and researches, analyzes and sets policies to address homelessness statewide.

The addition of HTF will increase our work with people experiencing homelessness and special needs population by allowing increased funding for extremely-low income individuals. Community-based supportive housing projects are a Colorado priority for the use of HTF funds.

Describe the jurisdictions one-year goals and actions for reducing and ending homelessness including

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs

OHI will continue to work closely with the Governor's office and other state agencies to continue to use data from the Vulnerability Index assessment tool in communities around the state to identify the most vulnerable individuals experiencing homelessness. With the information gleaned from the Vulnerability Index along with the annual HUD Point-in-Time survey data, the HPT makes funding and policy recommendations for new supportive housing and programmatic partnerships. An example of this in the coming year is increased community-based efforts for coordinated assessment and housing placement efforts for homeless Veterans in multiple communities throughout each CoC.

DOH works with community partners to assess the individual needs of program participants and works to fund housing placement services and a continuum of service-enriched housing from very intensive services, serving chronically homeless individuals for example, to less intensive "step up" supportive housing models with case management services available as needed.

Addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons

While OHI prioritizes permanent supportive housing, DOH also works to address emergency shelter and

transitional housing needs of homeless persons. Each community's needs for emergency and transitional housing are determined by the population that they serve, mainly through the survey data collected statewide. Many communities are in need of additional emergency shelters and transitional housing units. OHI will recommend funding, specifically through the ESG program, to shelters and transitional housing programs which aim to connect individuals experiencing homelessness to permanent housing as quickly as possible. DOH will continue awarding ESG funding to local HUD Continuum of Care organizations in order to give local organizations a greater ability to prioritize programs based upon their unique needs. Additionally, OHI advises DOH staff and Housing Development Specialists on emergency shelter and transitional housing projects that are appropriate for and in need of federal CDBG, HOME, and HTF funds in order to serve homeless individuals and families. Lastly, DOH has led a pilot project which converted a recently closed state prison, the Fort Lyon facility in Bent County, CO, into transitional housing. Specifically, the Fort Lyon Supportive Residential Community (Fort Lyon) combines many state, local, federal, and private resources (including mortgage settlement funds awarded to Colorado) to provide a place for chronically homeless individuals and veterans to transition from homelessness to permanent housing. For the past two years, Fort Lyon has provided stabilization and connection to recovery-oriented and health services for those experiencing chronic homelessness through intensive services and access to permanent housing upon exit.

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again

One of the primary goals in the coming year for OHI is to continue to focus on increasing access to housing units (particularly for the chronically homeless, veterans, persons with disabilities, and youth) through the continuum of housing. This calls for collaboration and capacity building at the local level to help communities identify their service gaps and most vulnerable populations with the longest histories of homelessness. Also, OHI will work towards the production of new permanent supportive housing units by providing leadership and technical assistance to local partners on the housing development process and resources. Not only will this work shorten the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness; the HPT will also facilitate increased access to affordable housing units. The team will accomplish this by working with new and existing projects to promote unit set-asides for targeted populations (e.g. chronically homeless, veterans, persons with disabilities, or youth) and recommend incentives for this such as project-based voucher allocations for projects dedicating units to priority populations.

A priority of the new HTF allocation will be dedicated for permanent rental housing and supportive housing projects serving homeless individuals. In addition, the primary goal of using HTF funds is to create units for extremely low-income individuals throughout Colorado. There is currently a shortfall of over 100,000 rental units for households earning less than \$20,000 per year. Although the initial \$3

Annual Action Plan

million in HTF funding will not be sufficient for filling this gap, the continued efforts to create more housing options for extremely low-income households remains a top priority.

Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families and those who are: being discharged from publicly funded institutions and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions); or, receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education, or youth needs

DOH will continue to provide temporary homelessness prevention services and funding through the ESG grant. OHI is collaborating with numerous other agencies as part of the Pathways Home Colorado initiative to prevent homelessness by increasing the supply of affordable housing, improving access to mainstream benefits, improving access to education and employment opportunities, improving access to the supportive services needed by some populations to maintain housing. A copy of the Pathways Home Colorado document is attached to this AAP.

Discussion

DOH is pleased to report the progress of OHI and our efforts as a State towards preventing and ending homelessness. We hope that our model of establishing OHI to provide leadership and focus specifically on housing for special needs populations is one that can be successfully replicated in other States and Regions.

The Office of Homeless Initiatives (OHI) supports the creation of cost-effective and humane interventions for highly vulnerable individuals and families experiencing homelessness. OHI has made significant progress in this endeavor through a number of efforts including the Pathways Home Supportive Housing Toolkit, a 5-month capacity-building curriculum that in combination with the Joint-Underwriting initiative with the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority, has led to the creation of 229 units of Permanent Supportive Housing in 2016, 375 units in 2017, and is expected to produce more than 800 new units over the next two years.

AP-70 HOPWA Goals - 91.320(k)(4)

One year goals for the number of households to be provided housing through the use of HOPWA		
for:		
Short-term rent, mortgage, and utility assistance to prevent homelessness of the individual or		
family	0	
Tenant-based rental assistance	65	
Units provided in permanent housing facilities developed, leased, or operated with HOPWA		
funds	0	
Units provided in transitional short-term housing facilities developed, leased, or operated with		
HOPWA funds	0	
Total	65	

AP-75 Barriers to affordable housing – 91.320(i)

Introduction:

The State's rapid development from the early 1990s to early 2000s made growth management issues a concern for State and local elected officials in Colorado and caused many communities to adopt policies that growth should "pay its own way." This resulted in sometimes complex impact fee structures. These growth-control policies and fees remain in place and continue to work against development of affordable housing.

Growth control policies can serve either as management tools controlling and directing appropriate development – or as regulatory barriers to prevent additional development. This is most apparent in housing development, which is affected by every tool a community might use to control growth. Tools include annexation and zoning policies, both in terms of the amount of land available for residential development and its density; subdivision design and engineering standards; impact fees for infrastructure and other public facilities; building codes; limits on the number of building permits allowed each year; and regulations to protect environmental and cultural resources.

The Division defines "regulatory barriers" as either deliberate or de facto actions that prohibit or discourage construction of affordable housing without reasons directly related to public health and safety. Additionally, a regulatory barrier can be a Federal, State, or local statute, ordinance, policy, custom, practice, or procedure that excessively increases the cost of new or rehabilitated housing, either by improperly restricting the location of housing, or by imposing unjustified restrictions on housing development with little or no demonstrated compensating assistance.

The problems created by regulatory barriers are compounded by the "not in my backyard" issues. The problem of finding suitable sites for affordable housing or community development projects continues to be a problem in Colorado. Many neighborhoods are unwilling to have mixed income rental units, housing for persons with special needs or senior housing. This lack of understanding and fear of affordable housing residents also hampers efforts to expand Colorado's affordable housing inventory

Actions it planned to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing such as land use controls, tax policies affecting land, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges, growth limitations, and policies affecting the return on residential investment

DOLA staff works with local governments and housing providers to increase their capacity to design, locate and provide infrastructure, economic development and new affordable housing projects. The Department supplements technical assistance with statewide training including capacity building activities for local governments, technical assistance to nonprofit organizations and classes such as the Developer's Toolkit, Hammering out the Deal, and application workshops for housing.

DOH provides technical assistance to local governments that want to modify land use regulations in order to encourage affordable housing development. During our application review process, the Division makes it a priority to assess a local government's financial contribution compared to the impact its

regulations and policies have on the total project cost.

The primary way the Division will provide technical assistance is through its ongoing discussions with local governments during project funding. The Division will also provide workshops for local government officials about regulatory barriers as requested.

Discussion:

Barriers to affordable housing are also barriers to fair housing in most instances. Specifically, since members of racial and ethnic minorities, women, and people with disabilities, protected under Fair Housing law, are disproportionately low-income, lack of affordable housing places greater burdens on them. Overcoming barriers to affordable housing is essential to providing fair housing opportunity for all.

HTF funding will be used to provide additional housing for the underserved population of extremely low-income individuals. In addition, these funds will be utilized with the continued prioritization of geographic diversity.

AP-85 Other Actions – 91.320(j)

Introduction:

Actions planned to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs

Within the Division of Local Government, general areas of assistance to the underserved include, but are not limited to: budgeting, finance, general government administration, special district administration and elections, and water and wastewater management. In addition, technical assistance staff processes and assists with a number of required local government filings that are received by the Department of Local Affairs, and perform research functions for the state, local governments, and other interested individuals.

Technical Assistance Services include administrative, financial, and other assistance to local officials, staff, and citizens in the day-to-day operation of a local government. The Technical Assistance section delivers assistance through workshops, publications, individual consultations and on-line resources. The Division of Local Government provides professional assistance to local governments in many areas of financial management, including investment and cash management strategies, short and long term capital financing options, revenue development, expenditure control, and banking. Staff is available to provide financial trend analyses, a valuable tool in predicting future outcomes. The Division of Local Government offers an annual series of workshops usually at six to nine locations around the state on topics of current financial management interest.

Supplying safe drinking water and treating wastewater are two of the basic services local governments provide. Department staff can assist communities in addressing the range of water and wastewater problems they often face, from deteriorating distribution lines to inadequate budgeting and accounting practices. Department staff are available to analyze needs and develop goals, develop a capital improvement program, analyze rate structures for user and tap fees, coordinate with the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment and other state and federal agencies, explore funding alternatives and identify plant operator training programs.

DOLA, through OEDIT, serves all rural counties with its Business Loan Funds. The Department reaches out to businesses by annually participating in at least five regional business finance forums throughout the state. The State advertises its infrastructure grants to municipal, county and economic development officials

HTF funding will be used to create more units for the underserved population of extremely low-income individuals.

Actions planned to foster and maintain affordable housing

DOLA, through the Division of Housing, plans to take the following actions to foster and maintain affordable housing:

(1) promote the development of low-income units by providing HOME and/or CDBG resources to fill gaps on the housing development side of a project, while using project-based Section 8 Housing Choice

Annual Action Plan

Vouchers to create revenue after completion;

- (2) using Veterans Administration Supportive Housing vouchers (VASH) to assist veterans experiencing homelessness;
- (3) creating an initiative that ensures linkage between housing and Medicaid, SAMHSA, TANF and other mainstream human service assistance;
- (4) Working with key stakeholder groups to make progress toward recognizing and treating the long-term effects of addiction and alcoholism as a disabling condition;
- (5) coordinating HEARTH ACT services with Continua of Care and local jurisdictions to ensure that it funds projects and programs to meet the greatest homeless needs.

When State revenues are sufficient DOH may receive Housing Development Grant funds. When available, these State funds are the most flexible of the Division's resources, and allow tailored community solutions to help ensure that the poorest families in Colorado have an increasing supply of rental units affordable to them. DOH expects to receive \$9,200,000 in Housing Development Grant funds for the State Fiscal Year that runs from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019. Additional funding that is used for affordable housing has become available over the past few years, such as the Colorado Housing Investment Fund (CHIF), which originated with mortgage settlement funds. DOH receives CHIF funding as custodial funds through the Attorney General's office to be used for homeowner relief, foreclosure prevention, and affordable housing.

The primary housing assistance program is the Housing Choice Voucher program (HCV). These funds are used in the administration of both the Housing Choice Voucher and Shelter Plus Care programs through DOH.

DOH will continue to coordinate its funding efforts with those of the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority (CHFA) and other funding agencies often coordinate their efforts to make affordable housing projects successful.

HTF funding will be awarded to organizations that will develop and restore units for extremely low-income individuals. The priorities of this new funding source include new construction and rehabilitation of affordable housing.

Actions planned to reduce lead-based paint hazards

DOH works closely with subgrantees, contract agencies, and the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) to assure that the State's housing programs and projects comply with current requirements of Title X of the Community Development Act of 1992. Approximately 431,736 (+/-10%) homes in Colorado may contain lead based paint. DOH staff reviews each proposed housing project to ensure compliance Title X, based on the type of project, the type, amount, and duration of financial assistance, and the age of the property. In addition, DOH makes training and technical resources available to local housing providers and developers. DOH is implementing the following activities during the period of 2015–2020 to ensure statewide compliance with applicable lead-based paint regulations.

1. Enhance Existing Partnerships

DOH will assist public and private efforts to reduce lead-based paint hazards across the State through involvement in the Colorado Lead Coalition interagency work group, which develops and implements

strategies for statewide lead hazard reduction and education efforts. The Coalition includes the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Denver Health, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Colorado Department of Health and Environment and other agencies. DOH also provides technical assistance and support integration of the various services offered to lower-income households, including participation in current healthy home projects in the state. This includes the Colorado Healthy Homes Coalition (CHHC) that promotes the provision of comprehensive housing rehabilitation and household services to lower-income households. The CHHC works to maximize the interventions for each household in regard to their overall well-being by linking housing rehabilitation and weatherization services with medical care and hazard mitigation programs. DOH will continue to participate in the CHHC. DOH also supports the HUD Safe and Healthy Homes Investment Partnership certification program as a tool for program integration.

- 2. Provide Lead Hazard Information to Housing Providers, Local Officials and Assisted Households DOH provides all sub-grantees, contractors and local housing and service providers with the most current required publications for distribution to occupants of housing units assisted with Division funds. The DOH staff has a working knowledge of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Renovation, Repair, and Painting Rule (RRP) that requires all rehabilitation contractors to be certified in lead-based paint procedures. DOH has processes in place to confirm that contractors compensated through DOH funded activities are properly RRP certified.
- 3. Enhance Existing Delivery System and Technical Capacity

DOH has increased its involvement in Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment's lead-based paint education activities and sponsored additional lead-safe work practice trainings around the State. DOH will continue to provide technical assistance about Title X requirements through web-based training, on-site visits, project underwriting and the distribution of best practice methods. DOH continues to search for funding opportunities to provide additional resources concerning lead-based paint and other home hazards, including funds from HUD's Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control grants. DOH will coordinate applications for funding under the Lead Hazard Reduction Program – Healthy Homes Initiative on behalf of the entire State.

Actions planned to reduce the number of poverty-level families

Employment:

The fundamental "antipoverty strategy" is a good job. Thus, the key element for lifting people out of poverty is creating and retaining jobs, helping people acquire the right skills to fill those jobs, and connecting the unemployed to jobs. The Office of Economic Development and International Trade (OEDIT) focuses on using CDBG funds for job creation. By helping provide businesses and local governments with the funding and infrastructure they need, OEDIT enables businesses to create and retain jobs.

HUD's formula grants to DOLA also contribute to creating and retaining jobs in Colorado, although that is not their primary purpose. The Divisions of Housing and Local Government are working to strengthen Section 3 performance in their use of federal funds to better create and retain jobs through their public facilities and housing projects.

Housing and Supportive Services:

The Division of Housing works to lift people out of poverty by combining housing opportunities with the supportive services needed to achieve self-sufficiency. The Division funds transitional and permanent supportive housing development for people with special needs as well as the homeless and chronically homeless. Programs operated by our Public Housing Authority section include the Family Self-Sufficiency and Family Unification programs, Housing Choice Voucher special needs programs for people with disabilities, Homeless with Substance Abuse initiatives, Housing Choice Voucher Welfare-to-Work program, Project Access vouchers to assist younger persons with disabilities in moving from institutions into the community and Veterans Administration Supportive Housing vouchers that provide permanent housing to homeless veterans. The use of new HTF funds will also be utilized to serve this population by creating more units for extremely low-income and homeless individuals and households.

Actions planned to develop institutional structure

The Department of Local Affairs works with local governments, private industry, and nonprofit organizations to tackle issues involved in providing affordable housing, and community and economic

development. The primary gaps remaining in the institutional structure in Colorado are: Governmental Coordination:

Problem: Gaps in communications can affect the decision-making of an entire region and lead to inefficient land use or excessive burden on one locale.

Solution: The Department of Local Affairs (DOLA) is the one agency in Colorado that deals almost exclusively with local governments on all levels of its mission. DOH continues to increase the coordination and involvement of State and Federal agencies, public and private nonprofits and others in the leveraging of funding sources, the planning and delivery of housing-related services, and the development of special initiatives to increase and preserve affordable housing. The State's "Interagency Housing Pipeline" is composed of key agencies that include the DOH, Colorado Housing and Finance Authority, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and U.S. Department of Agriculture, Rural Development. These bi-monthly meetings provide coordination around multiple agency rules, various funding sources and an annual targeting of specific priority areas of the State in order to address immediate housing needs. Colorado also consults and collaborates with its CoCs.

Capacity of Local Nonprofit Organizations and Housing Authorities:

Problem: Many nonprofits lack not only the funding to meet their community's housing demands, but also the staff expertise to expand or diversify existing services.

Solution: DOLA works with the Department of Human Services and special-needs providers to encourage partnerships between service providers and housing development agencies. These alliances are essential to increasing the supply of affordable, accessible housing for persons with special needs. DOLA works to improve agency capacity through technical assistance, workshops, training and monitoring. These efforts encourage retention of existing housing and new production of housing units

and the creation and expansion of projects and programs that meet community needs.

Actions planned to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies

The Division of Housing takes the following actions and collaborates with the following organizations to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies:

- Established a "Housing Initiatives" program to coordinate and collaborate with multiple agencies across additional program areas, including Veterans' Housing, Renewable Energy, and other areas of interest.
- Intradepartmental CDBG Coordinating Group. DOLA created a cross-divisional work group to coordinate and integrate its use of CDBG funds.
- The Interagency Housing Pipeline which includes development staff from DOH, the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority (CHFA), the USDA Rural Development, US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), and several Community Development Financial Institutions (CDFIs).
- Colorado and Community Interagency Council on Homelessness, a State coordinating organization appointed by the Governor to develop a strategic plan to end homelessness.
- Participates in Colorado's three Continua of Care (CoC): Metropolitan Denver Homeless Initiative; Homeward Pikes Peak and the Balance of State.
- Housing Colorado, Inc., a 501(c)(3) membership organization that facilitates workshops, meetings and educational opportunities, as well as an annual conference for housing organizations and industry professionals.
- Colorado Chapter, National Association of Housing Redevelopment Organizations (NAHRO), a state trade association for housing authorities and redevelopment agencies.
- Colorado Foreclosure Task Force, a public-private task force in which the Division of Housing participates as an active member.
- Supportive Housing Program, a statewide housing authority whose oversight transferred to the Division of Housing as of July 1, 2011. DOH has established and will maintain Housing Advisory Housing
- Examines linkages between HOME, CDBG and the HUD Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program. The purpose of the examination is to increase the supply of affordable housing for persons of limited income.
- DOH's OHI will focus on homeless issues.
- Office of Homeless Youth Services, a program within the Division of Housing, will meet on a regular basis with statewide agencies to establish goals, objectives and to seek funding.

Discussion:

Actions Planned to Affirmatively Further Fair Housing: DOH will continue to take opportunities to educate housing providers across the state on fair housing whenever possible. DOH will propose sessions at both the National Association of Housing and Redevelopment Officials Conference Annual Action Plan

and also with Housing Colorado Annual Conference. In addition, the Division has contracted with the Denver Metro Fair Housing Center to test for housing discrimination in the Disaster Recovery area and for discrimination against people with disabilities and people with children in the Denver Metro Area.

Program Specific Requirements

AP-90 Program Specific Requirements – 91.320(k)(1,2,3)

Introduction:

Community Development Block Grant Program (CDBG) Reference 24 CFR 91.320(k)(1)

Projects planned with all CDBG funds expected to be available during the year are identified in the Projects Table. The following identifies program income that is available for use that is included in projects to be carried out.

Total Program Income:	1,324,232
5. The amount of income from float-funded activities	0
has not been included in a prior statement or plan	0
4. The amount of any grant funds returned to the line of credit for which the planned u	se
3. The amount of surplus funds from urban renewal settlements	0
strategic plan.	0
year to address the priority needs and specific objectives identified in the grantee's	
2. The amount of proceeds from section 108 loan guarantees that will be used during the	ne
the next program year and that has not yet been reprogrammed	1,324,232
1. The total amount of program income that will have been received before the start of	:

Other CDBG Requirements

1. The amount of urgent need activities

0

2. The estimated percentage of CDBG funds that will be used for activities that benefit persons of low and moderate income. Overall Benefit - A consecutive period of one, two or three years may be used to determine that a minimum overall benefit of 70% of CDBG funds is used to benefit persons of low and moderate income. Specify the years covered that include this Annual Action Plan.

90.00%

HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME) Reference 24 CFR 91.320(k)(2)

1. A description of other forms of investment being used beyond those identified in Section 92.205 is as follows:

HOME funding is not being used for any form of investment other than those identified in Section

Annual Action Plan

2. A description of the guidelines that will be used for resale or recapture of HOME funds when used for homebuyer activities as required in 92.254, is as follows:

The State reviews applications for homeownership projects and programs to determine whether resale or recapture restrictions are best suited to each proposal. Generally, recapture is preferred, unless the applicant can demonstrate that they will be able to assist homebuyers with meeting resale requirements during the HOME affordability period. The state does not allow subrecipients to choose, but instead the state will favor recapture unless there is an ongoing relationship (e.g. or land trust model). Agencies must ensure ongoing compliance by using either a "Recapture" or "Resale" model. DOH and the agency must agree on which model to use before the program begins, and that choice must be reflected in the contract between DOH and the agency. Neither option prevents clients from selling their home, although Resale does restrict the sales price. Only DPA and For-Sale loans (not Rehab) have to be protected for the affordability period by a recorded "enforceable instrument." Programs using the Resale model must use a Beneficiary and Use Covenant. Programs using the Recapture model may use a Beneficiary and Use Covenant, or they may instead incorporate it into their loan documents – but only if the client is not allowed to fully pay off the loan before the affordability period expires. The agency must incorporate the following agreements into their loan agreements (Deed of Trust, Promissory Note or other documents):

- · Key terms of the mortgage note
- · Length of the affordability period
- · Principle residency is required of the client throughout the affordability period. If a client fails to use the home as a principle residence, the remaining balance of their loan becomes due and payable.
- · Loan payoff does not end the affordability period, but selling the home or losing it to foreclosure does end it, and releases any use covenant.
- · DOH recommends that the agency seek legal advice about incorporating these provisions into their loan documents.

Subrecipient resale/recapture provisions are the same. Subrecipients are expected to demonstrate how they are able to assist homebuyers in meeting the resale requirements during the time DOH and the agency agree on which model will be used before the program begins and be reflected in the contract. Following the detailed requirements in the RLF guidelines and application will outline their ability to meet resale requirements as detailed in the resale guidelines below. DOH staff provides on-going technical assistance to agencies to maximize the use of the new grant and program income funds used in revolving loan fund programs. DOH will monitor all agencies for compliance with these policies, as well as federal requirements, at least bi-annually. This review will include an evaluation of the agency's performance in meeting service provision goals, and compliance with local lending guidelines. Any changes to the resale/recapture requirements will

include an amendment to the Annual Action Plan.

3. A description of the guidelines for resale or recapture that ensures the affordability of units acquired with HOME funds? See 24 CFR 92.254(a)(4) are as follows:

Recapture the HOME Investment and Create another Affordable Unit: HOME funds subject to recapture include any development subsidy or direct assistance to the homebuyer that reduced the purchase price from fair market value to an affordable price, or any down payment or subordinate financing provided on behalf of the low income purchaser. • The property may be sold during the affordability period with full or partial repayment of the HOME assistance. Recaptured funds must be used for more HOME-eligible activities. • Full Recapture, subject to net proceeds – the agency (or subgrantee) will recapture 100% of the funds if the client sells their home before the end of the affordability period, unless the client can demonstrate that the sale was an arms-length transaction and that net proceeds are not adequate to pay off 100% of the loan. • Net proceeds = Sales price – Senior debt repayment – Closing costs. Any excess net proceeds, after repayment of the DPA loan to the agency, may be kept by the client, unless their loan is structured with an equity ratio instead of an amortizing interest rate (for Shared Equity Programs).

Resale of the Existing Property to another Low-income Buyer: • The subsequent purchaser must be a low-income family (80% or less of area median income) that will use the property as its principal residence. • The sale of the property to the new low-income family must be at a price that allows for "fair return on investment, including any improvements" to the seller (the former homebuyer). • The former homebuyer's investment is defined as their down payment plus the value of any improvements they made to the house. For example, the homebuyer made a \$1,000 down payment to purchase an existing home. They also invested in a new kitchen that added \$5,000 to the value of the home. Their investment equals \$6,000. "Fair return" is defined as the percentage change in the value of the home, based on the percentage change in median home prices and documented by appraisals from the former homebuyer's purchase and the subsequent (new) homebuyer's purchase. • For example, the median sales price for the home's unit type (single family vs. condo; existing vs. new construction) and market area, according to the local Multiple Listing Service, was \$200,000 when the homebuyer purchased it. When they decide to sell, the same measure of median sales price indicates an increase of 2.5% to \$205,000. The seller must be allowed to sell the home for enough to recoup both their original investment (\$6,000) and a 2.5% fair return on that investment (\$6,000x2.5% = \$150), a total of \$6,150. • NOTE: if median sales prices actually decline between sales, the seller may not receive a return on their investment. AND ALSO, • The property must be sold at a price that is affordable to a household at 75% to 80% of area median income that will pay not more than 30% of their income for principal and interest. • If the affordable sales price is not enough to allow the seller to realize a fair return on their investment, the State may provide HOME funding to help a qualified buyer afford a sales price that does ensure a fair return. The new HOME funding would be provided through an existing State subgrantee.

- 4. Plans for using HOME funds to refinance existing debt secured by multifamily housing that is rehabilitated with HOME funds along with a description of the refinancing guidelines required that will be used under 24 CFR 92.206(b), are as follows:
 - The Division of Housing may use HOME funds to refinance existing debt on an eligible single-family, owner-occupied property when it uses HOME funds to rehabilitate the unit, if the refinancing will reduce overall housing costs for the owner and make the housing more affordable. The Division may also use HOME funds to refinance existing debt on multifamily rehabilitation, or new construction projects if refinancing is necessary for continued long-term affordability and is consistent with Stateestablished guidelines. To qualify, the proposed project must meet one of the following criteria:
 - Rehabilitation is the primary eligible activity. This means that the amount of HOME funds for rehabilitation must equal or exceed the amount of HOME funds used to refinance existing debt on the property. The minimum ratio of rehabilitation costs to refinancing costs must be 1 to 1, or a minimum rehabilitation cost of \$5,000 per unit; or
 - A review of management practices should demonstrate that disinvestment in the property has not occurred, that the long-term needs of the project can be met, and that it is feasible to serve the targeted population over the proposed affordability period; or
 - The application must state whether the new investment is being made to maintain current affordable units, create additional affordable units, or both; or
 - The required period of affordability will be a minimum of 30 years; or
 - The State will accept applications for refinancing statewide; and, or
 - The State will not use HOME funds to refinance multifamily loans made or insured by any Federal program, including CDBG, unless additional affordable units will be income-restricted to low-income households or the affordability period is extended.

Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) Reference 91.320(k)(3)

1. Include written standards for providing ESG assistance (may include as attachment)

Please see attached ESG Standards and ESG Policies and Procedures.

DOLA-Division of Housing was approved by HUD to administer the 2016-17 ESG allocation on behalf of Adams County. These ESG funds help provide critical services for emergency shelter, homeless prevention, and rapid rehousing to Adams County residents as they work through times of crisis in

their lives.

Per language of 576.301(d)(1) and (2)the intent of the "geographical area" is intended to mean that the funds would first go to the Adams County jurisdiction without the entitlement areas (Thornton and Westminster). If DOH has any remaining funds from the first go round, then the funds could be advertised to Adams County including Thornton and Westminster and then if you have funds remaining after that then it could go the State geographical area.

- 2. If the Continuum of Care has established centralized or coordinated assessment system that meets HUD requirements, describe that centralized or coordinated assessment system.
 - Each of the three Continua of Care is at a different stage in the development of its coordinated assessment system, but each is working towards the development and implementation of a centralized system. The most robust and established system falls under the Denver Metro area Continuum of Care. That system currently serves chronically homeless individuals, veterans and youth, matching them to permanent supportive housing resources. In the coming year, the continuum aims to incorporate homeless families and rapid rehousing resources as well.

 The El Paso County Continuum of Care system serves veterans, but aims to incorporate chronically homeless individuals in the coming year. The Balance of State Continuum of Care has begun piloting coordinated entry through two pilot programs in at least six communities. The Balance of State is receiving technical assistance from HUD and the DOH. DOH is intricately involved in the strategy, planning and implementation of each continuum's efforts.

The El Paso County Continuum of Care system serves veterans, but aims to incorporate chronically homeless individuals in the coming year. The Balance of State Continuum of Care has begun piloting coordinated entry through two pilot programs in at least six communities. The Balance of State is receiving technical assistance from HUD and the DOH. DOH is intricately involved in the strategy, planning and implementation of each continuum's efforts.

- 3. Identify the process for making sub-awards and describe how the ESG allocation available to private nonprofit organizations (including community and faith-based organizations).
 - ESG Housing Assistance applications will be submitted to the Division of Housing whose internal staff will screen applications for threshold criteria and forward eligible applications to a scoring committee. The Program Manager will present funding recommendations to the Division Director, DOLA's Executive Director will make the final funding decision.
 - THRESHOLD CRITERIA
 - · 501(c)(3) status or unit of general local government
 - · Compliance with HMIS Participation
 - · Dollar for dollar match requirement

- · Ability to meet certification of insurance requirement SCORING CRITERIA
- · Years of experience in serving special needs population
- · Staff capacity and track record for serving special needs population
- · Staff capacity and track record
- · Identify and document NEED for shelter and/or services
- · Financial capacity
- · Policies and procedures for assessing client needs
- · Ability to conduct income determinations
- · Ability to comply with grant requirements

SCORING CRITERIA

- Years of experience in serving special needs population
- Staff capacity and track record for serving special needs population
- Staff capacity and track record
- Identify and document NEED for shelter and/or services
- Financial capacity
- Policies and procedures for assessing client needs
- Ability to conduct income determinations
- 4. If the jurisdiction is unable to meet the homeless participation requirement in 24 CFR 576.405(a), the jurisdiction must specify its plan for reaching out to and consulting with homeless or formerly homeless individuals in considering policies and funding decisions regarding facilities and services funded under ESG.

The ESG application scoring committee includes a homeless or formerly homeless individual among its seven members.

5. Describe performance standards for evaluating ESG.

Currently, the Division of Housing is relying on quarterly esnaps reports that capture unduplicated numbers of persons or households served as well as onsite monitoring performed by DOH staff members. In partnership with the Continua of Care, new written performance standards will be developed using the Consolidated plan, quarterly enaps report, Annual Action Plan and CAPER, as a guide to which performance standards will be recorded, tracked and produced in monthly or quarterly reports. General performance standards such as the unduplicated number of persons or

households prevented from becoming homeless and the unduplicated number of persons or households assisted from emergency shelters/streets into permanent housing will be reported.

Housing Trust Fund (HTF) Reference 24 CFR 91.320(k)(5)

- 1. How will the grantee distribute its HTF funds? Select all that apply:
- 2. If distributing HTF funds through grants to subgrantees, describe the method for distributing HTF funds through grants to subgrantees and how those funds will be made available to state agencies and/or units of general local government. If not distributing funds through grants to subgrantees, enter "N/A".

N/A

- 3. If distributing HTF funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients,
- a. Describe the eligibility requirements for recipients of HTF funds (as defined in 24 CFR § 93.2). If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Eligible Recipients are organizations, agencies, or other entities (including public housing agencies, forprofit entities, or nonprofit entities) that receive HTF assistance from the State as an owner or developer to carry out an HTF-assisted project. To be eligible for HTF assistance, a recipient must:

- (1) Make acceptable assurances to the State that it will comply with the requirements of the HTF program during the entire period that from the time the State selects the recipient to receive HTF funds until the conclusion of all HTF-funded activities;
- (2) Demonstrate its ability and financial capacity to undertake the eligible activity, comply with HTF regulations and State requirements, and manage the eligible activity;
- (3) Demonstrate its familiarity with the requirements of other Federal, State, or local housing programs that may be used in conjunction with HTF funds to ensure compliance with all applicable requirements and regulations of such programs; and
- (4) Have demonstrated experience and capacity to carry out an eligible HTF activity as evidenced by its ability to own, construct/rehabilitate, manage, and/or operate an affordable multifamily rental housing development.

Annual Action Plan 2018 b. Describe the grantee's application requirements for eligible recipients to apply for HTF funds. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

The Colorado Department of Local Affairs, Division of Housing (DOH) follows its traditional monthly application process to review proposals and award HTF funds to projects. Applications are accepted on or before the first working day of each month to begin that month's review cycle.

MINIMUM APPLICATION THRESHOLD: Applicants are expected to submit complete applications. The following are the minimum threshold requirements for a complete application. However, DOH may make exceptions to the minimum threshold criteria on a project-by-project basis, according to special circumstances and local conditions.

Demonstrate need by:

- 1. Third party market study
- 2. Local housing needs assessment and strategic plan
- 3. Local government supporting documentation substantiating the need and expressing support for the proposal

Administrative Capacity:

- 1. No unresolved financial audit findings
- 2. Compliance plan to ensure that Federal and State regulations and reporting requirements will be met, including but not limited to
- a) Federal Labor and Construction Standards, including Davis Bacon Wages
- b) Section 3 and MBE/WBE
- c) Fair Housing and Civil Rights, including Section 504
- d) Residential Antidisplacement and Relocation
- e) State or Federal procurement requirements
- f) Lead Based Paint and other environmental hazards
- 3. Property Management Experience
- a) Property Management plan that ensures rent and affordability compliance
- b) Tax Credit compliance
- 4. Applicant Monitoring Record
- a) Monitoring finding resolution for on-site visits

- b) Problems with periodic compliance reports are resolved
- 5. Applicant reporting and pay requests are timely and accurate
- a) Applicant is current with all DOH required reporting
- b) Pay requests must be timely, accurate, and current before processing a new grant or loan
- 6. Previous project experience not required although additional information will be required.

Completed Application

- 1. Legal notice published and public hearing requirements met
- 2. Documents signed
- 3. Required documents submitted
- 4. Complete project budget

Project Readiness to Proceed

- 1. Site control
- 2. Third party capital needs assessment completed within the past 12 months and covering a period of no fewer than 15 years for rehabilitation projects
- 3. Scope of work for rehabilitation projects
- 4. Confirmed local political support
- 5. Local financial support
- 6. Expected planning and zoning approval within 90 days of State Housing Board approval
- 7. Substantial amount of other funds committed including commitments of primary sources of funding. All other funds applied for or in the application process with the expectation of commitment within 90 days from the State Housing Board approval
- 8. Construction and/or acquisition start date
- 9. Construction cost estimate
- 10. Relocation and/or replacement housing required relocation plan and budget submitted

Energy Performance Standards

Project Affordability Period. Rental Housing. The DOH affordability term will run concurrently with the HUD required term of affordability.

- 1. The minimum affordability term for new construction is 30 years
- 2. The minimum affordability term for acquisition with or without rehabilitation is 30 years
- 3. The affordability term may be reduced or extended to align with the project's permanent funding at the discretion of DOH, but must comply with minimum federal affordability term requirements

MANAGEMENT CAPACITY. DOH evaluates each applicant's capacity to fulfill the objectives of the project.

c. Describe the selection criteria that the grantee will use to select applications submitted by eligible recipients. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Colorado will distribute HTF funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients. 100 percent of the HTF funds will benefit extremely-low income households.

Following submission of a complete application (as described in 3.b.), an applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds, undertake eligible activities in a timely manner, and own/manage/operate an HTF-assisted property in compliance with HUD regulations will be treated as threshold criteria. Another threshold criterion for Colorado's HTF funding will be the creation or preservation of permanent rental housing (transitional housing and shelters are not eligible). Applications that fail to meet all of Colorado's threshold criteria (HTF threshold criteria and application threshold criteria) will not be considered for HTF funding.

The Colorado Department of Local Affairs, Division of Housing (DOH) follows its traditional monthly application process to review proposals and award HTF funds to projects. Applications are accepted on or before the first working day of each month to begin that month's review cycle.

Three (3) separate DOH staff reviews are completed prior to the presentation of an application to the State Housing Board for a funding recommendation to the Colorado Department of Local Affairs' Executive Director.

The first and second funding priorities will be given to applications that meet the State's priority housing needs by:

- 1) Providing affordable, community-based supportive housing for people with disabilities or other special needs ("Supportive Housing"). This Supportive Housing priority aligns with Colorado's Priority Need for "Housing and Assistance for the Homeless." Supportive Housing projects should include Federal, State, or local project-based rental assistance to ensure the rents for HTF-assisted units are affordable to extremely low-income families.
- 2) Including 30% AMI units in mixed-income developments that would be infeasible at 30% AMI rents but for HTF funding. This 30% AMI units in mixed-income developments priority aligns with Colorado's Priority Needs for "Additional Affordable Housing" and "Acquire and Preserve Affordable Housing Stock."

Additionally, applications that meet Colorado's threshold requirements will be receive priority for HTF funding as described in the following sections VI.3.d. through VI.3.i.

d. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on geographic diversity (as defined by the grantee in the consolidated plan). If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Applications that contribute to Geographic Diversity (IDIS Con Plan and Action Plan SP-10) will be Colorado's third priority for HTF funding. Under this criterion, priority will be given to applications for projects that Affirmatively Further Fair Housing and/or are located in rural areas.

e. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on the applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds and undertake eligible activities in a timely manner. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Following submission of a complete application (as described in 3.b.), an applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds and undertake eligible activities in a timely manner will be treated as threshold criteria.

f. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on the extent to which the rental project has Federal, State, or local project-based rental assistance so that rents are affordable to extremely low-income families. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Colorado's first priority for HTF funding is for projects that provide affordable, community-based supportive housing for people with disabilities or other special needs ("Supportive Housing"). This priority aligns with Colorado's Priority Need for "Housing and Assistance for the Homeless." To meet the criteria for this priority, Supportive Housing projects should include Federal, State, or local project-based rental assistance to ensure the rents for HTF-assisted units are affordable to extremely low-income families.

g. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on the financial feasibility of the project beyond the required 30-year period. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

All HTF units in rental housing projects are required to remain affordable as HTF units for a minimum of 30 years. Projects for which the underwriting supports financial feasibility beyond the minimum period, and for which the owner is willing to commit to a longer affordability period, are Colorado's fifth funding

priority.

h. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on the merits of the application in meeting the priority housing needs of the grantee (such as housing that is accessible to transit or employment centers, housing that includes green building and sustainable development features, or housing that serves special needs populations). If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

As described in VI. 3.c. and f., Colorado's top priority for HTF funding is for projects that provide affordable, community-based supportive housing for people with disabilities or other special needs ("Supportive Housing"), and include project-based rental assistance. This priority aligns with Colorado's Priority Need for "Housing and Assistance for the Homeless."

i. Describe the grantee's required priority for funding based on the extent to which the application makes use of non-federal funding sources. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

As its fourth funding priority, Colorado will consider non-federal leverage, or the extent to which each application includes non-federal funding sources and local resources and/or concessions. Those with greater local/non-federal commitment, when resources are available, will receive funding priority over applications with less non-federal leverage.

- 4. Does the grantee's application require the applicant to include a description of the eligible activities to be conducted with HTF funds? If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, select "N/A".
- 5. Does the grantee's application require that each eligible recipient certify that housing units assisted with HTF funds will comply with HTF requirements? If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, select "N/A".
- 6. **Performance Goals and Benchmarks.** The grantee has met the requirement to provide for performance goals and benchmarks against which the grantee will measure its progress, consistent with the grantee's goals established under 24 CFR 91.315(b)(2), by including HTF in its housing goals in the housing table on the SP-45 Goals and AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives screens.

7. Maximum Per-unit Development Subsidy Amount for Housing Assisted with HTF Funds.

Enter or attach the grantee's maximum per-unit development subsidy limits for housing assisted with HTF funds.

The limits must be adjusted for the number of bedrooms and the geographic location of the project. The limits must also be reasonable and based on actual costs of developing non-luxury housing in the area.

If the grantee will use existing limits developed for other federal programs such as the Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) per unit cost limits, HOME's maximum per-unit subsidy amounts, and/or Public Housing Development Cost Limits (TDCs), it must include a description of how the HTF maximum per-unit development subsidy limits were established or a description of how existing limits developed for another program and being adopted for HTF meet the HTF requirements specified above.

Colorado performed an analysis of the cost to replace a unit with the higher of 60% AMI rent or FMR with a unit with 30% AMI rent in various locations across the State. In no area of the State did this cost exceed the HOME maximum per-unit subsidy amount. Colorado has adopted the HOME maximum per-unit subsidies as its HTF maximum per-unit subsidies.

The 2018 maximum per-unit subsidies are as follows:

Max Subsidy 0 bedroom: \$144,050

Max Subsidy 1 bedroom: \$165,134

Max Subsidy 2 bedroom: \$200,801

Max Subsidy 3 bedroom: \$259,744

Max Subsidy 4 bedroom: \$285,149

Department of Local Affairs (DOLA), Division of Housing (DOH) Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) Policy and Procedures

The ESG program provides funding to: (1) engage homeless individuals and families living on the street; (2) improve the number and quality of emergency shelters for homeless individuals and families; (3) help operate these shelters; (4) provide essential services to shelter residents, (5) rapidly re-house homeless individuals and families, and (6) prevent families and individuals from becoming homeless.

Department of Local Affairs, Division of Housing (DOH) has authority to obligate funds per 24 C.F.R 576, funds have been budgeted, appropriated and otherwise made available to eligible recipients, which can be either local government agencies or private nonprofit organizations.

The recipient agencies and organizations which actually run the homeless programs, apply to DOH or the Continuum of Care (COC) and not directly to HUD. DOH will coordinate with the CoC to ensure that priorities are aligned based on local priorities. If the CoC is a recipient of the funding, they are responsible for the compliance and will conduct on-site monitoring reviews for all subrecipients.

1. Preparation of Consolidated Plan or Action Plan updates

 Each year, The DOH prepares either a 5-year Consolidated Plan (CP) or an interim year Consolidated Action Plan detailing existent housing conditions and needs, statistical information and planned activities for ESG in accordance with HUD guidelines.

2. Approval of Consolidated Plan by HUD

The CP or action plan is reviewed by HUD and suggestions/comments/changes are recommended prior
to its approval. Once approved by HUD, a grant agreement is executed between HUD and DOLA.

3. Applications sent to prospective applicants

- · Prepare applications
- Instructions
- · Attachments to application
- Assurances & Certifications
- · Certification of Consistency with Consolidated Plan
- · Certification of Local Approval for Nonprofit Organizations
- · Required Environmental Review form

4. Applications received and reviewed for completeness and compliance with ESG requirements.

- · Applications are assigned a project number and entered into the Oracle tracking system
- Applications examined for compliance with ESG requirements, timeliness, and completeness.
- · Applications will be evaluated on the basis of performance measures and data provided

5. Applications/Awards

- Composition of review committee is Homeless Prevention Team, Asset Managers
- DOH will consult with CoC on recommendations made to ensure alignment with local priorities
- Draft award summary and spreadsheet of funding recommendations provided to the Director and Housing Programs Manager
- Awards finalized and recommendations made to DOLA Executive Director
- · ESG award letters sent to grantees

6. ESG contracts are drafted and routed through DOLA for approval and execution

7. DOH Monitoring of ESG projects - Monitoring of ESG projects is to be performed by the Asset Manager's overt the course of the grant year using the risk based monitoring approach as outlined below.

ESG Policies - Page 1 of 13 Pages

Risk-based monitoring

- · Each grantee is monitored at least once during a three-year period
- · Any project that has the following characteristics should be monitored:
- Evidence from payment requests that the agency is not obligating or spending funds in a timely manner;
- · New grantee
- Evidence based on complaints, visual inspection that grantee is not providing shelter tha conforms with the requirements or is not performing the funded activities in an appropriate manner.
- · Consistent staff turnover

A.Type of Monitoring

- 1.Full Monitoring On-site review/admintrative review
- Partial Desk examination of documents by Asset Manager and a self-certification questionnaire signed and notarized by grantee.
- Minimum Can skip a year
- 4.Performance Measures listed in monitoring document,

8. Contracts between DOLA/DOH and Grantee

Definitions. The following terms as used shall be construed and interpreted as follows:

1.Evaluation

"Evaluation" means the process of examining Grantee's Work and rating it based on criteria established in §6 and Exhibit B of the ESG Grant.

2.Exhibits and other Attachments

The following are incorporated by reference within the contract:

Exhibit A (Applicable Laws)

Exhibit B (Statement of Project)

Exhibit C (Supplemental Provisions for Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act)

Exhibit D (Rent & Income Limits Table)

Exhibit E (Project Performance Plan)

3.Goods

"Goods" means tangible material acquired, produced, or delivered by Grantee either separately or in conjunction with the Services Grantee renders hereunder.

4,Grant

"Grant" means this agreement, its terms and conditions, attached exhibits, documents incorporated by reference, and any future modifying agreements, exhibits, attachments or references incorporated herein pursuant to Colorado State law, Fiscal Rules, and State Controller Policies.

5.Grant Funds

"Grant Funds" means available funds payable by the State to Grantee pursuant to this Grant,

6.Party or Parties

"Party" means the State or Grantee and "Parties" means both the State and Grantee.

7. Project Budget

"Project Budget" means the budget for the Work described in Exhibit B of the ESG Grant.

8.Program

"Program" means the grant program, as specified on the first page, that provides the funding for this Grant.

9.Review

"Review" means examining Grantee's Work to ensure that it is adequate, accurate, correct and in accordance with the criteria established in §6 and Exhibit B of the ESG Grant

10.Services

"Services" means the required services to be performed by Grantee pursuant to this Grant.

11.Subgrantee

"Subgrantee" means third-parties, if any, engaged by Grantee to aid in performance of its obligations.

ESG Policies - Page 2 of 13 Pages

12.Work

"Work" means the tasks and activities Grantee is required to perform to fulfill its obligations under this Grant and Exhibit B, including the performance of the Services and delivery of the Goods.

13.Work Product

"Work Product" means the tangible or intangible results of Grantee's Work, including, but not limited to, software, research, reports, studies, data, photographs or other finished or unfinished documents, surveys, materials, or work product of any type, including drafts.

14.Continuum of Care (CoC)

"CoC" means to address homelessness through a coordinated community-based process of identifying needs and building a system to address those needs.

15.HMIS Management Information Systems: Data Collection and Evaluation.

Intake, service provision, and program exit data collection as required by HUD and DOH.

9. STATEMENT OF PROJECT

1.Completion

Grantee shall complete the Work and its other obligations as described in Exhibit B of the ESG Grant. The State shall not be liable to compensate Grantee for any Work performed prior to the Effective Date or after the termination of this Grant.

2.Goods and Services

Grantee shall procure Goods and Services necessary to complete the Work. Such procurement shall be accomplished using the Grant Funds and shall not increase the maximum amount payable hereunder by the State.

3.Employees

All persons employed by Grantee or Subgrantees shall be considered Grantee's or Subgrantees' employee(s) for all purposes hereunder and shall not be employees of the State for any purpose as a result of this Grant.

10. PAYMENTS TO GRANTEE -The State shall, in accordance with the provisions of the ESG Grant, pay Grantee in the following methods set forth below:

A.Maximum Amount

The maximum amount payable under this Grant to Grantee by the State is determined by the State from available funds. Grantee agrees to provide any additional funds required for the successful completion of the Work. Payments to Grantee are limited to the unpaid obligated balance of the Grant as set forth in Exhibit B of the ESG Grant.

B.Payment

Any payment allowed under the ESG Grant shall comply with State Fiscal Rules and be made in accordance with the provisions of the Grant or such Exhibit. Grantee shall initiate any payment requests by submitting invoices to the State in the form and manner set forth and approved by the State.

1.Interest

The State shall not pay interest on Grantee invoices. The State shall fully pay each invoice within 45 days of receipt thereof if the amount invoiced represents performance by Grantee previously accepted by the State.

2. Available Funds-Contingency-Termination

Payments pursuant to this Grant shall be made only from available funds encumbered for this Grant and the State's liability for such payments shall be limited to the amount remaining of such encumbered funds. If State or federal funds are not fully appropriated, or otherwise become unavailable for this Grant, the State may immediately terminate the Grant in whole or in part to the extent of funding reduction without further liability in accordance with the provisions herein.

3.Erroneous Payments

At the State's sole discretion, payments made to Grantee in error for any reason, including, but not limited to overpayments or improper payments, and unexpended or excess funds received by Grantee, may be recovered from Grantee by deduction from subsequent payments under this Grant or other Grants, grants or agreements between the State and Grantee or by other appropriate methods and collected as a debt due to the State. Such funds shall not be paid to any person or entity other than the State.

ESG Policies - Page 3 of 13 Pages

C.Use of Funds

Grant Funds shall be used only for eligible costs identified Exhibit B of the ESG contract.

D.Matching/Leveraged Funds

Grantee shall provide matching and/or leveraged funds per 24 CFR 576.500 (o), recordkeeping of the source and use of ESG matching contributions.

11. REPORTING-NOTIFICATION - Reports, Evaluations, and Reviews required shall be in accordance with the procedures and in such form as prescribed by the State and HUD.

1.Performance, Progress, Personnel, and Funds

Grantee shall submit a report to the State upon expiration or sooner termination of this Grant, containing an Evaluation and Review of Grantee's performance and the final status of Grantee's obligations hereunder. In addition, Grantee shall comply with all reporting requirements, if any, set forth in Exhibit B of the ESG Grant.

2. Noncompliance

Grantee's failure to provide reports and notify the State in a timely manner may result in the delay of payment of funds and/or termination as provided under the ESG Grant.

3.Subgrants

Copies of any and all subgrants entered into by Grantee to perform its obligations hereunder shall be submitted to the State or its principal representative upon request by the State. Any and all subgrants entered into by Grantee related to its performance hereunder shall comply with all applicable federal and state laws and shall provide that such subgrants be governed by the laws of the State of Colorado.

4.MOU

Memorandum of Understanding between the Grantee and any and all subrecipients must be reviewed and approved by DOH.

12. Grantee Records.

1. Maintenance

Grantee shall make, keep, maintain, and allow inspection and monitoring by the State of a complete file of all records, documents, communications, notes and other written materials, electronic media files, and communications, pertaining in any manner to the Work or the delivery of Services (including, but not limited to the operation of programs) or Goods hereunder. Grantee shall maintain such records (the "Record Retention Period") until the last to occur of the following: (i) a period of <u>five</u> years after the date this Grant is completed or terminated, or final payment is made hereunder, whichever is later, or (ii) for such further period as may be necessary to resolve any pending matters, or (iii) if an audit is occurring, or Grantee has received notice that an audit is pending, then until such audit has been completed and its findings have been resolved.

Recordkeeping requirements: ESG provides minimum acceptable evidence required to document each category of the homeless definition at 24 CFR 576.2.

For determining and documenting homelessness, use this order of priority:

- 1) third-party documentation,
- 2) intake worker observations, and
- 3) certification from the person seeking assistance.

Minimum acceptable types of documentation vary depending on the particular circumstance. Third party documentation should be obtained whenever possible, but lack of third-party documentation must not prevent an individual or family from being immediately admitted to emergency shelter, receiving street outreach services, or being immediately admitted to shelter or receiving services provided by a victim service provider.

ESG Policies - Page 4 of 13 Pages

2. Inspection

Grantee shall permit the State, the federal government and any other duly authorized agent of a governmental agency to audit, inspect, examine, excerpt, copy and/or transcribe Grantee's records related to this Grant during the Record Retention Period for a period of five years following termination of this Grant or final payment hereunder, whichever is later, to assure compliance with the terms hereof or to evaluate Grantee's performance hereunder. The State reserves the right to inspect the Work at all reasonable times and places during the term of this Grant, including any extension. If the Work fails to conform to the requirements of this Grant, the State may require Grantee promptly to bring the Work into conformity with Grant requirements, at Grantee's sole expense. If the Work cannot be brought into conformance by reperformance or other corrective measures, the State may require Grantee to take necessary action to ensure that future performance conforms to Grant requirements and exercise the remedies available under this Grant, at law or inequity in lieu of or in conjunction with such corrective measures.

3. Monitoring

Grantee shall permit the State, federal government, and other governmental agencies having jurisdiction, in their sole discretion, to monitor all activities conducted by Grantee pursuant to the terms of this Grant using any reasonable procedure, including, but not limited to: internal evaluation procedures, examination of program data, special analyses, on-site checking, formal audit examinations, or any other procedures. All monitoring controlled by the State shall be performed in a manner that shall not unduly interfere with Grantee's performance hereunder. In conjunction with the CoC, DOH will conduct on-site monitoring reviews to ensure all requirements are met.

4. Final Audit Report

Grantee shall provide a copy of its audit report(s) to DOLA as specified in Exhibit B of the ESG Grant

13. Confidential Information-State Records -Grantee shall comply with the provisions on §10 of the ESG Grant if it becomes privy to confidential information in connection with its performance. Confidential information, includes, but is not necessarily limited to, state records, personnel records, and information concerning individuals.

1. Confidentiality

Grantee shall keep all State records and information confidential at all times and to comply with all laws and regulations concerning confidentiality of information. Any request or demand by a third party for State records and information in the possession of Grantee shall be immediately forwarded to the State's principal representative.

2. Notification

Grantee shall notify its agent, employees, Subgrantees, and assigns who may come into contact with State records and confidential information that each is subject to the confidentiality requirements set forth herein, and shall provide each with a written explanation of such requirements before they are permitted to access such records and information.

3. Use, Security, and Retention

Confidential information of any kind shall not be distributed or sold to any third party or used by Grantee or its agents in any way, except as authorized in writing by the State. Grantee shall provide and maintain a secure environment that ensures confidentiality of all State records and other confidential information wherever located. Confidential information shall not be retained in any files or otherwise by Grantee or its agents, except as approved in writing by the State.

4. Disclosure-Liability

Disclosure of State records or other confidential information by Grantee for any reason may be cause for legal action by third parties against Grantee, the State or their respective agents. Grantee shall, to the extent permitted by law, indemnify, save, and hold harmless the State, its employees and agents, against any and all claims, damages, liability and court awards including costs, expenses, and attorney fees and related costs, incurred as a result of any act or omission by Grantee, or its employees, agents, Subgrantees, or assignees.

ESG Policies - Page 5 of 13 Pages

5.Recordkeeping and reporting

The recipient must have policies and procedures to ensure the requirements of this part are met, including those required by 2 CFR part 200. The policies and procedures must be established in writing and implemented by the <u>Grantee</u> and its <u>subrecipients</u> to ensure that ESG funds are used in accordance with the requirements. In addition, sufficient records must be established and maintained to enable the <u>recipient</u> and HUD to determine whether ESG requirements are being met.

14.Conflicts of Interest - 576.404

- (a) Organizational conflicts of interest. The provision of any type or amount of ESG assistance may not be conditioned on an individual's or family's acceptance or occupancy of emergency shelter or housing owned by the recipient, the subrecipient, or a parent or subsidiary of the <u>subrecipient</u>. No <u>subrecipient</u> may, with respect to individuals or families occupying housing owned by the <u>subrecipient</u>, or any parent or subsidiary of the <u>subrecipient</u>, carry out the initial evaluation required under § <u>576.401</u> or administer homelessness prevention assistance under § <u>576.103</u>. Recipients and sub recipients must also maintain written standards of conduct covering organizational conflicts of interest required under 2 CFR 200.318.
 (b) Individual conflicts of interest. For the procurement of goods and services, the recipient and its <u>subrecipients</u> must comply with <u>2 CFR 200.317</u> and <u>200.318</u>. For all other transactions and activities, the following restrictions apply:
 - (1) Conflicts prohibited. No person described in <u>paragraph (b)(2)</u> of this section who exercises or has exercised any functions or responsibilities with respect to activities assisted under the ESG program, or who is in a position to participate in a decision-making process or gain inside information with regard to activities assisted under the program, may obtain a financial interest or benefit from an assisted activity; have a financial interest in any contract, subcontract, or agreement with respect to an assisted activity; or have a financial interest in the proceeds derived from an assisted activity, either for him or herself or for those with whom he or she has family or business ties, during his or her tenure or during the one-year period following his or her tenure.
 - (2) Persons covered. The conflict-of- interest provisions of <u>paragraph (b)(1)</u> of this section apply to any person who is an employee, agent, consultant, officer, or elected or appointed official of the <u>recipient</u> or its subrecipients.

15. Breach

1.Defined

In addition to any breaches specified in any section of the ESG contract, the failure of either Party to perform any of its material obligations hereunder in whole or in part or in a timely or satisfactory manner, constitutes a breach. The institution of proceedings under any bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or similar law, by or against Grantee, or the appointment of a receiver or similar officer for Grantee or any of its property, which is not vacated or fully stayed within 20 days after the institution or occurrence thereof, shall also constitute a breach.

2. Notice and Cure Period

In the event of a breach, notice of such shall be given in writing by the aggrieved Party to the other Party in the manner provided in §16 of the ESG Grant. If such breach is not cured within 30 days of receipt of written notice, or if a cure cannot be completed within 30 days, or if cure of the breach has not begun within 30 days and pursued with due diligence, the State may exercise any of the remedies set forth in §15 of the ESG contract. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the State, in its sole discretion, need not provide advance notice or a cure period and may immediately terminate this Grant in whole or in part if reasonably necessary to preserve public safety or to prevent immediate public crisis.

16. Remedies

If Grantee is in breach under any provision of the ESG Grant, the State shall have all of the remedies listed in §15 of the ESG Grant in addition to all other remedies set forth in other sections of the ESG Grant following the notice and cure period set forth in §14(B). The State may exercise any or all of the remedies available to it, in its sole discretion, concurrently or consecutively.

ESG Policies - Page 6 of 13 Pages

1. Termination for Cause and/or Breach

If Grantee fails to perform any of its obligations hereunder with such diligence as is required to ensure its completion in accordance with the provisions of the ESG Grant and in a timely manner, the State may notify Grantee of such non-performance in accordance with the provisions herein. If Grantee thereafter fails to promptly cure such non-performance within the cure period, the State, at its option, may terminate this entire Grant or such part of this Grant as to which there has been delay or a failure to properly perform. Exercise by the State of this right shall not be deemed a breach of its obligations hereunder. Grantee shall continue performance of this Grant to the extent not terminated, if any.

2.Obligations and Rights

To the extent specified in any termination notice, Grantee shall not incur further obligations or render further performance hereunder past the effective date of such notice, and shall terminate outstanding orders and subgrants/subcontracts with third parties. However, Grantee shall complete and deliver to the State all Work, Services and Goods not cancelled by the termination notice and may incur obligations as are necessary to do so within this Grant's terms. At the sole discretion of the State, Grantee shall assign to the State all of Grantee's right, title, and interest under such terminated orders or subgrants/subcontracts. Upon termination, Grantee shall take timely, reasonable and necessary action to protect and preserve property in the possession of Grantee in which the State has an interest. All materials owned by the State in the possession of Grantee shall be immediately returned to the State. All Work Product, at the option of the State, shall be delivered by Grantee to the State and shall become the State's property.

3.Payments

The State shall reimburse Grantee only for accepted performance up to the date of termination. If, after termination by the State, it is determined that Grantee was not in breach or that Grantee's action or inaction was excusable, such termination shall be treated as a termination in the public interest and the rights and obligations of the Parties shall be the same as if this Grant had been terminated in the public interest, as described herein.

4.Damages and Withholding

Notwithstanding any other remedial action by the State, Grantee also shall remain liable to the State for any damages sustained by the State by virtue of any breach under this Grant by Grantee and the State may withhold any payment to Grantee for the purpose of mitigating the State's damages, until such time as the exact amount of damages due to the State from Grantee is determined. The State may withhold any amount that may be due to Grantee as the State deems necessary to protect the State, including loss as a result of outstanding liens or claims of former lien holders, or to reimburse the State for the excess costs incurred in procuring similar goods or services. Grantee shall be liable for excess costs incurred by the State in procuring from third parties replacement Work, Services or substitute Goods as cover.

17. Notices and Representatives

Each individual identified within the ESG Grant shall be the principal representative of the designating Party. All notices required to be given hereunder shall be hand delivered with receipt required or sent by certified or registered mail to such Party's principal representative at the address set forth below. In addition to, but not in lieu of a hard-copy notice, notice also may be sent by e-mail to the e-mail addresses, if any, set forth below. Either Party may from time to time designate by written notice substitute addresses or persons to whom such notices shall be sent. Unless otherwise provided herein, all notices shall be effective upon receipt.

18. ESG ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES. Grantee shall ensure that all project activities are in accordance with 24 CFR Parts 84, 85, 91 and 576, and all related regulations and requirements. Only costs incurred for ESG funded activities, are reimburseable. Activities and related services/costs allowed under ESG program are detailed below.

Eligible Activities.

Shelter Operations. (24 CFR 576.102) This activity includes the payment of shelter maintenance (including minor or routine repairs), rent, security, fuel, equipment, insurance, utilities, and furnishings, supplies necessary for the operation of the emergency shelter, for reasonable and appropriate motel and hotel vouchers if no appropriate shelter beds are available.

ESG Policies - Page 7 of 13 Pages

Staff Operations. (24 CFR 576.102) This activity may include salary, wages, fringe benefits, and insurance costs for agency staff necessary for the operation of the program.

Essential Services. (24 CFR 576.102) This activity includes services provided to individuals and families who are in emergency shelter that include case management, child care, education services, employment assistance and job training, outpatient health services, legal services, life skills, mental health services, substance abuse treatment services, transportation, services for special populations.

Homeless Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing – (24 CFR 576.103/576-104) Financial assistance is limited to the following activities: short-term rental assistance, medium-term rental assistance, rental application fees, last month's rent, security deposits, utility deposits, utility payments, moving cost assistance. Grantee and Subgrantees must not make payments directly to program participants, only to third parties, such as landlords or utility companies. In addition, an assisted property may not be owned by the Grantee, Subgrantee or the parent, subsidiary or affiliated organization of the Subgrantee.

Rental Assistance. (24 CFR 576-106) Short and medium-term rental assistance consists of tenant-based or project-based rentals that can be used to allow individuals and families to remain in their existing rental units or help them obtain and remain in rental units they select. Short-term rental assistance may not exceed rental costs accrued over a period of 3 months. Medium-term rental assistance may not exceed actual rental costs accrued over a period of 4-18 months. No program participant may receive more than 18 months of assistance under ESG. Please note that this is a DOH policy. HUD does allow up to 24 months of assistance.

For use with other subsidies. Except for a one-time payment of rental arrears on the tenant's portion of the rental payment, rental assistance cannot be provided to a program participant who is receiving tenant based rental assistance, or living in a housing unit receiving project based rental assistance or operating assistance, through other public sources. Rental assistance may not be provided to a program participant who has been provided with replacement housing payments under the URA during the period of time covered by the URA payments.

Security and Utility Deposits. ESG funds may be used to pay for security deposits, including utility deposits, for eligible program participants. In contrast to the requirements regarding rental assistance payments, security and utility deposits covering the same period of time in which assistance is being provided through another housing subsidy program are eligible, as long as the assistance from the other housing subsidy program does not include security and utility deposits.

Utility Payments. ESG funds may be used for up to 18 months of utility payments, including up to 6 months of utility payments in arrears, for each program participant, provided that the program participant or a member of his/her household has an account in his/her name with the utility company or proof of responsibility to make utility payments, such as cancelled checks or receipts in his/her name from the utility company.

Moving Cost Assistance. ESG funds may be used for reasonable moving costs, such as truck rental, hiring a moving company, or short-term storage fees for a maximum of 3 months or until the program participant is in housing, whichever is shorter.

Housing Relocation and Stabilization Services. (24 CFR 576.105) ESG funds may be used for services that assist program participants with housing stability and placement. Eligible services are:

Housing Stability Case management. This shall include the assessing, arranging, coordinating, and monitoring the delivery of individualized services to facilitate housing stability. Component services and activities may include: (a) counseling, developing, securing, and coordinating services including Federal, state and local benefits; (b) monitoring and evaluating program participant progress; (c) assuring that program participants' rights are protected; and (d) developing an individualized housing and service plan, including a path to permanent housing stability subsequent to ESG financial assistance.

ESG Policies - Page 8 of 13 Pages

(e) using the centralized or coordinated assessment system to conduct the initial evaluation and re-evaluation, (f) provide information and referrals to other providers.

Street Outreach. This includes costs related to essential services for sheltered persons including engagement, case management, emergency health services, emergency health or mental health care, transportation, and services to special populations.

Housing Search and Placement. This includes services or activities designed to assist individuals or families in locating, obtaining, and retaining suitable housing. Component services or activities may include: tenant counseling; assisting individuals and families with submitting rental applications and understanding leases; assist with obtaining utilities and making moving arrangements; housing search and outreach to and negotiating with property owners, assessment of housing for compliance with ESG requirements.

Mediation. Between the program participant and owner, only eligible if necessary to prevent loss of permanent housing.

Legal Services. Legal services must be necessary to resolve a legal problem that prohibits the program participant from obtaining or maintaining permanent housing or will likely result in the loss of permanent housing. May include landlord/tenant matters; child support; guardianship, paternity, emancipation, and legal separation; orders of protection and other civil remedies for victims of DV; appeal of veternas and public benefit claim denials, and the resolution of outstanding criminal warrants.

Credit repair. This service is to assist program participants with credit counseling and other services necessary to assist with critical skills related to household budgeting, managing money, accessing a free personal credit report, and resolving personal credit.

Homeless Management Information Systems (HMIS) (24 CFR 576.107) Data collection.

Coordinated Intake. Grantee and Subgrantee must participate in the coordinated intake assessment process and collect consistent baseline data to better ensure HMIS data collected is consistent across State and Continuum of Care. Further, Grantee and Subgrantee shall ask all program participants whether participant specific HMIS information can be utilized for programatic and regional evaluation. Grantee and subgrantees must enter data on all persons served and all activities assisted under ESG or comparable database (see below).

Victim service providers must not enter data into an HMIS but must use a comparable database. Legal services providers may use a comparable database. Information in comparable data must not be entered directly into or provided to an HMIS.

Grantee agrees to fully comply with the Rules and Regulations required by HUD which govern the HMIS. HUD's funding for continuation of all Continuum of Care Supportive Housing programs is contingent on the participation of funded agencies and the data quality collected by the HMIS system. Current and future funding by the DOH will also be dependent on HMIS participation and performance.

For Domestic Violence Shelters' a comparable client-level database. Therefore, reasonable and appropriate costs associated with operating an HMIS for purposes of collecting and reporting data required under ESG and analyzing patterns of use of ESG funds are eligible.

DOH Requirements. Other information may be requested by CDOH for reporting and program evaluation such as the number of participants, the status of each participant, the location of uits, the mental status/progress of the participants, and any other relevant information. The local CoC HMIS must generate these reports.

Evaluation. Grantee and Subgrantee(s) must comply if asked to participate in HUDsponsored research and evaluation of ESG. Eligible costs include costs for Grantee participation in HUD research and evaluation of the program.

ESG Policies - Page 9 of 13 Pages

Eligible costs. Eligible costs include (a) the purchase or leasing computer hardware, purchase software or software licenses, (b) purchase or leasing equipment, including telephones, faxes and furniture, (c) staffing associated with operating HMIS including data collection, completing data entry, monitoring and reviewing data quality, completing data analysis, reporting to the HMIS lead, training staff on using the HMIS or comparable database, implementing and complying with HMIS requirements.

Ineligible costs. HMIS activities that are ineligible include development of new software Administration. (24 CFR 576.108)

Cost of overall program management, coordination, monitoring and evaluation. Administrative costs may be used for: (a) travel costs incurred for monitoring of subrecipients, (b) adminstrative services performed under third party contracts or agreements, including general legal services, accounting services and audit services, (c) Other costs for goods and services required for adminstration of the program, including rental or purchase equipment, insurance utilities, office supplies, and rental and maintenance (but not purchase) of office space, (d) staff salaries, wages and related costs of staff engaged in eligible program adminstration activities, (e) costs of providing training on ESG requirements and attending HUD sponsored ESG trainings, (f) costs of preparing and amending the ESG and homelessness related sections of the consolidated plan in accordance with ESG requirements and 24 CFR part 91 and (g) Costs of carrying out the environmental review responsibilities under 576.407. Administrative costs do not include the costs of issuing financial assistance, providing housing relocation and stabilization services, or carrying out eligible data collection and evaluation activities, as specified above, such as Grantee or Subgrantee staff salaries, costs of conducting housing inspections, and other operating costs. These costs should be included under one of the other eligible activity.

19. Ineligible and Prohibited Activities.

- 1. Coordination with Other Resources. The intent of ESG is to provide funding for housing expenses to persons who are homeless or who would be homeless if not for this assistance. Therefore, financial assistance or services to pay for expenses that are available through other programs, are not eligible. Case managers should work to link program participants to these other resources.
- 2. Mortgage Costs. Financial assistance may not be used to pay for any mortgage costs or costs needed by homeowners to assist with any fees, taxes, or other costs of refinancing a mortgage to make it affordable. This includes the development and implementation of any mortgage assistance activity costs including, but not limited to, short-term subsidies to defray mortgage arrearages
- 3. Other Activities. ESG funds may not be used to pay for any of the following items: credit card bills or other consumer debt; clothing and grooming; home furnishings; pet care; entertainment activities; work or education related materials; and cash assistance to program participants. ESG funds may not be used to develop discharge planning programs in mainstream institutions such as hospitals, jails, or prisons. Finally, while training for case managers and program administrators is an eligible administrative cost as long as it is directly related to ESG program operations, ESG funds may not be used to pay for certifications, licenses, and general training classes. Programs may not charge fees to ESG program participants. Any ESG funds used to support program participants must be issued directly to the appropriate third party, such as the landlord or utility company, and in no case are funds eligible to be issued directly to program participants. If funds are found to be used for ineligible activities as determined by the State or HUD, the Grantee will be required to reimburse the ineligible costs.
- 4. Acquisition Costs. Acquisition of an emergency shelter for the homeless.

ESG Policies - Page 10 of 13 Pages

ESG GRANTEE MINIMUM REQUIRED WRITTEN STANDARDS-POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

At a minimum these written standards must include:

Policies and procedures for evaluating eligibility.

Grantee or subgrantees must conduct an initial evaluation to determine the eligibility of each individual or family's eligibility for ESG assistance and the amount and types of assistance the individual or family needs to regain stability in permanent housing. These evaluations must be conducted in accordance with the centralized or coordinated assessment requirements set forth under § 576.400(d) and the written standards established under § 576.400(e).

Policies and procedures for coordination among emergency shelter providers.

All shelter, homeless prevention, and rapid rehousing assistance providers; other homeless assistance providers; and mainstream service and housing providers [see § 576.400(b) and (c) for a list of programs with which ESG-funded activities must be coordinated and Integrated to the maximum extent practicable—see following page for details ,policy can state that provisions in 576.400(b) and (c) will be met.]

Participation in HMIS

Grantee must ensure that data on all persons served and all activities assisted under ESG are entered into the HMIS system. If the grantee is a victim service provider, it may use HMIS policies and requirements or a comparable database to track the client information)

Housing Inspections Policy

All units must meet minimum habitability standards including lead based paint inspections for all units built prior to 1978 with a child 6 years old or younger or with a pregnant female in residence and carbon monoxide inspection including procedures for Lead-Based Pain (LBP) Compliance per 24 CFR 35for properties providing Tenant Based Rental Assistance.

Participation of homeless individuals

Grantee that is not a State agency must provide for the participation of not less than 1 homeless individual or former homeless individual on the board of directors or other equivalent policymaking entity to the extent that such entity considers and makes decisions regarding the facility, services or other assistance of the Grantee assisted with ESGfunds.

Record Retention Policy

Grantee shall have a record retention pertinent to expenditures incurred under this contract for a period of five (5) years after the termination of all activities funded. Notwithstanding the above, if there are litigations, claims, audits, negotiations or other actions that involve any of the records, the records must be retained until completion of the actions and resolution of all issues, or the expiration of the five-year period, whichever occurs later.

Matching Funds

Grantee must have a policy regarding matching and/or leveraged funds per 24 CFR 576.500 (o), recordkeeping of the source and use of ESG matching contributions

Termination of assistance. Grantee must established a formal process that recognizes the rights of individuals affected. The grantee must exercise judgment and examine all extenuating circumstances in determining when violations warrant termination so that a program participant's assistance is terminated only in the most severe cases.

ESG Policies - Page 11 of 13 Pages

Prevention and Rapid Re-housing terminations

The required formal process, at a minimum, must consist of:

- Written notice to the program participant containing a clear statement of the reasons for termination
- A review of the decision, in which the program participant is given the opportunity to present written or
 oral objections before a person other than the person (or a subordinate of that person) who made or
 approved the termination decision
- Prompt written notice of the final decision to the program participant.

Additional standards for Street Outreach:

Standards for targeting and providing essential services related to street outreach.

Additional standards for Emergency Shelters:

- Policies and procedures for admission, diversion, referral, and discharge by emergency shelters, including standards regarding length of stay, if any, and safeguards to meet the safety and shelter needs of special populations, [e.g., victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking; and individuals and families who have the highest barriers to housing and are likely to be homeless the longest!
- Policies and procedures for assessing, prioritizing, and reassessing needs for essential services related to emergency shelter.

Additional standards for Homeless Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing:

Policies and procedures for determining and prioritizing homelessness prevention and rapid re-housing assistance.

- RRH is only available to individuals and families who meet the definition for literally homeless (Category 1 and 4 under the Homeless Definition Final Rule).
- HP assistance can be available to individuals and families that are in homeless Categories 2, 3, and 4, but not literally homeless. HP assistance can also be available to individuals and families in at-risk of homelessness Categories 1, 2, and 3.
- Standards for determining what percentage or amount of rent and utilities costs, if any, each program
 participant must pay while receiving homelessness prevention or rapid re-housing assistance.
- Standards for determining how long a particular program participant will be provided with rental
 assistance and whether and how the amount of that assistance will be adjusted over time, if at all.
- Standards for determining the type, amount, and duration of housing stabilization and/or relocation services to provide, including the limits, if any, on the homelessness prevention or rapid re-housing assistance that each program participant may receive, such as the <u>maximum amount of assistance</u>, maximum number of months in the program; or the <u>maximum number of times the program participant</u> may receive assistance.
- Standards for use with other subsidies. Except for a one-time payment of rental arrears on the tenant's
 portion of the rental payment, rental assistance cannot be provided to a program participant who is
 receiving tenant based rental assistance, or living in a housing unit receiving project based rental
 assistance or operating assistance, through other public sources. Rental assistance may not be provided
 to a program participant who has been provided with replacement housing payments under the URA
 during the period of time covered by the URA payments.
- · Standards for addressing the needs of ineligible applicants.

ESG Policies - Page 12 of 13 Pages

Other Federal Requirements

Policies and procedures for procurement transactions per 24 CFR 576.407(c), Uniform requirements. The requirements of 2 CFR part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Costs Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards apply grantee.

§ 576.400- Area-wide systems coordination requirements.

- (b) Coordination with other targeted homeless services. The recipient and its sub-recipients must coordinate and integrate, to the maximum extent practicable, ESG-funded activities with other programs targeted to homeless people in the area covered by the Continuum of Care or area over which the services are coordinated to provide a strategic, community-wide system to prevent and end homelessness for that area. These programs include:
- (1) Shelter Plus Care Program (24 CFR part 582);
- (2) Supportive Housing Program (24 CFR part 583);
- (3) Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation Program for Single Room Occupancy Program for Homeless Individuals (24 CFR part 882);
- (4) HUD—Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing (HUD–VASH) (division K, title II, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2008, Pub. L. 110–161 (2007), 73 FR 25026 (May 6, 2008));
- (5) Education for Homeless Children and Youth Grants for State and Local Activities (title VII–B of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11431 et seq.));
- (6) Grants for the Benefit of Homeless Individuals (section 506 of the Public Health Services Act (42 U.S.C. 290aa-5));
- (7) Healthcare for the Homeless (42 CFR part 51c);
- (8) Programs for Runaway and Homeless Youth (Runaway and Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5701 et seq.));
- (9) Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness (part C of title V of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290cc-21 et seq.));
- (10) Services in Supportive Housing Grants (section 520A of the Public Health Service Act);
- (11) Emergency Food and Shelter Program (title III of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11331 et seq.));
- (12) Transitional Housing Assistance Grants for Victims of Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking Program (section 40299 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act (42 U.S.C. 13975));
- (13) Homeless Veterans Reintegration Program (section 5(a) (1)) of the Homeless Veterans Comprehensive Assistance Act (38 U.S.C. 2021);
- (14) Domiciliary Care for Homeless Veterans Program (38 U.S.C. 2043);
- (15) VA Homeless Providers Grant and Per Diem Program (38 CFR part 61);
- (16) Health Care for Homeless Veterans Program (38 U.S.C. 2031);
- (17) Homeless Veterans Dental Program (38 U.S.C. 2062);
- (18) Supportive Services for Veteran Families Program (38 CFR part 62); and
- (19) Veteran Justice Outreach Initiative (38 U.S.C. 2031).
- (c) System and program coordination with mainstream resources. The recipient and its subrecipients must coordinate and integrate, to the maximum extent practicable, ESG-funded activities with mainstream housing, health, social services, employment, education, and youth programs for which families and individuals at risk of homelessness and homeless individuals and families may be eligible. Examples of these programs include:
- (1) Public housing programs assisted under section 9 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437g) (24 CFR parts 905, 968, and 990);
- (2) Housing programs receiving tenant-based or project-based assistance under section 8 of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f) (respectively 24 CFR parts 982 and 983);
- (3) Supportive Housing for Persons with Disabilities (Section 811) (24 CFR part 891);
- (4) HOME Investment Partnerships Program (24 CFR part 92);
- (5) Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (45 CFR parts 260-265);
- (6) Health Center Program (42 CFR part 51c);
- (7) State Children's Health Insurance Program (42 CFR part 457):
- (8) Head Start (45 CFR chapter XIII, subchapter B);
- (9) Mental Health and Substance Abuse Block Grants (45 CFR part 96); and
- (10) Services funded under the Workforce Investment Act (29 U.S.C. 2801 et seq.).

ESG Policies - Page 13 of 13 Pages

8. **Rehabilitation Standards.** The grantee must establish rehabilitation standards for all HTF-assisted housing rehabilitation activities that set forth the requirements that the housing must meet upon project completion. The grantee's description of its standards must be in sufficient detail to determine the required rehabilitation work including methods and materials. The standards may refer to applicable codes or they may establish requirements that exceed the minimum requirements of the codes. The grantee must attach its rehabilitation standards below.

In addition, the rehabilitation standards must address each of the following: health and safety; major systems; lead-based paint; accessibility; disaster mitigation (where relevant); state and local codes, ordinances, and zoning requirements; Uniform Physical Condition Standards; and Capital Needs Assessments (if applicable).

See Attached



Multi-family Housing Rehabilitation Standards

Effective July 2017

Colorado Department of Local Affairs Division of Housing 1313 Sherman Street, Room 500 Denver, Colorado 80203 (303) 864-7810 http://dola.colorado.gov/doh

Alison George, Director

Multi-Family Housing Rehabilitation Standards

Description:

The Division of Housing (DOH) has created these Multi Family Housing Rehabilitation Standards (Rehab Standards) to uniformly provide for safe, decent, durable, high-performing and affordable housing. They apply to multi-family properties rehabilitated with the use of DOH funding. Further, these standards are written to comply with the requirements of the HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME) and the National Housing Trust Fund (HTF) and address the following:

- Capital Needs Assessment (found on page 3 in Establishing Scope of Work Priorities)
- Accessibility (found on Page 4 in Applicable Laws and Regulations)
- Disaster mitigation (found on Page 5 in Applicable Laws and Regulations)
- State and local codes (found on Page 5 in Applicable Laws and Regulations)
- Uniform Physical Condition Standards (found on Page 5 in Applicable Laws and Regulations)
- · Health and safety (Section 1)
- Lead-based paint (Section 1)
- Major systems (Section 2 thru 11)

These standards are designed to be used with multi-family properties with five or more units. The Single-family Housing Rehabilitation Standards apply to one- to four- unit dwellings of three stories or less.

These standards describe the minimum requirements in a variety of ways including:

- These standards are designed to exceed the Uniform Physical Condition Standards (UPCS) and ensure upon completion, the assisted project and units will be decent, safe, sanitary and in good repair as described in 24 CFR 5.703. Appendix A: Uniform Physical Condition Standards for Multifamily Housing Rehabilitation identifies, at a minimum, those items that must be inspected along with the observable deficiency and the type and degree of deficiency that must be addressed. Any deficiency found to exist from Appendix A must be addressed, even if a specific standard for that item is not included in this document. In the event that a specific standard is not included for an observed deficiency, the repair shall be completed in a thorough and workmanlike manner in accordance with industry practice.
- Minimum requirements for the materials and methods used. All construction
 materials and methods shall be in compliance with locally adopted building codes. If
 there are no local codes, then they shall comply with State Code (the National Electrical
 Code (NEC), 2014 Edition, as may be amended by the Colorado Electrical Board, the
 International Plumbing Code (IPC) 2015 and the International Fire/Gas Code (IFGC) as
 amended in the Colorado Plumbing Code, and the International Existing Building Code
 of the ICC (IEBC)).

Note: At the time of publication and adoption of these standards, the adopted codes

2|Page Multi-Family Housing Rehabilitation Standards

- referenced are believed to be those in force. As standards and codes change and are put into effect by the governing authorities having jurisdiction, the new standards and codes will apply in lieu of those referenced.
- The requirements of regulatory agencies such as the local government's Building,
 Housing and Zoning Codes; the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA); federal, state
 and local Historic Preservation requirements. These Rehabilitation Standards are not
 meant to substitute for a thorough understanding of all of the codes and regulations
 that may apply to your projects.
- The requirements of funders such as HUD (CDBG, HOME, NSP, HTF, CDBG-DR) or local governments, including the Environmental Review process.

In order to access further and more detailed information, hyperlinks to useful web sites are included in this document. They can serve as a valuable resource.

Establishing Scope of Work Priorities:

For all Rehabilitation Projects, health and safety standards represent the highest priority work to be completed first, especially if they are life threatening. Any and all life threatening health and safety deficiencies shall be corrected in every rehabilitation project, regardless of funding source and must be addressed immediately if the housing is occupied. Appendix A identifies life-threatening deficiencies in (*bold italic) for the property site, building exterior, building systems, common areas, and units.

Another top priority for the scope of work is the remaining useful life of all major building systems, which shall be estimated through a Capital Needs Assessment (CNA) or other means and must cover the period of affordability. Federal funding requirements dictate that if a multifamily housing project consists of 26 units or more, a (CNA) shall be performed to determine the remaining useful life of major systems, and the Division of Housing (DOH) may require a (CNA) regardless of project size. Those systems that are found to be at or near the end of their useful life shall be repaired or replaced as part of the rehabilitation of the project. A replacement reserve shall be established and monthly payments made to the reserve account in an amount adequate to repair or replace systems as needed through the entire period of affordability. Major systems include the structure, roof, cladding, weatherproofing (windows, doors, siding, gutters, etc.), plumbing, electrical, heating, ventilation, and air conditioning, and are identified by the symbol "[MAJOR SYSTEM]".

The next priority for inclusion in the scope of work is any violation of locally adopted building code, housing code, zoning ordinance, and/or disaster mitigation standards. It is important for Grantees and their Contractors/Subcontractors to be knowledgeable about their local codes, and to communicate freely with local code officials if their code requirements are unclear. If there are no locally adopted building codes, then State Code (the National Electrical Code (NEC), 2014 Edition, as may be amended by the Colorado Electrical Board, the International Plumbing Code (IPC) 2015 and the International Fire/Gas Code (IFGC) as amended in the

3 | Page Multi-Family Housing Rehabilitation Standards

Colorado Plumbing Code, and the International Existing Building Code of the ICC (IEBC)).

Most building codes, including the International Existing Building Code of the ICC (IEBC), allow for building components that were constructed in compliance with the building code that was in effect at the time, and that do not pose a health or safety threat, to remain as is. Generally, they do not need to be improved to meet current code unless they are a threat to health or safety. The same applies to these Rehab Standards – if a building component is not a threat to health or safety, and if it complies with the building code that was in effect when it was built, then the component does not need to be brought into compliance with these standards.

Grantees may choose to implement "Green Standards," identified by this symbol - [GREEN STANDARD], unless they are found under health and safety, in which case they shall be corrected to the GREEN STANDARD. These standards accomplish one or more of the following:

- · Conserve water
- Conserve energy
- · Provide residents with a healthier living environment
- · Reduce impact on the natural environment
- Create a more sustainable product lifetime

In areas where the [GREEN STANDARD] is optional and a Grantee chooses not to implement the GREEN STANDARD, the repair or replacement shall be completed according to applicable codes and in accordance with industry standards.

Source Documents:

The standards in this document were adapted from a template used by Livable Housing, Inc., a consulting and training firm, and were based on a number of similar documents used in various housing rehabilitation programs. The standards with the label [GREEN STANDARD] were added with the assistance of Enterprise Community Partners and intended to be used for including green rehabilitation improvements that follow accepted national green building standards such as LEED and the Green Communities Criteria.

Applicable Laws and Regulations

These Rehabilitation Standards are not meant to substitute for a thorough understanding of all of the regulations that may apply to your projects.

The following statutory and regulatory requirements are applicable to projects funded with federal funds:

- · HUD HOME, HTF or CDBG regulations (depending on the funding source used)
- Broadband infrastructure as defined in 24 CFR 5.100 for substantial rehabilitation of a building with more than 4 rental units, the rehabilitation must provide for installation of broadband infrastructure, as this term is also defined in 24 CFR 5.100. This requirement

4|Page Multi-Family Housing Rehabilitation Standards

- may be waived if DOLA makes a written determination that such installation is not required in accordance with the requirements at 24 CFR 570.482(c)(5) (CDBG), 24 CFR 92.251(b)(1)(x) (HOME), or 24 CFR 93.301(b)(1)(x) (HTF).
- Accessibility Requirements in 24 CFR part 8, which implements Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), and Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. 12131 – 12189) Implemented at 28 CFR parts 35 and 36, as applicable. Covered multifamily dwellings, as defined at 24 CFR 100.201 shall also meet the construction requirements at 24 CFR 100.205.
- NEPA Environmental Review
- Local Code: Current locally adopted Building, Housing and Zoning Codes, including any local Disaster Mitigation Standards.
- If no local Building Code: State Code (the National Electrical Code (NEC), 2014 Edition, as may be amended by the Colorado Electrical Board, the International Plumbing Code (IPC) 2015 and the International Fire/Gas Code (IFGC) as amended in the Colorado Plumbing Code, and the International Existing Building Code of the ICC (IEBC)).
- Federal Code: For programs funded with HOME or HTF funds after January 24, 2014, HUD will adapt the Uniform Physical Condition Standards (UPCS) inspection protocol for housing rehabilitation.
- Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations including the RRP regulations for Lead Based Paint
- EPA regulations for the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), dealing with hazardous materials.
- If the building is over 50 years old, then the Colorado State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) requirements as well as any federal or local Historic Preservation requirements.
- Life Safety Code NFPA 101 as published by the National Fire Protection Association.

The following are additional guidelines and codes that may apply:

- Energy: A locally adopted energy code, 2009 (or newer) International Energy Conservation Code (IECC).
- · Accessibility: ANSI standards for accessibility by disabled residents
- HAZMAT: HUD Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing

5 | Page

Multi-Family Housing Rehabilitation Standards

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1)	Health and Safety	Page 8
1)	a. Contaminants	٥
	b. Lead Based Paint (LBP)	
	c. Asbestos	
	d. Radon	
	e. Mold	
	f. Fire Safety – Egress	
	g. Fire and CO Alarms	
21	Site	11
~	a. Drainage	175
	b. Outbuildings	
	c. Fencing and Gates	
	d. Paving and Walks	
	e. Trees and Shrubbery	
	f. Lawn	
3)	Building Exterior	14
	a. Exterior Cladding	
	b. Exterior Porches	
	c. Exterior Railings	
	d. Exterior Steps and Decks	
41	Foundation and Structure	15
4)	a. Firewalls	15
	b. Foundations	
	c. Structural Walls	
5)	Windows and Doors	16
	a. Interior Doors	
	b. Exterior Doors	
	c. Windows	
	d. Basement Windows	
6 Pag	ge Multi-Family Housing Rehabilitati	on Standards

Annual Action Plan 2018

6)	Roofing	18
	a. Flat and Low-Slope Roofing	
	b. Pitched Roofs	
	c. Gutters and Downspouts	
7)	Insulation and Ventilation	19
	a. Infiltration	
	b. Insulation	
	c. Bath Ventilation	
	d. Kitchen Ventilation	
	e. Roof Ventilation	
8)	Interior Standards	21
	a. Interior Walls and Ceilings	
	b. Flooring	
	c. Closets	
	d. Cabinets and Countertop	
	e. Appliances	
9)	Electric	23
533	a. Lighting	
	b. Interior Electric Distribution	
	c. Service and Panel	
10	Plumbing	25
	a. Drain, Waste Vent Lines	
	b. Plumbing Fixtures	
	c. Plumbing Minimum Equipment	
	d. Water Heaters	
	e. Water Supply	
11	HVAC	27
450	a. Air Conditioning	
	b. Chimney	
	c. Distribution System	
	d. Heating	
A	pendix A: Uniform Physical Condition Standards for Multifamily Housing	

Annual Action Plan 2018

Multi-Family Housing Rehabilitation Standards

7|Page

1) Health and Safety

[GREEN STANDARD] is mandatory in this section

ts [GREEN STANDARD]
*,,

All materials installed shall meet the following standards to minimize the presence of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) and Formaldehyde:

- All paints and primers should meet the most recent Green Seal G-11 Environmental Standard. http://www.greenseal.org/Home.aspx
- All particleboard components shall meet ANSI A208.1 for formaldehyde emission limits, or all exposed particleboard edges shall be sealed with a low-VOC sealant or have a factory-applied, low-VOC sealant prior to installation. All MDF edges shall meet ANSI A208.2 for formaldehyde emission limits, or all exposed MDF edges shall be sealed with a low-VOC sealant or have a factory-applied, low-VOC sealant prior to installation.

Lead-Based Paint (LBP) [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard ("Interim Controls")

For all housing units constructed prior to 1978, they must meet the lead-based paint requirements at 24 CFR part 35 and must follow HUD LBP Guidelines including testing for LBP and Lead-safe work practices. Only EPA-certified Renovation, Repair and Painting (RRP) contractors may perform the work. See: http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead/lbp/hudguidelines/ All interim controls shall be performed as follows and by properly trained workers:

- When any LBP-coated surfaces are disturbed, the work area shall be sealed and tenants
 of occupied buildings shall be adequately protected from LBP hazards.
- · Occupants may be temporarily relocated as required by the regulations.
- All surfaces coated with LBP shall be properly maintained over the life of the program covenants.
- Tenants living in buildings constructed prior to 1978 that are not certified as being "lead free" shall be provided with the "Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home" pamphlet, the location and condition of known LBP, and advance written notice prior to any lead-hazard reduction activity.

Replacement Standard ("Abatement")

When Interim Control is impractical, the most affordable solution for abatement of the component shall be chosen. For example, walls containing LBP may be covered with drywall or

8|Page

gutted and replaced with drywall. Trim and other wood or metal components containing LBP may be removed and replaced with similar materials.

Any work must meet the lead-based paint requirement at 24 CFR par 35 and must follow HUD LBP Guidelines including Lead-safe work practices, and only use EPA-certified abatement contractors to perform the work. See: http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead/lbp/hudguidelines/

Asbestos [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Asbestos can be found in these and many other common building materials: Ceiling textures, vinyl floor coverings and mastic, boiler and pipe insulation, heating and cooling duct insulation, ceiling tile, roofing products, clapboard shingles, etc. An asbestos inspection by a certified asbestos building inspector is required in Colorado if the trigger level of suspect materials to be disturbed is exceeded. An exemption is possible only if it can be shown that the building was constructed after October 12, 1988 and either no asbestos containing material (ACM) was specified in any construction document for the building OR no ACMs were used in the building.

For more information and repair requirements, see the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment's Asbestos website at: http://www.colorado.gov/cs/Satellite/CDPHE-AP/CBON/1251594599613

Replacement Standard

Abatement of friable asbestos-containing materials in Colorado shall be performed by a General Abatement Contractor, certified by the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment's Air Pollution Control Division.

For more information and abatement requirements, see the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment's Asbestos website at: http://www.colorado.gov/cs/Satellite/CDPHE-AP/CBON/1251594599613

Radon [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

All residential buildings shall be subject to a "Short Term" Radon Test. If the result is a reading of 4 pCi/L or higher, then perform a follow-up "Short Term" test and average the results. If the average is above 4 pCi/L, remediation shall be required.

Radon test kits may be purchased from your local home improvement store. Be sure the kit says "certified by the <u>National Radon Proficiency Program</u>." Individuals can also get coupons for mail-order test kits on the <u>Colorado Dept.</u> of Public Health and Environment's website: http://www.colorado.gov/cs/Satellite/CDPHE-HM/CBON/1251617274212

Replacement Standard

If, as a result of the testing above, there is a presence of Radon at or above the 4 pCi/L level, remediation shall be undertaken per the EPA guidance in their Consumer's Guide to Radon Reduction: http://www.epa.gov/radon/pubs/consguid.html.

If the home's water comes from a private well, the water should also be tested. Water testing is available from the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment's Laboratory Services Division.

Mold [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Any presence of mold is unacceptable and shall be addressed per the National Center for Healthy Housing protocol "Creating a Healthy Home." Once the source of the mold causing moisture has been identified and repaired, All carpeting, drywall or other gypsum-based wall coverings or any other non-structural components with mold present shall be removed and replaced.

Replacement Standard

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommend that trained mold remediation professionals do the mold clean up if mold growth covers more than 100 square feet, or a 10 foot by 10 foot area.

All carpeting, drywall or other gypsum-based wall coverings or any other non-structural components with mold present shall be removed and replaced. The National Center for Healthy Housing protocol "Creating a Healthy Home" shall be followed for remediation of structural components:

http://www.nchh.org/Portals/0/Contents/FloodCleanupGuide screen .pdf

Fire	e Safety - Egress
Repair Standard	
N/A	
Replacement Standard	
of escape requirements are met, in accor	leeping and living areas unless other secondary means rdance with local building codes or the IEBC. No sements unless Life Safety Code (NFPA 101) egress

Fire and CO Alarms [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Existing fire and smoke, carbon monoxide and security systems that meet current local code (or the IEBC) and Colorado State Statute, shall be repaired to operating condition. If hard wiring of smoke detectors is not feasible, then detectors with 10 year lithium batteries may be used.

Replacement Standard

Smoke and carbon monoxide detectors shall be installed to meet current local code (or the IEBC) and in accordance with Colorado Statute. If hard wiring of smoke detectors is not feasible, then detectors with 10 year lithium batteries may be used.

2) Site

Drainage [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

All grading or impervious surfaces adjacent to the building and for a distance of at least 10 feet away from the building shall slope away from the structure at a pitch of at least 1 inch per foot. Sidewalks used for access cannot have a cross slope more than ¼" per foot. Holes or depressions of more than six inches (6") in diameter should be filled to correct drainage problems and remove safety hazards. All bare earth within three feet of the foundation shall be planted with low-water landscaping. Bare earth more than three feet from the foundation may be reseeded with grass or planted with low-water landscaping. For more information, see Denver Water's website at: http://www.denverwater.org/Conservation/Xeriscape/

Replacement Standard	N/A	
N/A		

11 | Page

Outbuildings

Repair Standard

Unsafe and blighted structures, including outbuildings, may be removed if it is not financially feasible to complete the repairs required to make them structurally sound, leak-free, with any health or safety hazards stabilized. Detached garages should have operable and lockable doors and windows.

Replacement Standard

N/A

DOH rehabilitation funds may not be used to replace outbuildings.

Fencing and Gates

Repair Standard

Existing fences shall be in good repair. Holes, broken pickets, torn chain-link fabric, missing toprails, defective posts or supports, broken or missing masonry units, peeling paint, wobbly gate posts, gates which don't open and close properly, etc. shall be repaired.

Replacement Standard

DOH rehabilitation funds may not be used to replace fencing.

Paving And Walks

Repair Standard

Sidewalks, driveways, and concrete or asphalt paved pads or parking areas shall be free of trip hazards. Any such surfaces that are excessively cracked, crumbling, irregular, or uneven shall be repaired or replaced. All existing driveways and automobile parking areas which are deteriorated or consist of materials unable to support vehicle traffic shall be removed, improved, or replaced.

Replacement Standard

Un-repairable essential walks and driveways shall be replaced with permeable paving, if financially feasible [GREEN STANDARD], or with concrete per local codes (or IEBC). All concrete in public right of way areas shall conform to the local permitting jurisdiction's Building and Planning Department's requirements. Walkways and areas subject to pedestrian traffic shall be finished in such manner as to minimize slip hazards when wet.

12 | Page

Trees and Shrubbery

Repair Standard

Trees that are dead, dying, or hazardous may be removed or trimmed, if that removes the hazard. Trees that could damage the structural integrity of an adjoining building above or below the foundation shall be removed. Removal shall include cutting close to the ground, and should also include grinding of the stump to 12 inches below the finished grade, installation of topsoil and re-seeding.

Replacement Standard [GREEN STANDARD]

Replacement trees and shrubs are permitted if economically feasible and shall be selected from the State Extension Service list of local, drought-resistant and non-invasive plant materials. In placement of trees, attention should be paid to shading the building to reduce air conditioning costs. Also, trees should be located a sufficient distance from foundations, sidewalls, walkways, driveways, patios and sidewalks in order to avoid future damage from root growth, branches brushing against the structure, and fire. Setbacks from structures should typically exceed half of the canopy diameter of a full-grown example of the species.

Lawn [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Bare section of lawn may be reseeded with drought-resistant grasses or plantings. For more information, see Denver Water's website at:

http://www.denverwater.org/Conservation/Xeriscape/

Replacement Standard

Over-seeding is permitted with drought-resistant varieties. If lawn grasses do not exist at property, drought-resistant sod can be used for renovation if existing vegetation is removed and the underlying soil is tilled or core cultivated (aerified).

13 | Page

3) Building Exterior

NOTE: Any exterior work on a building that is historic shall follow the Colorado State Historic Preservation Office guidelines and any applicable local or federal regulations on historic properties.

Exterior Cladding [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Siding and trim shall be intact and weather tight and shall not permit the entry of water, snow, wind, or rodents into the interior. They shall be free of holes and broken or rotted finish materials and shall be capable of being kept in a clean and sanitary condition. All painted exterior components shall have a minimum of one continuous coat of paint, and no exterior painted surface shall have any deteriorated paint. Buildings designated as historic shall have existing siding repaired to blend with existing and shall be spot-primed and top-coated in a lead-safe manner.

Replacement Standard

Buildings may have siding replaced with wood, vinyl or cementitious siding to match the existing configuration. New wood components shall be FSC certified: http://www.fsc.org/. All new surfaces that will receive paint shall be primed prior to painting.

Exterior Porches

Repair Standard

Deteriorated concrete porches shall be repaired when possible. Unsafe wood porch components shall be repaired when possible. Porch repairs shall be structurally sound, with smooth and even decking surfaces. Deteriorated wood structural components shall be replaced with preservative-treated wood.

Replacement Standard

Decks and railings on porches shall be replaced in accordance with local codes (or IEBC). Replaced wood structural components shall be preservative-treated. New porches on historic buildings shall be historically sensitive.

14 | Page

Exterior/Interior Railings

Repair Standard

Existing handrails and railings shall be structurally sound and meet local codes (or IEBC). Guard rails are required on any accessible area, including stairs, with a walking surface over 30" above the adjacent ground level. Structurally sound railings may be repaired if it is possible to maintain the existing style. On historic structures, railing repairs shall be historically sensitive.

Replacement Standard

Handrails shall be present on one side of all interior and exterior steps or stairways with more than two risers and around steps, porches or platforms over 30" above the adjacent ground level, and shall meet local codes (or IEBC). On historic structures new exterior railings shall be historically sensitive.

Exterior Decks and Exterior/Interior Steps

Repair Standard

Steps, stairways, and porch decks shall be structurally sound, reasonably level, with smooth and even surfaces. Repairs shall match existing materials.

Replacement Standard

Decks and steps shall be constructed to meet local codes (or IEBC). Replaced wood structural components shall be preservative-treated. On historic structures new wood decking shall be structurally sound and historically sensitive.

4) Foundations and Structure

Firewalls [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Firewalls (between separate dwelling units and between dwelling units and attached garages) shall be maintained without cracks and plaster deterioration and covered with 5/8" type X gypsum, glued and screwed to structure.

Replacement Standard

When frame walls and floors adjoining other dwellings or attached garages are gutted, new wall finish installations shall conform to local codes (or IEBC) for fire ratings.

15 | Page

Foundations [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Foundations shall be repaired to be sound, reasonably level, free from movement, and prevent the entrance of water or moisture. Cracks in foundation walls shall be effectively sealed and loose or defective mortar joints shall be replaced. All foundations that show evidence of leakage from the outside require appropriate and effective waterproofing. All earth-to-wood contact shall be eliminated.

Replacement Standard

Foundation replacements shall be completed to meet local codes (or IEBC).

Structural Walls [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Structural framing and masonry shall be free from visible deterioration, rot, or serious termite damage, and be adequately sized for current loads. Prior to rehab, all sagging rafters shall be visually inspected, and significant structural damage and its cause shall be corrected.

Replacement Standard

New structural walls shall be constructed to meet local codes or (IEBC). All exterior walls that are part of the building envelope (the air barrier and thermal barrier separating the conditioned space from the non-conditioned space) shall be insulated to meet local codes (or IEBC).

5) Windows and Doors

Interior Doors

Repair Standard

Interior door, frames, jambs and casings shall be in good condition and free of excessive scratches, gouges, chipping, peeling, or other unsightly damage or wear and in good working order. Doors shall be free of holes, delaminating skins, broken stiles or rails. Gaps should be sufficient to prevent rubbing but no larger than $\frac{1}{2}$ ". Baths and occupied bedrooms shall have operating doors and lock sets.

Replacement Standard

Hollow-core, pressed-wood product consistent with the style of existing doors including latchsets. Baths and occupied bedrooms shall have lock sets.

16 | Page

Exterior Doors [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Exterior door, frames, jambs and trim shall be in good condition and free of excessive scratches, gouges, chipping, peeling, or other unsightly damage or wear and in good working order. Doors shall be free of holes, delaminating skins, broken stiles or rails. Exterior doors shall be solid, weather-stripped to be air tight and shall operate smoothly. They shall include a peep sight, an entrance lock set and a deadbolt that is operable from the interior side without the use of a key, tool or special knowledge. Security or screen doors shall be in good working condition, including any latches and locks, and no broken glass and ripped or torn screens should be present.

Replacement Standard

Replacement doors at the front of historic buildings shall be historically sensitive. Steel, insulated doors may be installed at entrances not visible from the front street and on the front of the property for buildings that are not historic. Dead bolt locks that are operable from the interior side without the use of a key, tool or special knowledge shall be installed on all exterior doors and keyed to match the entrance lock set. All new doors shall be weather-stripped to be air tight. Security or Screen doors may be replaced if repairs are not feasible.

Windows [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Other than fixed windows, all windows shall be capable or being easily opened and closed, remain in an open position when placed there by window hardware, not sticks or other such items. Windows shall lock when closed and the open section shall be covered with a screen. Glass shall be free of open holes or cracks and secured with an adequate amount of putty. Windows shall be weather-stripped to be air tight when closed.

Replacement Standard

Windows that are not repairable shall be replaced. New windows shall meet all requirements of current local building codes or (IEBC) and shall meet the ENERGY STAR standard for this geographic region. For more information:

http://www.energystar.gov/index.cfm?c=windows_doors.pr_anat_window

Windows on key façades of historically sensitive properties shall be wood of the style original to the building. New windows on other properties may be vinyl and double-glazed.

17 | Page

Basement Windows and Ventilation [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

If feasible, two basement windows on opposite sides of the building should be operable for ventilation, in good working order, and lockable.

Replacement Standard

Basement windows may be replaced with glass block, so long as a minimum of two glass block windows on opposite sides of the building have operable and lockable center vents. If the basement is used as a sleeping or living area, please refer to Section 1 for Fire Safety – Egress requirements.

6) Roofing

Flat and Low-Slope Roofing [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Built-up roofing that is leak-free may be repaired so that the roof is free of peeling, shipping, sloughing, fissures, cracks, lifting seams, excessive bubbles or excessive alligatoring in coatings or asphalt flood coats. Roof coatings shall be in good condition and consist of compatible materials. Gravel roofs shall have gravel present in sufficient quantity and proper distribution. Flashing and accessories shall be repaired and properly sealed. Asphalt shingles or coldapplication rolled roofing shall be replaced if the roof slope is less than 2:12.

Replacement Standard

The most cost-effective roof shall be installed to the manufacturer's specifications and in accordance with local codes (or IEBC).

Pitched Roofs [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Missing and leaking shingles and flashing shall be repaired on otherwise functional roofs provided there are no excessive lumps, breaks, tears, inconsistent birdsmouths, and the shingle roof has substantial well adhered mineral surface covering the tabs and grooves. Shingle roofs with loose minerals surface, sparsely covered surfaces, excessive curling, cupping, breakage or brittleness should be replaced. Slate, metal and tile roofs shall be repaired when feasible.

18 | Page

Replacement Standard

The most cost-effective roof shall be installed except that roofing may be installed to match other structures in the complex, or to preserve other architectural elements. On historic structures new roofing shall be historically sensitive. All roofing shall be installed to the manufacturer's specifications and in accordance with local codes (or IEBC).

Gutters and Downspouts [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Gutters and downspouts shall be in good repair, leak free and collect storm water from all lower roof edges. Concrete splash blocks shall be installed to move water away from the foundation. The system shall move all storm water away from the building and prevent water from entering the structure. In addition to positive drainage away from the building, outlets shall be a minimum of 3 feet away from the foundation.

Replacement Standard

Gutters and downspouts shall be installed and collect storm water from all lower roof edges. Concrete splash blocks shall be installed to move water away from the foundation. The system shall move all storm water away from the building and prevent water from entering the structure. In addition to positive drainage away from the building, outlets shall be a minimum of 3 feet away from the foundation.

7) Insulation and Ventilation

Infiltration [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Any unit receiving energy-efficiency improvements shall be tested with a Blower Door and existing air sealing shall be repaired to attain a maximum 0.35 Air Changes per Hour at 50 Pascal pressure (0.35 ACH50).

Replacement Standard

All units shall be air sealed to meet the minimum Blower Door test requirements of 0.35 Air Changes per Hour at 50 Pascal pressure (0.35 ACH50).

19 | Page

Insulation [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

If being added, insulation shall be installed per the manufacturer's instructions and at the recommended R-value for the dimensional lumber used in the wall construction. All exposed heat ducts and hot water or steam heat distribution piping along with general use hot water piping which are located in unheated spaces shall be insulated or otherwise protected from heat loss. All water distribution piping shall be protected from freezing.

Replacement Standard

When siding is being replaced and/or interior wall finishes of exterior walls are being replaced in a building, such exterior walls are to be provided with insulation and at the recommended Rvalue for the dimensional lumber used to construct walls. The ENERGY STAR Thermal Bypass Inspection Checklist should be completed, found at:

http://www.energystar.gov/ia/partners/bldrs_lenders_raters/downloads/Thermal_Bypass_Ins_pection_Checklist.pdf

Bath Ventilation [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

All bathroom ventilation shall meet the local building code (or IEBC) for bath ventilation that was in effect at the time of their construction.

Replacement Standard

All bathrooms shall be mechanically vented to the \geq 80 CFM creating \leq 0.3 Sones of fan noise and shall be on the same switch as the bathroom light. Fans shall be installed according to manufacturer's specifications and shall meet the local building code (or IEBC).

Kitchen Ventilation [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

All kitchen ventilation shall be functional and meet the local building code (or IEBC) for kitchen ventilation that was in effect at the time of their construction.

Replacement Standard

All kitchens shall have functional mechanical ventilation operating at a minimum 150 CFM. Any new ventilation system shall meet current local code requirements (or IEBC).

20 | Page

Repair Standard All structures shall meet the local building code (or IEBC) for roof ventilation that was in effect at the time of their construction. Replacement Standard All new roofing systems shall meet current local code requirements (or IEBC) for ventilation.

8 - Interior Standards

Interior W	alls and Ceilings
Repair Standard	
finished without noticeable irregularities, be surface in areas subject to moisture, shall no be durably painted or otherwise appropriate	ster or sheetrock/drywall. All interior walls shall be free of exposed wiring, have a hard waterproof of allow significant entry of air in the unit, and shall ely finished. Holes, cracks and deteriorated and un- surrounding surfaces. All visual painted surfaces aards using premium vinyl acrylic paint.
Replacement Standard	
All walls, in areas not subject to moisture, sh	all be replaced with 1/2" sheetrock/drywall. All

All walls, in areas not subject to moisture, shall be replaced with ½" sheetrock/drywall. All replaced sheetrock/drywall shall be taped, floated, sanded, textured to match other wall areas, primed and painted. Moisture resistant materials shall be used in areas subject to moisture. All Fire-rated assemblies shall be specified on a project-by-project basis as required by local codes (or IEBC).

Flooring	
Repair Standard	100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100 (100
appropriate for type of structure and o continuous, without liberal movement Bathroom, kitchen and other water-su	orting existing dead load and anticipated live loads as class of occupancy. All subfloors should be solid and t or bounce, and free from rot and deterioration. isceptible floor areas shall be covered with water- es or tripping hazards. Wood floors shall be in sound

condition without excessive gouges, breakage, lifting, curling, buckling, or shrinking. Carpet shall be clean and in safe and sanitary condition free or excessive wear, tears, soil, folds, and shall be property attached. Tile floors shall be free of cracked, broken, loose or missing tiles with grout intact.

[GREEN STANDARD] Damaged wood floor shall be repaired when possible. When existing deteriorated carpet is installed over hardwood floors, the hardwood may be refinished whenever practical, taking into account the relative cost of replacing carpet and the needs of the residents.

Replacement Standard

Floor framing shall meet local code requirements (or IEBC). Subfloors shall be a minimum of % inch plywood. Kitchens, baths, and other water-susceptible area shall receive resilient sheet goods.

[GREEN STANDARD] Whenever practical, rooms other than kitchens and baths with existing wood flooring shall be maintained as wood floors and refinished when appropriate. Rooms other than kitchens or baths without usable wood floors may be finished with carpet and associated products that are Carpet and Rug Institute's Green Label certified. For more information: http://www.carpet-rug.org/residential-customers/selecting-the-right-carpet-or-rug/green-label.cfm

All new flooring shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

New basement slabs shall be installed to local codes (or IEBC).

Closets Repair Standard Existing closets shall be maintained in good repair and have a shelf and clothes rod.

Replacement Standard

New closets may be created if there is a significant lack of storage space and the budget permits. New closets shall have a minimum depth of 2 feet and include a shelf and clothes rod.

Cabinets and Countertop

Repair Standard

Kitchens shall have countertop and storage space adequate for the preparation and storage of food. Countertops shall free of wear, water damage, and uplifting of surface material. Existing cabinets with hardwood doors and face frames may be repaired if in good condition. All cabinets shall be sound and cleanable with no missing doors, drawers or hardware. All doors and drawers shall operate properly.

Replacement Standard

Kitchens shall have countertop and storage space adequate for the preparation and storage of food. Countertops shall be of water-proof material and backsplashes shall be provided. Replacement cabinets shall be factory-finished builders-grade or better with hardwood doors and face frames.

Appliances

Repair Standard

All appliances in units shall be in proper working order and in clean and sanitary condition.

Replacement Standard

All new appliances shall be "Energy Star" rated.

9) Electric

Note: If there is no local building code, then all electrical work shall comply with the State Code (the National Electrical Code, 2011 Edition, as may be amended by the Colorado Electrical Board).

Lighting

Repair Standard

All halls, stairs and rooms necessary to cross to other rooms and stairways shall be well lit. All lights and switches in hallways, stairs and other passages shall be operable and safe.

[GREEN STANDARD] Existing fixtures with incandescent lamp fittings shall have CFL replacement lamps installed.

23 | Page

Replacement Standard

All halls, stairs and rooms necessary to cross to other rooms and stairways shall be well lit. Attics, basements and crawl spaces shall have utility fixtures. All new light fixtures shall be ENERGY STAR labeled.

Interior Electric Distribution [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Exposed knob and tube shall be replaced. Every room shall have a minimum of two duplex receptacles, placed on separate walls and one light fixture or receptacle switched at each room entrance. All electrical outlets used in bathrooms and toilet rooms, kitchens, all outlets within six feet (6') of a water source (excluding washing machines and sump pumps), outlets located on open porches or breezeways, exterior outlets, outlets located in garages and in non-habitable basements, except those outlets that are dedicated appliance outlets, shall be Ground-Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) protected. Where the source wiring circuit is accessible (e.g. first floor above basements, in gutted rooms, etc.), receptacles shall be grounded. Permanently installed or proposed stoves, refrigerators, freezers, dishwashers and disposals, microwaves, washers and dryers shall have separate circuits sized to meet local codes (or State Electrical code). All switch, receptacle, and junction boxes shall have appropriate cover plates. Wiring shall be free from hazard, and all circuits shall be properly protected at the panel. Exposed conduit is allowed.

Replacement Standard

If wall finishes are removed, those areas shall be wired to the latest version of local codes (or State Electrical Code).

Service and Panel [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Each units electrical service shall be circuit breaker type. Service panels shall have a main disconnect, at least 10 circuit-breaker-protected circuits, a 100-amp minimum capacity and be adequate to safely supply existing and proposed devices. If a working central air conditioning system is present, the minimum service shall be 150 amp.

Replacement Standard

Electrical service with a main disconnect panel shall be installed according to local code (or State Electrical Code).

24 | Page

10) Plumbing

Note: If there is no local building code, then all plumbing work shall comply with the Colorado Plumbing Code.

Drain, Waste, Vent Lines [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

The plumbing system shall be vented in a manner that allows the wastewater system to function properly. The waste system shall operate free from fouling, clogging and leaking and shall be capable of safely disposing of wastewater for all plumbing fixtures. All fixtures that discharge wastewater shall contain or be discharged through a trap that prevents the entry of sewer gas into the dwelling. Waste and vent lines shall function without losing the trap seal.

Replacement Standard

If walls are removed exposing vent and waste lines, those lines shall be reworked or replaced to the current mechanical code.

Plumbing Fixtures

Repair Standard

All plumbing fixtures shall be free of cracks and defects, and be capable of being used for the purpose in which they were intended. All fixtures and faucets shall have working, drip-free components.

Replacement Standard

Replace fixtures with single lever, metal faucets and shower diverters with 15-year, drip-free warranties. Sinks should be replaced with stainless steel sinks, and new tub surrounds should be of fiberglass.

[GREEN STANDARD] Toilets with greater than a 1.6 GPF rating shall be replaced with a 1.3 GPF model. Faucets and shower diverters should have a maximum 2.0 GPM flow.

25 | Page

Plumbing Minimum Equipment [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

All existing equipment shall be operational and leak free.

Minimum Standard

All existing equipment shall be operational and leak free. Every dwelling unit shall have a minimum of one single bowl sink with hot and cold running water in the kitchen and at least one bathroom containing a vanity with a sink (or pedestal sink), and a shower/tub unit, both with hot and cold running water, and a toilet. An operable water shut off valve, that completely stops the flow of water, shall be present at each water supply line to sinks/lavatories, toilets, washing machines and water heaters. Each unit shall have an adequate continuous supply of hot water either through a minimum 40 gallon water heater or on demand water heater in the unit or through a common boiler or hot water supply for the building. Each building shall have installed at least one exterior freeze protected faucet.

Water Heaters [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Each housing unit shall be supplied with hot water either from a common source such as building-wide boiler system or from per-unit water heating equipment. Hot water supply lines shall be free of leaks and all water heating equipment shall be safe, of adequate capacity, free of corrosion and water damage, faulty operation, fire, carbon monoxide leakage and other hazards.

Replacement Standard

Hot water systems that are replaced shall be of adequate capacity, be installed per manufacturer's specifications and meet local codes (orIEBC).

[GREEN STANDARD] High efficiency power-vented or sealed combustion tankless models are allowed.

26 | Page

Water Supply [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

The main shut off valve shall be operable and completely stop the flow of water to the house. If there is no existing shut-off valve, then one shall be installed. All fixtures shall be leak-free and deliver sufficient cold water and, where applicable, hot water. All lead supply pipes present shall be completely removed and replaced.

Replacement Standard

The main shut off valve shall be operable and completely stop the flow of water to the house, and should be replaced if it does not. Lead and galvanized pipe that is part of the water service or the distribution system shall be replaced with copper, PEX or other plastic approved for distribution of domestic water. All fixtures shall have brass shut off valves.

11) HVAC

Air Conditioning [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Existing air conditioners and evaporative coolers shall be inspected, serviced and refurbished to operate safely. Non-functioning, non-repairable air conditioners and evaporative coolers shall be removed and drained of all CFCs.

Replacement Standard

New air conditioning or evaporative cooling units shall be of adequate capacity, and reasonably durable and economical to operate. Any air conditioning or evaporative cooling systems shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's installation specifications.

Chimney [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Unused chimneys shall be removed to below the roof line wherever roofing is replaced. Chimneys shall be in good repair and high enough to induce a draft that shall keep smoke from being allowed into the dwelling. Existing unlined masonry chimneys used for combustion ventilation shall be lined or corrosion resistant pipe shall be added to the interior of the chimney.

27 | Page

Replacement Standard

The creation of new flues is not recommended - the use of high efficiency closed combustion appliances is recommended to avoid the need for new flues. Replacement flues, when required, shall be installed according to the fuel burning unit manufacturer's installation specifications.

Distribution System [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Duct work and radiator piping shall be well supported, insulated in unconditioned space and adequate to maintain a comfortable temperature in all habitable and essential rooms.

[GREEN STANDARD] All duct work in unconditioned space should be insulated to R-7, sealed at all seams with mastic (not tape) and pressure tested to eliminate leakage.

Replacement Standard

All duct work in unconditioned space shall be insulated to R-7, sealed at all seams with mastic (not tape), pressure tested to eliminate leakage and run in concealed space.

Heating [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

All heating equipment shall be safe, of adequate capacity, free of corrosion and water damage, faulty operation, fire, carbon dioxide leakage and other hazards. Filters shall be secure, clean and large enough to pass sufficient recirculated air to make the unit operate properly. Equipment housings and access panels shall be intact and properly secured/installed with no exposed electrical connections, belts, pulleys, or blowers.

Replacement Standard

Gas-fired heating plants shall be rated at \geq 92% AFUE or better, to the extent possible. Heat pumps shall be rated at \geq 15 SEER. No Oil fired heating plants shall be installed and the oil heating system, including tanks and fuel lines, shall be completely removed before being replaced with new gas or electric systems. Setback thermostats may be installed. When electric resistance heating systems are replaced, soffits for ductwork and/or new distribution pipes for hot water heating systems shall be provided. Up to 4 lineal feet of resistance electric heating strips per 1000 square feet of floor area may be retained or installed in areas that are not cost effective to heat via ductwork or hot water distribution systems. All heating equipment shall be installed as per manufacturer' installation specifications and local codes (or IEBC).

28 | Page

NOTE: Observable Deficiencies i	n *Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mu-	st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
7019VII.VCM3101101000000		
Requirements for Site		
Fencing and Gates	Damaged/Falling/Leaning	Fence or gate is so damaged that it does not function as it should
2	Holes	Hole in fence or gate is larger than 6 inches by 6 inches
	Missing Sections	An exterior fence, security fence or gate is missing a section which could
	Missing Sections	threaten safety or security Runoff has extensively displaced soils which has caused visible damage or
		potential failure to adjoining structures or systems and potentially threatens
Grounds	Erosion/Rutting Areas	the safety of pedestrians
		Plants have visibly damaged a component, area or system of the property or
	Overgrown/Penetrating Vegetation	has made them unusable or unpassable
	64733384 125 B 17748951000	There is an accumulation of more than 5 inches deep or a large section of the
	Ponding/Site Drainage	grounds-more than 20%-is unusable for it's intended purpose
Harleh & Cafab.	No Ocellas Serves Odes Detected	Detectable sewer odors that could pose a health risk if inhaled for prolonged
Health & Safety	Air Quality - Sewer Odor Detected	periods
	*Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas	Detectable strong propane, natural gas or methane gas odors that could pose risk of explosion/ fire and/or pose a health risk if inhaled
	Detected	Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
	*Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical
	Electrical Equipment	apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
		Flammable materials are improperly stored, causing the potential risk of fire or
	*Flammable Materials - Improperly Stored	explosion Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity, or
		garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors	or debris
	Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
		Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	bodily harm
	Hazarda Tripping	Physical defects in well-ways as other travelled area that passes a tripping risk
	Hazards - Tripping	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit
	Infestation - Insects	or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas
	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	Evidence of rats or micesightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings
Mailboxes/Project Signs	Mailbox Missing/Damaged	The U.S. Postal Service resident/unit mailbox cannot be locked or is missing
20 A10 98	451/10 046/400 \$201/20	The sign is damaged, vandalized, or deteriorated, and cannot be read from a
	Signs Damaged	reasonable distance
		Conclusionates then Winds binning (billion or mission continues) that affect
		Cracks greater than % inch, hinging/tilting, or missing section(s) that affect traffic ability over more than 5% of the property's parking lots/driveways/road
Parking Lots/Driveways/Roads	Cracks	or if a height differential could cause a tripping or falling hazard
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		3 inches or more of water has accumulated making 5% or more of a parking
	Ponding	lot/driveway unusable or unsafe
		Potholes or loose material that have made a parking lot/driveway
	2.77 2 17.71	unusable/unpassbale for vehicles and/or pedestrians or could cause tripping o
	Potholes/Loose Material	falling Settlement/heaving has made a parking lot/driveway unusable/unpassable or
	Settlement/Heaving	creates unsafe conditions for pedestrians and vehicles
		More than 20% of the equipment does not operate as it should or equipment
Play Areas and Equipment	Damaged/Broken Equipment	that poses a threat to safety and could cause injury
	7672 90 97 9249 81 12 87	More than 20% of the play surface area shows deterioration or the play surface
	Deteriorated Play Area Surface	area could cause tripping or falling and thus poses a safety risk
	nut in	A single wall or gate of the enclosure has collapsed or is leaning and in danger
Defuse Disposal	Broken/Damaged Enclosure-Inadequate Outside	of falling or trash cannot be stored in the designated area because it is too small to store refuse until disposal
Refuse Disposal	Storage Space	aman to store refuse until disposal
Retaining Walls	Damaged/Falling/Leaning	A retaining wall is damaged and does not function as it should or is a safety risi
		The sytem is partially or completely blocked by a large quantity of debris ,
		causing backup into adjacent areas or runoffs into areas where runoff is not
Storm Drainage	Damaged/Obstructed	intended
Walkways/Steps	Broken/Missing Hand Railing	The hand rail is missing, damaged, loose or otherwise unusable
		Cracks greater than 3/4", hinging/tilting or missing sections that affect traffic
	Cracks/Sottlement/Heaving	ability over more than 5% of the property's walkways/steps or any defect that
	Cracks/Settlement/Heaving	creates a tripping or falling hazard More than 5% of walkways have large areas of spalling-larger than 4 inches by
		[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[
	Spalling/Exposed rebar	4 inchesand this affects traffic ability

MOTE: Observable Deficiencies in	* Pald Stalle are considered life threatening and my	st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
inspectable item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
Requirements for Building Ext	erior	
		Any door that is not functioning or cannot be locked because of damage to the
Doors	Damaged Frames/Threshold/Lintels/Trim	frame, threshold, lintel or trim
		Any door that does not function as it should or cannot be locked because of
	Damaged Hardware/Locks	damage to the door's hardware
		Any door that has a hole or holes larger than 1 inch in diameter, significant
		peeling/cracking/no paint or rust that affects the integrity of the door surface,
	Damaged Surface (Holes/Paint/Rusting/Glass)	or broken/missing glass
		Any screen door or storm door that is damaged or is missing screens or glass- shown by an empty frame or frames or any security door that is not functionin
	Damaged/Missing Screen/Storm/Security Door	or is missing
	Damaged/Wissing Screen/Storm/Security Door	The seals/caulking is missing on any entry door, or they are so damaged that
	Deteriorated/Missing Caulking/Seals	they do not function as they should
	Missing Door	Any exterior door that is missing
Fire Escapes	*Blocked Egress/Ladders	Stored items or other barriers restrict or block people from exiting
		Any of the functional components that affect the function of the fire escape
	Visibly Missing Components	one section of a ladder or railing, for example-are missing
	2000000	Large cracks or gaps in foundation more than 3/8 inches wide by 3/8 inches
		deep by 6 inches long that present a possible sign of a serious structural
		problem, or opportunity for water penetration or sections of wall or floor that
Foundations	Cracks/Gaps	are broken apart
	25 02 9895 97959	Significant spalled areas affecting more than 10% of any foundation wall or any
	Spalling/Exposed Rebar	exposed reinforcing materialrebar or other
La contraction de la contracti		Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
Health and Safety	*Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near Electrical Equipment	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
	Electrical Equipment	The exit cannot be used or exit is limited because a door or window is nailed
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Emergency/Fire Exits	shut, a lock is broken, panic hardware is chained, debris, storage, or other
	Blocked/Unusable	conditions block exit
		Exit signs that clearly identify all emergency exits are missing or there is no
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Missing Exit Signs	illumination in the area of the sign
	*Flammable/Combustible Materials - Improperly	Flammable materials are improperly stored, causing the potential risk of fire or
	Stored	explosion
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
		garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors	or debris
	Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
		Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	bodily harm
	Havarde Tripping	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
	Hazards - Tripping	Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit
	Infestation - Insects	or room, especially in food preparation and storage areas
	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	Evidence of rats or mice-sightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings
Lighting	Broken Fixtures/Bulbs	Lighting fixtures and bulbs are broken or missing
		Soffits or fascia that should be there are missing or so damaged that water
Roofs	Damaged Soffits/Fascia	penetration is visibly possible
	Damaged Vents	Vents are missing or so visibly damaged that further roof damage is possible
	32	The drain is so damaged or clogged with debris that the drain no longer
	Damaged/Clogged Drains	functionsas shown by ponding
		Ballast has shifted and no longer functions as it should or there is damage to
	Damaged/Torn Membrane/Missing Ballast	the roof membrane that may result in water penetration
	Missing/Damaged Components from	Drainage system components are missing or damaged causing visibile damage
	Downspout/Gutter	to the roof, structure, exterior wall surface, or interior
		Shingles are missing or damaged, including cracking, warping, cupping, and
	Missing/Damaged Shingles	other deterioration
	Ponding	Evidence of standing water on roof, causing potential or visible damage to roof
	Ponding	surface or underlying materials Large cracks or gaps that are more than 3/8 inches wide or deep and 6 inches
		long that presents a possible sign of serious structural problem or opportunity
Walls	Cracks/Gaps	for water penetration
er well?	and some	Parada Parada Maria
		Part or all of the chimney has visibly seperated from the adjacent wall or there
		are cracked or missing pieces large enough to present a sign of chimney failure
	Damaged Chimneys	or there is a risk of falling pieces that could create a safety hazard
	Missing/Damaged Caulking/Mortar	Caulking or glazing compound that resists weather is missing or deteriorated
		Exterior wall deterioration or holes of any size that present a risk of water
	Missing Pieces/Holes/Spalling	penetration or risk of structural damage
		Paint is cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated. Water damage or related
	Stained/Peeling/Needs Paint	problems have stained the paint

NOTE: Observable Deficiencies in	*Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mu-	st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
	Positivo de la constanta de la	
Windows	Broken/Missing/Cracked Panes	Missing or cracked panes of glass
		Window sills, frames, sash lintels, or trim are damaged by decay, rust, rot,
	Damaged Sills/Frames/Lintels/Trim	corrosion, or other deterioration
	Damaged/Missing Screens	Missing screens or screens are punctured, torn or otherwise damaged
	Missing/Deteriorated Caulking/Seals/Glazing Compound	Coulling as social that excists weather is existing as detectorated
	Compound	Caulking or seals that resists weather is missing or deteriorated Paint covering the window assembly or trim is cracking, flaking, or otherwise
	Peeling/Needs Paint	failing
"	recing recording	The ability to exit through egress window is limited by security bars that do no
	*Security Bars Prevent Egress	function properly and, therefore, pose safety risks
	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	
Requirements for Building Sys	tems	
nspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
Domestic Water	Leaking Central Water Supply	Leaking water from water supply line is observed
		No pressure relief valve or pressure relief valve does not drain down to the
	Missing Pressure Relief Valve	floor
		Water heater chimney shows evidence of flaking, discoloration, pitting, or
		crevices that may create holes that could allow toxic gases to leak from the
	Rust/Corrosion on Heater Chimney	chimney
	Water Supply Inoperable	No running water in any area of the building where there should be One or more fixed items or items of sufficient size and weight impede access t
Electrical System	Blocked Access/Improper Storage	the building system's electrical panel during an emergency
Electrical system	Burnt Breakers	Carbon residue, melted breakers or arcing scars are evident
	Durit breakers	Corrosion that affects the condition of the components that carry current or
		any stains or rust on the interior of electrical enclosures, or any evidence of
	Evidence of Leaks/Corrosion	water leaks in the enclosure or hardware
	Frayed Wiring	Nicks, abrasion, or fraying of the insulation that exposes any conducting wire
	Missing Breakers/Fuses	Open and/or exposed breaker port
	*Missing Outlet Covers	A cover is missing, which results in exposed visible electrical connections
		Elevator does not function at all or the elevator doors open when the cab is no
Elevators	Not Operable	there
Emergency Power	Auxiliary Lighting Inoperable (if applicable)	Auxiliary lighting does not function
Fire Protection	Missing Sprinkler Head	Any sprinkler head is missing, visibly disabled, painted over, blocked, or capped Missing, damaged or expired fire extinguisher in any area of the building when
	*Missing/Damaged/Expired Extinguishers	a fire extinguisher is required
	ivissing/buriogea/Expired Extinguishers	Evidence of mold or mildew is observed that is substantial enough to pose a
Health & Safety	Air Quality - Mold and/or Mildew Observed	health risk
	*Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas	Detectable strong propane, natural gas or methane gas odors that could pose
	Detected	risk of explosion/ fire and/or pose a health risk if inhaled
		Detectable sewer odors that could pose a health risk if inhaled for prolonged
	Air Quality - Sewer Odor Detected	periods
	PRODUCTION AND THE THE RESIDENCE CARDS OF THE	Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
	Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical
	Electrical Equipment	apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
		Elevator is misaligned with the floor by more than 3/4 of an inch. The
ļ.	Elevator - Tripping	elevatordoes not level as it should, which causes a tripping hazard
	#5	The exit cannot be used or exit is limited because a door or window is nailed
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Emergency/Fire Exits Blocked/Unusable	shut, a lock is broken, panic hardware is chained, debris, storage, or other conditions block exit
	Biocked/Orlusable	Exit signs that clearly identify all emergency exits are missing or there is no
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Missing Exit Signs	illumination in the area of the sign
9	Emergency rate taxes missing taxe signs	Flammable materials are improperly stored, causing the potential risk of fire or
	*Flammable Materials - Improperly Stored	explosion
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
		garbage has gathered in an area not sactioned for staging or storing garbage or
	Garbage and Debris - Indoors	debris
	Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
	SOLVER STATE OF THE STATE OF TH	Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	bodily harm
	Hazards – Tripping Hazards	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
	Contraction from	Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit
	Infestation - Insects	or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas
	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	Evidence of rats or mice-sightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings
ID/AC		Eddanged water as steam Indiana a distance of
HVAC	Boiler/Pump Leaks	Evidence of any amount of fuel leaking from the supply task or pining
HVAC		Evidenceof water or steam leaking in piping or pump packing Evidence of any amount of fuel leaking from the supply tank or piping Significant formations of metal oxides, significant flaking, discoloration, or the

NOTE: Observable Deficiencies	in *Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mus	ust be addressed immediately, if the housing is occurried	
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed	

		A misalighnment of an exhaust system on a combustion fuel-fired unit (oil,	
	###inglianed Chimany Mantilation Custom	natural gas, propane, wood pellets etc.) that causes improper or dangerous	
Roof Exhaust System	*Misaligned Chimney/Ventilation System Roof Exhaust Fan(s) Inoperable	venting of gases Roof exhaust fan unit does not function	
NOOI EXHAUST SYSTEM	Noor Exhaust Pari(s) Hoperable	Evidence of active leaks in or around the system components or evidence of	
Sanitary System	Broken/Leaking/Clogged Pipes or Drains	standing water, puddles or ponding-a sign of leaks or clogged drains	
ournary operant	Missing Drain/Cleanout/Manhole Covers	A protective cover is missing	
Requirements for Common	Areas		
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed	
Basement/Garage/Carport	Baluster/Side Railings - Damaged	Damaged or missing balusters or side rails that limit the safe use of an area	
		Cabinets are missing or the laminate is separating. This includes cases, boxes,	
	Approximation of the second approximation and the second approximation approximation and the second approximation and the second app	or pieces of furniture with drawers, shelves, or doorsprimarily used for	
Closet/Utility/Mechanical	Cabinets - Missing/Damaged	storagemounted on walls or floors	
Community Room	Call for Aid - Inoperable	The system does not function as it should	
89		Ceiling surface has punctures that may or may not penetrate completely or	
Halls/Corridors/Stairs	Ceiling - Holes/Missing Tiles/Panels/Cracks	panels or tiles are missing Paint is peeling, cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated on ceilings in	
Kitchen	Ceiling - Peeling/Needs Paint	common areas	
Michell	Ceiling - Water Stains/Water	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildew that may have been caused by	
Laundry Room	Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure	
and the state of t		Flat work surface in a kitchen often integral to lower cabinet space is missing of	
Lobby	Countertops - Missing/Damaged	deteriorated or damaged below the laminate	
Office	Dishwasher/Garbage Disposal - Inoperable	Dishwasher or garbage disposal does not operate as it should	
	7	Any door that is not functioning or cannot be locked because of damage to the	
Other Community Spaces	Doors - Damaged Frames/Threshold/Lintels/Trim	frame, threshold, lintel or trim	
A CO.	102	Any door that does not function as it should or cannot be locked because of	
Patio/Porch/Balcony	Doors - Damaged Hardware/Locks	damage to the door's hardware	
		Any door that has a hole or holes greater than 1 inch in diameter, significant	
		peeling/cracking/no paint or rust that affects the integrity of the door surface,	
Restrooms	Doors - Damaged Surface (Holes/Paint/Rust/Glass)	or broken/missing glass	
	0 0 100	Any screen door or storm door that is damaged or is missing screens or glass	
	Doors - Damaged/Missing Screen/Storm/Security	shown by an empty frame or frames or any security door that is not functioning	
Storage	Door	or is missing The seals/caulking is missing on any entry door, or they are so damaged that	
	Doors - Deteriorated/Missing Seals (Entry Only)	they do not function as they should	
	Doors - Missing Door	Any door that is missing that is required for the functional use of the space	
		Dryer vent is missing or it is not functioning because it is blocked. Dryer exhau	
	Dryer Vent -Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	is not effectively vented to the outside	
		One or more fixed items or items of sufficient size and weight impede access t	
	Electrical - Blocked Access to Electrical Panel	the building system's electrical panel during an emergency	
	Electrical - Burnt Breakers	Carbon residue, melted breakers or arcing scars are evident	
		Corrosion that affects the condition of the components that carry current or	
	NO POSITION DECEMBER 100 CONTRACTOR	any stains or rust on the interior of electrical enclosures or any evidenceof	
	Electrical - Evidence of Leaks/Corrosion	water leaks in the enclosure or hardware	
	Standard Samuel Winia-	Allele shoules to fee the fee test of the	
	Electrical - Frayed Wiring Electrical - Missing Breakers	Nicks, abrasion, or fraying of the insulation that exposes any conducting wire Open and/or exposed breaker port	
	*Electrical - Missing Breakers *Electrical - Missing Covers	A cover is missing, which results in exposed visible electrical connections	
	Electrical - Ivilssing Covers	Flooring that is bulging, buckling or sagging or a problem with alignment	
	Floors - Bulging/Buckling	between flooring types	
	was a same of the	Floor covering has stains, surface burns, cuts, holes, tears, loose areas or	
	Floors - Floor Covering Damaged	exposed seams	
	Floors - Missing Floor/Tiles	Flooring or tile flooring that is missing	
	Floors - Peeling/Needs Paint	Painted flooring that has peeling or missing paint	
	Floors - Rot/Deteriorated Subfloor	Rotted or deteriorated subflooring	
		Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildew that may have been caused by	
	Floors - Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew		
	GFI - Inoperable	The GFI does not function	
	Graffiti	Graffiti on any exposed surface greater than 6 inches by 6 inches	
	HVAC - Convection/Radiant Heat System Covers	Cover is missing or substantially damaged, allowing contact with	
	Missing/Damaged	heating/surface elements or associated fans	
	HVAC Constal Post (Constal	Significant formations of metal oxides, flaking, or discolorationor a pit or	
	HVAC - General Rust/Corrosion	crevice	
	HVAC - Inoperable	HVAC does not function. It does not provide the heating and coolingit should. The system does not respond when the controls are engaged	
	The second secon		
	*HVAC - Misaligned Chimney/Ventilation System	Any misalignment that may cause improper or dangerous venting of gases HVAC system shows signs of abnormal vibrations, other noise, or leaks when	
	HVAC - Noisy/Vibrating/Leaking	engaged	
	The same of the sa	provided the second control of the second co	

NOTE: Observable Deficiencies in	*Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mu-	st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
019501 V (MISTON) 1000 V 1	medinostrumini dasto do destro	
		Permanent light fixtures are missing or not functioning, and no other switched
	Lighting - Missing/Damaged/Inoperable Fixture	light source is functioning in the room
	Mailbox - Missing/Damaged	The U.S Postal Service mailbox cannot be locked or is missing Outlet or switch is missing or a cover plate is missing or broken, resulting in
	*Outlets/Switches/Cover Plates - Missing/Broken	exposed wiring
	Outlets/Switches/Cover Flutes - Wissing/Broken	Walkway or ramp is damaged and cannot be used by people on foot, in
	Pedestrian/Wheelchair Ramp	wheelchair, or using walkers
7		Drain is substantially or completely clogged or has suffered extensive
	Plumbing - Clogged Drains	deterioration
	Plumbing - Leaking Faucet/Pipes	A steady leak that is adversely affecting the surrounding area
	Range Hood /Exhaust Fans - Excessive	Apparatus that draws out cooking exhaust does not function as it should
	Grease/Inoperable	and/or accumulation of dirt threatens the free passage of air
		One or more burners are not functioning or doors or drawers are impeded or
	Range/Stove - Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	on gas ranges pilot is out and/or flames are not distributed equally or oven not functioning
	Karige/Stove - Wissing/Darriageu/Hoperable	runcaoning
	Refrigerator - Damaged/Inoperable	Refrigerator is missing or does not cool adequately for the safe storage of food
	A	Damaged or missing shelves, vanity top, drawers, or doors that are not
	Restroom Cabinet - Damaged/Missing	functioning as they should for storage or their intended purpose
	Shower/Tub - Damaged/Missing	Shower, tub, or components are damaged or missing
	Sink - Missing/Damaged	Sink, faucet, or accessories are missing, damaged, or not functioning
	*Smoke Detector - Missing/Inoperable	Smoke detector is missing or does not function as it should
	Stairs - Broken/Damaged/Missing Steps	A step is missing or broken
	Stairs - Broken/Missing Hand Railing	Hand rail is missing, damaged, loose or otherwise unusable
	Manadhaire (Colonia Contact Incomella	Exhaust fan is not functioning or window designed for ventilation does not
-	Ventilation/Exhaust System - Inoperable Walls - Bulging/Buckling	open Bulging, buckling or sagging walls or a lack of horizontal alignment
	Walls - Damaged	Punctures in the wall surface that may or may not penetrate completely
	Trans Damaged	Cove molding, chair rail, base molding, or other decorative trim is damaged or
	Walls - Damaged/Deteriorated Trim	has decayed
	Walls - Peeling/Needs Paint	Paint is peeling, cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated
		Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildewor damage caused by
	Walls - Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure
Î	ET LEDNING FOR DECKET KOURSSTOPPE TO ASSESSION OF A REAL PROPERTY OF THE SECOND FOR THE SECOND F	Fixture elementsseat, flush handle, cover etcare missing or damaged or the
	Water Closet/Toilet - Damaged/Clogged/Missing	toilet seat is cracked or has a broken hinge or toilet cannot be flushed
	Windows - Cracked/Broken/Missing Panes	Missing or cracked panes of glass
	Windows Damaged Window 5111	Sill is damaged enough to expose the inside of the surrounding walls and
	Windows - Damaged Window Sill Windows - Inoperable/Not Lockable	compromise its weather tightness Window that is not functioning or cannot be secured because lock is broken
	Windows - Missing/Deteriorated	Willdow that is not functioning of carmot be secured because lock is broken
	Caulking/Seals/Glazing Compound	Caulking or seals that resists weather is missing or deteriorated
		Paint covering the window assembly or trim is cracking, flaking, or otherwise
	Windows - Peeling/Needs Paint	failing
:0		The ability to exit through the window is limited by security bars that do not
	*Windows - Security Bars Prevent Egress	function properly and, therefore, pose safety risks
		Evidence of mold or mildew is observed that is substantial enough to pose a
Health & Safety	Air Quality - Mold and/or Mildew Observed	health risk
	*Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas	Detectable strong propane, natural gas or methane gas odors that could pose
	Detected	risk of explosion/ fire and/or pose a health risk if inhaled
	Air Quality - Sewer Odor Detected	Detectable sewer odors that could pose a health risk if inhaled for prolonged periods
***	All Quality - Sewer Odor Detected	Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
	*Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical
	Electrical Equipment	apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
ř		The exit cannot be used or exit is limited because a door or window is nailed
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Emergency/Fire Exits	shut, a lock is broken, panic hardware is chained, debris, storage, or other
	Blocked/Unusable	conditions block exit
		Exit signs that clearly identify all emergency exits are missing or there is no
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Missing Exit Signs	illumination in the area of the sign
	*Flammable/Combustible Materials - Improperly Stored	Flammable or combustible materials are improperly stored, causing the
	JUVEU	potential risk of fire or explosion Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
		garbage has gathered in an area not sactioned for staging or storing garbage of
	Garbage and Debris - Indoors	debris
		process and the second
	Gardage and Debris - moodis	Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
	dandage and Debris Middors	Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors	. 마이트 B.
		garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage

NOTE: Observable Deficiencies	in *Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mu	ust be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
		Properties and the second seco
	Hazards - Tripping	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
	nazarus - mppnig	Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a uni
	Infestation - Insects	or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas
	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	Evidence of rats or mice-sightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings
Pools and Related Structures	Fencing - Damaged/Not Intact	Damage that could compromise the integrity of the fence
		Garbage has backed up into chutes, because the collection structure is missing
		or broken or compactors or componenentschute, chute door, and other
Trash Collection Areas	Chutes - Damaged/Missing Components	componenetshave failed
Requirements for Unit	A 400 TO CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF T	
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
Bathroom	AND CONTROL DAMES AND CONTROL OF THE	Damaged or missing shelves, vanity tops, drawers, or doors that are not
	Bathroom Cabinets - Damaged/Missing	functioning as they should for storage or their intended purpose
	Lavatory Sink - Damaged/Missing	Sink, faucet, or accessories are missing, damaged, or not functioning
		Drain or faucet is substantially or completely clogged or has suffered extensive
	Plumbing - Clogged Drains, Faucets	deterioration
	Plumbing - Leaking Faucet/Pipes	A steady leak that is adversely affecting the surrounding area
	Shower/Tub - Damaged/Missing	Shower, tub, or components are damaged or missing
	Managharian (Enhanced Contamon Abronat (Incomo bile	Exhaust fan is not functioning or window designed for ventilation does not
	Ventilation/Exhaust System – Absent/Inoperable	open Fixture elementsseat, flush handle, cover etcare missing or damaged or the
	Water Class / Tailet Demaged / Classed / Missing	toilrt seat is cracked or has a broken hinge or toilet cannot be flushed
Call for Aid (if poplicable)	Water Closet/Toilet - Damaged/Clogged/Missing Inoperable	The system does not function as it should
Call-for-Aid (if applicable)	Bulging/Buckling/Leaking	Ceiling is bowed, deflected, sagging, or is no longer aligned horizontally
Ceiling	buiging/bucking/ceaking	Ceiling surface has punctures that may or may not penetrate completely or
	Holes/Missing Tiles/Panels/Cracks	panels or tiles are missing
	Tioles/ Wissing Tiles/ Fallets/ Cracks	Paint is peeling, cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated on ceilings in
	Peeling/Needs Paint	common areas
	Teening/recess turne	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildew that may have been caused by
	Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure
		Any door that is not functioning or cannot be locked because of damage to the
Doors	Damaged Frames/Threshold/Lintels/Trim	frame, threshold, lintel or trim
		Any door that does not function as it should or cannot be locked because of
	Damaged Hardware/Locks	damage to the door's hardware
	7	Any screen door or storm door that is damaged or is missing screens or glass
		shown by an empty frame or frames or any security door that is not functionin
	Damaged/Missing Screen/Storm/Security Door	or is missing
	A 10 70 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Any door that has a hole or holes greater than 1 inch in diameter, significant
	Damaged Surface -	peeling/cracking/no paint or rust that affects the integrity of the door surface,
	Holes/Paint/Rusting/Glass/Rotting	or broken/missing glass
		The seals/caulking is missing on any entry door, or they are so damaged that
	Deteriorated/Missing Seals (Entry Only)	they do not function as they should
		Any door that is required for security (entry) or privacy (Bathroom) that is
	MANAGEMENT OF ACT NOT	missing or any other unit door that is missing and is required for proper unit
	Missing Door	functionality
		One or more fixed items or items of sufficient size and weight impede access to
Electrical System	Blocked Access to Electrical Panel	the building system's electrical panel during an emergency
	Burnt Breakers	Carbon residue, melted breakers or arcing scars are evident
		Corrosion that affects the condition of the components that carry current or
		any stains or rust on the interior of electrical enclosures or any evidenceof
	Evidence of Leaks/Corrosion	water leaks in the enclosure or hardware
	Francis d Wining	Nicho charaine and francisco of the involution that are account at the same
	Frayed Wiring GFI - Inoperable	Nicks, abrasion, or fraying of the insulation that exposes any conducting wire The GFI does not function
	Missing Breakers/Fuses	
	*Missing Covers	Open and/or exposed breaker port
	wissing covers	A cover is missing, which results in exposed visible electrical connections Flooring that is bulging, buckling or sagging or a problem with alignment
Floors	Bulging/Buckling	between flooring types
real d	as grig security	Floor covering has stains, surface burns, cuts, holes, tears, loose areas or
-	Floor Covering Damage	exposed seams
	Missing Flooring Tiles	Flooring or tile flooring that is missing
	Peeling/Needs Paint	Painted flooring that has peeling or missing paint
	Rot/Deteriorated Subfloor	Rotted or deteriorated subflooring
	112 A = page to page and page	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildew that may have been caused by
	Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure
	The state of the s	Evidence of mold or mildew is observed that is substantial enough to pose a
Health & Safety	Air Quality - Mold and/or Mildew Observed	health risk
	The second strain and at the second second	Detectable sewer odors that could pose a health risk if inhaled for prolonged
	Air Quality - Sewer Odor Detected	periods

NOTE: Observable Deficiencies in	*Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mus	st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
	*Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas	Detectable strong propane, natural gas or methane gas odors that could pose a
	Detected	risk of explosion/ fire and/or pose a health risk if inhaled
	#Floatrical Hannada - Francis - Wisco (Onco Bands	Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
	*Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels *Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near	risk) Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical
	Electrical Equipment	apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
		The exit cannot be used or exit is limited because a door or window is nailed
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Emergency/Fire Exits	shut, a lock is broken, panic hardware is chained, debris, storage, or other
	Blocked/Unusable	conditions block exit
	#5	Exit signs that clearly identify all emergency exits are missing or there is no
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Missing Exit Signs	illumination in the area of the sign Flammable materials are improperly stored, causing the potential risk of fire or
	*Flammable Materials - Improperly Stored	explosion
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
	45. (570. 45) 15	garbage has gathered in an area not sactioned for staging or storing garbage or
	Garbage and Debris - Indoors	debris
	***	Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors	garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage or debris
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
	1 Control of the Control	Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	bodily harm
la de la companya de	Hazards - Tripping	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
		Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit
	Infestation - Insects Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas Evidence of rats or micesightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings
Hot Water Heater	*Misaligned Chimney/Ventilation System	Misalignment that may cause improper or dangerous venting of gases
not water neater	The state of the s	Hot water from hot water taps is no warmer than room temperature indicating
	Inoperable Unit/Components	hot water heater is not functioning properly
	. 1	2
	Leaking Valves/Tanks/Pipes	Evidence of active water leaks from hot water heater or related components
	Denseura Raliaf Valua Missing	There is no pressure relief valve or pressure relief valve does not drain down to the floor
	Pressure Relief Valve Missing	Significant formations of metal oxides, flaking, or discolorationor a pit or
	Rust/Corrosion	crevice
	Convection/Radiant Heat System Covers	Cover is missing or substantially damaged, allowing contact with
HVAC System	Missing/Damaged	heating/surface elements or associated fans
		HVAC does not function. It does not provide the heating and coolingit should.
	Inoperable Misaligned Chimney/Ventilation System	The system does not respond when the controls are engaged Misalignment that may cause improper or dangerous venting of gases
	Iwisalighed Chiliney/ Ventilation System	HVAC system shows signs of abnormal vibrations, other noise, or leaks when
	Noisy/Vibrating/Leaking	engaged
	Rust/Corrosion	Deterioration from rust or corrosion on the HVAC system in the dweling unit
*		Cabinets are missing or the laminate is separating. This includes cases, boxes,
	and the second s	or pieces of furniture with drawers, shelves, or doorsprimarily used for
Kitchen	Cabinets - Missing/Damaged	storagemounted on walls or floors
	Countertops - Missing/Damaged	Flat work surface in a kitchen often integral to lower cabinet space is missing or deteriorated or damaged below the laminate
	Dishwasher/Garbage Disposal - Inoperable	Dishwasher or garbage disposal does not operate as it should
		Drain is substantially or completely clogged or has suffered extensive
	Plumbing - Clogged Drains	deterioration
	Plumbing - Leaking Faucet/Pipes	A steady leak that is adversely affecting the surrounding area
	Range Hood/Exhaust Fans - Excessive	Apparatus that draws out cooking exhaust does not function as it should
	Grease/Inoperable	and/or accumulation of dirt threatens the free passage of air
		One or more burners are not functioning or doors or drawers are impeded or on gas ranges pilot is out and/or flames are not distributed equally or oven not
	Range/Stove - Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	functioning
		~
	Refrigerator-Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	Refrigerator is missing or does not cool adequately for the safe storage of food
	Sink - Damaged/Missing	Sink, faucet, or accessories are missing, damaged, or not functioning
Procedure Vision and Committee		Dryer vent is missing or it is not functioning because it is blocked. Dryer exhaus
Laundry Area (Room)	Dryer Vent - Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	is not effectively vented to the outside Permanent light fixtures are missing or not functioning, and no other switched
Lighting	Missing/Inoperable Fixture	light source is functioning in the room
Lighting Outlets/Switches	Missing	An outlet or switch is missing
(4		An outlet or switch has a broken cover plate over a junction box or the cover
	*Missing/Broken Cover Plates	plate is missing
Patio/Porch/Balcony	Baluster/Side Railings Damaged	Damaged or missing balusters or side rails that limit the safe use of an area
Smoke Detector	*Missing/Inoperable	Smoke detector is missing or does not function as it should

NOTE: Observable Deficiencies in *Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and must be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.				
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed		
	Broken/Missing Hand Railing	Hand rail is missing, damaged, loose or otherwise unusable		
Walls	Bulging/Buckling	Wall is bowed, deflected, sagged, or is no longer vertically aligned		
	Damaged	Punctures in the wall surface that may or may not penetrate completely		
	Damaged/Deteriorated Trim	Cove molding, chair rail, base molding, or other decorative trim is damaged o has decayed		
	Peeling/Needs Paint	Paint is peeling, cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated		
	Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildewor damage caused by saturation or surface failure		
Windows	Cracked/Broken/Missing Panes	Missing or cracked panes of glass		
	Damaged Window Sill	Sill is damaged enough to expose the inside of the surrounding walls and compromise its weather tightness		
	Missing/Deteriorated Caulking/Seals/Glazing Compound	Caulking or seals that resists weather is missing or deteriorated		
	Inoperable/Not Lockable	Window that is not functioning or cannot be secured because lock is brocken		
	Peeling/Needs Paint	Paint covering the window assembly or trim is cracking, flaking, or otherwise falling		
	*Security Bars Prevent Egress	The ability to exit through the window is limited by security bars that do not function properly and, therefore, pose safety risks		

9. **Resale or Recapture Guidelines.** Below, the grantee must enter (or attach) a description of the guidelines that will be used for resale or recapture of HTF funds when used to assist first-time homebuyers. If the grantee will not use HTF funds to assist first-time homebuyers, enter "N/A".

N/A

10. **HTF Affordable Homeownership Limits.** If the grantee intends to use HTF funds for homebuyer assistance and does not use the HTF affordable homeownership limits for the area provided by HUD, it must determine 95 percent of the median area purchase price and set forth the information in accordance with §93.305. If the grantee will not use HTF funds to assist first-time homebuyers, enter "N/A".

Any limitation or preference must not violate nondiscrimination requirements in § 93.350, and the grantee must not limit or give preferences to students. The grantee may permit rental housing owners to limit tenants or give a preference in accordance with § 93.303(d)(3) only if such limitation or preference is described in the action plan.

The State will limit beneficiaries and/or give preferences to the following segments of the extremely low-income population:

• People with disabilities or other special needs (e.g. individuals/families exiting homelessness)

The groups listed have also been identified in the action plan in AP 25-Allocation Priorities.

12. **Refinancing of Existing Debt.** Enter or attach the grantee's refinancing guidelines below. The guidelines describe the conditions under which the grantee will refinance existing debt. The grantee's refinancing guidelines must, at minimum, demonstrate that rehabilitation is the primary eligible activity and ensure that this requirement is met by establishing a minimum level of rehabilitation per unit or a required ratio between rehabilitation and refinancing. If the grantee will not refinance existing debt, enter "N/A."

N/A

Discussion:

"Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)"

The State's method of selecting a sponsor is based on the sponsor's ability to provide comprehensive services to persons with HIV/AIDS statewide. Colorado Health Network (CHN) (dba Colorado AIDS Project) is a statewide entity with over three decades of providing a multitude of services to individuals with an HIV/AIDS diagnosis. Division of Housing selected CHN to be the grantee because of their specialization of services to persons with HIV/AIDS and because of their long standing success in service delivery.

HOPWA funding will help clients access housing, related supportive services and tenant based rental assistance. Funds will enable low-income Coloradans living with HIV/AIDS and their families to achieve housing stability, improved access to healthcare and medication, and reduce the risk of future homelessness.

The 2017-2018 goal is to assist 65 households with both rental assistance and supportive services. The State will retain 3% of its HOPWA grant for administration, the remainder will be granted to CHN which will use 7% for Admin and the remaining funds for rental assistance and supportive services.

DOLA has been working to improve the IDIS process for tracking program income held at the local level. We will create projects and activities to that better reflect PI and RL draws and receipts at an activity level. These changes should also provide HUD with a better indication of PI and RL held at the local level, and the overall activity of revolving loan funds throughout the state. Furthermore, as indicated in the methods of distribution, we plan to recapture funds held at the local level with inactive programs in order to redistribute those funds in a way that better serves those communities.

Attachments

Citizen Participation Comments

2017-2018 Annual Action Plan Public Comments

Written comments received via email:

- "Colorado should expend more effort and allocate more resources, than it does now, on preservation of affordable housing versus new construction, because preservation is more cost-effective than new construction. The logic that new units need to be added while preserving existing units, while true, misses the point of preservation being more cost effective, because it does not account for the units of NOAH (naturally occurring affordable housing) that are lost to market rate 'value-add developers'. For Colorado, the federal and state dollars spent on the sum total of preserved and new construction subsidized affordable units unfortunately is far less than the # of NOAH's lost to marketrate developers – so that in the end, we lose more affordable units than we preserve or build new. Since converting a NOAH into subsidized affordable housing is more costeffective than building a new structure, and if we consider preserving or converting a NOAH unit as 'adding' a new unit into the subsidized affordable bucket, then the strategy of preserving NOAHs is much cheaper than 'adding' a new unit with new construction. Also, if we were to add the cost of utility subsidy (Utility allowances) into the cost of the overall subsidized affordable housing, then making a property green i.e. energy and water efficient, is even more cost-effective than preservation. But currently there is no requirements or incentives (federal or state) offered to existing subsidized affordable housing to be efficient. Again, in order to maximize the cost-effectiveness of the federal or state subsidies, DOH should consider a strategy on how making subsidized affordable housing more efficient, can reduce the need for subsidies and thus make housing more affordable."
 - Staff accepts this comment, and will continue to consider this information throughout the year in order to address these concerns.
- "1. Thank you for noting Colorado has a shortfall of over 100,000 rental units for households earning under \$20,000 years.(p 114-115). We agree that the "primary goal of using Housing trust fund is to create units for extremely low-income individuals through Colorado", using this \$3 million as a first step in filling the large gap.

While housing is becoming increasingly unaffordable to many in Colorado, those with the lowest income face the most severe shortages. For every 100 renters who are extremely low income (earning less than 30% of Area Median Income), there are only 27 housing units affordable at 30% or less of their income (National Low Income Housing Coalition tabulation of 2015 ACS PUMS data).

2. Include manufactured housing as part of the solution to the need for affordable housing. Work with partners to protect existing land-lease communities and encourage local zoning practices which include manufactured housing in the mix of available local housing stock. Promote resident ownership and education through technical assistance

In the 2017-2018 plan, there is no mention of promoting and preserving manufacture homes- one of the most affordable forms of housing. Currently, 4% of housing stock in Colorado is manufactured homes.

- 3. Describe/create the relationship between housing programs and the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) or workforce centers. "Employment" and the need for employment was mentioned four times. Many other government programs and agencies were mentioned by name. And under WIOA, workforce centers are supposed to prioritize for services those who have barriers to employment, specifically naming homelessness individuals (WIOA Sec. 3 Def 24 (G)). Yet the WIOA state plan did not mention the Continuum of Care or HEARTH Act and likewise this plan does not mention WIOA or workforce centers. To make better use of state resources to serve our residents, state agencies should build in links between silos."
 - Staff accepts these comments and is working on how to best address manufactured homes throughout the state. Furthermore, staff would like more information on how to best coordinate efforts with WIOA.

Verbal comments provided during the public meeting:

- Supportive services are difficult to fund. Look into the First Bank Federal Home Loan and deferred developer's fees. There needs to be a better way of funding supportive services for supportive housing projects.
 - Staff accepts this comment and will consider this during the planning process for the new Homeless Solutions Program (HSP) funds.
- Regarding HTF, can there be fewer restrictions on the use of the funds?
 - Staff accepts this comment, and has explained that the HTF Allocation Plan provides preferences, but does not add specific restrictions, and encouraged meeting members to speak to us regarding projects they have in mind for this funding source.
- Regarding the new state Homeless Solutions Program (HSP) funds, a member of the public stated that she would like to see these resources partially dedicated to individuals

Annual Action Plan

exiting jails and prisons, especially those with felonies on their background checks, to get them vouchers and help them find housing.

- Staff accepts this comment, and has explained that we are still in the planning process for these state funds, but that this is currently part of the plan to address these needs.
- One member of the public requested better access to funds for rural areas in the state.
 There was a discussion regarding how DOLA could improve the application process and make it easier for grantees to apply.
 - Staff accepts this comment, and has explained that we are working on improving our application process to make it easier for applicants to apply, with the goal of trying to make it more accessible online. We will continue to move forward with making improvements.



Housing Trust Fund Allocation Plan Guide 2017





TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. General Information	4
HTF Allocation Plan	4
Submission Requirement	4
Deadline	4
Review Period	5
Approval Process	5
Need Assistance?	5
II. Grantee Information	6
III. Consolidated Plan Requirements	6
Citizen Participation Plan	6
Consolidated Plan Screen(s) To Revise	6
IV. Strategic Plan Requirements	7
Strategic Plan Screen(s) To Revise	7
V. Annual Action Plan Requirements	8
Annual Action Plan Screen(s) To Revise	8
VI. Allocation Plan Requirements	10
Distribution of HTF funds	10
Performance Goals and Benchmarks	20
Maximum Per-unit Development Subsidy Amount	21
Rehabilitation Standards	22

Resale or Recapture Guidelines	23
HTF Affordable Homeownership Limits	24
State Limited Beneficiaries or Preferences	24
Refinancing of Existing Debt	26
VII. Grantee Certifications	27
VIII. Required Forms	27
IX. Resources	27
HTF Resources	27
Consolidated Plan Resources	28
X. Appendices	28
Appendix A: eCon Planning Suite Editing Options	28
Appendix B: Amending a Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plan	30

HTF Allocation Plan

The Housing Trust Fund (HTF) Interim Rule (24 CFR Part 93) made the consolidated plan regulations at 24 CFR Part 91 applicable to the HTF. As a result, an HTF grantee (i.e., a State) must include HTF in its citizen participation plan (§ 91.115), strategic plan (§ 91.315), and annual action plan (§ 91.320). In addition, the State must submit to HUD for review and approval an HTF allocation plan with its annual action plan (§ 91.320(k)(5)). Also, as required in § 91.10, the HTF program must be administered by the State on the same program year it established for all grant programs covered by the consolidated plan.

The HTF allocation plan is an annual submission to HUD that describes how the State will distribute the HTF funds, including how it will use the funds to address its priority housing needs. The allocation plan also describes what activities may be undertaken with HTF funds and how recipients and projects will be selected.

Submission Requirement

HUD Notice CPD 12-009 requires a State submitting a consolidated plan on or after November 15, 2012 to use the eCon Planning Suite in IDIS to submit this plan and all subsequent consolidated plans, annual action plans, and consolidated annual performance and evaluations reports (CAPERs). However, the eCon Planning Suite does not currently contain the data fields to accommodate the HTF allocation plan. As a result, HUD developed this guide to assist the State in submitting the HTF allocation plan. The State may opt to use this sample form or to submit its allocation plan in a different format, provided that all required elements are addressed. Please visit the HTF website, www.hudexchange.info/htf for more guidance on the HTF program and HUD Notice CPD 17-05 Guidance for HTF Grantees on Fiscal Year 2017 Housing Trust Fund (HTF) Allocation Plans for more information on HTF allocation plans. This guide also contains a list of HTF and eCon Planning Suite resources that the State should reference before developing and submitting its HTF allocation plan. The State should also consult the Con Plan Quick Guide: Amending a Consolidated Plan and Action Plan for assistance on amending its consolidated plan and action plan.

Deadline

The State must submit an HTF allocation plan and make any amendments to its consolidated plan no later than August 16, 2017. Please note that if the State submitted a new 5-year consolidated plan for FY 2016 funding or amended its approved consolidated plan to include HTF for FY 2016 funding, the State may not need to make changes to its approved consolidated plan for FY 2017. For 2017, the HTF allocation plan must be submitted to both the local HUD CPD Field Office and to HUD's Office of Affordable Housing Programs at <a href="https://disable.com/https://disable.com/https://disable.com/https://disable.com/html/html.com/html.

Review Period

The 45-day review period begins when (a) HUD receives the Standard Form 424 and certifications or email notification that the consolidated plan has been submitted in IDIS (for new action plans) or (b) HUD receives the Standard Form 424 and certifications or email notification that an <u>amended</u> action plan has been submitted in IDIS.

Approval Process

The HTF allocation plan will be deemed approved 45 days after HUD receives the plan, unless HUD notifies the State that the plan is disapproved before expiration of the review period. Please note, if a State intends to use HTF funds to assist first-time homebuyers, it must set forth the guidelines for resale and recapture, and obtain HUD's specific, written approval, as required in § 93.304(f), separate and apart from the approval of the HTF allocation plan.

Need Assistance?

For assistance with the HTF allocation plan, the State should contact the local HUD CPD Field Office and/or send its question(s) to the HTF mailbox at https://www.hudexchange.info/get-assistance/my-question/.

Exchange website at https://www.hudexchange.info/get-assistance/my-question/.

II. GRANTEE INFORMATION

State: FY 2017 HTF Allocation Amount:

Colorado \$3,154,331

III. CONSOLIDATED PLAN REQUIREMENTS

Citizen Participation Plan

The consolidated plan regulation at § 91.115 requires the State to include HTF in its citizen participation plan. Essentially, before adopting a consolidated plan, the State is required to adopt a citizen participation plan that describes the process for providing and encouraging citizens to participate in the development of the consolidated plan, the amendments to the consolidated plan and the performance report (CAPERS). For the purposes of HTF, the State is required to make the following information available to the public:

- the amount of HTF assistance the State expects to receive,
- the range of activities the State may undertake, including the estimated amount that will benefit extremely low-income households, and
- the State's plans to minimize displacement of persons and to assist any persons displaced.

If the State already conducted its citizen participation and included HTF in any citizen participation it performed for the other HUD formula grant programs, then the State does not need to conduct additional citizen participation for HTF. If the State has not yet conducted citizen participation or did not include HTF in the citizen participation it performed for other HUD formula grant programs, then it must conduct citizen participation to include HTF as part of its consolidated plan.

Consolidated Plan Screen(s) To Revise

The following screen in the eCon Planning Suite consolidated plan template in IDIS must be revised to include HTF.

ES-05 / AP-05 Executive Summary: § 91.320(b)- The Executive Summary includes seven narratives: (1) Introduction; (2) Summary of Objectives and Outcomes; (3) Evaluation of Past Performance; (4) Summary of the Citizen Participation and Consultation Process; (5) Summary of Public Comments; (6) Summary of Comments Not Accepted; (7) Summary.

PR-15 Citizen Participation: § 91.115 and § 91.300(c)- revise this screen to provide a summary of the citizen participation efforts made for HTF, including efforts to broaden public participation, a summary of citizen comments or views on the plan, and a written explanation of comments not accepted and the reasons why these comments were not accepted.

IV. STRATEGIC PLAN REQUIREMENTS

The State must <u>amend</u> the affordable housing section of the strategic plan to include specific objectives that describe proposed accomplishments the State hopes to achieve and must specify the number of extremely low-income families to which the State will provide affordable housing to (homeownership- § 93.302; rental- § 93.304) over a specific period of time. The State can complete this requirement by including HTF on the **SP-45 Goals screen**.

Note: Directions on how to amend a plan are included at the end of this document.

Reminder: 100 percent of FY 2017 HTF funds must benefit extremely low-income households; a minimum of 80 percent must be used for rental housing; up to 10 percent may be used for homeownership housing; up to 10 percent may be used for administrative costs.

Strategic Plan Screen(s) To Revise

In addition to updating the affordable housing section of the strategic plan, the following screens in the eCon Planning Suite consolidated plan template in IDIS must be revised to include HTF.

- SP-10 Geographic Priorities: § 91.315(a)(1)- revise this screen to discuss how investments are allocated geographically.
- ☑ SP-25 Priority Needs: § 91.315(a)(2)- revise this screen to indicate the general priorities for allocating investment of available resources among different needs.
- ☑ SP-30 Influence of Market Conditions: § 93.315(b)- revise this screen to describe how the characteristics of the housing market influenced the State's decisions regarding allocation priorities among the types of housing assistance.
- SP-35 Anticipated Resources: § 91.315(a)(4); § 91.320(c)(1) and (2)- revise this screen to identify the federal, state, local, and private resources expected to be available to the State to address priority needs and specific objectives identified in the strategic plan. Specifically, the State should add a program to this screen by selecting "Add" in the Action column. This will open the SP-36 Add Anticipated Resource screen. The State should select "Other" in the Anticipated Resource field and enter "Housing Trust"

Fund" in the Other Funding Source field. The State should also select the "public federal" radio button in the "Source" field and complete the rest of the fields on this screen for its HTF program.

SP-45 Goals: § 91.315(a)(4) and § 91.315 (b)(2)- revise this screen to summarize the State's priorities and the specific goals it intends to initiate and/or complete within the term of the strategic plan. The State must also ensure its five year goals include any accomplishments due to HTF funds and must also enter the number of extremely low-income families to which the State will provide assistance with its HTF funds.

V. ANNUAL ACTION PLAN REQUIREMENTS

The State must include HTF in its annual action plan or <u>amend</u> the plan to include HTF information as required in § 93.320(k)(5). The action plan must include an HTF allocation plan that describes the distribution of HTF funds, and establishes the application requirements and selection criteria of applications submitted by eligible recipients that meet the State's priority housing needs.

Annual Action Plan Screen(s) To Revise

The following screens in the eCon Planning Suite consolidated plan template in IDIS must be revised to include HTF.

- AP-15 Expected Resources: § 91.320(c)(1) and (2)- revise this screen to provide a concise summary of the federal resources expected to be available. The HTF resources added to the SP-35 Anticipated Resources screen will carry over to this screen.
- AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives: § 91.320(c)(3) and (e)-revise this screen to summarize the specific goals the State intends to initiate and/or complete within the term of the program year. Any HTF related goals and objectives entered on the SP-45 Goals screen will carry over to this screen.
- AP-25 Allocation Priorities: § 91.320(d)- revise this screen to describe the reasons for the State's allocation priorities and how the proposed distribution of funds will address the priority needs and goals of the strategic plan.
- AP-30 Method of Distribution: § 91.320(d) and (k5)- revise this screen to include a description of its method(s) for distribution for the "Other Housing Trust Fund" selection based on the entry made on the SP-35 Anticipated Resources screen.
- AP-35 Projects: § 91.220(d)- revise this screen to include consolidated plan/annual action plan projects that reflect the planned use of HTF funds each year.

- AP-50 Geographic Distribution: § 91.320(f)- revise this screen to describe the geographic areas of the state in which it will direct assistance during the ensuing program year and provide rationale for its priorities in allocating investment geographically.
- AP-55 Affordable Housing: § 91.320(g)- revise this screen to specify goals for the number of homeless, non-homeless, and special needs households to be provided affordable housing within the program year.
- AP-65 Homeless and Other Special Needs Activities: § 91.320(h)- revise this screen to describe how HTF will help to address the State's one-year goals and actions for reducing and ending homelessness, if applicable.
- AP-75 Barriers to Affordable Housing: § 91.320(i)- revise this screen to describe how HTF will help with any actions the State's will take during the next year to reduce barriers to affordable housing, if applicable.
- AP-85 Other Actions: § 91.320(j)- revise this screen to describe how HTF will help with any actions the State will take during the next year to carry out the following strategies outlined in the consolidated plan:
 - · Foster and maintain affordable housing:
 - · Evaluate and reduce lead-based paint hazards;
 - · Reduce the number of poverty-level families;
 - Develop institutional structure; and
 - · Enhance coordination.

In addition, the State must identify obstacles to meeting underserved needs and propose actions to overcome those obstacles using HTF funds, if applicable.

VI. ALLOCATION PLAN REQUIREMENTS

The State is responsible for distributing HTF funds throughout the State according to its housing priority needs. In addition to revising the AP- 30 Method of Distribution screen in IDIS, the State must respond to the following questions.

Distribution of HTF funds

1.	How will the State distribute its HTF funds (§ $91.320(k)(5)$)? Select all that apply
	Applications submitted by eligible recipients
	☐ Subgrantees that are State Agencies
	☐ Subgrantees that are HUD-CPD entitlement grantees
2.	If distributing HTF funds through grants to subgrantees, describe the method for distributing HTF funds through grants to subgrantees and how those funds will be made available to state agencies and/or units of general local government. Inot distributing funds through grants to subgrantees, enter "N/A".
	N/A

- 3. If distributing HTF funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients,
 - a. Describe the eligibility requirements for recipients of HTF funds (as defined in 24 CFR § 93.2). If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Eligible Recipients are organizations, agencies, or other entities (including public housing agencies, for-profit entities, or nonprofit entities) that receive HTF assistance from the State as an owner or developer to carry out an HTF-assisted project. To be eligible for HTF assistance, a recipient must:

- (1) Make acceptable assurances to the State that it will comply with the requirements of the HTF program during the entire period that from the time the State selects the recipient to receive HTF funds until the conclusion of all HTF-funded activities;
- (2) Demonstrate its ability and financial capacity to undertake the eligible activity, comply with HTF regulations and State requirements, and manage the eligible activity;
- (3) Demonstrate its familiarity with the requirements of other Federal, State, or local housing programs that may be used in conjunction with HTF funds to ensure compliance with all applicable requirements and regulations of such programs; and
- (4) Have demonstrated experience and capacity to carry out an eligible HTF activity as evidenced by its ability to own, construct/rehabilitate, manage, and/or operate an affordable multifamily rental housing development.

 Describe the State's application requirements for eligible recipients to apply for HTF funds. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

The Colorado Department of Local Affairs, Division of Housing (DOH) follows its traditional monthly application process to review proposals and award HTF funds to projects. Applications are accepted on or before the first working day of each month to begin that month's review cycle.

MINIMUM APPLICATION THRESHOLDS. Applicants are expected to submit complete applications. The following are the minimum threshold requirements for a complete application. However, DOH may make exceptions to the minimum threshold criteria on a project-by-project basis, according to special circumstances and local conditions. For instance, DOH may waive the "Local Financial Support" criterion under "Project Readiness to Proceed" for some projects--particularly in rural areas--where local agencies lack the resources to provide financial support to the project.

Demonstrate need by means of:

- Third party market study (not required for rehab-only applications for fully occupied properties unless post-rehab rent increases are proposed), and
- 2. Local housing needs assessment and strategic plan (if available), and
- Local government supporting documentation substantiating the need and expressing support for the proposal.

Administrative Capacity. Adequate overall management capability as demonstrated by:

- 1. No unresolved financial audit findings.
- Compliance plan to ensure that Federal and State regulations and reporting requirements will be met, including but not limited to:
- a) Federal Labor and Construction Standards, including Davis Bacon Wages, as applicable.
- b) Section 3 and MBE/WBE, as applicable.
- c) Fair Housing and Civil Rights, including Section 504, as applicable.
- d) Residential Antidisplacement and Relocation, as applicable.
- e) State or Federal procurement requirements, as applicable
- f) Lead Based Paint and other environmental hazards, as applicable.
- 3. Property Management Experience
- a) Property Management plan that ensures rent and affordability compliance.
- b) Tax Credit compliance, as applicable.

c. Describe the selection criteria that the State will use to select applications submitted by eligible recipients. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Colorado will distribute HTF funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients. 100 percent of the HTF funds will benefit extremely-low income households.

Following submission of a complete application (as described in 3.b.), an applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds, undertake eligible activities in a timely manner, and own/manage/operate an HTF-assisted property in compliance with HUD regulations will be treated as threshold criteria. Another threshold criterion for Colorado's HTF funding will be the creation or preservation of permanent rental housing (transitional housing and shelters are not eligible). Applications that fail to meet all of Colorado's threshold criteria (HTF threshold criteria and application threshold criteria) will not be considered for HTF funding.

The Colorado Department of Local Affairs, Division of Housing (DOH) follows its traditional monthly application process to review proposals and award HTF funds to projects. Applications are accepted on or before the first working day of each month to begin that month's review cycle.

Three (3) separate DOH staff reviews are completed prior to the presentation of an application to the State Housing Board for a funding recommendation to the Colorado Department of Local Affairs' Executive Director.

The first and second funding priorities will be given to applications that meet the State's priority housing needs by:

- Providing affordable, community-based supportive housing for people with disabilities or other special needs ("Supportive Housing"). This Supportive Housing priority aligns with Colorado's Priority Need for "Housing and Assistance for the Homeless." Supportive Housing projects should include Federal, State, or local project-based rental assistance to ensure the rents for HTF-assisted units are affordable to extremely low-income families.
- 2) Including 30% AMI units in mixed-income developments that would be infeasible at 30% AMI rents but for HTF funding. This 30% AMI units in mixed-income developments priority aligns with Colorado's Priority Needs for "Additional Affordable Housing" and "Acquire and Preserve Affordable Housing Stock."

Additionally, applications that meet Colorado's threshold requirements will be receive priority for HTF funding as described in the following sections VI.3.d. through VI.3.i.

d. Describe the State's required priority for funding based on geographic diversity (as defined by the State in the consolidated plan). If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Applications that contribute to Geographic Diversity (IDIS Con Plan and Action Plan SP-10) will be Colorado's third priority for HTF funding. Under this criterion, priority will be given to applications for projects that Affirmatively Further Fair Housing and/or are located in rural areas.

e. Describe the State's required priority for funding based on the applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds and undertake eligible activities in a timely manner. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Following submission of a complete application (as described in 3.b.), an applicant's ability to obligate HTF funds and undertake eligible activities in a timely manner will be treated as threshold criteria.

f. Describe the State's required priority for funding based on the extent to which the rental project has Federal, State, or local project-based rental assistance so that rents are affordable to extremely low-income families. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

Colorado's first priority for HTF funding is for projects that provide affordable, community-based supportive housing for people with disabilities or other special needs ("Supportive Housing"). This priority aligns with Colorado's Priority Need for "Housing and Assistance for the Homeless." To meet the criteria for this priority, Supportive Housing projects should include Federal, State, or local project-based rental assistance to ensure the rents for HTF-assisted units are affordable to extremely low-income families.

g. Describe the State's required priority for funding based on the financial feasibility of the project beyond the required 30-year period. If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

All HTF units in rental housing projects are required to remain affordable as HTF units for a minimum of 30 years. Projects for which the underwriting supports financial feasibility beyond the minimum period, and for which the owner is willing to commit to a longer affordability period, are Colorado's fifth funding priority.

h. Describe the State's required priority for funding based on the merits of the application in meeting the priority housing needs of the State (such as housing that is accessible to transit or employment centers, housing that includes green building and sustainable development features, or housing that serves special needs populations). If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

As described in VI. 3.c. and f., Colorado's top priority for HTF funding is for projects that provide affordable, community-based supportive housing for people with disabilities or other special needs ("Supportive Housing"), and include project-based rental assistance. This priority aligns with Colorado's Priority Need for "Housing and Assistance for the Homeless."

Describe the State's required priority for funding based on the extent to which
the application makes use of non-federal funding sources. If not distributing
funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, enter "N/A".

As its fourth funding priority, Colorado will consider non-federal leverage, or the extent to which each application includes non-federal funding sources and local resources and/or concessions. Those with greater local/non-federal commitment, when resources are available, will receive funding priority over applications with less non-federal leverage.

4.	eligible ac	tivities to be o	ion require the applicant to include a description of the conducted with HTF funds? If not distributing funds by bmitted by eligible recipients, select "N/A".
	Yes 🗹	No □	N/A □
5.	Does the State's application require that each eligible recipient certify that housing units assisted with HTF funds will comply with HTF requirements? If not distributing funds by selecting applications submitted by eligible recipients, select "N/A".		
	Yes 🗹	No □	N/A □
6.	Performance Goals and Benchmarks-§91.320(k)(5)(iii)		
	The State has met the requirement to provide for performance goals and benchmarks against which the State will measure its progress, consistent with the State's goals established under 24 CFR 91.315(b)(2), by including HTF in its housing goals in the housing table on the SP-45 Goals and AP-20 Annual Goals and Objective screens.		
	Yes ☑	No □	

Maximum Per-unit Development Subsidy Amount- § 91.320(k)(5) and § 93.300(a)

Enter or attach the State's maximum per-unit development subsidy limits for housing assisted with HTF funds.

The limits must be adjusted for the number of bedrooms and the geographic location of the project. The limits must also be reasonable and based on actual costs of developing non-luxury housing in the area.

If the State will use existing limits developed for other federal programs such as the Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) per unit cost limits, HOME's maximum perunit subsidy amounts, and/or Public Housing Development Cost Limits (TDCs), it must include a description of how the HTF maximum per-unit development subsidy limits were established or a description of how existing limits developed for another program and being adopted for HTF meet the HTF requirements specified above.

Colorado performed an analysis of the cost to replace a unit with the higher of 60% AMI rent or FMR with a unit with 30% AMI rent in various locations across the State. In no area of the State did this cost exceed the HOME maximum per-unit subsidy amount. Colorado has adopted the HOME maximum per-unit subsidies as its HTF maximum per-unit subsidies.

The 2017 maximum per-unit subsidies are as follows:

Max Subsidy 0 bedroom: \$141,089

Max Subsidy 1 bedroom: \$161,738

Max Subsidy 2 bedroom: \$196,673

Max Subsidy 3 bedroom: \$254,431

Max Subsidy 4 bedroom: \$279,286

Rehabilitation Standards - § 91.320(k)(5)(iv) and § 93.301(b)

The State must establish rehabilitation standards for all HTF-assisted housing rehabilitation activities that set forth the requirements that the housing must meet upon project completion. The State's description of its standards must be in sufficient detail to determine the required rehabilitation work including methods and materials. The standards may refer to applicable codes or they may establish requirements that exceed the minimum requirements of the codes. At a minimum, the rehabilitation standards must address:

- Health and safety;
- Major systems;
- Lead-Based Paint;
- Accessibility;
- Disaster Mitigation;
- State and local Codes, Ordinances, and Zoning Requirements;
- Inspectable Areas and Observable Deficiencies from HUD's Uniform Physical Condition Standards identified by HUD as applicable to HTF-assisted housing;
- Capital Needs Assessments (if applicable).

Enter or attach the State's rehabilitation standards. If the State will not use HTF funds for rehabilitation of housing, enter "N/A".

See attached.

9. Resale or Recapture Guidelines- § 91.320(k)(5)(v) and § 93.304(f)

If the State intends to use HTF funds to assist first-time homebuyers, it must set forth the guidelines for resale or recapture and obtain HUD specific, written approval, as required in § 93.304(f). Approval of the consolidated plan or annual action plan under § 91.500 or the failure to disapprove the consolidated plan or annual action plan does not satisfy the requirement for specific HUD approval for resale or recapture guidelines.

Enter or attach a description of the guidelines that will be used for resale or recapture of HTF funds when used to assist first-time homebuyers. If the State will not use HTF funds to assist first-time homebuyers, enter "N/A".

N/A

10. HTF Affordable Homeownership Limits- § 91.320(k)(5)(vi) and § 93.305

If the State intends to use HTF funds for homebuyer assistance and does not use the HTF affordable homeownership limits for the area provided by HUD, it must determine 95 percent of the median area purchase price and set forth the information in accordance with §93.305. If the State will not use HTF funds to assist first-time homebuyers, enter "N/A".

□ The State will use the HUD issued affordable homeownership limits.

□ The State has determined its own affordable homeownership limits using the methodology described in § 93.305(a)(2) and the limits are attached.

11. State Limited Beneficiaries or Preferences- § 91.320(k)(5)(vii)

Describe how the State will limit the beneficiaries or give preferences to a particular segment of the extremely low- or very low-income population to serve unmet needs identified in its consolidated plan or annual action plan. If the State will not limit the beneficiaries or give preferences to a particular segment of the extremely low- or very low-income population, enter "N/A".

Any limitation or preference must not violate nondiscrimination requirements in § 93.350, and the State must not limit or give preferences to students. The State may permit rental housing owners to limit tenants or give a preference in accordance with § 93.303(d)(3) only if such limitation or preference is described in the action plan.

The State will limit beneficiaries and/or give preferences to the following segments of the extremely low-income population:

 People with disabilities or other special needs (e.g. individuals/families exiting homelessness)

The groups listed have also been identified in the action plan in AP 25-Allocation Priorities.

12. Refinancing of Existing Debt- § 91.320(k)(5)(viii) and § 93.201(b)

Enter or attach the State's refinancing guidelines below. The guidelines describe the conditions under which the State will refinance existing debt. The State's refinancing guidelines must, at minimum, demonstrate that rehabilitation is the primary eligible activity and ensure that this requirement is met by establishing a minimum level of rehabilitation per unit or a required ratio between rehabilitation and refinancing. If the State will not refinance existing debt, enter "N/A".

N/A

VII. GRANTEE CERTIFICATIONS

In addition to submitting an HTF allocation plan, the State must submit all the required certifications identified at § 91.225 (for new action plans). If the State is amending the action plan to include HTF, it must resubmit the following certification to include HTF:

Consistency with plan- The jurisdiction must submit a certification that the housing activities to be undertaken with CDBG, HOME, ESG, and HOPWA funds are consistent with the strategic plan. Where the HOPWA funds are to be received by a city that is the most populous unit of general local government in an EMSA, it must obtain and keep on file certifications of consistency from the authorized public officials for each other locality in the EMSA in which housing assistance is provided. HTF must be included in this certification.

VIII. REQUIRED FORMS

In addition to submitting an HTF allocation plan, the State must submit and/or complete the following standard form for its HTF program.

✓ Standard form- 424: <u>Application for Federal Assistance</u> (§ 91.320(a))

IX. RESOURCES

The following resources should be referenced before developing and submitting the HTF allocation plan.

HTF Resources

- HTF website- www.hudexchange.info/htf
- HTF Interim Rule
- Notice CPD-17-05 Guidance for HTF Grantees on Fiscal Year 2017 Housing Trust Fund (HTF) Allocation Plans
- HTF FAQs
 - o HTF Maximum Per-Unit Development Subsidy Amounts
 - o HTF Rehabilitation Standards
- HTF Webcast on Overview of the HTF program
- HTF Webinar on <u>Developing HTF Allocation Plans</u>
- HTF Formula Allocation

Consolidated Plan Resources

- eCon Planning Suite website- https://www.hudexchange.info/consolidated-plan/econ-planning-suite/
- Notice CPD-12-009: Use of IDIS to Submit the Consolidated Plan
- Consolidated Plan in IDIS <u>Desk Guide</u>
- Con Plan Quick Guide: <u>Amending a Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plan For State</u>, <u>Entitlement & Regional Grantees</u>.

X. APPENDICES

Appendix A: eCon Planning Suite Editing Options

Narrative Fields and the 4,000 Character Limit

The limit on the amount of text is 4,000 characters per field. The character limit includes white spaces, formatting marks such as new paragraphs, and other hidden characters. For example, the following text "The **quick** brown fox" contains 16 visible characters, but also contains 3 white space characters and additional hidden characters related to the bold and underline formatting. Users can select the option to display and remove the hidden formatting.

Other Editing Options

Tools	Description
B / U	Bold Italics Underline
巨垣	Bullet List Numbered List
2) (4	Undo Redo
T W	Paste as Plain Text. If this tool is toggled on, any text pasted into the narrative box will be stripped of all formatting.
	Paste from Word. This tool will allow the pasted text to retain limited formatting, including Bold, Italics, Underline, and simple

Tools	Description
	numbered and bulleted lists. Paste from Word will not retain more complex formatting, such as tables and indentation.
a	Select All. This tool selects all of the text currently entered in the narrative box.
•	Show/Hide Visual Control Characters. This tool is used to toggle the display of hidden formatting, such as paragraph marks (not currently functional).
HTML	Edit HTML Source. This tool opens a dialog box where users can edit the HTML Code to format the text of the narrative box.

Adding Additional Text Box for Narrative:

To input additional narrative beyond 4,000 characters, grantees can add another <u>text</u> <u>box</u>. Due to embedded formatting in PDF documents, grantees should not try to copy text from PDFs, but should only use text or Microsoft Word files.

The screenshot below shows the features of narrative fields in the template.



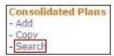
Appendix B: Amending a Consolidated Plan and Annual Action Plan

I. Amending Approved Consolidated Plan/Year 1 Action Plan

The State should follow these instructions to amend its consolidated plan and annual action plan to include HTF. All States are responsible for amending their individual Action Plans.

To amend a Consolidated Plan/Year 1 Action Plan, grantees must first copy the existing plan.

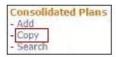
1. Click "Search" under the Consolidated Plan submenu.



Make note of the Year and Version of the Plan to be amended.



3. Click "Copy" under the Consolidated Plan submenu.



4. Enter the Source Year and Version from the Plan to be copied (identified in Step 2).



Enter the Start Year, End Year and Version for the amended plan. For amendments, the Start Year must be the same as the Source Plan. Select whether the amendment is Minor or Substantial from the dropdown menu.

- Once completed, click "Copy." The Amended plan will be accessible from the Consolidated Plan search screen. The default title of the copied plan will be "ConPlan Copy." Grantees can change the title on the AD-25 screen.
- If the copy is a Substantial Amendment, the AD-25 screen will include a text box following the "If Amendment" dropdown menu to explain the amendment.



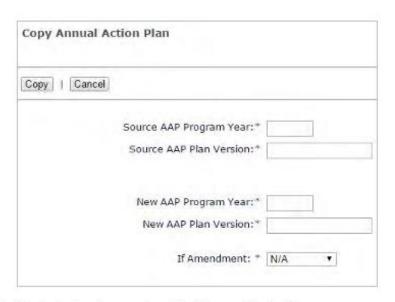
All amendments, minor and substantial, must be submitted for review in IDIS to ensure
the amended information is included in the CAPER. Depending on the amendment, the
Field Office may not conduct a full review of the plan, but must functionally mark the
amended plan as "Review Complete" in IDIS.

II. Amending the Action Plan

- Click "Search" under the Action Plan submenu and note the Year and Version of the Action Plan to be amended.
- 2. Click "Copy" in the Action Plan submenu.



Enter information in the fields provided. For amendments, the Program Year for the amended plan must be the same as the Source Program Year.



- 4. Select whether the amendment is Minor or Substantial.
- When complete, click "Copy". The amended plan will be accessible from the Action Plan search screen. The default title of the copied plan will be "AAP Copy." Grantees can change the title on the AD-26 screen.
- If the copy is a Substantial Amendment, the AD-26 screen will include a text box immediately following the "If Amendment" dropdown menu to explain the amendment.



All amendments, minor and substantial, must be submitted for review in IDIS to ensure
the amended information is included in the CAPER. Depending on the amendment, the
Field Office may not conduct a full review of the plan, but must functionally mark the
amended plan as "Review Complete" in IDIS.

2017 Housing Trust Fund Allocation Plan Supplemental Information

Maximum Per-unit Development Subsidy Amount- § 91.320(k)(5) and § 93.300(a)

The State must establish its own maximum limitations on the total amount of HTF funds that can be invested per-unit for development of non-luxury housing. The limits must be reasonable, based on actual costs, and adjusted for the number of bedrooms and geographic location of the project. The State may choose to develop its own limits or adopt limits used in other federal programs such as HOME or Low-Income Housing Tax Credit and must submit them with its HTF allocation plan.

The State must submit a description of how the HTF maximum per-unit development subsidy amounts were established or a description of how existing limits developed for another program and being adopted for HTF meet the HTF requirements.

DOLA performed an analysis of the cost to replace a unit with the higher of 60% AMI rent or FMR with a unit with 30% AMI rent in various locations across the State. In no area of the State did this cost exceed the HOME maximum per-unit subsidy amount. The 2017 HOME maximum per-unit subsidies are listed in the HTF Allocation Plan in Section 7.

2.) State Limited Beneficiaries or Preferences- § 91.320(k)(5)(vii)

The State will limit beneficiaries and/or give preferences to the following segments of the extremely low-income population:

· People with disabilities or other special needs (e.g. individuals/families exiting homelessness)

The groups listed have also been identified in the action plan in AP 25-Allocation Priorities.

3.) Waiver of Public Comment Period

In accordance with the waiver of 24 CFR 91.115(b)(4) and 24 CFR 91.105(b)(4) for FY 2017 Action Plans for Housing Trust Fund, the Colorado Department of Local Affairs will utilize the waiver and post the HTF Allocation Plan for a period of 14 days. DOLA is taking advantage of the waiver due to the late announcement of HUD's 2017 allocation amounts. The 2017 Annual Action Plan included HTF, and was posted for public comment for more than 30-days. A public meeting was held on July 6, 2017 regarding the Annual Action Plan in regards to HOME, ESG, CDBG, HOPWA, and HTF.

4.) Response to Additional Public Comments Received During HTF Comment Period

A Denver Metro-area non-profit agency reached out to DOLA to provide comments on their perceived difficulty using HTF funds for preservation, particularly of smaller, non-LIHTC rental rehabilitation projects. DOLA staff clarified the State's application/underwriting standards and the allowable uses of HTF funds, and invited the agency to reach out to DOLA's applicable regional housing development specialist to discuss potential applications.



Multi-family Housing Rehabilitation Standards

Effective July 2017

Colorado Department of Local Affairs Division of Housing 1313 Sherman Street, Room 500 Denver, Colorado 80203 (303) 864-7810 http://dola.colorado.gov/doh

Alison George, Director

Multi-Family Housing Rehabilitation Standards

Description:

The Division of Housing (DOH) has created these Multi Family Housing Rehabilitation Standards (Rehab Standards) to uniformly provide for safe, decent, durable, high-performing and affordable housing. These Rehab Standards are written to comply with the requirements of the federal HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME) and the National Housing Trust Fund Program (HTF). Multi-family properties rehabilitated with the use of DOH funding shall meet or exceed these standards at the time of project completion, in accordance with 24 CFR 92.251(b) (HOME) and 93.301(b) (HTF). These Rehab Standards address the following:

- Capital Needs Assessment (found on page 3 in Establishing Scope of Work Priorities)
- Accessibility (found on Page 4 in Applicable Laws and Regulations)
- Disaster mitigation (found on Page 5 in Applicable Laws and Regulations)
- State and local codes (found on Page 5 in Applicable Laws and Regulations)
- Uniform Physical Condition Standards (found on Page 5 in Applicable Laws and Regulations)
- Health and safety (Section 1)
- Lead-based paint (Section 1)
- Major systems (Section 2 thru 11)

These standards are designed to be used with multi-family properties with five or more units. The Single-family Housing Rehabilitation Standards apply to one- to four- unit dwellings of three stories or less.

These standards describe the minimum requirements in a variety of ways including:

- These standards are designed to exceed the Uniform Physical Condition Standards (UPCS) and ensure upon completion, the assisted project and units will be decent, safe, sanitary and in good repair as described in 24 CFR 5.703. Appendix A: Uniform Physical Condition Standards for Multifamily Housing Rehabilitation identifies, at a minimum, those items that must be inspected along with the observable deficiency and the type and degree of deficiency that must be addressed. Any deficiency found to exist from Appendix A must be addressed, even if a specific standard for that item is not included in this document. In the event that a specific standard is not included for an observed deficiency, the repair shall be completed in a thorough and workmanlike manner in accordance with industry practice.
- Minimum requirements for the materials and methods used. All construction
 materials and methods shall be in compliance with locally adopted building codes. If
 there are no local codes, then they shall comply with State Code (the National Electrical
 Code (NEC), 2014 Edition, as may be amended by the Colorado Electrical Board, the
 International Plumbing Code (IPC) 2015 and the International Fire/Gas Code (IFGC) as
 amended in the Colorado Plumbing Code, and the International Existing Building Code
 of the ICC (IEBC)).

Note: At the time of publication and adoption of these standards, the adopted codes

2|Page Multi-Family Housing Rehabilitation Standards

- referenced are believed to be those in force. As standards and codes change and are put into effect by the governing authorities having jurisdiction, the new standards and codes will apply in lieu of those referenced.
- The requirements of regulatory agencies such as the local government's Building,
 Housing and Zoning Codes; the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA); federal, state
 and local Historic Preservation requirements. These Rehabilitation Standards are not
 meant to substitute for a thorough understanding of all of the codes and regulations
 that may apply to your projects.
- The requirements of funders such as HUD (CDBG, HOME, NSP, HTF, CDBG-DR) or local governments, including the Environmental Review process.

In order to access further and more detailed information, hyperlinks to useful web sites are included in this document. They can serve as a valuable resource.

Establishing Scope of Work Priorities:

For all Rehabilitation Projects, health and safety standards represent the highest priority work to be completed first, especially if they are life threatening. Any and all life threatening health and safety deficiencies shall be corrected in every rehabilitation project, regardless of funding source and must be addressed immediately if the housing is occupied. Appendix A identifies life-threatening deficiencies in (*bold italic) for the property site, building exterior, building systems, common areas, and units.

Another top priority for the scope of work is the remaining useful life of all major building systems, which shall be estimated through a Capital Needs Assessment (CNA) or other means and must cover the period of affordability. Federal funding requirements dictate that if a multifamily housing project consists of 26 units or more, a (CNA) shall be performed to determine the remaining useful life of major systems, and the Division of Housing (DOH) may require a (CNA) regardless of project size. Those systems that are found to be at or near the end of their useful life shall be repaired or replaced as part of the rehabilitation of the project. A replacement reserve shall be established and monthly payments made to the reserve account in an amount adequate to repair or replace systems as needed through the entire period of affordability. Major systems include the structure, roof, cladding, weatherproofing (windows, doors, siding, gutters, etc.), plumbing, electrical, heating, ventilation, and air conditioning, and are identified by the symbol "[MAJOR SYSTEM]".

The next priority for inclusion in the scope of work is any violation of locally adopted building code, housing code, zoning ordinance, and/or disaster mitigation standards. It is important for Grantees and their Contractors/Subcontractors to be knowledgeable about their local codes, and to communicate freely with local code officials if their code requirements are unclear. If there are no locally adopted building codes, then State Code (the National Electrical Code (NEC), 2014 Edition, as may be amended by the Colorado Electrical Board, the International Plumbing Code (IPC) 2015 and the International Fire/Gas Code (IFGC) as amended in the

Colorado Plumbing Code, and the International Existing Building Code of the ICC (IEBC)).

Most building codes, including the International Existing Building Code of the ICC (IEBC), allow for building components that were constructed in compliance with the building code that was in effect at the time, and that do not pose a health or safety threat, to remain as is. Generally, they do not need to be improved to meet current code unless they are a threat to health or safety. The same applies to these Rehab Standards – if a building component is not a threat to health or safety, and if it complies with the building code that was in effect when it was built, then the component does not need to be brought into compliance with these standards.

Grantees may choose to implement "Green Standards," identified by this symbol - [GREEN STANDARD], unless they are found under health and safety, in which case they shall be corrected to the GREEN STANDARD. These standards accomplish one or more of the following:

- · Conserve water
- Conserve energy
- · Provide residents with a healthier living environment
- · Reduce impact on the natural environment
- Create a more sustainable product lifetime

In areas where the [GREEN STANDARD] is optional and a Grantee chooses not to implement the GREEN STANDARD, the repair or replacement shall be completed according to applicable codes and in accordance with industry standards.

Source Documents:

The standards in this document were adapted from a template used by Livable Housing, Inc., a consulting and training firm, and were based on a number of similar documents used in various housing rehabilitation programs. The standards with the label [GREEN STANDARD] were added with the assistance of Enterprise Community Partners and intended to be used for including green rehabilitation improvements that follow accepted national green building standards such as LEED and the Green Communities Criteria.

Applicable Laws and Regulations

These Rehabilitation Standards are not meant to substitute for a thorough understanding of all of the regulations that may apply to your projects.

The following statutory and regulatory requirements are applicable to projects funded with federal funds:

- · HUD HOME, HTF or CDBG regulations (depending on the funding source used)
- Broadband infrastructure as defined in 24 CFR 5.100 for substantial rehabilitation of a building with more than 4 rental units, the rehabilitation must provide for installation of broadband infrastructure, as this term is also defined in 24 CFR 5.100. This requirement

- may be waived if DOLA makes a written determination that such installation is not required in accordance with the requirements at 24 CFR 570.482(c)(5) (CDBG), 24 CFR 92.251(b)(1)(x) (HOME), or 24 CFR 93.301(b)(1)(x) (HTF).
- Accessibility Requirements in 24 CFR part 8, which implements Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), and Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. 12131 – 12189) Implemented at 28 CFR parts 35 and 36, as applicable. Covered multifamily dwellings, as defined at 24 CFR 100.201 shall also meet the construction requirements at 24 CFR 100.205.
- NEPA Environmental Review
- Local Code: Current locally adopted Building, Housing and Zoning Codes, including any local Disaster Mitigation Standards.
- If no local Building Code: State Code (the National Electrical Code (NEC), 2014 Edition, as may be amended by the Colorado Electrical Board, the International Plumbing Code (IPC) 2015 and the International Fire/Gas Code (IFGC) as amended in the Colorado Plumbing Code, and the International Existing Building Code of the ICC (IEBC)).
- Federal Code: For programs funded with HOME or HTF funds after January 24, 2014, HUD will adapt the Uniform Physical Condition Standards (UPCS) inspection protocol for housing rehabilitation.
- Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulations including the RRP regulations for Lead Based Paint
- EPA regulations for the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), dealing with hazardous materials.
- If the building is over 50 years old, then the Colorado State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) requirements as well as any federal or local Historic Preservation requirements.
- Life Safety Code NFPA 101 as published by the National Fire Protection Association.

The following are additional guidelines and codes that may apply:

- Energy: A locally adopted energy code, 2009 (or newer) International Energy Conservation Code (IECC).
- · Accessibility: ANSI standards for accessibility by disabled residents
- HAZMAT: HUD Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing

5 | Page

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1)	Health and Safety	Page 8
+1	a. Contaminants	
	b. Lead Based Paint (LBP)	
	c. Asbestos	
	d. Radon	
	e. Mold	
	f. Fire Safety – Egress	
	g. Fire and CO Alarms	
2)	Site	11
(T.C.)	a. Drainage	155
	b. Outbuildings	
	c. Fencing and Gates	
	d. Paving and Walks	
	e. Trees and Shrubbery	
	f. Lawn	
3)	Building Exterior	14
	a. Exterior Cladding	
	b. Exterior Porches	
	c. Exterior Railings	
	d. Exterior Steps and Decks	
al	Foundation and Structure	15
4)	a. Firewalls	15
	b. Foundations	
	c. Structural Walls	
5)	Windows and Doors	16
	a. Interior Doors	
	b. Exterior Doors	
	c. Windows	
	d. Basement Windows	
Pag	ge Multi-Family Housing Rehabilitation	n Standards

Annual Action Plan 2018

6)	Ro	ofing	18
	a.	Flat and Low-Slope Roofing	
	b.	Pitched Roofs	
	c.	Gutters and Downspouts	
7)	Ins	sulation and Ventilation	19
	a.	Infiltration	
	b.	Insulation	
	c.	Bath Ventilation	
	d.	Kitchen Ventilation	
	e.	Roof Ventilation	
8)	Int	erior Standards	21
	a.	Interior Walls and Ceilings	
	b.	Flooring	
	c.	Closets	
	d.	Cabinets and Countertop	
		Appliances	
9)	Ele	ectric	23
:33)	a.	Lighting	
		Interior Electric Distribution	
	c.	Service and Panel	
10)	Plu	umbing	25
3250		Drain, Waste Vent Lines	
		Plumbing Fixtures	
	c.	Plumbing Minimum Equipment	
		Water Heaters	
	e.	Water Supply	
11)	Н٧	AC	27
-277		Air Conditioning	
		Chimney	
		Distribution System	
		Heating	
Ap	pe	ndix A: Uniform Physical Condition Standards for Multifamily Housing	

Annual Action Plan 2018

Multi-Family Housing Rehabilitation Standards

7|Page

1) Health and Safety

[GREEN STANDARD] is mandatory in this section

Contaminants [GREEN STANDARD]	
Repair Standard	
N/A	
Penlacement Standard	Tr.

All materials installed shall meet the following standards to minimize the presence of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) and Formaldehyde:

- All paints and primers should meet the most recent Green Seal G-11 Environmental Standard. http://www.greenseal.org/Home.aspx
- All particleboard components shall meet ANSI A208.1 for formaldehyde emission limits, or all exposed particleboard edges shall be sealed with a low-VOC sealant or have a factory-applied, low-VOC sealant prior to installation. All MDF edges shall meet ANSI A208.2 for formaldehyde emission limits, or all exposed MDF edges shall be sealed with a low-VOC sealant or have a factory-applied, low-VOC sealant prior to installation.

Lead-Based Paint (LBP) [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard ("Interim Controls")

For all housing units constructed prior to 1978, they must meet the lead-based paint requirements at 24 CFR part 35 and must follow HUD LBP Guidelines including testing for LBP and Lead-safe work practices. Only EPA-certified Renovation, Repair and Painting (RRP) contractors may perform the work. See: http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead/lbp/hudguidelines/ All interim controls shall be performed as follows and by properly trained workers:

- When any LBP-coated surfaces are disturbed, the work area shall be sealed and tenants
 of occupied buildings shall be adequately protected from LBP hazards.
- · Occupants may be temporarily relocated as required by the regulations.
- All surfaces coated with LBP shall be properly maintained over the life of the program covenants.
- Tenants living in buildings constructed prior to 1978 that are not certified as being "lead free" shall be provided with the "Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home" pamphlet, the location and condition of known LBP, and advance written notice prior to any lead-hazard reduction activity.

Replacement Standard ("Abatement")

When Interim Control is impractical, the most affordable solution for abatement of the component shall be chosen. For example, walls containing LBP may be covered with drywall or

8 | Page

gutted and replaced with drywall. Trim and other wood or metal components containing LBP may be removed and replaced with similar materials.

Any work must meet the lead-based paint requirement at 24 CFR par 35 and must follow HUD LBP Guidelines including Lead-safe work practices, and only use EPA-certified abatement contractors to perform the work. See: http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead/lbp/hudguidelines/

Asbestos [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Asbestos can be found in these and many other common building materials: Ceiling textures, vinyl floor coverings and mastic, boiler and pipe insulation, heating and cooling duct insulation, ceiling tile, roofing products, clapboard shingles, etc. An asbestos inspection by a certified asbestos building inspector is required in Colorado if the trigger level of suspect materials to be disturbed is exceeded. An exemption is possible only if it can be shown that the building was constructed after October 12, 1988 and either no asbestos containing material (ACM) was specified in any construction document for the building OR no ACMs were used in the building.

For more information and repair requirements, see the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment's Asbestos website at: http://www.colorado.gov/cs/Satellite/CDPHE-AP/CBON/1251594599613

Replacement Standard

Abatement of friable asbestos-containing materials in Colorado shall be performed by a General Abatement Contractor, certified by the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment's Air Pollution Control Division.

For more information and abatement requirements, see the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment's Asbestos website at: http://www.colorado.gov/cs/Satellite/CDPHE-AP/CBON/1251594599613

Radon [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

All residential buildings shall be subject to a "Short Term" Radon Test. If the result is a reading of 4 pCi/L or higher, then perform a follow-up "Short Term" test and average the results. If the average is above 4 pCi/L, remediation shall be required.

Radon test kits may be purchased from your local home improvement store. Be sure the kit says "certified by the <u>National Radon Proficiency Program</u>." Individuals can also get coupons for mail-order test kits on the <u>Colorado Dept.</u> of Public Health and Environment's website: http://www.colorado.gov/cs/Satellite/CDPHE-HM/CBON/1251617274212

Replacement Standard

If, as a result of the testing above, there is a presence of Radon at or above the 4 pCi/L level, remediation shall be undertaken per the EPA guidance in their Consumer's Guide to Radon Reduction: http://www.epa.gov/radon/pubs/consguid.html.

If the home's water comes from a private well, the water should also be tested. Water testing is available from the <u>Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment's Laboratory Services Division</u>.

Mold [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Any presence of mold is unacceptable and shall be addressed per the National Center for Healthy Housing protocol "Creating a Healthy Home." Once the source of the mold causing moisture has been identified and repaired, All carpeting, drywall or other gypsum-based wall coverings or any other non-structural components with mold present shall be removed and replaced.

Replacement Standard

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommend that trained mold remediation professionals do the mold clean up if mold growth covers more than 100 square feet, or a 10 foot by 10 foot area.

All carpeting, drywall or other gypsum-based wall coverings or any other non-structural components with mold present shall be removed and replaced. The National Center for Healthy Housing protocol "Creating a Healthy Home" shall be followed for remediation of structural components:

http://www.nchh.org/Portals/0/Contents/FloodCleanupGuide screen .pdf

Fire	e Safety - Egress
Repair Standard	
N/A	
Replacement Standard	
of escape requirements are met, in accor	leeping and living areas unless other secondary means dance with local building codes or the IEBC. No sements unless Life Safety Code (NFPA 101) egress

Fire and CO Alarms [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Existing fire and smoke, carbon monoxide and security systems that meet current local code (or the IEBC) and Colorado State Statute, shall be repaired to operating condition. If hard wiring of smoke detectors is not feasible, then detectors with 10 year lithium batteries may be used.

Replacement Standard

Smoke and carbon monoxide detectors shall be installed to meet current local code (or the IEBC) and in accordance with Colorado Statute. If hard wiring of smoke detectors is not feasible, then detectors with 10 year lithium batteries may be used.

2) Site

Drainage [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

All grading or impervious surfaces adjacent to the building and for a distance of at least 10 feet away from the building shall slope away from the structure at a pitch of at least 1 inch per foot. Sidewalks used for access cannot have a cross slope more than ¼" per foot. Holes or depressions of more than six inches (6") in diameter should be filled to correct drainage problems and remove safety hazards. All bare earth within three feet of the foundation shall be planted with low-water landscaping. Bare earth more than three feet from the foundation may be reseeded with grass or planted with low-water landscaping. For more information, see Denver Water's website at: http://www.denverwater.org/Conservation/Xeriscape/

Replacement Standard	N/A	
N/A		

11 | Page

Outbuildings

Repair Standard

Unsafe and blighted structures, including outbuildings, may be removed if it is not financially feasible to complete the repairs required to make them structurally sound, leak-free, with any health or safety hazards stabilized. Detached garages should have operable and lockable doors and windows.

Replacement Standard

N/A

DOH rehabilitation funds may not be used to replace outbuildings.

Fencing and Gates

Repair Standard

Existing fences shall be in good repair. Holes, broken pickets, torn chain-link fabric, missing toprails, defective posts or supports, broken or missing masonry units, peeling paint, wobbly gate posts, gates which don't open and close properly, etc. shall be repaired.

Replacement Standard

DOH rehabilitation funds may not be used to replace fencing.

Paving And Walks

Repair Standard

Sidewalks, driveways, and concrete or asphalt paved pads or parking areas shall be free of trip hazards. Any such surfaces that are excessively cracked, crumbling, irregular, or uneven shall be repaired or replaced. All existing driveways and automobile parking areas which are deteriorated or consist of materials unable to support vehicle traffic shall be removed, improved, or replaced.

Replacement Standard

Un-repairable essential walks and driveways shall be replaced with permeable paving, if financially feasible [GREEN STANDARD], or with concrete per local codes (or IEBC). All concrete in public right of way areas shall conform to the local permitting jurisdiction's Building and Planning Department's requirements. Walkways and areas subject to pedestrian traffic shall be finished in such manner as to minimize slip hazards when wet.

12 | Page

Trees and Shrubbery

Repair Standard

Trees that are dead, dying, or hazardous may be removed or trimmed, if that removes the hazard. Trees that could damage the structural integrity of an adjoining building above or below the foundation shall be removed. Removal shall include cutting close to the ground, and should also include grinding of the stump to 12 inches below the finished grade, installation of topsoil and re-seeding.

Replacement Standard [GREEN STANDARD]

Replacement trees and shrubs are permitted if economically feasible and shall be selected from the State Extension Service list of local, drought-resistant and non-invasive plant materials. In placement of trees, attention should be paid to shading the building to reduce air conditioning costs. Also, trees should be located a sufficient distance from foundations, sidewalls, walkways, driveways, patios and sidewalks in order to avoid future damage from root growth, branches brushing against the structure, and fire. Setbacks from structures should typically exceed half of the canopy diameter of a full-grown example of the species.

Lawn [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Bare section of lawn may be reseeded with drought-resistant grasses or plantings. For more information, see Denver Water's website at:

http://www.denverwater.org/Conservation/Xeriscape/

Replacement Standard

Over-seeding is permitted with drought-resistant varieties. If lawn grasses do not exist at property, drought-resistant sod can be used for renovation if existing vegetation is removed and the underlying soil is tilled or core cultivated (aerified).

13 | Page

3) Building Exterior

NOTE: Any exterior work on a building that is historic shall follow the Colorado State Historic Preservation Office guidelines and any applicable local or federal regulations on historic properties.

Exterior Cladding [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Siding and trim shall be intact and weather tight and shall not permit the entry of water, snow, wind, or rodents into the interior. They shall be free of holes and broken or rotted finish materials and shall be capable of being kept in a clean and sanitary condition. All painted exterior components shall have a minimum of one continuous coat of paint, and no exterior painted surface shall have any deteriorated paint. Buildings designated as historic shall have existing siding repaired to blend with existing and shall be spot-primed and top-coated in a lead-safe manner.

Replacement Standard

Buildings may have siding replaced with wood, vinyl or cementitious siding to match the existing configuration. New wood components shall be FSC certified: http://www.fsc.org/. All new surfaces that will receive paint shall be primed prior to painting.

Exterior Porches

Repair Standard

Deteriorated concrete porches shall be repaired when possible. Unsafe wood porch components shall be repaired when possible. Porch repairs shall be structurally sound, with smooth and even decking surfaces. Deteriorated wood structural components shall be replaced with preservative-treated wood.

Replacement Standard

Decks and railings on porches shall be replaced in accordance with local codes (or IEBC). Replaced wood structural components shall be preservative-treated. New porches on historic buildings shall be historically sensitive.

14 | Page

Exterior/Interior Railings

Repair Standard

Existing handrails and railings shall be structurally sound and meet local codes (or IEBC). Guard rails are required on any accessible area, including stairs, with a walking surface over 30" above the adjacent ground level. Structurally sound railings may be repaired if it is possible to maintain the existing style. On historic structures, railing repairs shall be historically sensitive.

Replacement Standard

Handrails shall be present on one side of all interior and exterior steps or stairways with more than two risers and around steps, porches or platforms over 30" above the adjacent ground level, and shall meet local codes (or IEBC). On historic structures new exterior railings shall be historically sensitive.

Exterior Decks and Exterior/Interior Steps

Repair Standard

Steps, stairways, and porch decks shall be structurally sound, reasonably level, with smooth and even surfaces. Repairs shall match existing materials.

Replacement Standard

Decks and steps shall be constructed to meet local codes (or IEBC). Replaced wood structural components shall be preservative-treated. On historic structures new wood decking shall be structurally sound and historically sensitive.

4) Foundations and Structure

Firewalls [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Firewalls (between separate dwelling units and between dwelling units and attached garages) shall be maintained without cracks and plaster deterioration and covered with 5/8" type X gypsum, glued and screwed to structure.

Replacement Standard

When frame walls and floors adjoining other dwellings or attached garages are gutted, new wall finish installations shall conform to local codes (or IEBC) for fire ratings.

15 | Page

Foundations [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Foundations shall be repaired to be sound, reasonably level, free from movement, and prevent the entrance of water or moisture. Cracks in foundation walls shall be effectively sealed and loose or defective mortar joints shall be replaced. All foundations that show evidence of leakage from the outside require appropriate and effective waterproofing. All earth-to-wood contact shall be eliminated.

Replacement Standard

Foundation replacements shall be completed to meet local codes (or IEBC).

Structural Walls [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Structural framing and masonry shall be free from visible deterioration, rot, or serious termite damage, and be adequately sized for current loads. Prior to rehab, all sagging rafters shall be visually inspected, and significant structural damage and its cause shall be corrected.

Replacement Standard

New structural walls shall be constructed to meet local codes or (IEBC). All exterior walls that are part of the building envelope (the air barrier and thermal barrier separating the conditioned space from the non-conditioned space) shall be insulated to meet local codes (or IEBC).

5) Windows and Doors

Interior Doors

Repair Standard

Interior door, frames, jambs and casings shall be in good condition and free of excessive scratches, gouges, chipping, peeling, or other unsightly damage or wear and in good working order. Doors shall be free of holes, delaminating skins, broken stiles or rails. Gaps should be sufficient to prevent rubbing but no larger than $\frac{1}{2}$ ". Baths and occupied bedrooms shall have operating doors and lock sets.

Replacement Standard

Hollow-core, pressed-wood product consistent with the style of existing doors including latchsets. Baths and occupied bedrooms shall have lock sets.

16 | Page

Exterior Doors [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Exterior door, frames, jambs and trim shall be in good condition and free of excessive scratches, gouges, chipping, peeling, or other unsightly damage or wear and in good working order. Doors shall be free of holes, delaminating skins, broken stiles or rails. Exterior doors shall be solid, weather-stripped to be air tight and shall operate smoothly. They shall include a peep sight, an entrance lock set and a deadbolt that is operable from the interior side without the use of a key, tool or special knowledge. Security or screen doors shall be in good working condition, including any latches and locks, and no broken glass and ripped or torn screens should be present.

Replacement Standard

Replacement doors at the front of historic buildings shall be historically sensitive. Steel, insulated doors may be installed at entrances not visible from the front street and on the front of the property for buildings that are not historic. Dead bolt locks that are operable from the interior side without the use of a key, tool or special knowledge shall be installed on all exterior doors and keyed to match the entrance lock set. All new doors shall be weather-stripped to be air tight. Security or Screen doors may be replaced if repairs are not feasible.

Windows [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Other than fixed windows, all windows shall be capable or being easily opened and closed, remain in an open position when placed there by window hardware, not sticks or other such items. Windows shall lock when closed and the open section shall be covered with a screen. Glass shall be free of open holes or cracks and secured with an adequate amount of putty. Windows shall be weather-stripped to be air tight when closed.

Replacement Standard

Windows that are not repairable shall be replaced. New windows shall meet all requirements of current local building codes or (IEBC) and shall meet the ENERGY STAR standard for this geographic region. For more information:

http://www.energystar.gov/index.cfm?c=windows doors.pr anat window

Windows on key façades of historically sensitive properties shall be wood of the style original to the building. New windows on other properties may be vinyl and double-glazed.

17 | Page

Basement Windows and Ventilation [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

If feasible, two basement windows on opposite sides of the building should be operable for ventilation, in good working order, and lockable.

Replacement Standard

Basement windows may be replaced with glass block, so long as a minimum of two glass block windows on opposite sides of the building have operable and lockable center vents. If the basement is used as a sleeping or living area, please refer to Section 1 for Fire Safety – Egress requirements.

6) Roofing

Flat and Low-Slope Roofing [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Built-up roofing that is leak-free may be repaired so that the roof is free of peeling, shipping, sloughing, fissures, cracks, lifting seams, excessive bubbles or excessive alligatoring in coatings or asphalt flood coats. Roof coatings shall be in good condition and consist of compatible materials. Gravel roofs shall have gravel present in sufficient quantity and proper distribution. Flashing and accessories shall be repaired and properly sealed. Asphalt shingles or coldapplication rolled roofing shall be replaced if the roof slope is less than 2:12.

Replacement Standard

The most cost-effective roof shall be installed to the manufacturer's specifications and in accordance with local codes (or IEBC).

Pitched Roofs [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Missing and leaking shingles and flashing shall be repaired on otherwise functional roofs provided there are no excessive lumps, breaks, tears, inconsistent birdsmouths, and the shingle roof has substantial well adhered mineral surface covering the tabs and grooves. Shingle roofs with loose minerals surface, sparsely covered surfaces, excessive curling, cupping, breakage or brittleness should be replaced. Slate, metal and tile roofs shall be repaired when feasible.

18 | Page

Replacement Standard

The most cost-effective roof shall be installed except that roofing may be installed to match other structures in the complex, or to preserve other architectural elements. On historic structures new roofing shall be historically sensitive. All roofing shall be installed to the manufacturer's specifications and in accordance with local codes (or IEBC).

Gutters and Downspouts [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Gutters and downspouts shall be in good repair, leak free and collect storm water from all lower roof edges. Concrete splash blocks shall be installed to move water away from the foundation. The system shall move all storm water away from the building and prevent water from entering the structure. In addition to positive drainage away from the building, outlets shall be a minimum of 3 feet away from the foundation.

Replacement Standard

Gutters and downspouts shall be installed and collect storm water from all lower roof edges. Concrete splash blocks shall be installed to move water away from the foundation. The system shall move all storm water away from the building and prevent water from entering the structure. In addition to positive drainage away from the building, outlets shall be a minimum of 3 feet away from the foundation.

7) Insulation and Ventilation

Infiltration [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Any unit receiving energy-efficiency improvements shall be tested with a Blower Door and existing air sealing shall be repaired to attain a maximum 0.35 Air Changes per Hour at 50 Pascal pressure (0.35 ACH50).

Replacement Standard

All units shall be air sealed to meet the minimum Blower Door test requirements of 0.35 Air Changes per Hour at 50 Pascal pressure (0.35 ACH50).

19 | Page

Insulation [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

If being added, insulation shall be installed per the manufacturer's instructions and at the recommended R-value for the dimensional lumber used in the wall construction. All exposed heat ducts and hot water or steam heat distribution piping along with general use hot water piping which are located in unheated spaces shall be insulated or otherwise protected from heat loss. All water distribution piping shall be protected from freezing.

Replacement Standard

When siding is being replaced and/or interior wall finishes of exterior walls are being replaced in a building, such exterior walls are to be provided with insulation and at the recommended Rvalue for the dimensional lumber used to construct walls. The ENERGY STAR Thermal Bypass Inspection Checklist should be completed, found at:

http://www.energystar.gov/ia/partners/bldrs_lenders_raters/downloads/Thermal_Bypass_Ins_pection_Checklist.pdf

Bath Ventilation [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

All bathroom ventilation shall meet the local building code (or IEBC) for bath ventilation that was in effect at the time of their construction.

Replacement Standard

All bathrooms shall be mechanically vented to the \geq 80 CFM creating \leq 0.3 Sones of fan noise and shall be on the same switch as the bathroom light. Fans shall be installed according to manufacturer's specifications and shall meet the local building code (or IEBC).

Kitchen Ventilation [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

All kitchen ventilation shall be functional and meet the local building code (or IEBC) for kitchen ventilation that was in effect at the time of their construction.

Replacement Standard

All kitchens shall have functional mechanical ventilation operating at a minimum 150 CFM. Any new ventilation system shall meet current local code requirements (or IEBC).

20 | Page

Repair Standard All structures shall meet the local building code (or IEBC) for roof ventilation that was in effect at the time of their construction. Replacement Standard All new roofing systems shall meet current local code requirements (or IEBC) for ventilation.

8 - Interior Standards

Interior	r Walls and Ceilings
Repair Standard	
finished without noticeable irregularities, surface in areas subject to moisture, shal be durably painted or otherwise appropr	plaster or sheetrock/drywall. All interior walls shall be , be free of exposed wiring, have a hard waterproof I not allow significant entry of air in the unit, and shall iately finished. Holes, cracks and deteriorated and un- the surrounding surfaces. All visual painted surfaces
shall be stabilized to minimize lead paint	hazards using premium vinyl acrylic paint.
shall be stabilized to minimize lead paint Replacement Standard	hazards using premium vinyl acrylic paint.

Flooring	
Repair Standard	AND AND AND AND APPLICATION OF THE PARTY OF
appropriate for type of structure and class of continuous, without liberal movement or bo	s existing dead load and anticipated live loads as of occupancy. All subfloors should be solid and ounce, and free from rot and deterioration. ible floor areas shall be covered with water-

condition without excessive gouges, breakage, lifting, curling, buckling, or shrinking. Carpet shall be clean and in safe and sanitary condition free or excessive wear, tears, soil, folds, and shall be property attached. Tile floors shall be free of cracked, broken, loose or missing tiles with grout intact.

[GREEN STANDARD] Damaged wood floor shall be repaired when possible. When existing deteriorated carpet is installed over hardwood floors, the hardwood may be refinished whenever practical, taking into account the relative cost of replacing carpet and the needs of the residents.

Replacement Standard

Floor framing shall meet local code requirements (or IEBC). Subfloors shall be a minimum of % inch plywood. Kitchens, baths, and other water-susceptible area shall receive resilient sheet goods.

[GREEN STANDARD] Whenever practical, rooms other than kitchens and baths with existing wood flooring shall be maintained as wood floors and refinished when appropriate. Rooms other than kitchens or baths without usable wood floors may be finished with carpet and associated products that are Carpet and Rug Institute's Green Label certified. For more information: http://www.carpet-rug.org/residential-customers/selecting-the-right-carpet-or-rug/green-label.cfm

All new flooring shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

New basement slabs shall be installed to local codes (or IEBC).

Closets Repair Standard Existing closets shall be maintained in good repair and have a shelf and clothes rod. Replacement Standard

New closets may be created if there is a significant lack of storage space and the budget permits. New closets shall have a minimum depth of 2 feet and include a shelf and clothes rod.

Cabinets and Countertop

Repair Standard

Kitchens shall have countertop and storage space adequate for the preparation and storage of food. Countertops shall free of wear, water damage, and uplifting of surface material. Existing cabinets with hardwood doors and face frames may be repaired if in good condition. All cabinets shall be sound and cleanable with no missing doors, drawers or hardware. All doors and drawers shall operate properly.

Replacement Standard

Kitchens shall have countertop and storage space adequate for the preparation and storage of food. Countertops shall be of water-proof material and backsplashes shall be provided. Replacement cabinets shall be factory-finished builders-grade or better with hardwood doors and face frames.

Appliances

Repair Standard

All appliances in units shall be in proper working order and in clean and sanitary condition.

Replacement Standard

All new appliances shall be "Energy Star" rated.

9) Electric

Note: If there is no local building code, then all electrical work shall comply with the State Code (the National Electrical Code, 2011 Edition, as may be amended by the Colorado Electrical Board).

Lighting

Repair Standard

All halls, stairs and rooms necessary to cross to other rooms and stairways shall be well lit. All lights and switches in hallways, stairs and other passages shall be operable and safe.

[GREEN STANDARD] Existing fixtures with incandescent lamp fittings shall have CFL replacement lamps installed.

23 | Page

Replacement Standard

All halls, stairs and rooms necessary to cross to other rooms and stairways shall be well lit. Attics, basements and crawl spaces shall have utility fixtures. All new light fixtures shall be ENERGY STAR labeled.

Interior Electric Distribution [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Exposed knob and tube shall be replaced. Every room shall have a minimum of two duplex receptacles, placed on separate walls and one light fixture or receptacle switched at each room entrance. All electrical outlets used in bathrooms and toilet rooms, kitchens, all outlets within six feet (6') of a water source (excluding washing machines and sump pumps), outlets located on open porches or breezeways, exterior outlets, outlets located in garages and in non-habitable basements, except those outlets that are dedicated appliance outlets, shall be Ground-Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) protected. Where the source wiring circuit is accessible (e.g. first floor above basements, in gutted rooms, etc.), receptacles shall be grounded. Permanently installed or proposed stoves, refrigerators, freezers, dishwashers and disposals, microwaves, washers and dryers shall have separate circuits sized to meet local codes (or State Electrical code). All switch, receptacle, and junction boxes shall have appropriate cover plates. Wiring shall be free from hazard, and all circuits shall be properly protected at the panel. Exposed conduit is allowed.

Replacement Standard

If wall finishes are removed, those areas shall be wired to the latest version of local codes (or State Electrical Code).

Service and Panel [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Each units electrical service shall be circuit breaker type. Service panels shall have a main disconnect, at least 10 circuit-breaker-protected circuits, a 100-amp minimum capacity and be adequate to safely supply existing and proposed devices. If a working central air conditioning system is present, the minimum service shall be 150 amp.

Replacement Standard

Electrical service with a main disconnect panel shall be installed according to local code (or State Electrical Code).

24 | Page

10) Plumbing

Note: If there is no local building code, then all plumbing work shall comply with the Colorado Plumbing Code.

Drain, Waste, Vent Lines [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

The plumbing system shall be vented in a manner that allows the wastewater system to function properly. The waste system shall operate free from fouling, clogging and leaking and shall be capable of safely disposing of wastewater for all plumbing fixtures. All fixtures that discharge wastewater shall contain or be discharged through a trap that prevents the entry of sewer gas into the dwelling. Waste and vent lines shall function without losing the trap seal.

Replacement Standard

If walls are removed exposing vent and waste lines, those lines shall be reworked or replaced to the current mechanical code.

Plumbing Fixtures

Repair Standard

All plumbing fixtures shall be free of cracks and defects, and be capable of being used for the purpose in which they were intended. All fixtures and faucets shall have working, drip-free components.

Replacement Standard

Replace fixtures with single lever, metal faucets and shower diverters with 15-year, drip-free warranties. Sinks should be replaced with stainless steel sinks, and new tub surrounds should be of fiberglass.

[GREEN STANDARD] Toilets with greater than a 1.6 GPF rating shall be replaced with a 1.3 GPF model. Faucets and shower diverters should have a maximum 2.0 GPM flow.

25 | Page

Plumbing Minimum Equipment [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

All existing equipment shall be operational and leak free.

Minimum Standard

All existing equipment shall be operational and leak free. Every dwelling unit shall have a minimum of one single bowl sink with hot and cold running water in the kitchen and at least one bathroom containing a vanity with a sink (or pedestal sink), and a shower/tub unit, both with hot and cold running water, and a toilet. An operable water shut off valve, that completely stops the flow of water, shall be present at each water supply line to sinks/lavatories, toilets, washing machines and water heaters. Each unit shall have an adequate continuous supply of hot water either through a minimum 40 gallon water heater or on demand water heater in the unit or through a common boiler or hot water supply for the building. Each building shall have installed at least one exterior freeze protected faucet.

Water Heaters [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Each housing unit shall be supplied with hot water either from a common source such as building-wide boiler system or from per-unit water heating equipment. Hot water supply lines shall be free of leaks and all water heating equipment shall be safe, of adequate capacity, free of corrosion and water damage, faulty operation, fire, carbon monoxide leakage and other hazards.

Replacement Standard

Hot water systems that are replaced shall be of adequate capacity, be installed per manufacturer's specifications and meet local codes (orIEBC).

[GREEN STANDARD] High efficiency power-vented or sealed combustion tankless models are allowed.

26 | Page

Water Supply [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

The main shut off valve shall be operable and completely stop the flow of water to the house. If there is no existing shut-off valve, then one shall be installed. All fixtures shall be leak-free and deliver sufficient cold water and, where applicable, hot water. All lead supply pipes present shall be completely removed and replaced.

Replacement Standard

The main shut off valve shall be operable and completely stop the flow of water to the house, and should be replaced if it does not. Lead and galvanized pipe that is part of the water service or the distribution system shall be replaced with copper, PEX or other plastic approved for distribution of domestic water. All fixtures shall have brass shut off valves.

11) HVAC

Air Conditioning [MAJOR SYSTEM] [GREEN STANDARD]

Repair Standard

Existing air conditioners and evaporative coolers shall be inspected, serviced and refurbished to operate safely. Non-functioning, non-repairable air conditioners and evaporative coolers shall be removed and drained of all CFCs.

Replacement Standard

New air conditioning or evaporative cooling units shall be of adequate capacity, and reasonably durable and economical to operate. Any air conditioning or evaporative cooling systems shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's installation specifications.

Chimney [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Unused chimneys shall be removed to below the roof line wherever roofing is replaced. Chimneys shall be in good repair and high enough to induce a draft that shall keep smoke from being allowed into the dwelling. Existing unlined masonry chimneys used for combustion ventilation shall be lined or corrosion resistant pipe shall be added to the interior of the chimney.

27 | Page

Replacement Standard

The creation of new flues is not recommended - the use of high efficiency closed combustion appliances is recommended to avoid the need for new flues. Replacement flues, when required, shall be installed according to the fuel burning unit manufacturer's installation specifications.

Distribution System [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

Duct work and radiator piping shall be well supported, insulated in unconditioned space and adequate to maintain a comfortable temperature in all habitable and essential rooms.

[GREEN STANDARD] All duct work in unconditioned space should be insulated to R-7, sealed at all seams with mastic (not tape) and pressure tested to eliminate leakage.

Replacement Standard

All duct work in unconditioned space shall be insulated to R-7, sealed at all seams with mastic (not tape), pressure tested to eliminate leakage and run in concealed space.

Heating [MAJOR SYSTEM]

Repair Standard

All heating equipment shall be safe, of adequate capacity, free of corrosion and water damage, faulty operation, fire, carbon dioxide leakage and other hazards. Filters shall be secure, clean and large enough to pass sufficient recirculated air to make the unit operate properly. Equipment housings and access panels shall be intact and properly secured/installed with no exposed electrical connections, belts, pulleys, or blowers.

Replacement Standard

Gas-fired heating plants shall be rated at \geq 92% AFUE or better, to the extent possible. Heat pumps shall be rated at \geq 15 SEER. No Oil fired heating plants shall be installed and the oil heating system, including tanks and fuel lines, shall be completely removed before being replaced with new gas or electric systems. Setback thermostats may be installed. When electric resistance heating systems are replaced, soffits for ductwork and/or new distribution pipes for hot water heating systems shall be provided. Up to 4 lineal feet of resistance electric heating strips per 1000 square feet of floor area may be retained or installed in areas that are not cost effective to heat via ductwork or hot water distribution systems. All heating equipment shall be installed as per manufacturer' installation specifications and local codes (or IEBC).

28 | Page

NOTE: Observable Deficiencies i	n *Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mu	st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
	el companio y como di managio del como alto	proportionation that it are entitle accordance to the last control of protections. The result and the first of
Requirements for Site		
Fencing and Gates	Damaged/Falling/Leaning	Fence or gate is so damaged that it does not function as it should
	Holes	Hole in fence or gate is larger than 6 inches by 6 inches
	Missing Sections	An exterior fence, security fence or gate is missing a section which could
(-	Missing Sections	threaten safety or security
		Runoff has extensively displaced soils which has caused visible damage or
Grounds	Erosion/Rutting Areas	potential failure to adjoining structures or systems and potentially threatens the safety of pedestrians
Granius	Crosiony Naturing Prices	Plants have visibly damaged a component, area or system of the property or
	Overgrown/Penetrating Vegetation	has made them unusable or unpassable
	Ponding/Site Drainage	There is an accumulation of more than 5 inches deep or a large section of the grounds-more than 20%-is unusable for it's intended purpose
	Totaling/site brainage	Detectable sewer odors that could pose a health risk if inhaled for prolonged
Health & Safety	Air Quality - Sewer Odor Detected	periods
	*Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas Detected	Detectable strong propane, natural gas or methane gas odors that could pose risk of explosion/ fire and/or pose a health risk if inhaled
	#Florteinal Hannada Europead Wilson (Ones Banala	Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
	*Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near Electrical Equipment	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
		Flammable materials are improperly stored, causing the potential risk of fire or
	*Flammable Materials - Improperly Stored	explosion
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity, or
	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors	or debris
	Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other bodily harm
	Hazards - Tripping	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
	nazarus - mpping	Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit
	Infestation - Insects	or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas
	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	Evidence of rats or micesightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings
Mailboxes/Project Signs	Mailbox Missing/Damaged	The U.S. Postal Service resident/unit mailbox cannot be locked or is missing
	Signs Damaged	The sign is damaged, vandalized, or deteriorated, and cannot be read from a reasonable distance
		Cracks greater than % inch, hinging/tilting, or missing section(s) that affect
		traffic ability over more than 5% of the property's parking lots/driveways/road
Parking Lots/Driveways/Roads	Cracks	or if a height differential could cause a tripping or falling hazard
		3 inches or more of water has accumulated making 5% or more of a parking
	Ponding	lot/driveway unusable or unsafe
		Potholes or loose material that have made a parking lot/driveway
	2 272 2	unusable/unpassbale for vehicles and/or pedestrians or could cause tripping or
	Potholes/Loose Material	falling
	Sottlement/Heaving	Settlement/heaving has made a parking lot/driveway unusable/unpassable or
	Settlement/Heaving	creates unsafe conditions for pedestrians and vehicles More than 20% of the equipment does not operate as it should or equipment
Play Areas and Equipment	Damaged/Broken Equipment	that poses a threat to safety and could cause injury
ria, races and administra	Beat at out a shark their	More than 20% of the play surface area shows deterioration or the play surface
	Deteriorated Play Area Surface	area could cause tripping or falling and thus poses a safety risk
		A single wall or gate of the enclosure has collapsed or is leaning and in danger
	Broken/Damaged Enclosure-Inadequate Outside	of falling or trash cannot be stored in the designated area because it is too
Refuse Disposal	Storage Space	small to store refuse until disposal
50 000 0000	a management	
Retaining Walls	Damaged/Falling/Leaning	A retaining wall is damaged and does not function as it should or is a safety risk
		The sytem is partially or completely blocked by a large quantity of debris, causing backup into adjacent areas or runoffs into areas where runoff is not
Storm Drainage	Damaged/Obstructed	intended
Walkways/Steps	Broken/Missing Hand Railing	The hand rail is missing, damaged, loose or otherwise unusable
		Cracks greater than 3/4", hinging/tilting or missing sections that affect traffic
	That you had a proper proper properties and the second properties are second properties and the second	ability over more than 5% of the property's walkways/steps or any defect that
	Cracks/Settlement/Heaving	creates a tripping or falling hazard
		Indeed when the control of the contr
		More than 5% of walkways have large areas of spalling-larger than 4 inches by
	Spalling/Exposed rebar	4 inchesand this affects traffic ability

MOTE. Observable Deficiencies in	* Pald Stalle are considered life threatening and my	at he addressed immediately if the beguing is assumed
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied. Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
inspectable item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
Requirements for Building Ext	erior	
		Any door that is not functioning or cannot be locked because of damage to the
Doors	Damaged Frames/Threshold/Lintels/Trim	frame, threshold, lintel or trim
		Any door that does not function as it should or cannot be locked because of
	Damaged Hardware/Locks	damage to the door's hardware
		Any door that has a hole or holes larger than 1 inch in diameter, significant
		peeling/cracking/no paint or rust that affects the integrity of the door surface,
2	Damaged Surface (Holes/Paint/Rusting/Glass)	or broken/missing glass
		Any screen door or storm door that is damaged or is missing screens or glass- shown by an empty frame or frames or any security door that is not functionin
	Damaged/Missing Screen/Storm/Security Door	or is missing
	Darriaged/Wissing Screen/Storm/Security Door	The seals/caulking is missing on any entry door, or they are so damaged that
	Deteriorated/Missing Caulking/Seals	they do not function as they should
	Missing Door	Any exterior door that is missing
Fire Escapes	*Blocked Egress/Ladders	Stored items or other barriers restrict or block people from exiting
		Any of the functional components that affect the function of the fire escape
	Visibly Missing Components	one section of a ladder or railing, for example-are missing
	20 200 0	Large cracks or gaps in foundation more than 3/8 inches wide by 3/8 inches
		deep by 6 inches long that present a possible sign of a serious structural
		problem, or opportunity for water penetration or sections of wall or floor that
Foundations	Cracks/Gaps	are broken apart
	55 G2 (995) 9750 P	Significant spalled areas affecting more than 10% of any foundation wall or any
	Spalling/Exposed Rebar	exposed reinforcing materialrebar or other
La companya di santa		Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
Health and Safety	*Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near Electrical Equipment	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
	Electrical Equipment	The exit cannot be used or exit is limited because a door or window is nailed
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Emergency/Fire Exits	shut, a lock is broken, panic hardware is chained, debris, storage, or other
	Blocked/Unusable	conditions block exit
		Exit signs that clearly identify all emergency exits are missing or there is no
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Missing Exit Signs	illumination in the area of the sign
	*Flammable/Combustible Materials - Improperly	Flammable materials are improperly stored, causing the potential risk of fire or
	Stored	explosion
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
		garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors	or debris
	Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
	A 500 (200 (200 (100 200 (100 (100 (100 (10	Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	bodily harm
	Use and Table to	District defeate is self-constant and the second of the second self-constant and the second self-consta
	Hazards - Tripping	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit
	Infestation - Insects	or room, especially in food preparation and storage areas
	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	Evidence of rats or mice-sightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings
Lighting	Broken Fixtures/Bulbs	Lighting fixtures and bulbs are broken or missing
E-B-141-B		Soffits or fascia that should be there are missing or so damaged that water
Roofs	Damaged Soffits/Fascia	penetration is visibly possible
	Damaged Vents	Vents are missing or so visibly damaged that further roof damage is possible
8		The drain is so damaged or clogged with debris that the drain no longer
	Damaged/Clogged Drains	functionsas shown by ponding
		Ballast has shifted and no longer functions as it should or there is damage to
	Damaged/Torn Membrane/Missing Ballast	the roof membrane that may result in water penetration
	Missing/Damaged Components from	Drainage system components are missing or damaged causing visibile damage
	Downspout/Gutter	to the roof, structure, exterior wall surface, or interior
	10 - 70 - 70 - 11 - 13 1 4 10 13 1 4 10 14 14 14 14 14 1	Shingles are missing or damaged, including cracking, warping, cupping, and
	Missing/Damaged Shingles	other deterioration
	2004000	Evidence of standing water on roof, causing potential or visible damage to roof
	Ponding	surface or underlying materials
		Large cracks or gaps that are more than 3/8 inches wide or deep and 6 inches
Walls	Gracks/Gaps	long that presents a possible sign of serious structural problem or opportunity
Walls	Cracks/Gaps	for water penetration
		Part or all of the chimney has visibly seperated from the adjacent wall or there
		are cracked or missing pieces large enough to present a sign of chimney failure
	Damaged Chimneys	or there is a risk of falling pieces that could create a safety hazard
	Missing/Damaged Caulking/Mortar	Caulking or glazing compound that resists weather is missing or deteriorated
	manual surreged countries worth	Exterior wall deterioration or holes of any size that present a risk of water
	Missing Pieces/Holes/Spalling	penetration or risk of structural damage
		Paint is cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated. Water damage or related
	Stained/Peeling/Needs Paint	problems have stained the paint

NOTE: Observable Deficiencies in	*Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mu-	st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
	Positive Production Control of the C	
Windows	Broken/Missing/Cracked Panes	Missing or cracked panes of glass
		Window sills, frames, sash lintels, or trim are damaged by decay, rust, rot,
	Damaged Sills/Frames/Lintels/Trim	corrosion, or other deterioration
	Damaged/Missing Screens Missing/Deteriorated Caulking/Seals/Glazing	Missing screens or screens are punctured, torn or otherwise damaged
	Compound	Caulking or seals that resists weather is missing or deteriorated
	Compound	Paint covering the window assembly or trim is cracking, flaking, or otherwise
	Peeling/Needs Paint	failing
		The ability to exit through egress window is limited by security bars that do no
	*Security Bars Prevent Egress	function properly and, therefore, pose safety risks
	100	30 00 0000 00 1000 VA
Requirements for Building Sys		1:
nspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
Domestic Water	Leaking Central Water Supply	Leaking water from water supply line is observed
	Mississ Bassaces Ballof Value	No pressure relief valve or pressure relief valve does not drain down to the
	Missing Pressure Relief Valve	floor Water heater chimney shows evidence of flaking, discoloration, pitting, or
		crevices that may create holes that could allow toxic gases to leak from the
	Rust/Corrosion on Heater Chimney	chimney
	Water Supply Inoperable	No running water in any area of the building where there should be
The state of the s	Commence of the Comment of Commen	One or more fixed items or items of sufficient size and weight impede access t
Electrical System	Blocked Access/Improper Storage	the building system's electrical panel during an emergency
2207	Burnt Breakers	Carbon residue, melted breakers or arcing scars are evident
		Corrosion that affects the condition of the components that carry current or
		any stains or rust on the interior of electrical enclosures, or any evidence of
	Evidence of Leaks/Corrosion	water leaks in the enclosure or hardware
	Frayed Wiring	Miche abracion or feaving of the insulation that eveneses any condusting wire.
	Missing Breakers/Fuses	Nicks, abrasion, or fraying of the insulation that exposes any conducting wire Open and/or exposed breaker port
	*Missing Outlet Covers	A cover is missing, which results in exposed visible electrical connections
		Elevator does not function at all or the elevator doors open when the cab is no
Elevators	Not Operable	there
Emergency Power	Auxiliary Lighting Inoperable (if applicable)	Auxiliary lighting does not function
1840-20		
Fire Protection	Missing Sprinkler Head	Any sprinkler head is missing, visibly disabled, painted over, blocked, or cappe
		Missing, damaged or expired fire extinguisher in any area of the building wher
	*Missing/Damaged/Expired Extinguishers	a fire extinguisher is required
Usalah B Cafata	Air Ovelity Mold and for Mildow Observed	Evidence of mold or mildew is observed that is substantial enough to pose a health risk
Health & Safety	Air Quality - Mold and/or Mildew Observed *Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas	Detectable strong propane, natural gas or methane gas odors that could pose
	Detected	risk of explosion/ fire and/or pose a health risk if inhaled
i i		Detectable sewer odors that could pose a health risk if inhaled for prolonged
	Air Quality - Sewer Odor Detected	periods
	AND RESIDENCE AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF T	Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
	Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical
	Electrical Equipment	apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
	Florence Televise	Elevator is misaligned with the floor by more than 3/4 of an inch. The
	Elevator - Tripping	elevatordoes not level as it should, which causes a tripping hazard The exit cannot be used or exit is limited because a door or window is nailed
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Emergency/Fire Exits	shut, a lock is broken, panic hardware is chained, debris, storage, or other
	Blocked/Unusable	conditions block exit
		Exit signs that clearly identify all emergency exits are missing or there is no
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Missing Exit Signs	illumination in the area of the sign
		Flammable materials are improperly stored, causing the potential risk of fire o
	*Flammable Materials - Improperly Stored	explosion
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
		garbage has gathered in an area not sactioned for staging or storing garbage o
	Garbage and Debris - Indoors	debris
	Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
-	20.70 S. C-0.00 S. MATERIA CO.	Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other bodily harm
	Hazards - Sharn Edges	provided the second sec
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	
		Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
	Hazards - Sharp Edges Hazards – Tripping Hazards	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a uni
	Hazards – Tripping Hazards	Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a uni
HVAC	Hazards – Tripping Hazards Infestation - Insects	Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a uni or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas
HVAC	Hazards – Tripping Hazards Infestation - Insects Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a uni or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas Evidence of rats or mice—sightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings

NOTE: Observable Deficiencies in	*Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mus	st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
	Positivos establica de productiva de la composición del composición de la composición de la composición de la composición del composición de la composición del composición de la composición del composición del composición del composición del composición del composición del composic	
		A misalighnment of an exhaust system on a combustion fuel-fired unit (oil,
		natural gas, propane, wood pellets etc.) that causes improper or dangerous
	*Misaligned Chimney/Ventilation System	venting of gases
Roof Exhaust System	Roof Exhaust Fan(s) Inoperable	Roof exhaust fan unit does not function
5 7 5 1	Broken II oaking/Glagged Bises on Broken	Evidence of active leaks in or around the system components or evidence of
Sanitary System	Broken/Leaking/Clogged Pipes or Drains Missing Drain/Cleanout/Manhole Covers	standing water, puddles or pondinga sign of leaks or clogged drains A protective cover is missing
	Wissing Drainy Cleanout/ Wannole Covers	A protective cover is missing
Requirements for Common Ar	pas .	
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
Basement/Garage/Carport	Baluster/Side Railings - Damaged	Damaged or missing balusters or side rails that limit the safe use of an area
	****	Cabinets are missing or the laminate is separating. This includes cases, boxes,
		or pieces of furniture with drawers, shelves, or doorsprimarily used for
Closet/Utility/Mechanical	Cabinets - Missing/Damaged	storagemounted on walls or floors
Community Room	Call for Aid - Inoperable	The system does not function as it should
		Ceiling surface has punctures that may or may not penetrate completely or
Halls/Corridors/Stairs	Ceiling - Holes/Missing Tiles/Panels/Cracks	panels or tiles are missing
sers 4	Calling Back of Nacida Balan	Paint is peeling, cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated on ceilings in
Kitchen	Ceiling - Peeling/Needs Paint	common areas
Laundry Room	Ceiling - Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildew that may have been caused by saturation or surface failure
Lauridry Noom	Demage/ Mold/ Mildew	Flat work surface in a kitchen often integral to lower cabinet space is missing or
Lobby	Countertops - Missing/Damaged	deteriorated or damaged below the laminate
Office	Dishwasher/Garbage Disposal - Inoperable	Dishwasher or garbage disposal does not operate as it should
7		Any door that is not functioning or cannot be locked because of damage to the
Other Community Spaces	Doors - Damaged Frames/Threshold/Lintels/Trim	frame, threshold, lintel or trim
		Any door that does not function as it should or cannot be locked because of
Patio/Porch/Balcony	Doors - Damaged Hardware/Locks	damage to the door's hardware
	5 to 10 to 1	Any door that has a hole or holes greater than 1 inch in diameter, significant
		peeling/cracking/no paint or rust that affects the integrity of the door surface,
Restrooms	Doors - Damaged Surface (Holes/Paint/Rust/Glass)	or broken/missing glass
	28 2 2	Any screen door or storm door that is damaged or is missing screens or glass-
43	Doors - Damaged/Missing Screen/Storm/Security	shown by an empty frame or frames or any security door that is not functioning
Storage	Door	or is missing
	Doors - Deteriorated/Missing Seals (Entry Only)	The seals/caulking is missing on any entry door, or they are so damaged that they do not function as they should
	Doors - Missing Door	Any door that is missing that is required for the functional use of the space
ï	Doors William Book	Dryer vent is missing or it is not functioning because it is blocked. Dryer exhaus
	Dryer Vent -Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	is not effectively vented to the outside
		One or more fixed items or items of sufficient size and weight impede access to
	Electrical - Blocked Access to Electrical Panel	the building system's electrical panel during an emergency
	Electrical - Burnt Breakers	Carbon residue, melted breakers or arcing scars are evident
		Corrosion that affects the condition of the components that carry current or
	TO POSTERVA CONTRACTO AND ANALYSIS OF	any stains or rust on the interior of electrical enclosures or any evidenceof
	Electrical - Evidence of Leaks/Corrosion	water leaks in the enclosure or hardware
	Electrical - Frayed Wiring	Nicks, abrasion, or fraying of the insulation that exposes any conducting wire
	Electrical - Missing Breakers	Open and/or exposed breaker port
	*Electrical - Missing Covers	A cover is missing, which results in exposed visible electrical connections
	Floors - Bulging/Buckling	Flooring that is bulging, buckling or sagging or a problem with alignment between flooring types
	Floors - Bulging/Buckling	Floor covering has stains, surface burns, cuts, holes, tears, loose areas or
	Floors - Floor Covering Damaged	exposed seams
*	Floors - Missing Floor/Tiles	Flooring or tile flooring that is missing
	Floors - Peeling/Needs Paint	Painted flooring that has peeling or missing paint
	Floors - Rot/Deteriorated Subfloor	Rotted or deteriorated subflooring
		Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildew that may have been caused by
	Floors - Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure
	Tioors Trater Starts, Water Daniage, Word, Wilder	The GFI does not function
	GFI - Inoperable	The Gri does not function
	GFI - Inoperable Graffiti	Graffiti on any exposed surface greater than 6 inches by 6 inches
	GFI - Inoperable Graffiti HVAC - Convection/Radiant Heat System Covers	Graffiti on any exposed surface greater than 6 inches by 6 inches Cover is missing or substantially damaged, allowing contact with
	GFI - Inoperable Graffiti	Graffiti on any exposed surface greater than 6 inches by 6 inches Cover is missing or substantially damaged, allowing contact with heating/surface elements or associated fans
	GFI - Inoperable Graffiti HVAC - Convection/Radiant Heat System Covers Missing/Damaged	Graffiti on any exposed surface greater than 6 inches by 6 inches Cover is missing or substantially damaged, allowing contact with heating/surface elements or associated fans Significant formations of metal oxides, flaking, or discolorationor a pit or
	GFI - Inoperable Graffiti HVAC - Convection/Radiant Heat System Covers	Graffiti on any exposed surface greater than 6 inches by 6 inches Cover is missing or substantially damaged, allowing contact with heating/surface elements or associated fans Significant formations of metal oxides, flaking, or discolorationor a pit or crevice
	GFI - Inoperable Graffiti HVAC - Convection/Radiant Heat System Covers Missing/Damaged HVAC - General Rust/Corrosion	Graffiti on any exposed surface greater than 6 inches by 6 inches Cover is missing or substantially damaged, allowing contact with heating/surface elements or associated fans Significant formations of metal oxides, flaking, or discolorationor a pit or crevice HVAC does not function. It does not provide the heating and coolingit should.
	GFI - Inoperable Graffiti HVAC - Convection/Radiant Heat System Covers Missing/Damaged	Graffiti on any exposed surface greater than 6 inches by 6 inches Cover is missing or substantially damaged, allowing contact with heating/surface elements or associated fans Significant formations of metal oxides, flaking, or discolorationor a pit or crevice
	GFI - Inoperable Graffiti HVAC - Convection/Radiant Heat System Covers Missing/Damaged HVAC - General Rust/Corrosion HVAC - Inoperable	Graffiti on any exposed surface greater than 6 inches by 6 inches Cover is missing or substantially damaged, allowing contact with heating/surface elements or associated fans Significant formations of metal oxides, flaking, or discoloration—or a pit or crevice HVAC does not function. It does not provide the heating and coolingit should. The system does not respond when the controls are engaged
	GFI - Inoperable Graffiti HVAC - Convection/Radiant Heat System Covers Missing/Damaged HVAC - General Rust/Corrosion	Graffiti on any exposed surface greater than 6 inches by 6 inches Cover is missing or substantially damaged, allowing contact with heating/surface elements or associated fans Significant formations of metal oxides, flaking, or discolorationor a pit or crevice HVAC does not function. It does not provide the heating and coolingit should. The system does not respond when the controls are engaged Any misalignment that may cause improper or dangerous venting of gases
	GFI - Inoperable Graffiti HVAC - Convection/Radiant Heat System Covers Missing/Damaged HVAC - General Rust/Corrosion HVAC - Inoperable	Graffiti on any exposed surface greater than 6 inches by 6 inches Cover is missing or substantially damaged, allowing contact with heating/surface elements or associated fans Significant formations of metal oxides, flaking, or discoloration—or a pit or crevice HVAC does not function. It does not provide the heating and coolingit should. The system does not respond when the controls are engaged

MOTEL COSCITABLE DELICIE	ncies in *Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mu	st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
	-	Permanent light fixtures are missing or not functioning, and no other switched
	Lighting - Missing/Damaged/Inoperable Fixture	light source is functioning in the room
	Mailbox - Missing/Damaged	The U.S Postal Service mailbox cannot be locked or is missing
	1 5 8 15 8 15 8 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Outlet or switch is missing or a cover plate is missing or broken, resulting in
	*Outlets/Switches/Cover Plates - Missing/Broken	exposed wiring
	RUCLEUS DIE STEINE FERNON DE STEINE	Walkway or ramp is damaged and cannot be used by people on foot, in
	Pedestrian/Wheelchair Ramp	wheelchair, or using walkers
		Drain is substantially or completely clogged or has suffered extensive
	Plumbing - Clogged Drains	deterioration
	Plumbing - Leaking Faucet/Pipes Range Hood /Exhaust Fans - Excessive	A steady leak that is adversely affecting the surrounding area Apparatus that draws out cooking exhaust does not function as it should
	Grease/Inoperable	and/or accumulation of dirt threatens the free passage of air
	Grease/moperable	One or more burners are not functioning or doors or drawers are impeded or
		on gas ranges pilot is out and/or flames are not distributed equally or oven no
	Range/Stove - Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	functioning
	Refrigerator - Damaged/Inoperable	Refrigerator is missing or does not cool adequately for the safe storage of food
		Damaged or missing shelves, vanity top, drawers, or doors that are not
	Restroom Cabinet - Damaged/Missing	functioning as they should for storage or their intended purpose
	Shower/Tub - Damaged/Missing	Shower, tub, or components are damaged or missing
	Sink - Missing/Damaged	Sink, faucet, or accessories are missing, damaged, or not functioning
	*Smoke Detector - Missing/Inoperable	Smoke detector is missing or does not function as it should
	Stairs - Broken/Damaged/Missing Steps	A step is missing or broken
	Stairs - Broken/Missing Hand Railing	Hand rail is missing, damaged, loose or otherwise unusable
	Ventilation/Exhaust System - Inoperable	Exhaust fan is not functioning or window designed for ventilation does not open
	Walls - Bulging/Buckling	Bulging, buckling or sagging walls or a lack of horizontal alignment
	Walls - Damaged	Punctures in the wall surface that may or may not penetrate completely
	Trans bannages	Cove molding, chair rail, base molding, or other decorative trim is damaged or
	Walls - Damaged/Deteriorated Trim	has decayed
	Walls - Peeling/Needs Paint	Paint is peeling, cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated
		Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildewor damage caused by
	Walls - Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure
		Fixture elementsseat, flush handle, cover etcare missing or damaged or the
	Water Closet/Toilet - Damaged/Clogged/Missing	toilet seat is cracked or has a broken hinge or toilet cannot be flushed
	Windows - Cracked/Broken/Missing Panes	Missing or cracked panes of glass
	100000 E1 1000000 0000	Sill is damaged enough to expose the inside of the surrounding walls and
	Windows - Damaged Window Sill	compromise its weather tightness
	Windows - Inoperable/Not Lockable	Window that is not functioning or cannot be secured because lock is broken
	Windows - Missing/Deteriorated	
	Caulking/Seals/Glazing Compound	Caulking or seals that resists weather is missing or deteriorated Paint covering the window assembly or trim is cracking, flaking, or otherwise
	Windows - Peeling/Needs Paint	failing
	Williams - reening/weeds rank	The ability to exit through the window is limited by security bars that do not
	*Windows - Security Bars Prevent Egress	function properly and, therefore, pose safety risks
		Evidence of mold or mildew is observed that is substantial enough to pose a
lealth & Safety	Air Quality - Mold and/or Mildew Observed	health risk
	*Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas	Detectable strong propane, natural gas or methane gas odors that could pose
	Detected	risk of explosion/ fire and/or pose a health risk if inhaled
	1	Detectable sewer odors that could pose a health risk if inhaled for prolonged
	Air Quality - Sewer Odor Detected	periods
		Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
	*Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels	risk)
	*Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near	Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical
	Electrical Equipment	apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
	#5	The exit cannot be used or exit is limited because a door or window is nailed
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Emergency/Fire Exits Blocked/Unusable	shut, a lock is broken, panic hardware is chained, debris, storage, or other conditions block exit
	Biockeu/Oliusuble	Exit signs that clearly identify all emergency exits are missing or there is no
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Missing Exit Signs	illumination in the area of the sign
	*Flammable/Combustible Materials - Improperly	Flammable or combustible materials are improperly stored, causing the
	Stored	potential risk of fire or explosion
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
		garbage has gathered in an area not sactioned for staging or storing garbage of
	Garbage and Debris - Indoors	debris
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
		garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors	or debris
	Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
	NY 47 08-20 00000	Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	bodily harm

NOTE: Observable Deficiencies	in *Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and mi	ust be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
national description of the second se		AND CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF CONTROL OF THE CONTRO
	Hazards - Tripping	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
	Tiozarus - Tripping	Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit
	Infestation - Insects	or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas
	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	Evidence of rats or micesightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings
Pools and Related Structures	Fencing - Damaged/Not Intact	Damage that could compromise the integrity of the fence
		Garbage has backed up into chutes, because the collection structure is missing
	Chatas Bassand Missian Comments	or broken or compactors or componenentschute, chute door, and other
Trash Collection Areas	Chutes - Damaged/Missing Components	componenetshave failed
Requirements for Unit	+	
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
mapactonic item		Damaged or missing shelves, vanity tops, drawers, or doors that are not
Bathroom	Bathroom Cabinets - Damaged/Missing	functioning as they should for storage or their intended purpose
	Lavatory Sink - Damaged/Missing	Sink, faucet, or accessories are missing, damaged, or not functioning
		Drain or faucet is substantially or completely clogged or has suffered extensive
	Plumbing - Clogged Drains, Faucets	deterioration A steady leak that is adversely affecting the surrounding area
	Plumbing - Leaking Faucet/Pipes Shower/Tub - Damaged/Missing	Shower, tub, or components are damaged or missing
	Silvavery rule - Darinaged/Wilsonig	Exhaust fan is not functioning or window designed for ventilation does not
	Ventilation/Exhaust System – Absent/Inoperable	open
	SOLUTION SECTION SECTI	Fixture elementsseat, flush handle, cover etcare missing or damaged or the
	Water Closet/Toilet - Damaged/Clogged/Missing	toilrt seat is cracked or has a broken hinge or toilet cannot be flushed
Call-for-Aid (if applicable)	Inoperable	The system does not function as it should
Ceiling	Bulging/Buckling/Leaking	Ceiling is bowed, deflected, sagging, or is no longer aligned horizontally
	Holos/Mission Tilos/Donals/Consts	Ceiling surface has punctures that may or may not penetrate completely or
	Holes/Missing Tiles/Panels/Cracks	panels or tiles are missing Paint is peeling, cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated on ceilings in
	Peeling/Needs Paint	common areas
		Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildew that may have been caused by
·	Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure
	(A. 2001 W. 1000) 1049	Any door that is not functioning or cannot be locked because of damage to the
Doors	Damaged Frames/Threshold/Lintels/Trim	frame, threshold, lintel or trim
	Damaged Hardware /Looks	Any door that does not function as it should or cannot be locked because of
	Damaged Hardware/Locks	damage to the door's hardware Any screen door or storm door that is damaged or is missing screens or glass
		shown by an empty frame or frames or any security door that is not functioning
	Damaged/Missing Screen/Storm/Security Door	or is missing
	manage at the area	Any door that has a hole or holes greater than 1 inch in diameter, significant
	Damaged Surface -	peeling/cracking/no paint or rust that affects the integrity of the door surface,
	Holes/Paint/Rusting/Glass/Rotting	or broken/missing glass
	Deteriorated/Missing Seals (Entry Only)	The seals/caulking is missing on any entry door, or they are so damaged that they do not function as they should
0	Deteriorated/wissing Seais (Entry Only)	Any door that is required for security (entry) or privacy (Bathroom) that is
		missing or any other unit door that is missing and is required for proper unit
	Missing Door	functionality
		One or more fixed items or items of sufficient size and weight impede access to
Electrical System	Blocked Access to Electrical Panel	the building system's electrical panel during an emergency
	Burnt Breakers	Carbon residue, melted breakers or arcing scars are evident
		Corrosion that affects the condition of the components that carry current or
	Evidence of Leaks/Corrosion	any stains or rust on the interior of electrical enclosures or any evidenceof water leaks in the enclosure or hardware
	Evidence of Leaks/Corrosion	water leaks in the enclosure of hardware
	Frayed Wiring	Nicks, abrasion, or fraying of the insulation that exposes any conducting wire
	GFI - Inoperable	The GFI does not function
	Missing Breakers/Fuses	Open and/or exposed breaker port
	*Missing Covers	A cover is missing, which results in exposed visible electrical connections
- Control	D. John J. D. Lalling	Flooring that is bulging, buckling or sagging or a problem with alignment
Floors	Bulging/Buckling	between flooring types
	Floor Covering Damage	Floor covering has stains, surface burns, cuts, holes, tears, loose areas or exposed seams
	Missing Flooring Tiles	Flooring or tile flooring that is missing
	Peeling/Needs Paint	Painted flooring that has peeling or missing paint
	Rot/Deteriorated Subfloor	Rotted or deteriorated subflooring
	00,000 20,000 20,000 0000 0000 00000 00000000	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildew that may have been caused by
	Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	saturation or surface failure
	9992499499 9003 9009 949 AMILIANIANIANIANIANIANIA	Evidence of mold or mildew is observed that is substantial enough to pose a
Health & Safety	Air Quality - Mold and/or Mildew Observed	health risk
	1	Detectable sewer odors that could pose a health risk if inhaled for prolonged

NOTE: Observable Deficiencies in	*Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and must	st be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed
	*Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas	Detectable strong propane, natural gas or methane gas odors that could pose
	Detected	risk of explosion/ fire and/or pose a health risk if inhaled
	#Floatrical Harrando Francos Hilliam (Onco Bancle	Exposed bare wires or openings in electrical panels (capped wires do not pose
	*Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels *Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near	risk) Water leaking, puddling or ponding on or immediately near any electrical
	Electrical Equipment	apparatus that could pose a risk of fire, electrocution or explosion
		The exit cannot be used or exit is limited because a door or window is nailed
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Emergency/Fire Exits	shut, a lock is broken, panic hardware is chained, debris, storage, or other
	Blocked/Unusable	conditions block exit
	#5	Exit signs that clearly identify all emergency exits are missing or there is no
	*Emergency Fire Exits - Missing Exit Signs	illumination in the area of the sign Flammable materials are improperly stored, causing the potential risk of fire or
	*Flammable Materials - Improperly Stored	explosion
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
	10 CO 10 CO	garbage has gathered in an area not sactioned for staging or storing garbage or
	Garbage and Debris - Indoors	debris
		Too much garbage has gathered-more than the planned storage capacity or
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors	garbage has gathered in an area not sanctioned for staging or storing garbage or debris
	Hazards - Other	General defects or hazards that pose risk of bodily injury
1		Physical defects that could cause cutting or breaking of human skin or other
	Hazards - Sharp Edges	bodily harm
	with the Artematic Land and the Control of	
	Hazards - Tripping	Physical defects in walkways or other travelled area that poses a tripping risk
	Infestation - Insects	Evidence of infestation of insects-including roaches and ants-throughout a unit or room, especially in food preperation and storage areas
	Infestation - Rats/Mice/Vermin	Evidence of rats or micesightings, rat or mouse holes, or droppings
Hot Water Heater	*Misaligned Chimney/Ventilation System	Misalignment that may cause improper or dangerous venting of gases
- reason resident		Hot water from hot water taps is no warmer than room temperature indicating
	Inoperable Unit/Components	hot water heater is not functioning properly
	Leaking Valves/Tanks/Pipes	Evidence of active water leaks from hot water heater or related components There is no pressure relief valve or pressure relief valve does not drain down to
	Pressure Relief Valve Missing	the floor
	Tresoure Hener Faire Hissing	Significant formations of metal oxides, flaking, or discolorationor a pit or
	Rust/Corrosion	crevice
2517.531	Convection/Radiant Heat System Covers	Cover is missing or substantially damaged, allowing contact with
HVAC System	Missing/Damaged	heating/surface elements or associated fans
	Inoperable	HVAC does not function. It does not provide the heating and coolingit should. The system does not respond when the controls are engaged
	Misaligned Chimney/Ventilation System	Misalignment that may cause improper or dangerous venting of gases
		HVAC system shows signs of abnormal vibrations, other noise, or leaks when
	Noisy/Vibrating/Leaking	engaged
	Rust/Corrosion	Deterioration from rust or corrosion on the HVAC system in the dweling unit
		Cabinets are missing or the laminate is separating. This includes cases, boxes,
Vitchen	Cabinets - Missing/Damaged	or pieces of furniture with drawers, shelves, or doorsprimarily used for storagemounted on walls or floors
Kitchen	Cabinets - Missing/Damaged	Flat work surface in a kitchen often integral to lower cabinet space is missing o
	Countertops - Missing/Damaged	deteriorated or damaged below the laminate
	Dishwasher/Garbage Disposal - Inoperable	Dishwasher or garbage disposal does not operate as it should
	a and the contraction of the late of the superference of the	Drain is substantially or completely clogged or has suffered extensive
	Plumbing - Clogged Drains	deterioration
	Plumbing - Leaking Faucet/Pipes Range Hood/Exhaust Fans - Excessive	A steady leak that is adversely affecting the surrounding area Apparatus that draws out cooking exhaust does not function as it should
	Grease/Inoperable	and/or accumulation of dirt threatens the free passage of air
	management to the beautiful and an in-	One or more burners are not functioning or doors or drawers are impeded or
		on gas ranges pilot is out and/or flames are not distributed equally or oven not
	Range/Stove - Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	functioning
	Refrigerator-Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	Refrigerator is missing or does not cool adequately for the safe storage of food Sink, faucet, or accessories are missing, damaged, or not functioning
	Sink - Damaged/Missing	Dryer vent is missing or it is not functioning because it is blocked. Dryer exhaus
Laundry Area (Room)	Dryer Vent - Missing/Damaged/Inoperable	is not effectively vented to the outside
		Permanent light fixtures are missing or not functioning, and no other switched
Lighting	Missing/Inoperable Fixture	light source is functioning in the room
Outlets/Switches	Missing	An outlet or switch is missing
Patio/Porch/Balcony	**************************************	An outlet or switch has a broken cover plate over a junction box or the cover
	*Missing/Broken Cover Plates Baluster/Side Railings Damaged	plate is missing Damaged or missing balusters or side rails that limit the safe use of an area
Patio/Porch/Balcony Smoke Detector	*Missing/Inoperable	Smoke detector is missing or does not function as it should
Principle Deservation	Broken/Damaged/Missing Steps	A step is missing or broken

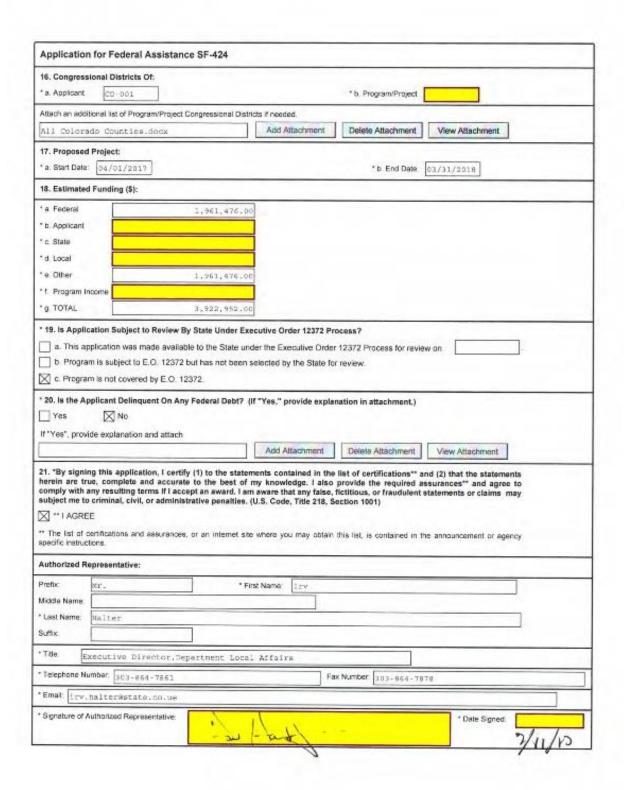
NOTE: Observable Deficiencies in *Bold Italic are considered life-threatening and must be addressed immediately, if the housing is occupied.				
Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency	Type and Degree of Deficiency that must be addressed		
	Broken/Missing Hand Railing	Hand rail is missing, damaged, loose or otherwise unusable		
Walls	Bulging/Buckling	Wall is bowed, deflected, sagged, or is no longer vertically aligned		
	Damaged	Punctures in the wall surface that may or may not penetrate completely		
	Damaged/Deteriorated Trim	Cove molding, chair rail, base molding, or other decorative trim is damaged o has decayed		
	Peeling/Needs Paint	Paint is peeling, cracking, flaking, or otherwise deteriorated		
_	Water Stains/Water Damage/Mold/Mildew	Evidence of water infiltration, mold, or mildewor damage caused by saturation or surface failure		
Windows	Cracked/Broken/Missing Panes	Missing or cracked panes of glass		
	Damaged Window Sill	Sill is damaged enough to expose the inside of the surrounding walls and compromise its weather tightness		
	Missing/Deteriorated Caulking/Seals/Glazing Compound	Caulking or seals that resists weather is missing or deteriorated		
	Inoperable/Not Lockable	Window that is not functioning or cannot be secured because lock is brocken		
	Peeling/Needs Paint	Paint covering the window assembly or trim is cracking, flaking, or otherwise falling		
	*Security Bars Prevent Egress	The ability to exit through the window is limited by security bars that do not function properly and, therefore, pose safety risks		

Grantee SF-424's and Certification(s)

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 8/31/2016

- Processor	Federal Assista	ince SF-424	
* 1. Type of Submiss Preapplication Application Changed/Corn	ion:	* 2. Type of Application: New Continuation Revision	* If Revision, select appropriate letter(s): * Other (Specify):
* 3. Date Received:		4. Applicant Identifier	
06/15/2017			
5a. Federal Entity Ido	entifier:		5b. Federal Award Identifier:
State Use Only:			
8. Date Received by	State:	7. State Application	n Identifier.
8. APPLICANT INFO	DRMATION:		
*a. Legal Name: 8	tate of Colora	do	
* b. Employer/Taxpay 84-0644739	er Identification Nur	mber (EIN/TIN):	* c Organizational DUNS: 8781324830000
d. Address:			
* Street1:	1313 Sherman	St	
Street2:	Room 500		
* City	Denver		
County/Parish:	Denver		
* State			CD: Colorado
Province:			
* Country:			USA: UNITED STATES
* Zip / Postal Code:	80203-2241		
e. Organizational U	nit:		
Depertment Name:			Division Name:
Department of 1	Local Affairs		
f. Name and contac	t information of p	erson to be contacted on n	natters involving this application:
Prefx: No.		* First Nam	Melissa Melissa
Middle Name. A.			
* Last Name: The Sumic	te		
Tide: [consolidat	ed Plan Coord:	inator	
Organizational Affiliat	ion:		
* Telephone Number:	303-854-7844		Fax Number: 303-864-7856

Application for Federal Assistance SF-424	
*9. Type of Applicant 1: Select Applicant Type:	
A: State Government	
Type of Applicant 2: Select Applicant Type	
Type of Applicant 3: Select Applicant Type	
Other (specify)	
10. Name of Federal Agency:	
Department of Housing and Orban Development	
11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number:	
14,231	
GFDA Tille	
Rmergency Solutions Program	
12. Funding Opportunity Number:	
Tries	
13. Competition Identification Number:	
Title:	
14. Areas Affected by Project (Cities, Counties, States, etc.):	
All Colorado Counties docx Add Attachment Delete Attachment Vie	ew Attachment
* 15. Descriptive Title of Applicant's Project:	
Program description for Emergency Solutions Grant Program	
Attach supporting documents as specified in agency instructions.	
Attach supporting documents as specified in agency instructions. Add Attachments Delete Attachments View Attachments	

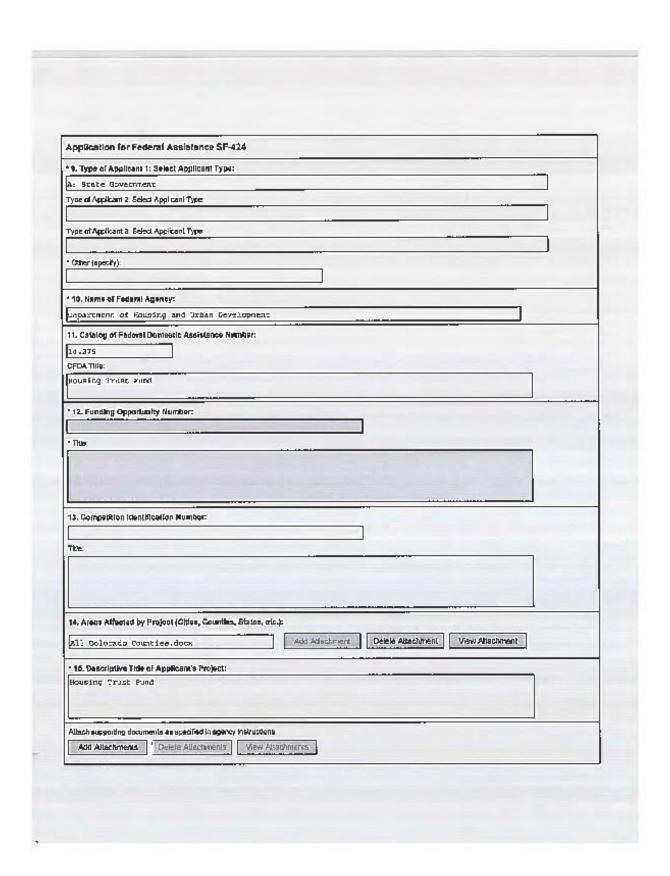


Application for I	Federal Assist	ance SF-424	
• 1. Type of Submissi Preapplication Application Changed/Cone	en: Eded Application	* 2. Type of Application: New Continuation Revision	* PRovision, select appropriate letter(a): * Other (Specify):
* 3. Date Received:	2000	4. Applicant Identifier:	- A
06/15/2617		1,100	
			The second secon
Sp. Forteral Engly Ido	ocourte:		50 Fedarel Award Identifier
State Use Only:			
6. Dale Received by	Slate:	7. State Applicat	or, Ideni Rec
8. APPLICANT INFO	DRMATION:		
ha Legal Namo: [g	tate of Colom	sde.	
* o. EmpleyenTaxpay			* o Organizational DUNE
84-8644719	- memireator (e	most the equity.	979 1 72 49 3 2 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
d. Address:			
* Blicel 1:	1312 Abbumon	9c	
StreetZ:	Room 500		
• Cily	Denver		
County/Parish:	Telived		
*51818			CC: Colorade
Prewice:	<u> </u>	- 100	300 100000
*Zio / Postal Gode:	80203-2241		VSA: United States
	0.00		
e. Organizational L	Init:		
Department Marrie		190-0	Division Name:
Caputament of	Local Affairs		
). Name and corta	e(Information of p	person to be contacted or	matters invelving this applications
Prefix Me.		* High	Amo: Appliance
Middle Name A.			****
· Last Name The	ste		
9i,Mac		7	
THe Housing F	rogram Apailet:	ent	
Organizational Affile	1900		700 V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V
*Telephone Kumber	C 302-864-784	9	Fax Number 303+851-7856
TEMBI TREITED	.chate@state.	00,09	

	<u></u>
application for Federal Assistance SF-424	0235
9. Type of Applicant 1: Select Applicant Typo:	
A: State Covernment	
Type of Applicant 2: Select Applicant Type	
Type of Applicant 3: Select Applicant Type	-4,
Other (specily)	
10. Name of Federal Agency:	
programment of Housing and Urban Nevelopment	
11. Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number:	
GFDA THE	
NOME Investment Partmership Program	1
12. Funding Opportunity Humber:	
The state of the s	
*Tibe	
	1000000
12. Composition Identification Number:	
Title	
VI-04-12	
14. Areas Affacted by Project (Cities, Counties, Styles, 9tc.):	
Add Attachment Delete Azachment	View Attactyment
* 15. Doscriptivo Title of Applicant's Project:	- Uma
Progress description for BCME Involutions Carthership Program	
Attach supporting documents as specified in agency instructions.	
Add Attachments Dakete Attachments View Attachments	
PARAMETER STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	

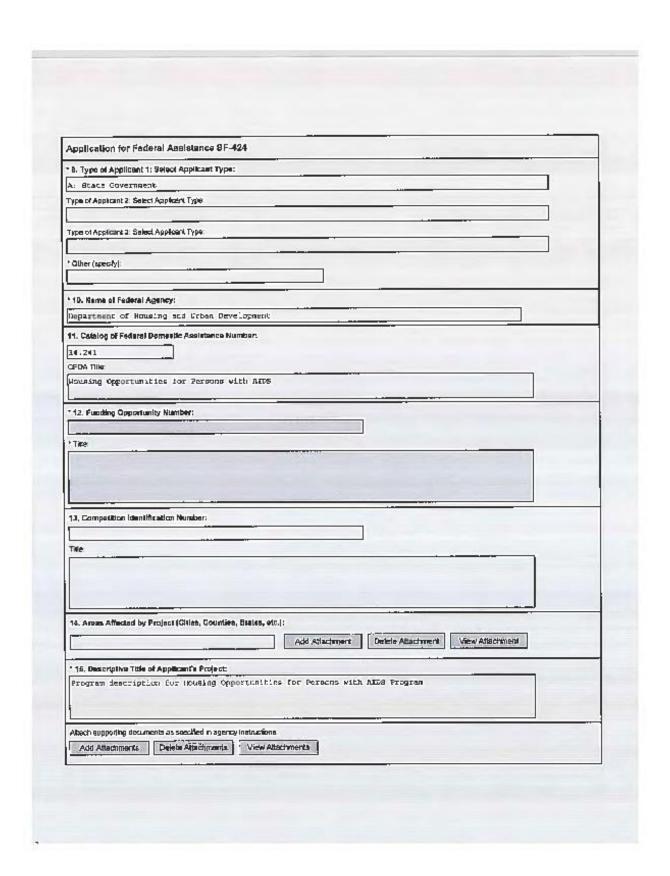
6. Congressional Districts Of:		
a Applicant CO-001		*b Program/Project
		510.07 (VALO) (VALO)
dach ed aggironal fall of 14.034ami	Project Congrete out I Delrich Fre	
	A0	Attachment Deleta Attachment View Attachment
17. Proposed Project:		
a Start Dalo: 04/01/2017		*5. End Dale: 03/21/2018
18. Extinuited Funding (Sk		
s Federal	4,518,840.00	
h. Applicant	412201444.44	
c Siete		
d. Local		
e. Other		
*f Program Income	1,810,000.00	
p TOTAL	6,988,889,00	
\$ 10 KZ	0.7501005107	
b, Program is subject to E.O. c. Program is not covered by 20. is the Applicant Delicquen). 12372 bel has not boen soleete y E.O. 12372.	e Executive Critter 12372 Process for review on set by the State for review.
b. Program is subject to E.O. c. Program is not covered by	o. 12372 bel has not boon solecte y 6.0. 12372. v. On Any Fedoral Dobt? E "Yes	ed by the State for review.
b, Program is subject to E.O. c. Program is not covered by * 26. Is the Applicant Deliaquen Yes. No If 'Yes', provide exploration are 21. *By signing this application	o. 12372 bit has not been selecte y E.O. 12372. It On Any Federal Debt? If "Yes d adject A. J. certify (1) to the statements	ed by the State for review. s," provide explanation in attachment.) Ed Attachment Delate Attachment View Attachment Contained in the list of cartillegions" and (2) that the signaments.
b, Program is subject to E.O. c. Program is not covered by 20. Is the Applicant Deliaquen Yes. No If "Yes", provide exploration and 21. "By signing this application terein are one, complete and comply with any resulting terms autipact may be uniform to entire and "" I AGREE "The last of certifications and as specific relations."	b. 12372 bel has not been selecte y E.O. 12372. If On Any Federal Debt? If "Yes d object A. I certify (1) to the statements accurate to the best of my kin is If I cereign an award. I am awar administrative panalities. (U.S. 6)	ed by the State for review. c," provide explanation in attachment.) dd Allschment Delete Allschment View Allschment contained in the list of cartillestions** and (2) that the statements in overeign. I also provide the required assurances** and agree to see that any takes, ficilitious, or fraudulent statements or claims may
b, Program is subject to E.O. c. Program is not covered by 20. In the Applicant Deliaquen Yes. No If "Yes", provide explanation and 21. "By signing this application territoria are truly, complete and comply with any resulting terms subject me to criminal, civit, or I "I AGREE" The list of cersheations and as specific rain-cilors. Authorized Representative:	b. 12372 bel has not boon solectory E.O. 12372. It On Any Fedoral bolot? Iff **Ved d adjach All n, I certify (1) to the atabements accurate to the best of my kins is If I seembly am award. I am awar administrative panaltips. (U.S. 6)	ed by the State for review. contained in the list of cartifications. contained in the list is required assumances. and agree to rectain typicate, for listing, or fraudulond state-ments or claims may code. Code, Tello 218, Section 1901)
b. Program is subject to E.O. c. Program is not covered by 20. In the Applicant Delisquen Yes. No If "Yes", provide explanation are 21. "By signing this application interest are true, complete and comply with any requising terms subject me to eriminal, civil, or If "AGREE" The list of certifications and as specific relincibles. Authorized Representative: Prefix: Hz.	b. 12372 bel has not been selecte y E.O. 12372. If On Any Federal Debt? If "Yes d object A. I certify (1) to the statements accurate to the best of my kin is If I cereign an award. I am awar administrative panalities. (U.S. 6)	ed by the State for review. contained in the list of cartifications. contained in the list is required assumances. and agree to rectain typicate, for listing, or fraudulond state-ments or claims may code. Code, Tello 218, Section 1901)
b, Program is subject to E.O. c. Program is not covered by 20. Is the Applicant Deliaquen Yes. No If "Yes", provide exploration are 21. "By signing this application terein are true, complete and comply with any resulting terms subject me to criminal, civil, or "" I AGREE "The list of cershcullons and as expect" or sincilors. Authorized Representative: Prefix: Nr. Middle Name	b. 12372 bel has not boon solectory E.O. 12372. It On Any Fedoral bolot? Iff **Ved d adjach All n, I certify (1) to the atabements accurate to the best of my kins is If I seembly am award. I am awar administrative panaltips. (U.S. 6)	ed ay the State for review. contained in the list of cartillestoness and (2) that the statements reviewed in the list of cartillestoness and (2) that the statements reviewedge. I also provide the required assumencess and agree to rectail any false, fellibrous, or fraudulond statements or claims may Code, Tello 218, Section 1901)
b, Program is subject to E.O. c. Program is not covered by 25. Is the Applicant Detiaquen Yes. No If "Yes", provide explanation and 21. "By signing this application herein are true, complete and comply with any resulting terms aubiject mains entireliable, civil, or " " I AGREE " The list of cershootions and as specific naturalists. Authorized Representative: Prefix: Hz.	b. 12372 bel has not boon solectory E.O. 12372. It On Any Fedoral bolot? Iff **Ved d adjach All n, I certify (1) to the atabements accurate to the best of my kins is If I seembly am award. I am awar administrative panaltips. (U.S. 6)	ed ay the State for review. contained in the list of cartillestoness and (2) that the statements reviewed in the list of cartillestoness and (2) that the statements reviewedge. I also provide the required assumencess and agree to rectail any false, fellibrous, or fraudulond statements or claims may Code, Tello 218, Section 1901)
b, Program is subject to E.O. c. Program is not covered by 20. Is the Applicant Deliaquen Yes. No If "Yes", provide exploration and 21. "By signing this application terminate are one, complete and comply with any resulting terms autipled mains remained, clutt, or " The last of certifications and as specific nativelions. Authorized Representative: Prefix: No. Middle Mame	b. 12372 bel has not boon solectory E.O. 12372. It On Any Fedoral Dobt? Iff **Ved d adjach All It certify (1) to the statements accurate to the best of my kins is If I seempt am award. I am awar administrative panaltips. (U.S. 6)	ed ay the State for review. contained in the list of cartillestoness and (2) that the statements reviewed in the list of cartillestoness and (2) that the statements reviewedge. I also provide the required assumencess and agree to rectail any false, fellibrous, or fraudulond statements or claims may Code, Tello 218, Section 1901)
b, Program is subject to E.O. c. Program is not covered by 25. Is the Applicant Deliaquen Yes. No If "Yes", provide explanation and 21. "By signing this application feeting are truly, complete and comply with any resulting forms subject me to enimals, civil, or If 1AGREE "The list of certifications and as specific nativeliers. Authorized Representative: Prefix: Nr. Middle Name "Leaf Name: Scitter Scitt.	b. 12372 bel has not boon solectory E.O. 12372. It On Any Fedoral Dobt? Iff **Ved d adjach All It certify (1) to the statements accurate to the best of my kins is If I seempt am award. I am awar administrative panaltips. (U.S. 6)	and all schment Delate Attachment View Attachment contained in the list of cartifications** and (2) that the statements sowiedge. I also provide the required assurances** and agree to retail any false, feetbear, or fraudulant statements or claims may code, Tallo 218, Section 1901) To you may obtain this list, is contained in the announcement or agency me. In view of the section 1901.
b, Program is subject to E.O. c. Program is not covered by 20. Is the Applicant Deliaquen Yes. No If "Yes", provide exploration and 21. "By signing this application therein are only, complete and comply with any resulting terms autipact me be criminal, civit, or " TAGREE " The list of certifications and as epecific rain-cilors. Authorized Representative: Prefix: Mr. Middle Name: Scritter Sofik: Specualize 124 re-	b. 12372 bel has not been selecte y E.O. 12372. It On Any Federal Debt? If "Yes d object If certify (1) to the statements accurate to the best of my kn self if accept an award. I am aware administrative ponation. (U.S. 6 assurance, of an internal Sid whet First No First No Coor, Caparonanc, Local, Ad-	and all schment Delate Attachment View Attachment Contained in the list of cartifications" and (2) that the statements specially false provide the required assurances" and agree to retail any false, feetibus, or fraudulont statements or claims may code, Tallo 218, Section 1901) To you may obtain this list, is contained in the announcement or agency one list.
b, Program is subject to E.O. c. Program is not covered by 20. In the Applicant Deliaquen Yes. No If "Yes", provide explanation and 21. "By signing this application terein are true, complete and application and as specific raincillors. "TAGREE" "The list of certifications and as specific raincillors. Authorized Representative: Prafix: Nr. Middle Name "Legi Name" Statter Suffix:	b. 12372 bel has not boon solectory E.O. 12372. It On Any Fedoral Dobt? Iff "Yest distinct for the statements accurate to the best of my kins it if seeple an award. I am award administrative panaltips. (U.S. of First National Conferences, or an internal side whele the second of the second for the secon	ed by the State for review. contained in the list of cartillestions** and (2) that the signaments sowedage. I also provide the required assurances** and agree to se that any lotse, fictitious, or fraudulont statements or claims may Code, Tale 218, Section 1901) re you may obtain this list, is contained in the announcement or agency.

			3/9:
Application (for Federal Assista	ince SF-424	
1. Type of Subs Preapplica Application	lion	*2. Type of Apprication: New Continuation	• # Revision, select appropriate letter(s): • Other (Specify):
Changed/0	Corrected Application	Revision	
* 3. Date Receiv	ed:	4. Applicant identifier	TO IN. SECURE PROBLE
06/15/Z01T			
5a Federal Entl	v Idendijer		5b Federal Award Identifier:
State Use Only			
6. Dalo Recovo		7. Stato Apolicad	en Idoniffor
B. APPLICANT	INFORMATION:		
i a Legal Name		-1-	
	expeyer Idem Readon Nu	Tall Date of the Alberta	* c. Organizational DUNS:
85-0614710	echeller (pentilize) 211 Ho	minor (Electric)	0701924030030
d. Address:			
*Sirect1:	1313 Aberman	<u>-</u>	1
Street2:	Rean Sat		
· Oly:	Denvec		
County/Parish	perver	00.89002 002	
* Stene			CO: Colorado
Province	/g		
* Country:			UBA: UNITED STATES
arover percentage in	ide: 802C3-7241		
e. Organizatio	nel Unit:		12
Department No	200		Ov son Name:
Department	of Local Affolis		
E. Name and co	entact information of p	porsion to be contacted or	metters involving this application:
РивП•.	ча.	* First N	meliess
Middle Name:	Α.		DARK HISTORY CONTRACT
* Last Norme. Sutfo:	Thate		
×2.52.00			
	g Program Aesset	OI-U	20 Yes
Organizacional /	Amealign	900000 90	1
<u>L</u>			
* Tulantineta 1th	mber: 303-864-784	4	Fax Number: 202-364-7956



iji. Congressional Districts Off	
e. Applicant co-051	* b. Program/Project 1
Stach an additional let of Progrem	Project Congressional Claricia if needed.
All Delerado Countics.d	ex Ada Atlachment Delete Atlachment View Atlachment
17. Proposed Project:	
a 8ian Oare C4/01/2017	* b. End Dags 03/11/2016
8. Estimated Funding (\$):	A 2000 W40
a Pederal	3,154,931.00
'a Applicant	
a State	
d Local	
e. Differ	
f Program (recome	***************************************
g. TOTAL	2,154,351.70
	(grigw By \$1ste Under Executive Order 12372 Process?
	c available to the State under the Executive Order 12372 Process for review on 1 2372 but has not been selected by the State for review
	y E.O. 12372. Il On Any Federal Debi? (If "Yes," provide explanation in attachment.)
* 30. is the Applicant Delicipate Yes No If "Yes", provide explanation ar	d alteen Add Altecliment Delete Attechment View Attachment Add Attecliment Delete Attechment View Attachment Add Attecliment Delete Attechment View Attachment Add Attecliment Delete Attechment View Attachment Add Attechment View Attachment Add Attechment View Attachment Add Attachment Atta
20. Is the Applicant Deliance Yes No If "Yes", provide explanation and 11. "By aligning this application hardin are tree, complete and comply with any resulting term subject me to criminal, civil, al 11. "I AGREE "The Set of carrifications and a	d alteen Axid Africalinish Delete Adecurrent View Attachment
Yes No If 'Yes', provide explanation or If 'Yes', provide explanation If 'Y	d altern Add Africtional Delete Attachment View Attachment Add Africtional Delete Attachment View Attachment To be the Attachment Contained in the Set of certifications* and (3) that the statements accurate to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assumences* and agree to the Best of any false, I place provide the required assumences* and agree to the Best of any false, I place to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assumences* and agree to the Best of the
"20. Is the Applicant Deliances Yes No If "Yes", provide explanation and 21, "By aligning this application hardin are true, complete sink comply with any resulting term subject me to estimate, civil, at Yes AGREE "The Set of carrifications and a specific instructions Authorized Representative:	d altern Add Africtional Delete Attachment View Attachment Add Africtional Delete Attachment View Attachment To be the Attachment Contained in the Set of certifications* and (3) that the statements accurate to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assumences* and agree to the Best of any false, I place provide the required assumences* and agree to the Best of any false, I place to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assumences* and agree to the Best of the
*20. Is the Applicant Deliander Yes No If "Yes", provide explanation and 21. "By signing this application hards are tree, complete side comply with any resulting term subject me to estimate, civit, at "I AGREE" The Set of completions and a specific instructions Authorized Representative: Prefix Ms.	d altern Axid Alterbinshil Delete Attention View Attention Axid Attentionshil Delete Attention Axid Attention Delete Attention Axi
20. Is the Applicant Deliander Yes No If "Yes", provide explanation an If "Yes", provide explanation an If "Yes", provide explanation an If "Yes", provide explanation and If "Yes", provide explanation and If "Yes", and the standard of the standard representative: The Sal of carifications and a specific instructions Authorized Representative: Profit No.	d altern Axid Alterbinshil Delete Attention View Attention Axid Attentionshil Delete Attention Axid Attention Delete Attention Axi
20. Is the Applicant Deliander Yes No If "Yes", provide explanation an If "Yes", provide explanation an If "Yes", provide explanation an If "Yes", provide explanation and If "Yes", provide explanation and If "Yes", all the application If "Yes", provide explanation and a If AGREE The set of carrifications and a If AGREE If "Yes", and Carrifications and a If AGREE If "Yes", provide explanations If "Yes", provide explanation are a If "Yes", provide explanation and a If "Yes", provide explanation are If "Yes"	d altern Axid Alterbinshil Delete Attention View Attention Axid Attentionshil Delete Attention Axid Attention Delete Attention Axi
20. Is the Applicant Deliander Yes No If "Yes", provide explanation an If "Yes", provide explanation an If "Yes", provide explanation an If "Yes", provide explanation and If "Yes", provide explanation and If "Yes", significant are to estimate, civit, an If AGREE If The Set of carrifications and a pecific instructions Authorized Representative: If If If I was related If I was related	d altern Axid Alterbinshil Delete Attention View Attention Axid Attentionshil Delete Attention Axid Attention Delete Attention Axi
20. Is the Applicant Deliander Yes No If "Yes", provide explanation an If "Yes", provide explanation an If "Yes", provide explanation an If "Yes", provide explanation and If "Yes", provide explanation and If "Yes", provide explanation and a specific instructions Authorized Representative: Prefix Ms. Widdle Name Last Name Suiting Suiting Executive Directors Executive Directors Provide Provide	d altern Add Altectional Delete Attachment View Attachment Add Attachment Delete Attachment Delete Attachment Add Attachment Delete Attachment Add Attachment Delete Attachment Delete Attachment Delete Attachment Add Attachment Delete Attachment Delete Attachment View Attachment Add Attachment Delete Att
*20. is the Applicant Delianges Yes No If "Yes", provide explanation an If "Yes", provide explanation an If "Yes", provide explanation an If "Yes", provide explanation and If "Yes", provide explanation and If "Yes", provide explanation and an including two definitions and a specific instructions Authorized Representative: Prefix Mr. ** Last Name Statter Suffic Executive Dire **Talephane Number** 203-ass	dialogn Axid Aliacilinate Delete Adection View Abachman Ax
* 20. is the Applicant Delianglet Yes No If "Yes", provide explanation an 21, "By signing this application hardin are true, complete and comply with any resulting term stubject me to criminal, civil, at *** I AGREE *** The Set of complexitions and a specific instructions Authorized Representative: Prefix Mc Widdle Name Last N	dialect Add Allectinated Add Allectinated Add Allectinated Add Allectinated Add Allectinated Add Allectinated Delete Adecticent View Altectiment View Altectiment To be allected Add Allectinated Add Allectinated Add Allectinated To be allected The statements accurate to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required assumences* and agree to be if it accept an award. I am aware theil any false, licitious, or freezelyiant statements or claims may admirelate statements or claims may admirelate statements. (U.S. Code, Title 218, Section 1001) statements, or an internet state where you may obtain this list, is contacted in the amountement or agency * First Name Lov Fax Number 303-E64-7878

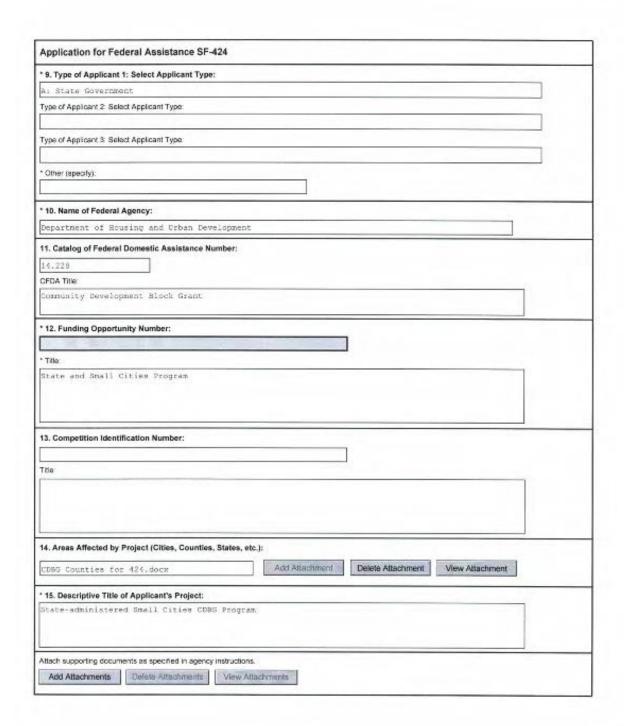
Application (or Federal Assist	ance SF-424	88		
1. Type of Subr	réssion:	* 2. Type of Application:	* 10*	Revision, extent expresprints letter(s):	
Preapplica	Von	New			
	l .	i⊠ Continuation	.0	ther (Specify):	
Changed*	Corrected Application	Raylakin			
* 3 Date Receiv	ed	4. Applicant Identifier			
05/15/2017		<u> </u>			
Sa. Feceral Emit	y identifier:	Anthor Constitution and State		5o. Federal Award Identifier:	
][[点。1976年,第1976年 第1976年 1976年 1	
Starter User Clody					
B. Date Receiver	by States	7. State Applicati	on Ide	nu' est	
6. APPLIÇANT	INFORMATION:				
f e il,egal Name	Stole of Colum	ado		Y	
* b. Employer/Ta	repayer Identification Mu	mber (EINT) NJ:	- 1	rc. Organizational DUNS:	
04-0664739				8781924830000	
d. Address:				Sign chicks Actoristic constitution	-
* Street1:	1313 Sherman	Бс			
Sueet2:	Room Silva	695000		*>	
* Only	Denvec	10.0,0/1		NOT HERE I	201
County/Perish	Danver				
*Sjele:		K. 0000		CD: Colorado	
Fromnoe:		11/5/5			
* Country			-	USA: UNITED STATES	
*Zip / Postal Co	de: 30201-2241			W. 1239	290
e, Organization	nai Unit:				
Department Nar	ve:			Division Name:	
Department	of Local Affairs				
I. Name and co	entact Information of	person to be contacted or	mati	and involving this application:	
Prefet:	Hs.	* Arsi N	ame:	Mellaca	27
Middle Name:	A				- 0
* Leat Name	Thiste	22 0000000			- 1
Suffix:					
Tite Consol	lduted Floor	jicolor			340
Organizational	Affiliat, on:	28.59		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Teraphona Nu	MDBC 303-864-184	ia .		Fex Number 200-164-7656	
	ssa (l'acametate.				This



6. Congressional Districts Of:	
a. Applicant 20-201	* b. Program/Project
Allectron actorismed (at al Program/Project	Congressional Curtists If needed
	Add Abschment Delete Abschment View Attachment
17. Proposed Project:	
a, 9lari Cele 04/01/2017	* 0 End Qaas 03/31/2018
18. Ealimeted Funding (\$);	
*a. Federal	501.302.03
*b. Applicant	
+ c. Slate	
*d Local	
e Other	
1. Program income	
g. TOTAL	501, 303, 95
C. Program is not covered by € ○ 1 * 80. Is the Applicant Dalinquers On As	12372. my Federal Dobt? (If "Yee," provide explanation in stiachment.)
~ .	ny Federal Dobt? (if "Yes," provide explanation in attachment.)
* 30. Is the Applicant Dallinguero On As Yes No If "Yes", provide explanation and attach 21. "By signing this application, I certification.	by Federal Dobt? (if "Yes," provide explanation in attachment.) Acid Allectment Delate Allectment View Attachment Uly (1) to the elatements contained in the Set of certifications** and (2) that the statements
* 30. Is the Applicant Dallinguero On As Yes No If "Yes", provide explanation and attach 21. "By signing this application, I cert herein are true, complete and assure comply with say resulting derms if lac- abiject ma to criminal, civil, or sumina " I AGREE	ny Federal Dobt? (if "Yes," provide oxplanation in attachment.) Add Affectment Detate Affectment View Affectment
* 30. Is the Applicant Delinquenc On As Yes No If "Yes", provide explanation and attach 21. "By signing this application, I cert herein are true, complete and sesure comply with any resulting terms if I ac autiged ma to estimital, civil, or sumina " T AGREE " The list of certifications and assurance appealic instructions.	The statement of the elatements contained in the Set of certifications** and (2) that the elatements contained in the Set of certifications** and (2) that the elatements by the to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required absurances** and agree to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required absurances** and agree to capital an aware that any table, inclines, or translutent alatements or claims may elate the penalties. (3.5. Code, Title 218, Section 1991)
** 20. is the Applicant Dallinguero On As Yes No If Yes', provide explanation and attach 21. "By signing this application, I cert herein are true, complete and accurate comply with any resulting terms if it is autiged me to criminal, civil, or suminal "** I AGREE* "The list of certifications and assurance appolic instructions. Authorized Representative:	Add Allectment Detate Allactment View Attachment Petate Allactment Petate Allactment View Attachment
** 20. is the Applicant Dallinguero On As Yes No If "Yes", provide explanation and attach 21. "By signing this application, I cert herein are true, complete and assura comply with any resulting terms if I ac- autiged ma to criminal, civil, or sumina "** I AGREE* "The list of certifications and assurance appealic instructions. Authorized Representative: Prefix. Max.	Add Allectment Detate Allactment View Attachment Petate Allactment Petate Allactment View Attachment
20. is the Applicant Dallinguero On As Yes No If Yes No If Yes', provide explanation and attach 21. "By signing this application, I cert herein are true, complete and assura comply with any resulting terms if I ac autiged mailto criminal, civil, or authoria "TIASTEE "The list of certifications and assurance appolic includions. Authorized Representations: Profit: M.: Miccle Name:	Add Allectment Detate Allactment View Attachment Petate Allactment Petate Allactment View Attachment
21. "By signing this application, I cert herein are true, complete and assurance comply with any resulting terms if ac- abbject mails of certifications and assurance peofic instructions. " I AGREE " The 1st of certifications and assurance appeals instructions. Authorized Representative: Profit: V2. Miccie Name: *Last Name: *Easter: Suffx.	Add Allectment Detate Allactment View Attachment Petate Allactment Petate Allactment View Attachment
* 20. is the Applicant Dallinguero On As Yes No If "Yes", provide explanation and attach 21. "By signing this application, I cert herein are true, complete and assura comply with any resulting terms if it is autiged maite or criminal, civil, or sumina "* I AGREE "The list of certifications and assurance appolic instructions. Authorized Representative: Profit: No Miccie Name: EALECT Suffix.	Add Allectment Delate Allachment View Attachment Wy (1) to the statements contained in the Sat of certifications** and (2) that the statements by the first hand agree to the resulted absumances** and agree to the best of my knowledge. I also provide the required absumances** and agree to scape an areard, I are aware that any false, licitious, or translutent attainments or claims may restrain penalties. (3.5. Code, Title 218, Section 1001) 22. or an internet also where you may obtain this fact is contained in the approximant or agency. **First Name: **Example: **E

OMB Number: 4040-0004 Expiration Date: 8/31/2016

* 1. Type of Submiss	ion	* 2. Type of Application:	* If Revision, select appropriate letter(s):
Preapplication		New	The second supplied that the second supplied to the second supplied
Application		Continuation	* Other (Specify):
	ected Application	Revision	
	Server I W.P. Construction		
* 3. Date Received: 06/15/2017		Applicant Identifier:	
5a. Federal Entity lok	entifier;		5b. Federal Award Identifier:
State Use Only:			
6. Date Received by	State:	7. State Applicatio	n identifier
8. APPLICANT INFO	ORMATION:		
* a. Legal Name: g	tate of Colors	do	
* b. Employer/Taxpay			*c. Organizational DUNS:
84-0644739		, and the control of	8781924830000
d. Address:			
* Street1 Street2	1313 Sherman	9t	
* City	Room 500		
County/Parish:	Denver		
* State	Denver		
Province:			CQ: Colorado
* Country			USA: UNITED STATES
* Zip / Postal Code:	80203-2241		908, 001150 SIRIES
e. Organizational U	nitr		
Department Name.			Taxaaaaa
Department of 1	ocal Affairs		Division Name.
	t information of pe	erson to be contacted on n	natters involving this application:
Prefor Ms.		* First Nam	Melissa
Middle Name: A.			
* Last Name: That	te	3	
Suffix			
Toe: Consolidat	ed Flan Coordi	nator	
Organizational Affilias	on:		



Applicatio	II for rederal Assist	ance or 424			
16. Congres	sional Districts Of:				
a Applicant	00-001			* b. Program/Project	
Attach an add	itional list of Program/Proj	ect Congressional Di	stricts if needed.	-01-	
CDEG Coun	ties for 424.docx		Add Attachment	Delete Attachment	View Attachment
17. Propose	d Project:				
* a. Start Date	: 04/01/2017			* b End Date:	03/31/2018
18. Estimate	d Funding (\$):				
a. Federal		9,120,333.	loa		
b. Applicant					
* c. State					
d Local			=		
e Other			=		
		200 00	_		
f. Program I	ncome	395,463.	=		
g TOTAL		9,523,796.	on		
C. Progra	am is not covered by E.C	. 12372.	n selected by the State (If "Yes," provide exp		
20. Is the A Yes If "Yes", prov 11. "By signiferein are tromply with subject me to	pplicant Delinquent On No ide explanation and atta ing this application, I ce ue, complete and accuraty resulting terms if I a portininal, civil, or admit	Any Federal Debt? ch ertify (1) to the staturate to the best to	Add Attachment aments contained in ti f my knowledge, I also	Delete Attachment Delete Attachment to list of certifications** a provide the required a	view Attachment Ind (2) that the statements securances** and agree to statements or claims may
C. Progra 20. Is the A Yes Yes Yes', prov 11. "By signi serein are tr somply with subject me to " I AGRE " The list of opeofic instruc	am is not covered by E.C. pplicant Delinquent On No ide explanation and atta ing this application, I ce rue, complete and accu- any resulting terms if I is o criminal, civil, or admit EE certifications and assurantions.	Any Federal Debt? ch entify (1) to the state that the best of accept an award. I instrative penalties	Add Altachment aments contained in ti f my knowledge. I als am aware that any false. (U.S. Code, Title 218,	Delete Attachment Delete Attachment re list of certifications" a o provide the required a o, fictitious, or fraudulent a	nd (2) that the statements
c. Progra 20. Is the A Yes Yes Yes', prov 21. "By signifererin are tracomply with subject me to " 1 AGRE " The list of a peofic instruct	pplicent Delinquent On No ide explanation and atta ing this application, I ce ue, complete and accurany resulting terms if I is o criminal, civil, or admit	Any Federal Debt? ch entify (1) to the state that the best of accept an award. I instrative penalties	Add Altachment aments contained in ti f my knowledge. I als am aware that any false. (U.S. Code, Title 218,	Delete Attachment Delete Attachment re list of certifications" a o provide the required a o, fictitious, or fraudulent a	nd (2) that the statements ssurances** and agree to statements or claims may
c. Progra 20. is the A Yes If "Yes", prov 21. "By signi erein are tr comply with subject me to " " I AGRE " The list of a pecific instruct authorized R	am is not covered by E.C. pplicant Delinquent On No ide explanation and atta ing this application, I ce rue, complete and accu- any resulting terms if I is o criminal, civil, or admit EE certifications and assurantions.	Any Federal Debt? ch wrify (1) to the state and to the best of accept an award. I instrative penalties ose, or an internet s	Add Altachment aments contained in ti f my knowledge. I als am aware that any false. (U.S. Code, Title 218,	Delete Attachment Delete Attachment re list of certifications" a o provide the required a o, fictitious, or fraudulent a	nd (2) that the statements ssurances** and agree to statements or claims may
c. Progra 20. is the A Yes Yes If "Yes", prov 21. "By signi erein are tr comply with subject me tr comply with the subject me tr condition of the subject in	pplicent Delinquent On No ide explanation and atta ing this application, I ce ue, complete and accu any resulting terms if I i o criminal, civil, or admi E certifications and assurantions.	Any Federal Debt? ch wrify (1) to the state and to the best of accept an award. I instrative penalties ose, or an internet s	Add Altachment aments contained in ti f my knowledge. I als am aware that any false b. (U.S. Code, Title 218, tite where you may obta	Delete Attachment Delete Attachment re list of certifications" a o provide the required a o, fictitious, or fraudulent a	nd (2) that the statements ssurances** and agree to statements or claims may
c. Progra 20. is the A Yes If "Yes", prov 21. "By signi erein are tr comply with subject me to " " I AGRE " The list of a pecific instruct authorized R	pplicent Delinquent On No ide explanation and atta ing this application, I ce ue, complete and accu any resulting terms if I i o criminal, civil, or admi E certifications and assurantions.	Any Federal Debt? ch wrify (1) to the state and to the best of accept an award. I instrative penalties ose, or an internet s	Add Altachment aments contained in ti f my knowledge. I als am aware that any false b. (U.S. Code, Title 218, tite where you may obta	Delete Attachment Delete Attachment re list of certifications" a o provide the required a o, fictitious, or fraudulent a	nd (2) that the statements ssurances** and agree to statements or claims may
Z. Progra Z0. Is the A Yes Yes Yes', prov 11. "By signi terein are tr comply with subject me to " I AGRit " The list of pecific instruc- tuthorized R refix fiddle Name: Last Name:	am is not covered by E.C. pplicant Delinquent On No ide explanation and atta ing this application, I ce rue, complete and accu- and resulting terms if I i corritinal, civil, or admit Ecertifications and assurantions. Representative:	Any Federal Debt? ch wrify (1) to the state and to the best of accept an award. I instrative penalties ose, or an internet s	Add Altachment aments contained in ti f my knowledge. I als am aware that any false b. (U.S. Code, Title 218, tite where you may obta	Delete Attachment Delete Attachment re list of certifications" a o provide the required a o, fictitious, or fraudulent a	nd (2) that the statements ssurances** and agree to statements or claims may
Z. Progra Z. Is the A Yes Yes Yes', prov 1. "By signi erein are tr comply with ubject me to " 1 AGRE The list of opecific instruc- uthorized R refix Iddie Name Last Name	am is not covered by E.C. pplicant Delinquent On No ide explanation and atta ing this application, I ce rue, complete and accu- and resulting terms if I i corritinal, civil, or admit Ecertifications and assurantions. Representative:	Any Federal Debt? ch wriffy (1) to the staturate to the best of accept an award. I instrative penalties oee, or an internet s	Add Altachment aments contained in ti f my knowledge. I als am aware that any false b. (U.S. Code, Title 218, tite where you may obta	Delete Attachment Delete Attachment re list of certifications" a o provide the required a o, fictitious, or fraudulent a	nd (2) that the statements ssurances** and agree to statements or claims may
Z. Progra Z. Is the A Yes Yes If 'Yes', prov It. 'By signi serein are tr somply with subject me tr comply with The list of a pecific instruct utthorized R refix liddle Name: Last Name: Last Name: If E	am is not covered by E.C. pplicant Delinquent On No ide explanation and atta ing this application, I ce rue, complete and accurant resulting terms if I i o criminal, civil, or admi EE certifications and assurantions. Representative:	Any Federal Debt? ch wrify (1) to the state and to the best of accept an award. It instrative penalties one, or an internet s	Add Altachment coments contained in ti of my knowledge. I als am aware that any false. I. (U.S. Code, Title 218, site where you may obta	Detelle Attachment Detelle Attachment to list of certifications** a o provide the required a o, fictitious, or fraudulent a Section 1001) In this list, is contained in the	nd (2) that the statements assurances** and agree to statements or claims may be announcement or agency
c. Progra 20. Is the A Yes If "Yes", prov 21. "By signiferein are tr comply with subject me to " TAGRE " The list of a pecific instruct authorized R Prefix India Name Last Name Last Name Title: E Telephone No	pplicant Delinquent On pplicant Delinquent On No ide explanation and atta ing this application, I ce rue, complete and accu- and resulting terms if I i certifications and assurantions. representative: Mx. Ealter Ealter	Any Federal Debt? ch wriffy (1) to the staturate to the best of accept an award. I instrative penalties cee, or an internet s	Add Altachment coments contained in ti of my knowledge. I als am aware that any false. I. (U.S. Code, Title 218, site where you may obta	Delete Attachment Delete Attachment re list of certifications" a o provide the required a o, fictitious, or fraudulent a	nd (2) that the statements assurances** and agree to statements or claims may be announcement or agency

STATE CERTIFICATIONS

In accordance with the applicable statutes and the regulations governing the consolidated plan regulations, the State certifies that:

Affirmatively Further Fair Housing —The State will affirmatively further fair housing, which means it will conduct an analysis of impediments to fair housing choice within the state, take appropriate actions to overcome the effects of any impediments identified through that analysis, and maintain records reflecting that analysis and actions in this regard.

Anti-displacement and Relocation Plan --It will comply with the acquisition and relocation requirements of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, as amended, and implementing regulations at 49 CFR 24; and is has in effect and is following a residential anti-displacement and relocation assistance plan required under section 104(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, in connection with any activity assisted with funding under the CDBG or HOME programs.

Anti-Lobbying -To the best of the State's knowledge and belief:

- No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of it, to any person for influencing or astempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or properative agreement;
- If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, it will complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lubbying." in accordance with its instructions; and
- 3 It will require that the language of paragraphs 1 and 2 of this certification be included in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers (including subcontracts, subgrants, and contracts

under grants, loans, and cooperative agreements) and that all subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly. Authority of State - The submission of the consolidated plan is outhorized under State law and the State possesses the legal authority to carry out the programs under the consolidated plan for which it is seeking funding, in accordance with applicable HUD regulations. Consistency with plan -- The housing activities to be undertaken with CDBG, HOME, ESG, and HOPWA funds are consistent with the strategic plan. Section 3 -It will comply with section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, and implementing regulations at 24 CFR Part 135. Signature/Authorized Official Date Title

Specific CDBG Certifications

The State certifies that:

Citizen Participation—It is in full compliance and following a detailed citizen participation plan that satisfies the requirements of 24 CFR §91.115 and each unit of general local government that receives assistance from the State is or will be following a detailed citizen participation plan that satisfies the requirements of 24 CFR §570.486.

Consultation with Local Governments -It has or will comply with the following:

- It has consulted with affected units of local government in the nonentitlement area of the State in determining the method of distribution of funding:
- 2 It engages in or will engage in planning for community development activities;
- 3 It provides or will provide technical assistance to units of local government in connection with community development programs; and
- It will not refuse to distribute funds to any unit of general local government on the basis of the particular eligible activity selected by the unit of general local government to meet its community development needs, except that a State is not prevented from establishing priorities in distributing funding on the basis of the activities selected.

Local Needs Identification—It will require each unit of general local government to be funded to identify its community development and housing needs, including the needs of low-income and moderate-income families, and the activities to be undertaken to meet these needs.

Community Development Plan —Its consolidated housing and community development plan identifies community development and housing needs and specifies both short-term and long-term community development objectives that have been developed in accordance with the primary objectives of Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, (See 24 CFR 570.2 and 24 CFR part 570)

Use of Funds -It has complied with the following criteria:

- Maximum Feasible Priority. With respect to activities expected to be assisted with CDBG funds, it certifies that it has developed its Action Plan so as to give maximum feasible priority to activities which benefit low and moderate income families or aid in the prevention or elimination of slums or blight. The Action Plan may also include activities which the grantee certifies are designed to meet other community development needs having a particular argency because existing conditions pose a serious and immediate threat to the health or welfare of the community, and other financial resources are not available);
- Overall Benefit. The aggregate use of CDBG funds including section 108 guaranteed loans during program year(s) 2016, 2017, and 2018 shall principally benefit persons of low and moderate income in a manner that ensures that at least 70 percent of the amount is expended for activities that benefit such persons during the designated period;
- 3 Special Assessments. The state will require units of general local government that receive CDBG funds to certify to the following:

It will not attempt to recover any capital costs of public improvements assisted with CDBG funds including Section 108 loan guaranteed funds by assessing any amount against properties owned and occupied by persons of low and moderate income, including any fee charged or assessment made as a condition of obtaining access to such public improvements.

However, if CDBG funds are used to pay the proportion of a fee or assessment that relates to the capital costs of public improvements (assisted in part with CDBG funds) financed from other revenue sources, an assessment or charge may be made against the property with respect to the public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds.

It will not attempt to recover any capital costs of public improvements assisted with CDBG funds, including Section 108, unless CDBG funds are used to pay the proportion of fee or assessment attributable to the capital costs of public improvements financed from other revenue sources. In this case, an assessment or charge may be made against the property with respect to the public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds. Also, in the case of properties owned and occupied by moderate-income (not low-income) families, an assessment or charge may be made against the property for public improvements financed by a source other than CDBG funds if the jurisdiction certifies that it lacks CDBG funds to cover the assessment.

Excessive Force—It will require units of general local government that receive CDBG funds to certify that they have adopted and are enforcing:

- A policy prohibiting the use of excessive force by law enforcement agencies within its jurisdiction against any individuals engaged in non-violent civil rights demonstrations; and
- 2 A policy of enforcing applicable State and local laws against physically barring entrance to or exit from a facility or location, which is the subject of such non-violent civil rights demonstrations within its jurisdiction;

Compliance With Anti-discrimination laws—The grant will be conducted and administered in conformity with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 USC 2000d), the Fair Housing Act (42 USC 3601-3619), and implementing regulations.

Compliance with Laws -It will comply with applicable laws.

Signature/Authorized Official

Date

7/5/200

FREE DIR COLONDO DEPT OF LOCAL AFFRICAS

Specific HOME Certifications

The State conifies that:

Tenant Based Rental Assistance -If it intends to provide tenant-based cental assistance:

The use of HOME funds for tenent-based rental assistance is an essential element of the State's consolidated plan.

Eligible Activities and Costs --it is using and will use HOME funds for eligible activities and costs, as described in 24 CFR § 92.205 through §92.209 and that it is not using and will not use HOME funds for prohibited activities, as described in §92.214.

Appropriate Financial Assistance —Before committing any funds to a project, the State or its recipients will evaluate the project in accordance with the guidelines that it adopts for this purpose and will not invest any more HOME funds in combination with other Federal assistance than is necessary to provide affordable housing;

Signature Authorized Official

Date

Exec Dara Concerso DERT OF LOCAL AFFANTS

ESG Certifications

Each State that seeks funding under the Emergency Solutions Grants Program must provide the following certifications:

Matching Funds - The State will obtain any matching amounts required under 24 CFR.

576.201 in a manner so that its subrecipients that are least capable of providing matching amounts receive the benefit of the exception under 24 CFR 576.201(a)(2).

Discharge Policy – The State will establish and implement, to the maximum extent practicable and where appropriate, policies and protocols for the discharge of persons from publicly funded institutions or systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care or other youth facilities, or correction programs and institutions) in order to prevent this discharge from immediately resulting in homelessness for these persons.

Confidentiality – The State will develop and implement procedures to ensure the confidentiality of records pertaining to any individual provided family violence prevention or treatment services under any project assisted under the ESG program, including protection against the release of the address or location of any family violence shelter project, except with the written authorization of the person responsible for the operation of that shelter.

The State will ensure that its subrecipients comply with the following criteria:

Major rehabilitation/conversion – If an emergency shelter's rehabilitation costs exceed 75 percent of the value of the building before rehabilitation, the building will be maintained as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 10 years after the date the building is first excupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed rehabilitation. If the cost to convert a building into an emergency shelter exceeds 75 percent of the value of the building after conversion, the building will be maintained as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 10 years after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed conversion. In all other cases where ESG funds are used for renovation, the building will be maintained as a shelter for homeless individuals and families for a minimum of 3 years after the date the building is first occupied by a homeless individual or family after the completed renovation.

Essential Services and Operating Costs – If ESG funds are used for shelter operations or essential services related to street outreach or emergency shelter, the subrecipient will provide services or shelter to homeless individuals and families for the period during which the ESG assistance is provided, without regard to a particular site or structure, so long the applicant serves the same type of persons (e.g., families with children, unaccompanied youth, veterans, disabled individuals, or victims of domestic violence) or persons in the same geographic area.

Renovation – Any renovation carried our with ESG assistance shall be sufficient to ensure that the building involved is safe and sanitary.

Supportive Services - The subrecipient will assist homeless individuals in obtaining permanent housing, appropriate supportive services (including medical and mental health treatment, counseling, supervision, and other services essential for achieving independent living), and other Federal State, local, and private assistance available for such individuals.

HOPWA Certifications

The State HOPWA grantee certifies that:

Activities --Activities funded under the program will meet urgent needs that are not being met by available public and private sources.

Building -- Any hailding or structure assisted under the program shall be operated for the purpose specified in the plan:

- For at least 10 years in the case of any building or structure purchased, leased, rehabilitated, renovated, or converted with HOPWA assistance,
- 2 For at least 3 years in the case of assistance involving non-substantial reliabilitation or repair of a building or structure.

Signature Authorized Official

Date

Sign Duz Comano Det or LOCAL AFFATAP

Homeless Persons Involvement - To the maximum extent practicable, the subrecipient will involve, through employment, volunteer services, or otherwise, homeless individuals and families in constructing, renovating, maintaining, and operating facilities, in providing services assisted under the ESG program, and in providing services for occupants of facilities assisted ESG. Consolidated Plan - All activities the subrecipient undertakes with assistance under ESG are consistent with the State's current HUD-approved consolidated plan. Signature/Authorized Official Exec Dan DEPT OF LOCAL AFRAMS

APPENDIX TO CERTIFICATIONS

INSTRUCTIONS CONCERNING LOBBYING REQUIREMENTS:

A. Lobbying Certification

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by section 1352, title 31,

U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.